SuperMap 中特效的制作流程 Part3

该文档介绍了 SuperMap 中车流尾迹动态纹理,环状/线状扫描,汽车灯光,泛光等多个场景特效的制作流程:

场景一: 为夜景数据添加车流尾迹特效

大体分为三个阶段:

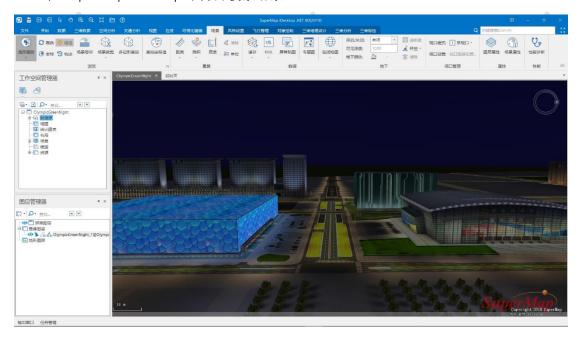
第一阶段:通过 SuperMap iDesktop 添加纹理,生成场景缓存;

第二阶段: 通过 SuperMap iServer 发布三维服务

第三阶段:在 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 上调整纹理运动效果

第一阶段: 通过 SuperMap i Desktop 添加纹理, 生成场景缓存

1.1、在 SuperMap iDesktop 中打开夜景场景



1.2、该方法的原理是在道路模型上贴纹理,因此需要在原有道路的基础上新建一个没有纹理的道路模型。

新建一个三维线数据集, 并打开其属性框, 通过复制坐标系功能, 将其坐标系与已有数据的 坐标系修改一致。

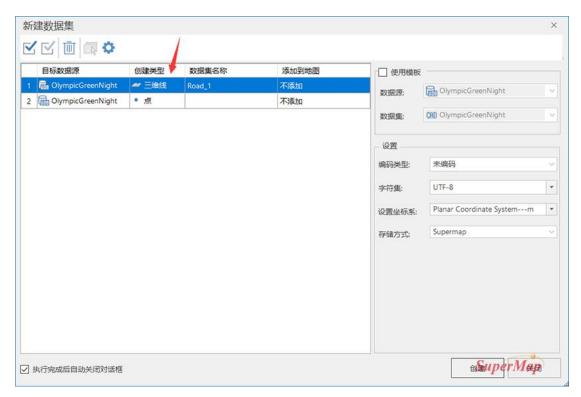


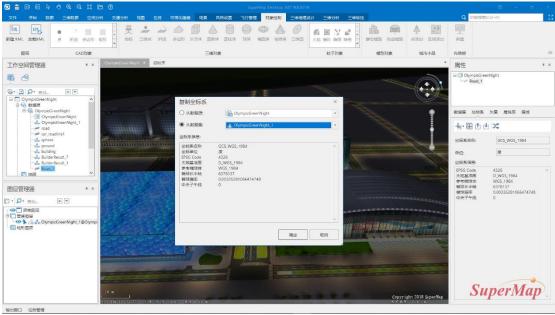








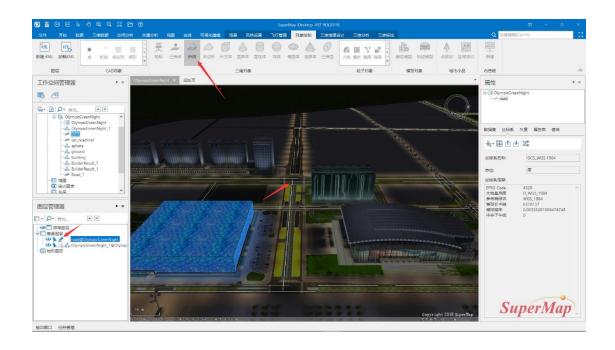




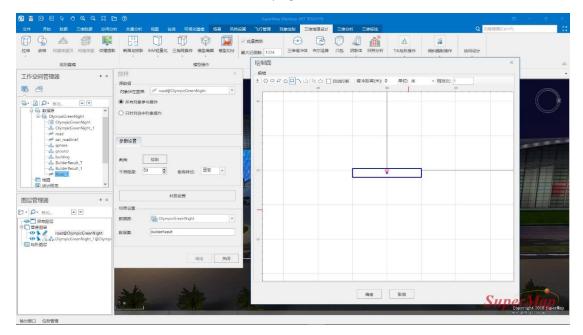
1.3、将三维线数据集添加到场景中,并使该图层处于可编辑状态,绘制道路中心线。绘制的时候注意线的绘制的方向跟车辆的行驶方向保持一致。





