

ISE-5970: Energy Analytics

Homework 2

Due: Thursday September 19th, 11:59 p.m.

Before start, please read the following.

1. The questions in this homework allow you to practice your R skills for time series benchmark forecasting models.
2. For all questions, you must submit 1) the source file that contains the R commands, and 2) the snapshot of what R outputs after you run your R program.
3. I strongly prefer if you **electronically submit** your homework through Canvas by putting all files in a zip folder.
4. Please assign numbers for each solutions, so it would be easy for me to read the answers.

Good Luck! ☺

Question 1 (25 credits):

visnights contains quarterly visitor nights (in millions) from 1998-2015 for eight regions of Australia.

- a) Use `window()` to create three training sets for `visnights[, "QLDMetro"]`, omitting the last 1, 2 and 3 years; call these `train1`, `train2`, and `train3`, respectively. For example, `train1 <- window(visnights[, "QLDMetro"], end = c(2015, 4))`.
- b) Compute one year of forecasts for each training set using the `snaive()` method. Call these `fc1` (trained by `train1` set), `fc2` (trained by `train2` set), and `fc3` (trained by `train3` set), respectively.
- c) Use `accuracy()` to compare the MAPE over the three test sets. Comment on these. Create three test sets for `visnights[, "QLDMetro"]` considering the last 1, 2, 3 years; call these `test1`, `test2`, `test3`. Use `test1` with `fc1`, `test2` with `fc2`, and `test3` with `fc3`.
- d) How sensitive are the accuracy measures to the training/test split?

Question 2 (25 credits):

Use the Dow Jones index (data set `dowjones`) to do the following:

- a) Produce a time plot of the series.
- b) Produce forecasts using the drift method and plot them.
- c) Show that the forecasts are identical to extending the line drawn between the first and last observations.
- d) Try using some of the other benchmark functions to forecast the same data set. Which do you think is best? Why?

Question 3 (25 credits):

Consider the daily closing IBM stock prices (data set `ibmclose`).

- a) Produce some plots of the data in order to become familiar with it.
- b) Split the data into a training set of 300 observations and a test set of 69 observations.
- c) Try using various benchmark methods to forecast the training set and compare the results on the test set. Which method did best?
- d) Check the residuals of your preferred method. Do they resemble white noise?

Question 4 (25 credits):

Consider the sales of new one-family houses in the USA, Jan 1973 – Nov 1995 (data set `hsales`).

- a) Produce some plots of the data in order to become familiar with it.
- b) Split the `hsales` data set into a training set and a test set, where the test set is the last two years of data.
- c) Try using various benchmark methods to forecast the training set and compare the results on the test set. Which method did best?
- d) Check the residuals of your preferred method. Do they resemble white noise?