МИНИСТЕРСТВО ОБРАЗОВАНИЯ И НАУКИ РОССИЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ МОСКОВСКИЙ АВИАЦИОННЫЙ ИНСТИТУТ (НАЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ ИССЛЕДОВАТЕЛЬСКИЙ УНИВЕРСИТЕТ)

ЛАБОРАТОРНАЯ РАБОТА №7

по курсу "Объектно-ориентированное программирование" І семестр, 2021/22 учебный год

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Задание

Используя структуру данных, разработанную для лабораторной работы №5, спроектировать и разработать аллокатор памяти для динамической структуры данных.

Цель построения аллокатора – минимизация вызова операции **malloc**. Аллокатор должен выделять большие блоки памяти для хранения фигур и при создании новых фигуробъектов выделять место под объекты в этой памяти.

Алокатор должен хранить списки использованных/свободных блоков. Для хранения списка свободных блоков нужно применять динамическую структуру данных (контейнер 2-го уровня, согласно варианту задания).

Для вызова аллокатора должны быть переопределены оператор **new** и **delete** у классовфигур.

Нельзя использовать:

• Стандартные контейнеры std.

Программа должна позволять:

- Вводить произвольное количество фигур и добавлять их в контейнер;
- Распечатывать содержимое контейнера;
- Удалять фигуры из контейнера.

Спроектировать и разработать итератор для динамической структуры данных, разработанную для лабораторной работы №6. Итератор должен быть разработан в виде шаблона и должен позволять работать с любыми типами фигур, согласно варианту задания.

Итератор должен позволять использовать структуру данных в операторах типа for.

Например:

```
for(auto i : stack) {
      std::cout << *i << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

Вариант №21

Дневник отладки:

Проблем не возникало

Вывод:

При выполнении работы я на практике познакомился с итераторами. Они позволяют легко реализовать обход всех элементов структуры данных, позволяют использовать цикл range-based-for и для самописных структур.

Исходный код:

```
CMakeLists.txt
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.20)
project(Lab1)

set(CMAKE_CXX_STANDARD 23)
```

add_executable(Lab1 main.cpp figure.h rhombus.cpp rhombus.h pentagon.cpp pentagon.h GeronFormula.h GeronFormula.cpp hexagon.cpp hexagon.h Node.cpp Node.h tbinarytree.cpp tbinarytree.h)

Figure.h

```
//
// Created by Илья Рожков on 12.09.2021
//

#ifndef LAB1_FIGURE_H
#define LAB1_FIGURE_H
#include "iostream"
#include <utility>
#include <math.h>
#include <cmath>
```

```
class Figure {
public:
    virtual void Print(std::ostream& os) const = 0;
    virtual size_t VertexesNumber() const = 0;
    virtual double Area() const = 0;
    //virtual ~Figure() = 0;
};
#endif //LAB1_FIGURE_H
```

```
double x = getDistance(a, b);
    double y = getDistance(b, c);
    double z = getDistance(c, a);
   return GeronFormula(x, y, z); 9.2021.
#include<cmath>
double GeronFormula(double a, double b, double c)
   double p, s;
   p = (a + b + c) / 2;
   s = sqrt(p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c));
   return s;
double getDistance(const std::pair<double, double> &x, const
std::pair<double, double> &y) {
    return sqrt(pow((x.first - y.first), 2) + pow((x.second -
y.second), 2));
double GeronFormulaFromCordinates(const Cordinate &a, const
Cordinate &b, const Cordinate &c) {
double AreaOfMultigone(const std::vector<Cordinate>
&cordinates) {
   double s = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < cordinates.size(); i += 3)</pre>
        s += GeronFormulaFromCordinates(cordinates[i],
cordinates[(i + 1) % cordinates.size()], cordinates[(i + 2) %
cordinates.size()]);
  return s;
hexagon.cpp
#include "hexagon.h"
Hexagon::Hexagon() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {</pre>
        Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0, 0);
         cordinates.push back(elemt);
```

Hexagon::Hexagon(const std::vector<Cordinate> &cordinates) :

cordinates(cordinates) {

