

homework 5

刘若涵 2020011126

5.3

$$G_{\text{闭}}(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1 + G(s)} = \frac{2.55 \times 10^5}{s^3 + 115s^2 + 1500s + 2.55 \times 10^5}$$

$$\text{令 } s^3 + 115s^2 + 1500s + 2.55 \times 10^5 = 0.$$

$$s^3 \quad 1 \quad 1500$$

$$s^2 \quad 115 \quad 2.55 \times 10^5$$

$$s^1 \quad -117.4$$

$$s^0 \quad 2.55 \times 10^5$$

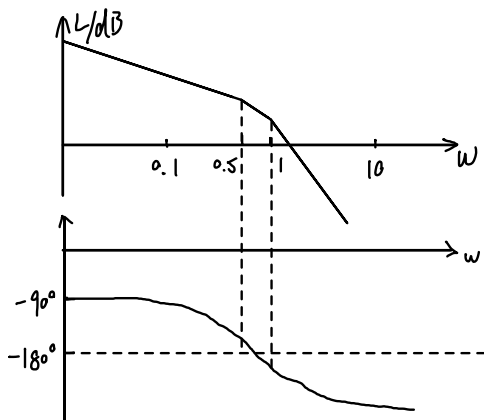
系统不稳定。

为使系统有足够的稳定裕度，应使用滞后校正。
为在 K 不变情况下使 ω_c 保持不变，应使用超前校正。
综上，应使用超前-滞后校正。

5.4

$$K_V = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sG(s) = K = 10 \text{ s}^{-1}.$$

作 Bode 图如下所示。



$$20 \lg \frac{10}{0.5} = 40 \lg \frac{1}{0.5} + 60 \lg \frac{\omega_{gc}}{1} \Rightarrow \omega_{gc} = 1.71 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\gamma = -90^\circ - \arctan(\omega_{gc}) - \arctan(2\omega_{gc}) + 180^\circ = -43.4^\circ$$

$$\angle -90^\circ - \arctan(\omega_{pc}) - \arctan(2\omega_{pc}) = -180^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{pc} = 0.707 \text{ rad/s}.$$

$$K_g = -20 \lg \frac{10}{0.5} + 40 \lg \frac{\omega_{pc}}{0.5} = -20 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{取 } \omega_c = \omega_{pc} = 0.707 \text{ rad/s}.$$

$$\arg G_p(j0.707) = -180^\circ.$$

$$\varphi = 50^\circ$$

$$\varphi_m = \varphi + 10^\circ = 60^\circ$$

$$2 = \frac{1 + \sin 60^\circ}{1 - \sin 60^\circ} = 13.9$$

$$T_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \omega_c} = 0.379$$

$$G_{c1}(s) = \frac{1 + 2T_1 s}{1 + T_1 s} = \frac{1 + 5.275 s}{1 + 0.379 s}$$

$$-20 \lg |G_p(j0.707) G_{c1}(j0.707)| \approx 27.9 \text{ dB}$$

$$20 \lg \frac{1}{\beta} \approx 27.9 \text{ dB}$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta \approx 24.85$$

$$\text{取 } T_2 = 5 \omega_c^{-1} = 7.07$$

$$G_{c2}(s) = \frac{1 + T_2 s}{1 + \beta T_2 s} = \frac{1 + 7.07 s}{1 + 175.7 s}$$

$$G_p(s)G_c(s) = \frac{10(14s+27s)(147.07s)}{s(s+1)(2s+1)(1+0.379s)(1+175s)}$$

经检验, $\gamma = 49.2^\circ \approx 50^\circ$, $k_g = 12.8 \text{ dB} > 10 \text{ dB}$
满足要求.

$$\begin{aligned} 5.9 \quad G_o(s) &= 0.5 \times \frac{\frac{20k_1}{s(s+5)(s+20)}}{1 + k_2 s \frac{20k_1}{s(s+5)(s+20)}} \\ &= \frac{10k_1}{s(s^2 + 25s + 100 + 20k_1k_2)} \end{aligned}$$

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{1}{100 + 20k_1k_2}} \quad \xi = \frac{12.5}{\sqrt{100 + 20k_1k_2}}$$

$$k_v = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G_o(s) = \frac{10k_1}{100 + 20k_1k_2} = 4 \quad \dots \textcircled{1}$$

$$t_s \approx \frac{4 \sim 9}{\omega_c} \leq 1 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{取 } \omega_c = 9 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= -90^\circ - \arctan \frac{25\omega_c}{100 + 20k_1k_2 - \omega_c^2} + 180^\circ \\ &= 90^\circ - \arctan \frac{25\omega_c}{\frac{5}{2}k_1 - \omega_c^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$M_r = \frac{1}{\sin \gamma}$$

$$\sigma\% = 100(M_r - 1)\% \leq 20\%$$

$$M_r \leq 1.2$$

$$\Rightarrow k_1 \geq 168.1$$

$$\text{取 } k_1 = 200$$

$$\text{由①得 } k_2 = \frac{1}{8} - \frac{5}{k_1} = 0.1$$

$$\begin{aligned} G_0(s) &= \frac{10k_1}{s(s^2 + 25s + 100 + 20k_1k_2)} \\ &= \frac{4}{s(0.002s^2 + 0.05s + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

$$T = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{50} \quad \zeta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{4}$$

$$G_0(j\omega) = \frac{4}{-0.002j\omega^3 - 0.05\omega^2 + j\omega}$$

$$|G_0(j\omega)| = \frac{2000}{\sqrt{(0.05\omega^2)^2 + (\omega - 0.002\omega^3)^2}}$$

$$\omega_c = 4.05 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= -90^\circ - \arctan \frac{25\omega_c}{500 - \omega_c^2} + 180^\circ \\ &= 78.2^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$M_r = \frac{1}{\sin \gamma} = 1.022$$

$$\sigma\% = 100(M_r - 1)\% = 2.2\% < 2\%$$

$$t_s \approx \frac{4}{\omega_c} \leq 1 \text{ s}$$

满足条件.