

homeworks

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1.

$$\begin{cases} y' = f(x, y) = -2y + 2x^2 + 2x \\ y(0) = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, y_{n+1})]$$

$$= y_n + \frac{h}{2} [-2y_n + 2x_n^2 + 2x_n - 2y_{n+1} + 2x_{n+1}^2 + 2x_{n+1}]$$

$$y_{n+1} = \frac{1-h}{h+1} y_n + \frac{h}{h+1} x_n^2 + \frac{h}{h+1} x_n + \frac{h}{h+1} x_{n+1}^2 + \frac{h}{h+1} x_{n+1}$$

$$= \frac{9}{11} y_n + \frac{1}{11} (x_n^2 + x_n + x_{n+1}^2 + x_{n+1})$$

x_n	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5
数值解 y_n	1	0.828182	0.709421	0.637708	0.608125	0.616648
解析解 $y(x_n)$	1	0.828731	0.710320	0.638812	0.609329	0.617879
误差 $ e $	0	5.49×10^{-4}	8.98×10^{-4}	1.103×10^{-3}	1.204×10^{-3}	1.231×10^{-3}

2.

$$y_{n+2} = by_n - (b-1)y_{n+1} + \frac{b+3}{4} h y'_{n+2} + \frac{3b+1}{4} h y'_n$$

$$= by(x_n) - (b-1) [y(x_n) + h y'(x_n) + \frac{h^2}{2} y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{h^3}{6} y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{h^4}{24} y^{(4)}(x_n) + \dots]$$

$$+ \frac{b+3}{4} h [y'(x_n) + 2h y^{(2)}(x_n) + 2h^2 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{4h^3}{3} y^{(4)}(x_n) + \dots] + \frac{3b+1}{4} h y'(x_n)$$

$$= y(x_n) + 2h y'(x_n) + 2h^2 y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{b+5}{3} h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{7b+25}{24} h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \dots$$

$$y(x_{n+2}) = y(x_n) + 2hy'(x_n) + 2h^2 y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{3}h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{2}{3}h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \dots$$

$$y_{n+2} - y(x_{n+2}) = \frac{b+1}{3} h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{7b+9}{24} h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \dots$$

当 $b \neq -1$ 时 $y_{n+2} - y(x_{n+2}) \approx \frac{b+1}{3} h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) = O(h^3) = \text{三阶精度}$

当 $b = -1$ 时 $y_{n+2} - y(x_{n+2}) \approx \frac{h^4}{12} y^{(4)}(x_n) = O(h^4) = \text{四阶精度}$

$$3. \quad y_{n+3} = \frac{1}{8} (9y_{n+2} - y_n) + \frac{3}{8} h (y'_{n+3} + 2y'_{n+2} - y'_{n+1})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{8} y(x_n) + \frac{9}{8} \left[y(x_n) + 2hy'(x_n) + 2h^2 y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{3}h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{2}{3}h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{15}h^5 y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots \right]$$

$$+ \frac{3}{8} h \left[y'(x_n) + 3hy^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{3}{2}h^2 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{3}{2}h^3 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{27}{8}h^4 y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots \right]$$

$$+ \frac{3}{4} h \left[y'(x_n) + 2hy^{(2)}(x_n) + 2h^2 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{3}h^3 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{2}{3}h^4 y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots \right]$$

$$- \frac{3}{8} h \left[y'(x_n) + hy^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{h^2}{2} y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{h^3}{6} y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{h^4}{24} y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots \right]$$

$$= y(x_n) + 3hy'(x_n) + \frac{9}{2}h^2 y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{2}h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{27}{8}h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{41}{20}h^5 y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots$$

$$y(x_{n+3}) = y(x_n) + 3hy'(x_n) + \frac{9}{2}h^2 y^{(2)}(x_n) + \frac{4}{2}h^3 y^{(3)}(x_n) + \frac{27}{8}h^4 y^{(4)}(x_n) + \frac{81}{40}h^5 y^{(5)}(x_n) + \dots$$

$$y_{n+3} - y(x_{n+3}) = \frac{h^5}{40} y^{(5)}(x_n) = O(h^5)$$

局部截断误差主项为 $\frac{1}{40}h^5 y^{(5)}(x_n)$ ，有四阶精度

$$4. \quad x \in [0, 1] \quad y' = x^2 + y^2 \leq y^2 + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y'}{y^2+1} \leq 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{y'}{y^2+1} dx = \int_{y(0)}^{y(1)} \frac{1}{y^2+1} dy = \arctan y(1) - \arctan y(0) \leq \int_0^1 dx = 1$$