```
if ( cordinates.size() != 6) {
       throw "wrong size";
size t Hexagon::VertexesNumber() const {
   return 6;
double Hexagon::Area() const {
    return AreaOfMultigone( cordinates);
void Hexagon::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
    os << "Hexagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
       os << '(' << cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
    os << '\n';
   //return os;
std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Hexagon &r) {
    os << "Hexagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < r. cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
       os << '(' << r. cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
r. cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
    os << '\n';
   return os;
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Hexagon &r) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)</pre>
        in >> r. cordinates[i].first >>
r. cordinates[i].second;
   return in;
Hexagon::Hexagon(std::istream &in) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++) {</pre>
        Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0, 0);
        cordinates.push back(elemt);
    for (int i = 0; i < 6; i++)
        in >> _cordinates[i].first >> _cordinates[i].second;
    //return in;
```

Hexagon &Hexagon::operator=(const Hexagon &h) {

```
return GeronFormula(x, y, z);
if (&h == this)
        return *this;
    cordinates = h. cordinates;
    return *this;
bool Hexagon::operator==(const Hexagon &h) const {
    return cordinates == h. cordinates;
Hexagon::~Hexagon() {
}
pentagon.cpp
#include "pentagon.h"
#include <string.h>
#include "GeronFormula.h"
    double p, s;
    return s;
double getDistance(const std::pair<double, double>& x , const
```

Pentagon::Pentagon() {

```
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {</pre>
        Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0,0);
        cordinates.push back(elemt);
        // cordinates[i].first = 0;
size t Pentagon::VertexesNumber() const
   return 5;
Pentagon::Pentagon(const std::vector<Cordinate> &cordinates) :
cordinates(cordinates) {
    if ( cordinates.size() != 5)
       throw std::out of range("wrong number of cordinates");
}
double Pentagon::Area() const {
    return AreaOfMultigone( cordinates);
}
std::ostream &operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Pentagon &r) {
    os << "Pentagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < r. cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
        os << '(' << r. cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
r. cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
   os << '\n';
    return os;
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Pentagon &r) {
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        in >> r. cordinates[i].first >>
r. cordinates[i].second;
   return in;
void Pentagon::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
    os << "Pentagon: ";
    for (int i = 0; i < _cordinates.size(); i++)</pre>
        os << '(' << cordinates[i].first << ", " <<
 cordinates[i].second << ") ";</pre>
  os << '\n';
```

Pentagon::Pentagon(std::istream &in) {

for (**int** i = 0; i < 5; i++) {

```
Cordinate elemt = std::make pair(0,0);
        cordinates.push back(elemt);
        // cordinates[i].first = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)</pre>
        in >> cordinates[i].first >> cordinates[i].second;
Pentagon &Pentagon::operator=(const Pentagon &p) {
    if(&p == this)
        return *this;
    _cordinates = p._cordinates;
   return *this;
bool Pentagon::operator==(const Pentagon &p) const {
    return cordinates == p. cordinates;
Pentagon::~Pentagon() {
}
rhombus.cpp
#include "rhombus.h"
#include <string.h>
#include "GeronFormula.h"
using std::pair;
typedef pair<double, double> Cordinate;
pair<double, double>& y)
y.second), 2));
Rhombus::Rhombus()
}
Rhombus::~Rhombus() {
```

```
std::istream &operator>>(std::istream &in, Rhombus &r) {
 in >> r. x1.first >> r. x1.second >> r. x2.first >>
}
double Rhombus::Area() const {
   return 0.5 * getDistance( x1, x3) * getDistance( x2, x4);
Rhombus::Rhombus(Cordinate &x1, Cordinate &x2, Cordinate &x3,
Cordinate &x4) : x1(x1), x2(x2), x3(x3), x4(x4){
   if(!IsRhombus())
       throw "not correct input";
size t Rhombus::VertexesNumber() const {
  return 4;
bool Rhombus::IsRhombus() const {
   if (getDistance( x1, x2) == getDistance( x2, x3) &&
getDistance(x2, x3) == getDistance(x3, x4) &&
    getDistance(x3, x4) == getDistance(x4, x1) &&
getDistance( x4, x1) == getDistance( x1, x2))
       return true;
   return false;
void Rhombus::Print(std::ostream& os) const {
   os << "Rhombus: (" << x1.first << ", " << x1.second << ")
" << '(' << x2.first << ' ' << x2.second << ") "
   << '(' << _x3.first << ' ' << _x3.second << ") " << '(' <<
x4.first << ' ' << x4.second << ")" << std::endl;
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream &os, const Rhombus& r)
   os << "Rhombus: (" << r. x1.first << ", " << r. x1.second
<< ") " << '(' << r. x2.first << ' ' << r. x2.second << ") "
      << '(' << r. x3.first << ' ' << r. x3.second << ") " <<
'(' << r. x4.first << ' ' << r. x4.second << ")" << std::endl;
   return os;
r. x2.second >> r. x3.first >> r. x3.second >> r. x4.first >>
r. x4.second;
   if(!r.IsRhombus())
        throw "not correct input";
    return in;
```

