

Dover sole (*Microstomus pacificus*) along the US West coast in
2020

by
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Executive Summary

Stock

This assessment reports the status of Dover sole (*Microstomus pacificus*) off the US West coast using data through xxxx.

Landings

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Data and Assessment

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Stock Biomass

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Recruitment

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Exploitation Status

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Reference Points

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Management Performance

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Unresolved Problems and Major Uncertainties

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Decision Table

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Research and Data Needs

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1 Introduction

1.1 Basic Information

This assessment reports the status of Dover sole (*Microstomus pacificus*) off the US West coast using data through xxxx.

1.2 Life History

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1.3 Ecosystem Considerations

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1.4 Historical and Current Fishery Information

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1.5 Summary of Management History and Performance

Replace text.

1.6 Foreign Fisheries

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2 Data

A description of each data source is provided below (Figure 1).

2.1 Fishery-Dependent Data

2.2 Fishery-Independent Data

2.2.1 AFSC Slope Survey

The AFSC Slope Survey (Slope Survey) operated during the months of October to November aboard the R/V *Miller Freeman*. Partial survey coverage of the US west coast occurred during the years 1988-1996 and complete coverage (north of 34°30'S) during the years 1997 and 1999-2001. Typically, only these four years that are seen as complete surveys are included in assessments.

2.2.2 AFSC/NWFSC West Coast Triennial Shelf Survey

The AFSC/NWFSC West Coast Triennial Shelf Survey (Triennial Survey) was first conducted by the Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC) in 1977, and the survey continued until 2004 (Weinberg et al. 2002). Its basic design was a series of equally-spaced east-to-west transects across the continental shelf from which searches for tows in a specific depth range were initiated. The survey design changed slightly over time. In general, all of the surveys were

conducted in the mid summer through early fall. The 1977 survey was conducted from early July through late September. The surveys from 1980 through 1989 were conducted from mid-July to late September. The 1992 survey was conducted from mid July through early October. The 1995 survey was conducted from early June through late August. The 1998 survey was conducted from early June through early August. Finally, the 2001 and 2004 surveys were conducted from May to July.

Haul depths ranged from 91-457 m during the 1977 survey with no hauls shallower than 91 m. Due to haul performance issues and truncated sampling with respect to depth, the data from 1977 were omitted from this analysis. The surveys in 1980, 1983, and 1986 covered the US West Coast south to 36.8°N latitude and a depth range of 55-366 m. The surveys in 1989 and 1992 covered the same depth range but extended the southern range to 34.5°N (near Point Conception). From 1995 through 2004, the surveys covered the depth range 55-500 m and surveyed south to 34.5°N. In 2004, the final year of the Triennial Survey series, the Northwest Fisheries Science Center (NWFSC) Fishery Resource and Monitoring division (FRAM) conducted the survey following similar protocols to earlier years.

2.2.3 NWFSC West Coast Groundfish Bottom Trawl Survey

The NWFSC West Coast Groundfish Bottom Trawl Survey (WCG BTS) is based on a random-grid design; covering the coastal waters from a depth of 55-1,280 m (Bradburn, Keller, and Horness 2011). This design generally uses four industry-chartered vessels per year assigned to a roughly equal number of randomly selected grid cells and divided into two ‘passes’ of the coast. Two vessels fish from north to south during each pass between late May to early October. This design therefore incorporates both vessel-to-vessel differences in catchability, as well as variance associated with selecting a relatively small number (approximately 700) of possible cells from a very large set of possible cells spread from the Mexican to the Canadian borders.

2.3 Biological Data

2.3.1 Natural Mortality

2.3.2 Maturation and Fecundity

2.3.3 Sex Ratio

2.3.4 Length-Weight Relationship

2.3.5 Growth (Length-at-Age)

2.3.6 Ageing Precision and Bias

2.4 Environmental and Ecosystem Data

3 Assessment Model

3.1 Summary of Previous Assessments and Reviews

3.1.1 History of Modeling Approaches (not required for an update assessment)

3.1.2 Most Recent STAR Panel and SSC Recommendations (not required for an update assessment)

3.1.3 Response to Groundfish Subcommittee Requests (not required in draft)

3.2 Model Structure and Assumptions

3.2.1 Model Changes from the Last Assessment (not required for an update assessment)

3.2.2 Modeling Platform and Structure

General model specifications (e.g., executable version, model structure, definition of fleets and areas)