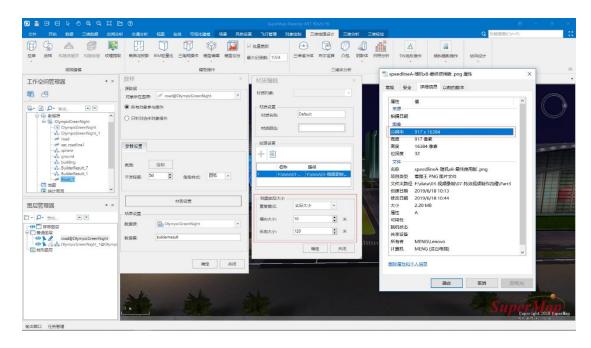


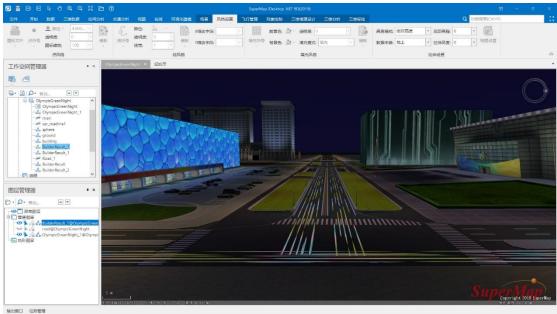
1.4、对道路中心线进行放样,得出模型数据集。由于需要显示的只是模型的顶部,因此在绘制截面形状时,尽量弱化侧面,同时将模型底面置于路面之下。在材质设置中,参考纹理图片的长宽比选择合适的重复模式与横/纵向大小。该步骤需要多次调整来达到要求的效果。使用的纹理图片推荐使用带有透明效果的 png 格式。











1.5、将制作好的模型数据集添加到场景中, 并生成场景缓存

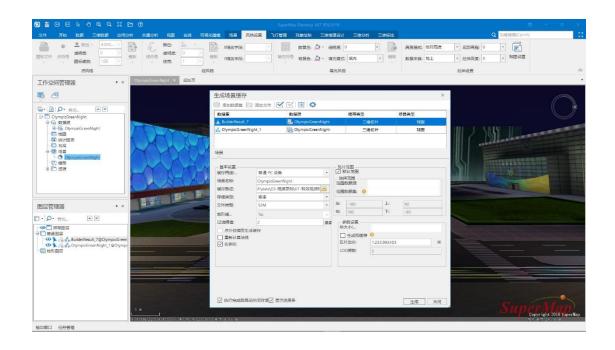




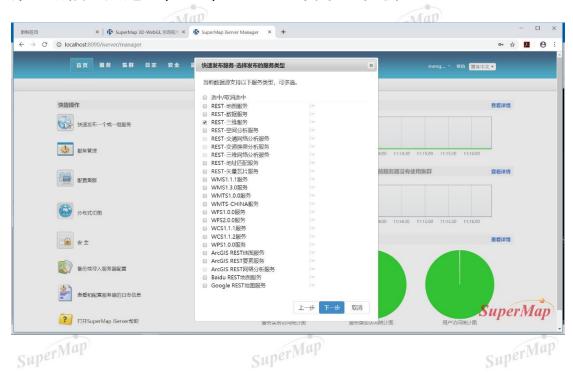








第二阶段: 通过 SuperMap i Server 发布三维服务



第三阶段: 在 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 上调整纹理运动效果

3.1、打开发布的场景,找到第一阶段中得到的带有纹理的模型数据集,并设置纹理 U, V 方向的运动速度。



```
| var promise = scene.open("http://localhost:8090/iserver/services/3D-0lympicGreenNight2/rest/realspace");
| Cesium. when(promise, function(layer) {
| //设置相机位置,定位至模型 | scene.camera.setView({
| destination: new Cesium.Cartesian3(-2171664.8741194746, 4377389.9019098645, 4099245.3416801775), | orientation: {
| heading: 3.6961245248819816, | pitch: -0.3768153879496654, | roll: 0.000004751516053502769 | }
| });
| var layerRoad = scene.layers.find("road_texture@olympicGreenNight"); | layerRoad.textureUVSpeed = new Cesium.Cartesian2(0, -0.2); | layerRoad.style3D.emissionColor = new Cesium.Color(9, 5, 8, 1); //设置模型自发光
```

