

ACO Programming

```
# Problem : Max y = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^3 + x_4^4 where x in [1,30]
# Solution: x_1 = x_2 = x_3 = x_4 = 30
```

```
# 參數
rou = 0.8          # 費洛蒙揮發係數
Q = 1              # 貹洛蒙總量

NGEN = 100         # 週圈數
popsize = 100       # 蟑螂數

low = [1, 1, 1, 1]  # 各變數x下界
up = [30, 30, 30, 30] # 各變數x上界
```

```
#np.random.seed(0)           # 若要每次跑得都不一樣的結果，就把這行註解掉
```

設定參數

```
class ACO:
    def __init__(self, parameters):
        ...
    def fitness(self, ind_var):
        ...
    def update_operator(self, gen, t, t_max):
        ...
    def main(self):
        ...
        for gen in range(1, self.NGEN + 1):
            # 更新 貹洛蒙
            ...
        # 印出結果和畫圖
        ...

parameters = [NGEN, popsize, low, up]
```

ACO類別

初始化

算適應度函數

更新費洛蒙

主程式

```
aco = ACO(parameters) # 以參數 parameters 來建立一個 class ACO 的物件，叫aco
aco.main()             # 呼叫 aco 的 main 方法
```

Exercise

- Benchmark functions:

Test functions	Feasible spaces	n	f_{\min}
$f_1(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n (-x_i \sin(\sqrt{ x_i }))$	$[-500, 500]^n$	30	$-418.983n$
$f_2(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^2 - 10 \cos(2\pi x_i) + 10)$	$[-5.12, 5.12]^n$	30	0
$f_3(\mathbf{x}) = -20 \exp\left(-0.2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}\right) - \exp\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \cos(2\pi x_i)\right) + 20 + \exp(1)$	$[-32, 32]^n$	30	0
$f_4(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{4000} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \prod_{i=1}^n \cos\left(\frac{x_i}{\sqrt{i}}\right) + 1$	$[-600, 600]^n$	30	0
$f_5(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{\pi}{n} \left\{ 10 \sin^2(\pi y_1) + \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} (y_i - 1)^2 [1 + 10 \sin^2(\pi y_{i+1})] + (y_n - 1)^2 \right\} + \sum_{i=1}^n u(x_i, 10, 100, 4),$ where $y_i = 1 + \frac{1}{4}(x_i + 1)$ and $u(x_i, a, k, m) = \begin{cases} k(x_i - a)^m, & x_i > a \\ 0, & -a \leq x_i \leq a \\ k(-x_i - a)^m, & x_i < -a \end{cases}$	$[-50, 50]^n$	30	0
$f_6 = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\sum_{j=1}^n (\chi_{ij} \sin \omega_j + \psi_{ij} \cos \omega_j) - \sum_{j=1}^n (\chi_{ij} \sin x_j + \psi_{ij} \cos x_j) \right]^2,$ where χ_{ij} and ψ_{ij} are random integers in [-100, 100], and ω_j is a random number in $[-\pi, \pi]$	$[-\pi, \pi]^n$	100	0
$f_7(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \left[100 (x_i^2 - x_{i+1})^2 + (x_i - 1)^2 \right]$	$[-5, 10]^n$	30	0
$f_8(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2$	$[-100, 100]^n$	30	0
$f_9(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^4 + \text{random } [0, 1)$	$[-1.28, 1.28]^n$	30	0
$f_{10}(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i + \prod_{i=1}^n x_i $	$[-10, 10]^n$	30	0
$f_{11}(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^i x_j \right)^2$	$[-100, 100]^n$	30	0
$f_{12}(\mathbf{x}) = \max \{ x_i , i = 1, 2, \dots, n\}$	$[-100, 100]^n$	30	0

Exercise (cont.)

- Use the ACO sample code “ACO.py” to find the optimal solutions of the following three functions:

Test functions	Feasible spaces	n	f_{\min}
$f_1(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n (-x_i \sin(\sqrt{ x_i }))$	$[-500, 500]^n$	30	-418.983n
$f_2(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i^2 - 10 \cos(2\pi x_i) + 10)$	$[-5.12, 5.12]^n$	30	0
$f_3(\mathbf{x}) = -20 \exp\left(-0.2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}\right) - \exp\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \cos(2\pi x_i)\right) + 20 + \exp(1)$	$[-32, 32]^n$	30	0

- Note that it is very hard to find the optimal solutions when $n = 30$. Hence, when testing your program, you can check whether it can find the optimal solution when $n = 1$.

- Hint

- 1. (編碼) 設定一個維度變數，設定為30維度
- 2. (編碼) 改變數上下界low和up
- 3. (解碼) 改適應度函數成 f_1 (因code求最大，此處求最小，加負號)
- 4. (輸出) 輸出值都改成負的