$$\arctan y(0) \geq 0.3258 \Rightarrow y(0) \geq 0.3379$$

$$\because y' = x^2 + y^2 > 0$$

$$\therefore x \in [0, 1] \text{ 时, } y \text{ 单调递增. } 0.3379 \leq 0.3379 \leq 4$$

$$\begin{cases} \bar{y}_{n+1} = y_n + h \cdot f(x_n, y_n) \\ y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, \bar{y}_{n+1})] \end{cases}$$

方法 累积误差:

$$\begin{cases} \bar{\Delta}_{n+1} \leq (1 + hM) \Delta_n + \frac{L}{2} h^2 \\ \Delta_{n+1} \leq \Delta_n + \frac{h}{2} M \Delta_n + \frac{h}{2} M \bar{\Delta}_{n+1} + \frac{T}{12} h^3 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta_{n+1} \leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right) \Delta_n + \left(\frac{LM}{4} + \frac{T}{12} \right) h^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta_{n+1} + \frac{\left(\frac{ML}{4} + \frac{T}{12} \right) h^3}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} &\leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right) \left(\Delta_n + \frac{\left(\frac{ML}{4} + \frac{T}{12} \right) h^3}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \right) \\ &\leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right)^{n+1} \left(\Delta_0 + \frac{\left(\frac{ML}{4} + \frac{T}{12} \right) h^3}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta_n \leq \left[\left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right)^n - 1 \right] \frac{\left(\frac{ML}{4} + \frac{T}{12} \right) h^3}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}}$$

舍入累积误差:

$$\begin{cases} \bar{\delta}_{n+1} \leq (1 + hM) \bar{\delta}_n + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \\ \delta_{n+1} \leq \delta_n + \frac{h}{2} M \delta_n + \frac{h}{2} M \bar{\delta}_{n+1} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta_{n+1} \leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right) \delta_n + \left(\frac{hM}{2} + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{n+1} + \frac{1 + \frac{hM}{2}}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} &\leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right) \left(\delta_n + \frac{1 + \frac{hM}{2}}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \right) \\ &\leq \left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right)^{n+1} \left(\delta_0 + \frac{1 + \frac{hM}{2}}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta_n \leq \left[\left(\frac{h^2 M^2}{2} + hM + 1 \right)^n - 1 \right] \cdot \left(\frac{1 + \frac{hM}{2}}{hM + \frac{h^2 M^2}{2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \right)$$

$$\text{其中 } \left| \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) \right| \leq M \quad |y^{(2)}(x)| \leq L \quad |y^{(3)}(x)| \leq T$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) = 2y \leq 8 \quad \text{取 } M=8$$

$$y^{(2)}(x) = 2x + 2yy' = 2x + 2y(x^2 + y^2) \leq 138 \quad \text{取 } L=138$$

$$y^{(3)}(x) = 2 + 2(x^2 + y^2)^2 + 2y(2x + 2y(x^2 + y^2)) \leq 1684 \quad \text{取 } T=1684$$

要使结果精确到 8 位, 总误差 $\Delta \leq \frac{1}{2} \times 10^{-8}$

$$\begin{cases} \delta_n \leq \left[(1 + 8h + 32h^2)^n - 1 \right] \frac{\frac{1249}{3}}{8 + 32h} h^2 \leq \frac{1}{4} \times 10^{-8} \\ \delta_n \leq \left[(1 + 8h + 32h^2)^n - 1 \right] \frac{1 + 4h}{8h + 32h^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10^{-m} \leq \frac{1}{4} \times 10^{-8} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} h \leq h_0 \\ m \geq m_0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{代入} \begin{cases} \bar{y}_{n+1} = y_n + h \cdot f(x_n, y_n) \\ y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{h}{2} [f(x_n, y_n) + f(x_{n+1}, \bar{y}_{n+1})] \end{cases}$$

$$\text{初值 } y(1) = 4$$

迭代 $k = -\frac{1}{h_0}$ 次 每次精确到小数点后 $m_0 - 1$ 位

$$\text{求得 } y_k = y(1)$$