МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ МОСКОВСКИЙ АВИАЦИОННЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ (НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ)

ЛАБОРАТОРНАЯ РАБОТА №6

по курсу "Объектно-ориентированное программирование" І семестр, 2021/22 учебный год

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Задание:

Дополнить класс-контейнер из лабораторной работы №3 шаблоном типа данных.

Вариант №21

Дневник отладки:

...

Вывод:

При выполнении работы я на практике познакомился с шаблонами. Благодаря им, упрощается написание кода для структур, классов и функций, от которых требуется принимать не только один тип аргументов. Вместо того, чтобы реализовывать полиморфизм с помощью перегрузки вышеуказанных вещей, гораздо удобнее применить шаблоны. Поэтому я уверен, что знания, полученные в этой лабораторной работе, обязательно пригодятся мне.

Исходный код:

CMakeLists.txt

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.20)
project(Lab1)

set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 23)

add_executable(Lab1 main.cpp figure.h rhombus.cpp rhombus.h pentagon.cpp pentagon.h GeronFormula.h GeronFormula.cpp hexagon.cpp hexagon.h Node.cpp Node.h tbinarytree.cpp tbinarytree.h)

Figure.h



```
#ifndef LAB1_FIGURE_H
#define LAB1_FIGURE_H
#include "iostream"
#include <utility>
#include <math.h>
```

```
class Figure {
public:
    virtual void Print(std::ostream& os) const = 0;
    virtual size t VertexesNumber() const = 0;
    virtual double Area() const = 0;
    //virtual ~Figure() = 0;
};
#endif //LAB1 FIGURE H
GeronFormula.cpp
// Created by Илья Рожков on 16.09.2021.
#include "GeronFormula.h"
#include<cmath>
double GeronFormula(double a, double b, double c) {
    double p, s;
    p = (a + b + c) / 2;
    s = sqrt(p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c));
    return s;
double getDistance(const std::pair<double, double> &x, const
std::pair<double, double> &y) {
    return sqrt(pow((x.first - y.first), 2) + pow((x.second -
y.second), 2));
}
double GeronFormulaFromCordinates(const Cordinate &a, const
Cordinate &b, const Cordinate &c) {
    double x = getDistance(a, b);
    double y = getDistance(b, c);
    double z = getDistance(c, a);
    return GeronFormula(x, y, z);
double AreaOfMultigone(const std::vector<Cordinate>
\&cordinates) {
    double s = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < cordinates.size(); i += 3)
```

```
s += GeronFormulaFromCordinates(cordinates[i],
cordinates[(i + 1) % cordinates.size()], cordinates[(i + 2) %
cordinates.size()]);
  return s;
hexagon.cpp
 / Created by Илья Рожков on 16.09.2021.
#include "hexagon.h"
Hexagon::Hexagon() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
       Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0, 0);
        cordinates.push back(elemt);
}
Hexagon::Hexagon(const std::vector<Cordinate> &cordinates) :
cordinates(cordinates) {
    if ( cordinates.size() != 6) {
     throw "wrong size";
}
return 6;
double Hexagon::Area() const {
   return AreaOfMultigone(_cordinates);
void Hexagon::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
    os << "Hexagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < _cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
        os << '(' << _cordinates[i].first << ",
 cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
    os << '\n';
   //return os;
}
std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Hexagon &r) {
    os << "Hexagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < r. cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
       os << '(' << r._cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
r._cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
    os << '\n';
   return os:
```

```
}
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Hexagon &r) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
        in >> r._cordinates[i].first >>
r._cordinates[i].second;
   return in;
Hexagon::Hexagon(std::istream &in) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {
       Cordinate elemt = std::make_pair(0, 0);
       cordinates.push back(elemt);
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
        in >> _cordinates[i].first >> _cordinates[i].second;
    //return in;
}
Hexagon &Hexagon::operator=(const Hexagon &h) {
    if (&h == this)
        return *this;
    _cordinates = h._cordinates;
    return *this;
bool Hexagon::operator==(const Hexagon &h) const {
   return _cordinates == h._cordinates;
Hexagon::~Hexagon() {
}
pentagon.cpp
           by Илья Рожков on 15.09.2021.
#include "pentagon.h"
#include <string.h>
#include "GeronFormula.h"
```

```
p = (a + b + c) / 2;
    s = sqrt(p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c));
    return s;
double getDistance(const std::pair<double, double>& x , const
std::pair<double, double>& y)
    return sqrt(pow((x.first - y.first), 2) + pow((x.second - ...
y.second), 2));
double GeronFormulaFromCordinates(Cordinate a,Cordinate
b,Cordinate c)
    double x = getDistance(a, b);
    double y = getDistance(b, c);
    double z = getDistance(c, a);
