

Mean Duration (Days) of All Closed Pull Requests

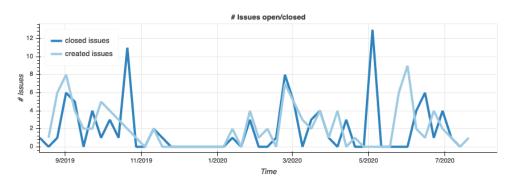
This heat map compares the responsiveness of a repository to pull requests. The light blue indicates mean pull request response times that are fastest; the red indicates the months with slowest response times. The top heat map shows pull requests that are eventually merged, and the bottom heat map shows pull requests that are closed without being merged. Gray bars signal months when pull requests were opened, but none were closed. White boxes indicate months when pull requests were neither opened or closed. The minimum and maximum are determined by the individual repository if run for only one repository. If several repositories are compared, the min and max values are set by that pool, and repositories that respond faster will stand apart.

Metrics Analyzed by Augur

Number of Open and Closed Issues over Time

This graph shows how many issues were opened and closed. A community where more issues are opened than closed builds up a backlog of issues. Ideally, the two lines of opened and closed issues should be in balance.

▲ CAULDRONMetrics Analyzed by Cauldron



Drive-by and Repeat Contributor Counts per Month

This graph shows the number of new contributors in the specified time period and indicates how many were drive-by or repeat contributors. Drive-by contributors are contributors who make less than the required 5 contributions in 365 days. Repeat contributors are contributors who have made 5 or more contributions in 365 days and their first contribution is in the specified time period.

Metrics Analyzed by Augur

Number of Commits by Weekday

This bar chart shows how commit activity is distributed across the days of the week. When activity only occurs on workdays, the community may have mostly paid contributors who work during the week. Activity on the weekends may indicate volunteer activities.

CAULDRON

Metrics Analyzed by Cauldron

