



Hewlett Packard
Enterprise

Data Science Beyond the Laptop: Handling Data of Any Size with Arkouda

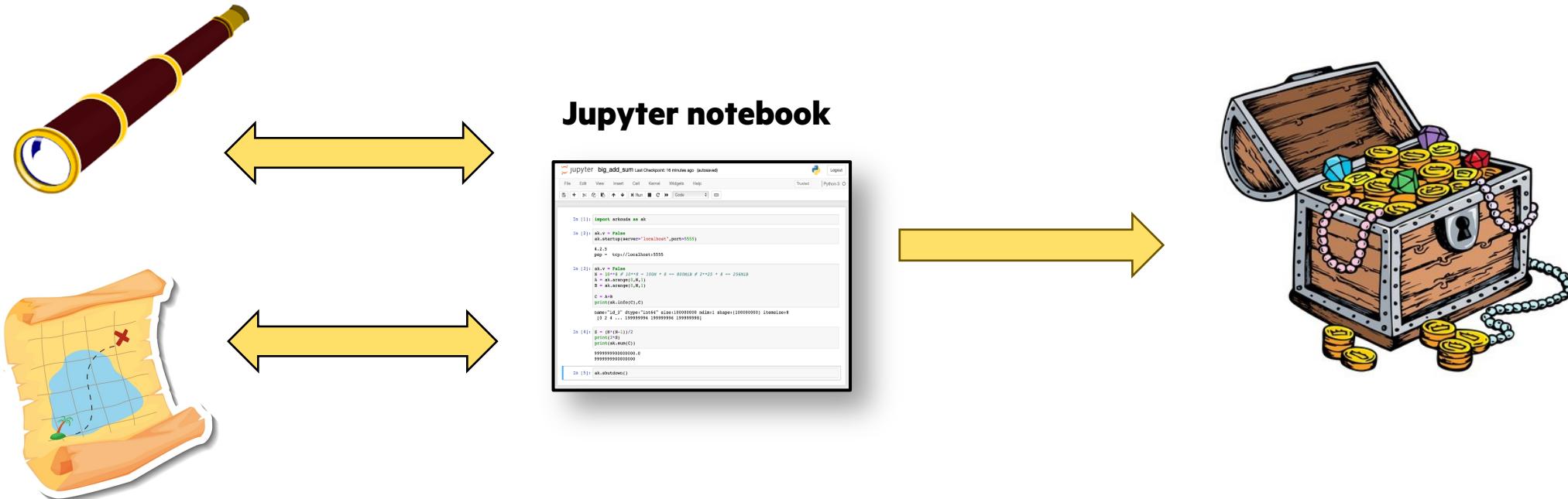
Ben McDonald, Michelle Strout, Sarah Coghlan, Oliver Alvarado Rodriguez

ChapelCon June 5, 2024

Data Science Beyond the Laptop

Data Science

Data Scientists are modern-day explorers uncovering previously unimagined insights



Data Science Beyond the Laptop

The Streetlight Effect

Faced with the unknown, data scientists as well as explorers can suffer from the **“lighthouse effect”**



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Data sets today

What if we could work with
massive-scale data in its
entirety **without**
compromising interactivity?



Arkouda (ἀρκούδα)