3.2、设置模型自发光,得到更明亮更生动的效果,自发光的颜色支持 HDR,可以设置大于 1 的 RGB 值。

给场景添加泛光特效,设置泛光强度及阈值。



SuperMap







```
//泛光开关
$("#bloomShow").on("input change", function() {
   viewer, scene, bloomEffect, show = this, checked;
   viewer. scene. bloomEffect. threshold = $("#bloom-threshold"). val();
   viewer. scene.bloomEffect.bloomIntensity = $("#bloom-intensity").val();
1);
//调节泛光阈值
$("#bloom-threshold").on("input change", function() {
   $("#bloom-threshold-label"). text(this. value);
   viewer, scene, bloomEffect, threshold = this, value;
1);
//调节泛光强度
$("#bloom-intensity").on("input change", function() {
   $("#bloom-intensity-label").text(this.value);
                                                              SuperMap
   viewer. scene. bloomEffect. bloomIntensity = this. value;
1):
```



SuperMap

场景二: 为场景添加点光源, 聚光灯等光源

点光源 (pointLight) 的参数有: 颜色 (color), 强度 (intensity), 光照距离 (cutoffDistance) 与衰减因子 (delay)

SuperMap

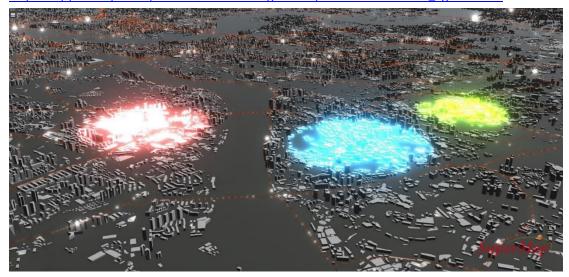
聚光灯(spotLight)的参数有: 颜色 (color),强度 (intensity),光照距离 (cutoffDistance)、角度 (angle)与衰减因子 (delay)

平行光 (dirLight) 的参数有: 颜色 (color), 强度 (intensity) 其中, 光源的颜色支持 HDR, 可以设置大于 1 的 RGB 值。

```
// 新增平行光
var dirLightOptions = {
            targetPosition: targetPosition1,
            color: new Cesium. Color (0.01, 0.01, 0.3, 1.0),
            intensity: 0.1
directionalLight_v = new Cesium. DirectionalLight(position, dirLightOptions);
scene.addLightSource(directionalLight_v);
// 新增点光源
var pointLightPos = new Cesium. Cartesian3. fromDegrees(lon, lat, height);
var pointLightOptions = {
            cutoffDistance: 2000,
            color: new Cesium. Color (0.04, 0.18, 0.43, 1.0),
            intensity: 0.001
1:
pointLight = new Cesium. PointLight(pointLightPos, pointLightOptions);
scene. addLightSource(pointLight);
// 新增聚光灯
var spotLightPos = new Cesium. Cartesian3. fromDegrees(lon, lat, height);
var spotLightTargetPos = new Cesium. Cartesian3. fromDegrees(lon, lat, height);
var spotLightOtions = {
            color: new Cesium. Color (6, 5, 0.2, 1),
            distance: 100,
            decay: 3.
            intensity: 13,
            angle: Math. PI / 2
spotLight = new Cesium. SpotLight(spotLightPos, spotLightTargetPos, spotLightTargetPos
scene. addLightSource(spotLight);
```

具体实现方式,可参考 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 在线范例:

http://support.supermap.com.cn:8090/webgl/examples/editor.html#tx_lightSource



场景三: 为场景添加扫描特效

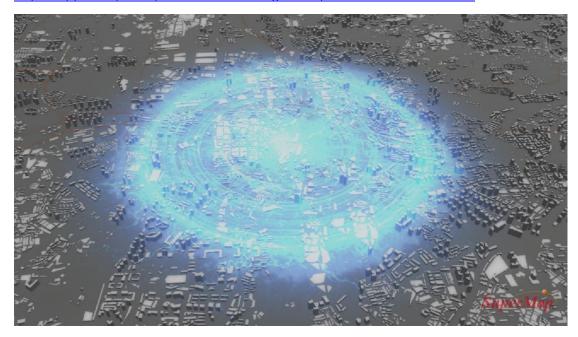
扫描特效可以给场景添加环状扫描,线状扫描两种扫描效果。 支持设置环状扫描的颜色,纹理,扫描中心,扫描周期等参数。 支持设置线状扫描的颜色,纹理,扫描方向,扫描周期等参数 其中,扫描线的颜色支持 HDR,可以设置大于 1 的 RGB 值,同时可以根据需求自己制作扫描纹理。纹理图片推荐使用带有透明效果的 png 格式。

```
viewer.scene.scanEffect.show = true;
var pos = new Cesium.Cartesian3.fromDegrees(lon, lat, height);
viewer.scene.scanEffect.centerPostion = pos;

viewer.scene.scanEffect.mode = Cesium.ScanEffectMode.CIRCLE;
viewer.scene.scanEffect.textureUrl = './imageT/a2.jpg';
viewer.scene.scanEffect.color = new Cesium.Color(r, g,b,a);
viewer.scene.scanEffect.period = 3.0;

viewer.scene.scanEffect.mode = Cesium.ScanEffectMode.LINE;
viewer.scene.scanEffect.textureUrl = './imageT/a2.jpg';
viewer.scene.scanEffect.color = new Cesium.Color(r, g,b,a);
viewer.scene.scanEffect.period = 3.0;
```