    return GeronFormula(x, y, z);
Pentagon::Pentagon() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        Cordinate elemt = std::make_pair(0,0);
        _cordinates.push_back(elemt);
        //_cordinates[i].first = 0;
        // cordinates[i].second = 0;
}
size_t Pentagon::VertexesNumber() const {
    return 5;
Pentagon::Pentagon(const std::vector<Cordinate> &cordinates) :
 cordinates(cordinates){
    if ( cordinates.size() != 5)
        throw std::out of range("wrong number of cordinates");
}
double Pentagon::Area() const {
 return AreaOfMultigone( cordinates);
}
std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Pentagon &r) {
    os << "Pentagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < r._cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
```

```
os << '(' << r. cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
r._cordinates[i].second << ") ":</pre>
    os << '\n';
    return os;
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Pentagon &r) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        in >> r._cordinates[i].first >>
r._cordinates[i].second;
   return in;
void Pentagon::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
    os << "Pentagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < _cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
        os << '(' << _cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
  os << '\n';
}
Pentagon::Pentagon(std::istream &in) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0,0);
        cordinates.push back(elemt);
        //_cordinates[i].first = 0;
        //_cordinates[i].second = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        in >> _cordinates[i].first >> _cordinates[i].second;
Pentagon &Pentagon::operator=(const Pentagon &p) {
    if(&p == this)
        return *this;
    _cordinates = p._cordinates;
   return *this;
bool Pentagon::operator==(const Pentagon &p) const {
   return _cordinates == p._cordinates;
Pentagon::~Pentagon() {
}
rhombus.cpp
    reated by Илья Рожков on 12.09.2021.
```

```
#include "rhombus.h"
#include <string.h>
#include "GeronFormula.h"
using std::pair;
typedef pair<double, double> Cordinate;
/*double getDistance(const pair<double, double>& x , const
pair<double, double>& v)
    return sqrt(pow((x.first - y.first), 2) + pow((x.second -
y.second), 2));
Rhombus::Rhombus() {
}
Rhombus::~Rhombus() {
}
double Rhombus::Area() const {
   return 0.5 * getDistance(_x1, _x3) * getDistance(_x2, _x4);
Rhombus::Rhombus(Cordinate &x1, Cordinate &x2, Cordinate &x3,
Cordinate &x4) : _x1(x1), _x2(x2), _x3(x3), _x4(x4){
    if(!IsRhombus())
       throw "not correct input";
return 4;
bool Rhombus::IsRhombus() const {
    if (getDistance(_x1, _x2) == getDistance(_x2, _x3) &&
getDistance(_x2, _x3) == getDistance(_x3, _x4) &&
getDistance(_x3, _x4) == getDistance(_x4, _x1) &&
getDistance(_x4, _x1) == getDistance(_x1, _x2))
        return true;
    return false;
void Rhombus::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
 os << "Rhombus: (" << _x1.first << ", " << _x1.second << ") </pre>
```

```
<< '(' << _x3.first << ' ' << _x3.second << ") <u>" << '(' << </u>
x4.first << ' ' << x4.second << ")" << std::endl:
}
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Rhombus& r)
    os << "Rhombus: (" << r._x1.first << ", " << r._x1.second
<< ") " << '(' << r._x2.first << ' ' << r._x2.second << ") "
      << '(' << r._x3.first << ' ' << r._x3.second << ") " <<
'(' << r. x4.first << ' ' << r. x4.second << ")" << std::endl;
   return os:
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Rhombus &r) {
    in >> r._x1.first >> r._x1.second >> r._x2.first >>
r._x2.second >> r._x3.first >> r._x3.second >> r._x4.first >>
r. x4.second;
   if(!r.IsRhombus())
        throw "not correct input";
    return in;
Rhombus::Rhombus(const Rhombus &r) : _x1(r._x1), _x2(r._x2),
x3(r. x3), x4(r. x4) {
}
Rhombus::Rhombus(std::istream &in) {
    in >> _x1.first >> _x1.second >> _x2.first >> _x2.second >>
 x3.first >> _x3.second >> _x4.first >> _x4.second;
Rhombus &Rhombus::operator=(const Rhombus &r) {
    if (&r == this)
        return *this:
    _x1 = r._x1;
    _x2 = r_x2;
    _x3 = r._x3;
    x4 = r. x4;
   return *this:
}
bool Rhombus::operator==(const Rhombus &r) const {
    return x1 == r. x1 && x2 == r. x2 && x3 == r. x3 && x4
  r. x4;
```

```
// Created by Илья Рожков on 30.09.2021.
#include "tbinarytree.h"
#include "stdexcept"
TBinaryTree::TBinaryTree() {
   t_root = nullptr;
void TBinaryTree::Push(const Pentagon& octagon) {
   TreeElem* curr = t root;
    if (curr == nullptr)
       t root = new TreeElem(octagon);
    while (curr)
        if (curr->get octagon() == octagon)
            curr->set count fig(curr->get count fig() + 1);
            return;
          (octagon.Area() < curr->get octagon().Area())
            if (curr->get left() == nullptr)
                curr->set_left(new TreeElem(octagon));
                return;
        if (octagon.Area() >= curr->get_octagon().Area())
            if (curr->get right() == nullptr && !(curr-
>get_octagon() == octagon))
                curr->set right(new TreeElem(octagon));
