Snells Law $sin(incident angle)*n_i=sin(refracted angle)*n_r$

Lens/Mirror Formula $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v}$

Magnification $M = \frac{-v}{u} = \frac{H_i}{H_o}$ if M is positive

image is upright and virtual, and if it is negative image is upside down and real.

Relative n
$$n = \frac{n_i}{n_r}$$

Critical angle $\sin(theta_i) \times n_i = n_r$ or $theta_c = \sin^{-1}(\frac{n_r}{n_i})$

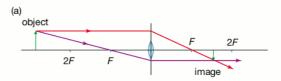
Wave Equation

 $Speed = frequency \times wavelength = \frac{wavelength}{period}$

Frequency $Frequency = \frac{1}{period}$

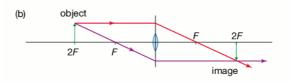
Refraction Slow down = light moves towards normal

- f focal length
- F focal point
- **P** pole or centre of mirror
- **R** radius of circle
- C centre of circle



real inverted diminished

Description of image



real inverted same size