```
x1 = r. x1;
    x2 = r. x2;
    x3 = r. x3;
x4 = r. x4;
Rhombus::Rhombus (const Rhombus &r) : x1(r. x1), x2(r. x2),
x3(r. x3), x4(r. x4) {
}
Rhombus::Rhombus(std::istream &in) {
   in >> x1.first >> x1.second >> x2.first >> x2.second >>
x3.first >> x3.second >> x4.first >> x4.second;
Rhombus &Rhombus::operator=(const Rhombus &r) {
   if (&r == this)
    return *this;
   return *this;
}
bool Rhombus::operator==(const Rhombus &r) const {
   return x1 == r. x1 && x2 == r. x2 && x3 == r. x3 && x4
== r. x4;
tbinarytree.cpp
#include "tbinarytree.h"
#include "stdexcept"
TBinaryTree::TBinaryTree()
  t root = nullptr;
void TBinaryTree::Push(const Pentagon& octagon) {
   TreeElem* curr = t root;
   if (curr == nullptr)
     t root = new TreeElem(octagon);
    while (curr)
        if (curr->get octagon() == octagon)
        curr->set count fig(curr->get count fig() + 1);
```

return;

```
if (octagon.Area() < curr->get octagon().Area())
            if (curr->get left() == nullptr)
                curr->set left(new TreeElem(octagon));
                return;
        if (octagon.Area() >= curr->get octagon().Area())
            if (curr->get right() == nullptr && !(curr-
>get octagon() == octagon))
                curr->set right(new TreeElem(octagon));
               return;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
            curr = curr->get right();
const Pentagon& TBinaryTree::GetItemNotLess(double area) {
    TreeElem* curr = t root;
    while (curr)
        if (area == curr->get_octagon().Area())
            return curr->get octagon();
        if (area < curr->get octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
            continue;
        if (area >= curr->get octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get right();
            continue;
    throw std::out of range("out of range");
}
size t TBinaryTree::Count(const Pentagon& octagon)
    size t count = 0;
    TreeElem* curr = t root;
    while (curr)
        if (curr->get octagon() == octagon)
           count = curr->get count fig();
```

```
if (octagon.Area() < curr->get_octagon().Area())
{
    curr = curr->get_left();
```

```
void Pop List(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void Pop Part of Branch(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void Pop Root of Subtree(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent);
void TBinaryTree::Pop(const Pentagon& octagon) {
    TreeElem* curr = t root;
   TreeElem* parent = nullptr;
    while (curr && curr->get octagon() != octagon)
        parent = curr;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
            curr = curr->get right();
   if (curr == nullptr)
       return;
   curr->set count fig(curr->get count fig() - 1);
    if(curr->get count fig() <= 0)</pre>
        if (curr->qet left() == nullptr && curr->qet right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop List(curr, parent);
            return;
          (curr->get left() == nullptr || curr->get right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop Part of Branch(curr, parent);
            return;
          (curr->get left() != nullptr && curr->get right() !=
nullptr)
            Pop Root of Subtree(curr, parent);
            return;
            continue;
          (octagon.Area() >= curr->get octagon().Area())
            curr = curr->get right();
            continue;
    return count;
```