                return;
        if (curr->get_octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
           curr = curr->get_right();
const Pentagon& TBinaryTree::GetItemNotLess(double area) {
   TreeElem* curr = t root;
    while (curr)
        if (area == curr->get octagon().Area())
            return curr->get_octagon();
        if (area < curr->get_octagon().Area())
           curr = curr->get_left();
```

```
continue;
           (area >= curr->get_octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get right();
           continue:
    throw std::out of range("out of range");
}
size t TBinaryTree::Count(const Pentagon& octagon) {
    size t count = 0;
    TreeElem* curr = t root;
    while (curr)
        if (curr->get octagon() == octagon)
            count = curr->get_count_fig();
          (octagon.Area() < curr->get_octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
            continue;
        if (octagon.Area() >= curr->get octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get_right();
            continue:
    return count;
void Pop_List(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void Pop_Part_of_Branch(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void Pop_Root_of_Subtree(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void TBinaryTree::Pop(const Pentagon& octagon) {
    TreeElem* curr = t root;
    TreeElem* parent = nullptr;
    while (curr && curr->get octagon() != octagon)
        parent = curr;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
           curr = curr->get_right();
    }
    if (curr == nullptr)
      return;
```

```
curr->set_count_fig(curr->get_count_fig() - 1);
    if(curr->get_count_fig() <= 0)</pre>
        if (curr->get left() == nullptr && curr->get right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop List(curr, parent);
            return;
          (curr->get left() == nullptr || curr->get right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop Part of Branch(curr, parent);
            return;
          (curr->get_left() != nullptr && curr->get_right() != 
nullptr)
            Pop_Root_of_Subtree(curr, parent);
            return;
void Pop_List(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
    if (parent->get_left() == curr)
        parent->set_left(nullptr);
        parent->set_right(nullptr);
    delete(curr);
void Pop_Part_of_Branch(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
    if (parent) {
        if (curr->get left()) {
            if (parent->get_left() == curr)
                parent->set_left(curr->get_left());
            if (parent->get_right() == curr)
               parent->set right(curr->get left());
            curr->set_right(nullptr);
            curr->set_left(nullptr);
            delete(curr);
           return;
        if (curr->get_left() == nullptr) {
            if (parent && parent->get_left() == curr)
               parent->set left(curr->get right());
            if (parent && parent->get_right() == curr)
               parent->set right(curr->get right());
```

```
curr->set_right(nullptr);
            curr->set_left(nullptr);
            delete(curr);
            return;
void Pop_Root_of_Subtree(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
    TreeElem* replace = curr->get left();
    TreeElem* rep_parent = curr;
    while (replace->get_right())
        rep_parent = replace;
        replace = replace->get right();
    curr->set_octagon(replace->get_octagon());
    curr->set count fig(replace->get count fig());
    if (rep_parent->get_left() == replace)
        rep parent->set left(nullptr);
    else
        rep_parent->set_right(nullptr);
    delete(replace);
    return;
bool TBinaryTree::Empty() {
   return t_root == nullptr ? true : false;
void Tree_out (std::ostream& os, TreeElem* curr);
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const TBinaryTree&
tree) {
   TreeElem* curr = tree.t root;
    Tree_out(os, curr);
   return os;
void Tree_out (std::ostream& os, TreeElem* curr) {
    if (curr)
        if(curr->get_octagon().Area() >= 0)
            os << curr->get_count_fig() << "*" << curr-
>get octagon().Area();
        if(curr->get left() || curr->get right())|
            os << ": [";
            if (curr->get_left())
                Tree_out(os, curr->get_left());
            if(curr->get_left() && curr->get_right())
               os <<",";
```

```
if (curr->get right())
                Tree_out(os, curr->get_right());
            os << "]";
void recursive clear(TreeElem* curr);
void TBinaryTree::Clear() {
    if (t_root->get_left())
        recursive clear(t root->get left());
    t_root->set_left(nullptr);
    if (t_root->get_right())
        recursive_clear(t_root->get_right());
    t_root->set_right(nullptr);
    delete t_root;
    t_root = nullptr;
void recursive_clear(TreeElem* curr){
    if(curr)
        if (curr->get_left())
            recursive_clear(curr->get_left());
        curr->set left(nullptr);
        if (curr->get_right())
            recursive_clear(curr->get_right());
        curr->set_right(nullptr);
        delete curr;
TBinaryTree::~TBinaryTree() {
}
```