Caption:   
Direct immunofluorescence (IgG, combined with transmitted light) in saline transported skin specimen of lupus erythematosus. After 48 hours in saline there is subepidermal split formation, not present in fresh-frozen (N2) and fixed (Mi48) skin. Note the still obvious granular IgG fluorescence at the dermal side of the split. (obj. ×40)

Question: What is the nature of the IgG fluorescence observed at the dermal side of the split?   
   
A: Coarse   
B: Faint   
C: Granular   
D: Fluffy

Answer: C: Granular.