```
TreeElem* rep parent = curr; t octagon());
    while (replace->get right()) >get count fig());
    if (rep parent->get left() == replace)
       rep parent->set left(nullptr);
}
void Pop List(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
    if (parent->get left() == curr)
        parent->set left(nullptr);
   else
       parent->set right(nullptr);
    delete(curr);
void Pop Part of Branch(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
   if (parent) {
        if (curr->get left()) {
            if (parent->get left() == curr)
            parent->set left(curr->get left());
            if (parent->get right() == curr)
             parent->set right(curr->get left());
            curr->set right(nullptr);
            curr->set left(nullptr);
            delete(curr);
            return;
        if (curr->get left() == nullptr) {
            if (parent && parent->get left() == curr)
                parent->set left(curr->get right());
            curr->set right(nullptr);
            curr->set left(nullptr);
            delete(curr);
            return;
void Pop Root of Subtree(TreeElem* curr, TreeElem* parent) {
    TreeElem* replace = curr->get left();
        rep parent = replace;
        replace = replace->get right();
```

```
void TBinaryTree::Clear()
 if (t root->get left())
   else
       rep parent->set right(nullptr);
   delete(replace);
   return;
bool TBinaryTree::Empty() {
   return t root == nullptr ? true : false;
void Tree out (std::ostream& os, TreeElem* curr);
tree) {
   TreeElem* curr = tree.t root;
   Tree out(os, curr);
   return os;
void Tree out (std::ostream& os, TreeElem* curr) {
   if (curr)
       if(curr->get octagon().Area() >= 0)
           os << curr->get count fig() << "*" << curr-
>get octagon().Area();
       if(curr->get left() || curr->get right())
           os << ": [";
           if (curr->get left())
               Tree_out(os, curr->get left());
           if(curr->get left() && curr->get right())
               os << ", ";
           if (curr->get right())
               Tree out(os, curr->get right());
           os << "]";
void recursive clear(TreeElem* curr);
       recursive clear(t root->get left());
   t root->set left(nullptr);
   if (t root->get right())
       recursive clear(t root->get right());
   t root->set right(nullptr);
   delete t root;
   t root = nullptr;
void recursive clear(TreeElem* curr) {
   if (curr)
```

```
{

if (curr->get_left())
```

```
recursive clear(curr->get left());
        curr->set left(nullptr);
        if (curr->get right())
            recursive clear(curr->get right());
        curr->set right(nullptr);
        delete curr;
「BinaryTree::~TBinaryTree()
TAllocationBlock.hpp
#ifndef TALLOCATIONBLOCK H
#define TALLOCATIONBLOCK H
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include "TLinkedList.hpp"
class TAllocationBlock {
public:
  TAllocationBlock(size t size, size t count);
   void *Allocate();
   void Deallocate(void *ptr);
   bool Empty();
   size t Size();
   virtual ~TAllocationBlock();
private:
   char *used;
   TLinkedList2 unused;
#endif //TALLOCATIONBLOCK H
tbinarytree.cpp
   Created by Илья Рожков on 30.09.2021.
#include "tbinarytree.h"
TBinaryTree::TBinaryTree()
   t root = nullptr;
```

void TBinaryTree::Push(Pentagon octagon) {

```
sptr(TreeElem) curr = t root;
    sptr(TreeElem) parent = nullptr;
    sptr(TreeElem) curr = t root;
    while (curr)
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() == octagon.Area())
            curr->set count fig(curr->get count fig() + 1);
            return;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area() &&
curr->get left() == nullptr)
            sptr(TreeElem) ptr1(new TreeElem(octagon));
            curr->set left(ptr1);
           return;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() < octagon.Area() &&</pre>
curr->get right() == nullptr)
            sptr(TreeElem) ptr1(new TreeElem(octagon));
            curr->set right(ptr1);
            return;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
            curr = curr->get right();
    if (curr == nullptr)
        sptr(TreeElem) ptr1(new TreeElem(octagon));
        t root = ptr1;
        return;
void Pop List(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem) parent);
void Pop Part of Branch(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem)
parent);
void Pop Root of Subtree(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem)
parent);
void TBinaryTree::Pop(Pentagon octagon) {
    while (curr && curr->get octagon().Area() !=
octagon.Area())
        parent = curr;
        if (curr->get octagon().Area() > octagon.Area())
            curr = curr->get left();
        else
            curr = curr->get right();
```