3.2.3 Model Parameters

Describe estimated vs. fixed parameters, priors

3.2.4 Key Assumptions and Structural Choices

3.3 Base Model Results

3.3.1 Parameter Estimates

3.3.2 Fits to the Data

3.3.3 Population Trajectory

3.3.4 Reference Points

3.4 Model Diagnostics

Describe all diagnostics

3.4.1 Convergence

3.4.2 Sensitivity Analyses

3.4.3 Retrospective Analysis

3.4.4 Likelihood Profiles

3.4.5 Unresolved Problems and Major Uncertainties

4 Management

4.1 Reference Points

4.2 Unresolved Problems and Major Uncertainties

4.3 Harvest Projections and Decision Tables

4.4 Evaluation of Scientific Uncertainty

4.5 Research and Data Needs

5 Acknowledgments

Here are all the mad props!

6 References

- Bradburn, M. J., A. A. Keller, and B. H. Horness. 2011. "The 2003 to 2008 US West Coast Bottom Trawl Surveys of Groundfish Resources Off Washington, Oregon, and California: Estimates of Distribution, Abundance, Length, and Age Composition." US Department of Commerce, National Oceanic; Atmospheric Administration, National Marine Fisheries Service.
- Weinberg, K. L., M. E. Wilkins, F. R. Shaw, and M. Zimmermann. 2002. "The 2001 Pacific West Coast Bottom Trawl Survey of Groundfish Resources: Estimates of Distribution, Abundance and Length and Age Composition." NOAA Technical Memorandum NMFS-AFSC-128. U.S. Department of Commerce.

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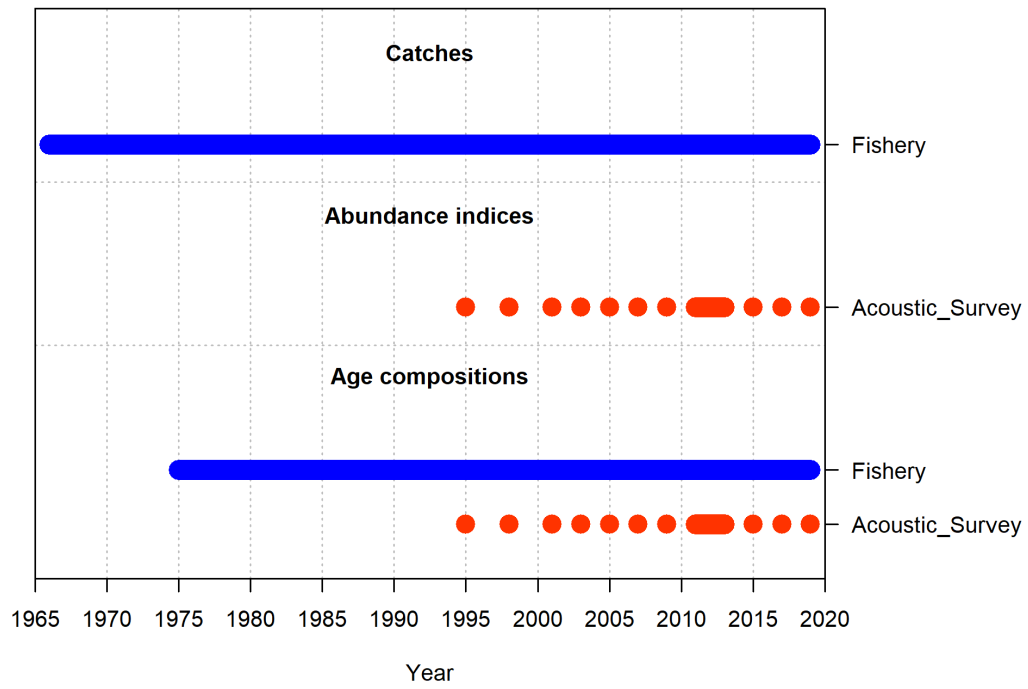


Figure 1: Summary of data sources used in the base model.