

Output:

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Part 1, Section B - Creating only max heap
1. Heapify Swap Counter: 992
2. OneByOne Swap Counter: 8977

Part 2, Section B - Heap creation and sorting (Random -> HeapSort)
1. Heapify Swap Counter: 8083
2. OneByOne Swap Counter: 8518
```

For creating a max-heap only (no sorting), the average case

1. Heapify – always 992
2. One by one – always 8977

Therefore it is Theta (n).

For average case for heap creation and sorting –

1. Heapify – 8083
Would also be Theta (n) because it is based on the same heapify method where all the if statements are $O(1)$ and the swap method
2. One by one – 8518

Worst case scenario -

1. Heapify method was faster by about 500 steps
 - Heap creation: $O(n)$ since heapify needs to go through each element to swap them
 - Heap sort: $O(n * \log n)$ since heap is already created and heapsort method is $O(n * \log n)$
2. One by one method
 - Heap creation: $O(n * \log n)$ since subsequent elements were progressively larger and thus required more swaps to arrive at root
 - Heap sort: $O(n * \log n)$ since heap is already created and heapsort method is $O(n * \log n)$