```
if (curr == nullptr)
        return;
    curr->set count fig(curr->get count fig() - 1);
    if(curr->get count fig() <= 0)</pre>
        if (curr->get left() == nullptr && curr->get right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop List(curr, parent);
            return;
          (curr->get left() == nullptr || curr->get right() ==
nullptr)
            Pop Part of Branch(curr, parent);
            return;
           (curr->get left() != nullptr && curr->get right() !=
nullptr)
            Pop Root of Subtree(curr, parent);
            return;
void Pop List(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem) parent) {
    if (parent->get left() == curr)
        parent->set left(nullptr);
    else
       parent->set right(nullptr);
void Pop Part of Branch(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem)
parent) {
    if (curr->get right() == nullptr)
        if (parent)
            if (parent && parent->get left() == curr)
               parent->set left(curr->get left());
            if (parent && parent->get right() == curr)
                parent->set right(curr->get left());
            curr->set right(nullptr);
            curr->set left(nullptr);
            return;
```

```
curr->set octagon(replace->get octagon());
void TBinaryTree::Clear() {Lace->get count fig());
    if (t root->get left())
    if (curr->get left() == nullptr)
        if (parent)
            if (parent && parent->get left() == curr)
                parent->set left(curr->get right());
            curr->set right(nullptr);
            curr->set left(nullptr);
            return;
}
void Pop Root of Subtree(sptr(TreeElem) curr, sptr(TreeElem)
parent) {
    sptr(TreeElem) replace = curr->get left();
    sptr(TreeElem) rep par = curr;
    while (replace->get right())
        rep par = replace;
        replace = replace->get right();
    if (rep par->get left() == replace)
        rep par->set left(nullptr);
    else
        rep par->set right(nullptr);
    return;
void recursive clear(sptr(TreeElem) curr);
        recursive clear(t root->get left());
    t root->set left(nullptr);
    if (t root->get right())
        recursive clear(t root->get_right());
    t root->set right(nullptr);
    t root = nullptr;
void recursive clear(sptr(TreeElem) curr)
    if (curr)
```

```
if (curr->get left())
            recursive clear(curr->get left());
        curr->set left(nullptr);
        if (curr->get right())
            recursive clear(curr->get right());
        curr->set right(nullptr);
bool TBinaryTree::Empty()
    if (t root == nullptr)
       return true;
    else
       return false;
double recursive counting(const double min area, const double
max area, sptr(TreeElem) curr);
double TBinaryTree::Count(double min area, double max area)
    int count = 0;
    sptr(TreeElem) curr = t root;
    while (curr && (curr->get octagon().Area() < min area ||
curr->get octagon().Area() > max area))
        if (curr && curr->get octagon().Area() < min area)</pre>
            curr = curr->get right();
        if (curr && curr->get octagon().Area() > min area)
            curr = curr->get left();
    if (curr)
        count = recursive counting(min area, max area, curr);
   return count;
double recursive counting (const double min area, const double
max area, sptr(TreeElem) curr) {
   int count = 0;
    if (curr && curr->get_octagon().Area() >= min area && curr-
>get octagon().Area() <= max area)
        count += curr->get count fig();
        if (curr->get left() && curr->get left()-
>get octagon().Area() >= min area)
            count += recursive counting (min area, max area,
curr->get left());
```

```
if (curr->get_right() && curr->get_right()-
>get_octagon().Area() <= max_area)</pre>
```

```
count += recursive counting(min area, max area,
curr->get right());
   return count;
void Tree out (std::ostream& os, sptr(TreeElem) curr);
tree) {
   sptr(TreeElem) curr = tree.t root;
   Tree out(os, curr);
   return os;
void Tree out (std::ostream& os, sptr(TreeElem) curr) {
   if (curr)
       if(curr->get octagon().Area() >= 0)
           os << curr->get count fig() << "*" << curr-
>get octagon().Area();
       if(curr->get left() || curr->get right())
           os << ": [";
           if (curr->get left())
               Tree out(os, curr->get left());
           if(curr->get left() && curr->get right())
              os << ", ";
           if (curr->get right())
               Tree out(os, curr->get right());
           os << "]";
TBinaryTree::~TBinaryTree()
TLinkedList Item.hpp
#ifndef ITEM2 H
#define ITEM2 H
#include <memory>
class Item2 {
public:
   Item2 (void *ptr);
   Item2* to right(Item2* next);
   Item2* Next();
   void* GetItem();
```

virtual ~Item2();

