Caption:   
Direct immunofluorescence (IgG, combined with transmitted light) in saline transported skin specimen of lupus erythematosus. After 48 hours in saline there is subepidermal split formation, not present in fresh-frozen (N2) and fixed (Mi48) skin. Note the still obvious granular IgG fluorescence at the dermal side of the split. (obj. ×40)

Question: What is the result of the saline transportation on skin specimen?   
   
A: Subepidermal split formation   
B: Formation of granular IgG fluorescence at the dermal side   
C: Preservation of skin cell structure   
D: No effect on the skin specimen.

Answer: A: Subepidermal split formation.