具体实现方式,可参考 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 在线范例: http://support.supermap.com.cn:8090/webgl/examples/editor.html#scanLine



场景四: 为场景添加汽车灯光特效

1、首先在车辆的前面添加两个聚光灯光源,设置灯光的方向,颜色,强度,角度等参数。

```
//初始化聚光源-车灯1
position = new Cesium.Cartesian3.fromDegrees(116
    .38595266195058, 39.989764392562876, 11
                                                            SuperMap
    .678446743473573);
targetposition = new Cesium.Cartesian3.fromDegrees
    (116.3859533091522, 39.98980911044773, 9
    .998900582600598);
var options = {
   color: new Cesium.Color(1, 1, 1, 1),
       //光源颜色
   distance: 20, //光照距离
   decay: 0.5, //衰减大小
   intensity: 7 //光照强度
spotLight = new Cesium.SpotLight(position,
   targetposition, options);
                                                            SuperMap
scene.addLightSource(spotLight);
//初始化聚光源-车灯2
position2 = new Cesium.Cartesian3.fromDegrees(116
    .38593911808594, 39.98976431698656, 11
    .678446743473573);
targetposition2 = new Cesium.Cartesian3
                                                 rMap
    .fromDegrees(116.38593684622647, 39
   .98981261507557, 9.99880055961605);
var options2 = {
   color: new Cesium.Color(1, 1, 1, 1),
   distance: 20,
   decay: 0.5,
                                                            SuperMap
   intensity: 7
spotLight2 = new Cesium.SpotLight(position2)
   targetposition2, options2); SuperMap
scene.addLightSource(spotLight2);
```

2、在 SuperMap iDesktop 中新建线数据集,绘制汽车行驶路线,并通过 SuperMap iServer 发布服务,通过 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 调用路线







```
//查询操作
 function doSqlQuery() {
     var getFeatureParam, getFeatureBySQLService,
                                                              SuperMap
         getFeatureBySQLParams;
     getFeatureParam = new SuperMap.REST
         .FilterParameter({
         attributeFilter: "SMID>0"
     });
     getFeatureBySQLParams = new SuperMap.REST
         .GetFeaturesBySQLParameters({
                                                  perMap
         queryParameter: getFeatureParam,
         toIndex: 0,
         datasetNames: ["OlympicGreenNight:" +
             "car_roadline1"]
     var url = 'http://www.supermapol.com/realspace
                                                              SuperMap
         /services/data-OlympicGreenNight/rest
         /data';
     getFeatureBySQLService = new SuperMap.REST
         .GetFeaturesBySQLService(url, {
         eventListeners: {
             "processCompleted": onQueryComplete,
                                                  perMap
             "processFailed": processFailed
         }
     });
     getFeatureBySQLService.processAsync
         (getFeatureBySQLParams); SuperMap
 }
                                                              SuperMap
3、将汽车模型添加到动态图层,车灯位置根据汽车模型的位置实时更新
               SuperMap
                                              SuperMap
                                                              SuperMap
SuperMap
                               SuperMap
```

SuperMap

SuperMap

```
//更新聚光源位置
position = new Cesium.Cartesian3
 .fromDegrees(longitude, latitude, 11
                                                            SuperMap
 .678446743473573);
targetposition = new Cesium.Cartesian3
 .fromDegrees(116.38558057500741, 39
 .99656902390711, 11.678446743473573);
spotLight = new Cesium.SpotLight
 (position, targetposition, options);
scene.addLightSource(spotLight);
                                            SuperMap
//更新聚光源位置
position2 = new Cesium.Cartesian3
 .fromDegrees(longitude, latitude, 11
 .678446743473573);
targetposition2 = new Cesium
 .Cartesian3.fromDegrees(116
                                                            SuperMap
 .38558057500741, 39.99656902390711,
11.678446743473573);
spotLight2 = new Cesium.SpotLight
 (position2, targetposition2, options2
                  SuperMap
);
scene.addLightSource(spotLight2);
```

具体实现方式,可参考 SuperMap iClient3D for WebGL 在线范例: http://support.supermap.com.cn:8090/webgl/examples/editor.html#carLamp