```
void Resize(size t nsize);
private:
   void* link;
   Item2* next;
#endif // ITEM2 H
Item2::Item2(void* link)
   this->link = link;
   this->next = nullptr;
Item2* Item2::to right(Item2* next) {
   Item2* set = this->next;
    this->next = next;
   return set;
void* Item2::GetItem() {
   return this->link;
Item2::~Item2() {}
tvector.hpp
#ifndef TVECTOR H
#define TVECTOR H
#include <iostream>
#include "iterator.hpp"
#include <memory>
#define SPTR(T) std::shared ptr<T>
template <class Polygon>
class TVector
public:
   TVector();
    TVector(const TVector& other);
   // Метод, добавляющий фигуру в конец массива
    void InsertLast(const Polygon& polygon);
   // Метод, удаляющий последнюю фигуру массива
   void RemoveLast();
   // Метод, возвращающий последнюю фигуру массива
    const Polygon& Last();
```

```
data = ndata;
        size = nsize;
    const SPTR(Polygon) operator[] (const size t idx);
    // Метод, проверяющий пустоту
    bool Empty();
    // Метод, возвращающий длину массива
    size t Length();
    // Оператор вывода для массива в формате:
    template <class T>
    friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const</pre>
TVector<T>& arr);
    // но позволяющий пользоваться им.
    void Clear();
    Iterator<Polygon> begin() {
      return Iterator<Polygon>(data);
    // Итератор конца
    Iterator<Polygon> end() {
      return Iterator<Polygon>(data + size);
    // Деструктор
    virtual ~TVector();
private:
    int size;
    SPTR(Polygon) * data;
};
#endif
template <class Polygon>
TVector<Polygon>::TVector() {
   size = 1;
   data = new SPTR(Polygon)[size];
template <class Polygon>
void TVector<Polygon>::Resize(size t nsize){
    if(nsize == size)
        return;
    else{
        SPTR(Polygon) * ndata = new SPTR(Polygon)[nsize];
        for (int i = 0; i < (size < nsize ? size : nsize); i++)</pre>
            ndata[i] = data[i];
        delete[] data;
template <class Polygon>
```

```
TVector<Polygon>::TVector(const TVector& other) {
    size = other.size;
```

```
os << ']';
    return os;
    data = new SPTR(Polygon)[other.size];
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
       data[i] = other.data[i];
template <class Polygon>
void TVector<Polygon>::InsertLast(const Polygon& polygon) {
    if (data[size - 1] != nullptr)
        Resize(size+1);
    data[size - 1] = std::make shared<Polygon>(polygon);
template <class Polygon>
void TVector<Polygon>::RemoveLast() {
   data[size-1]=nullptr;
template <class Polygon>
const Polygon& TVector<Polygon>::Last() {
    return * (data[size - 1]);
template <class Polygon>
const SPTR(Polygon) TVector<Polygon>::operator[] (const size t
idx) {
    if (idx >= 0 && idx < size)
        return data[idx];
    exit(1);
template <class Polygon>
bool TVector<Polygon>::Empty() {
    return size == 0;
template <class Polygon>
size t TVector<Polygon>::Length(){
   return size;
template <class Polygon>
std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const
TVector<Polygon>& arr){
   os << '[';
    for (size t i = 0; i < arr.size; i++)</pre>
        os << (arr.data[i])->Area() << ((i != arr.size-1) ? '
: '\0');
template <class Polygon>
void TVector<Polygon>::Clear(){
```

```
size = 1;
  data = new SPTR(Polygon)[size];
}

template <class Polygon>
TVector<Polygon>::~TVector(){
    delete[] data;
}
```