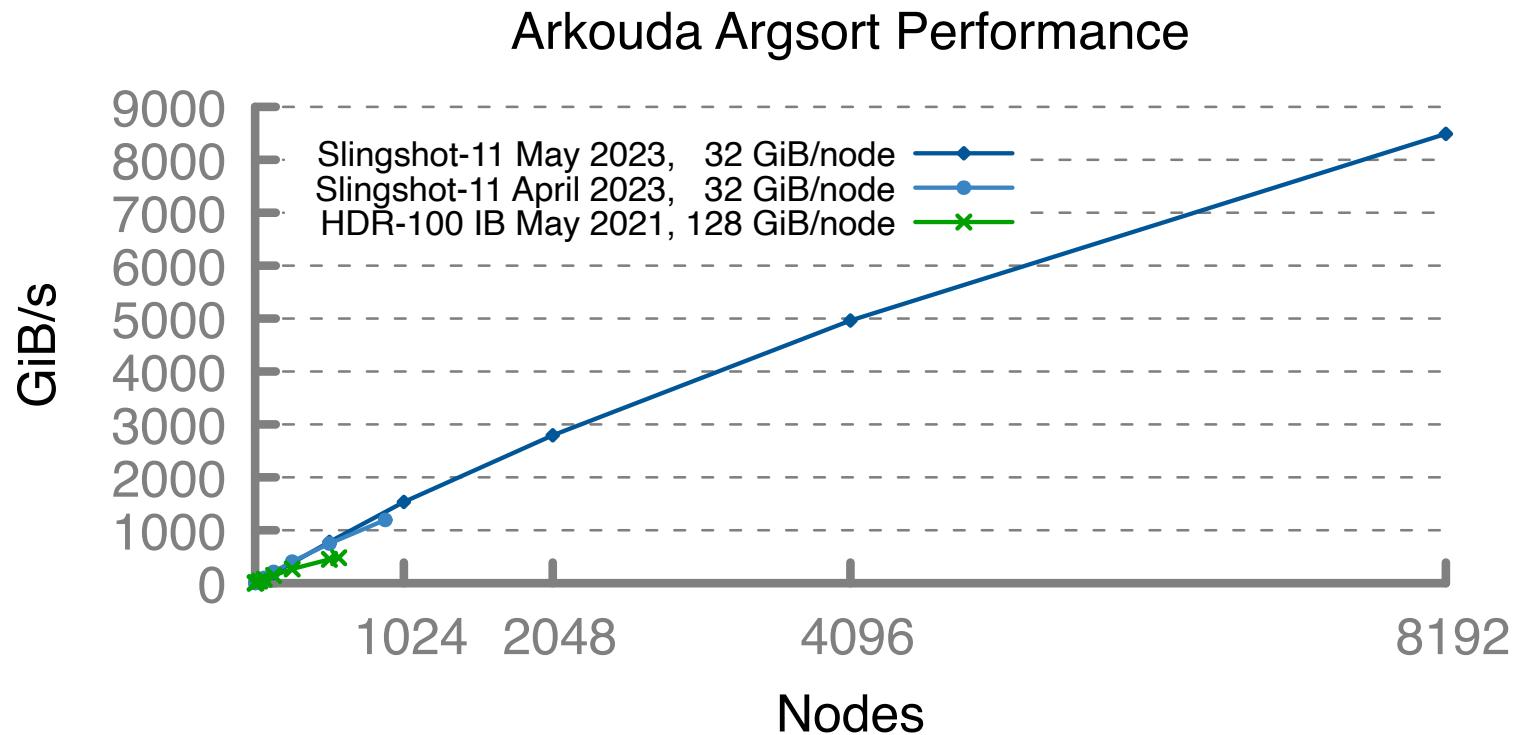


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Arkouda Performance

HPE Cray EX (May 2023)

- Slingshot-11 network (200 Gb/s)
- 8192 compute nodes
- 256 TiB of 8-byte values
- **~8500 GiB/s (~31 seconds)**



- “...solving problems in a matter of seconds, rather than days...” – Tess Hayes, Bytoa



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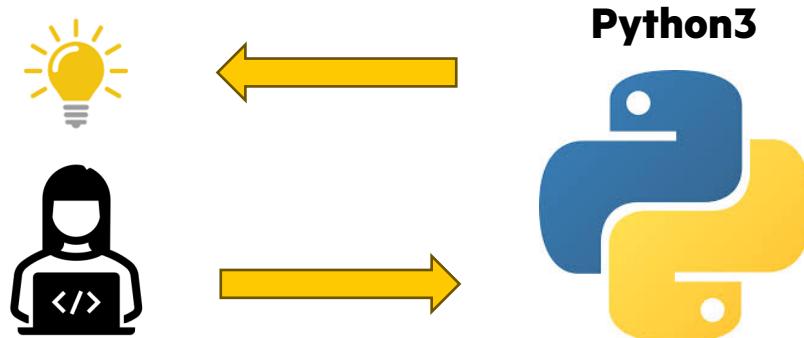
- Demands of data science today
- What is Arkouda?
- What is Chapel?
- The Arkouda ecosystem
- Conclusion
- Tutorial...
- The future of Arkouda



Data Science Beyond the Laptop

Data sets today

- Data scientists are drawn to Python for its interactivity
 - Code executes through the REPL (read, evaluate, print, loop)
 - Operations complete within human thought-loop
- **Data science demands interactivity...**



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The Python Landscape

Data Science Python is
only **syntactically Python**

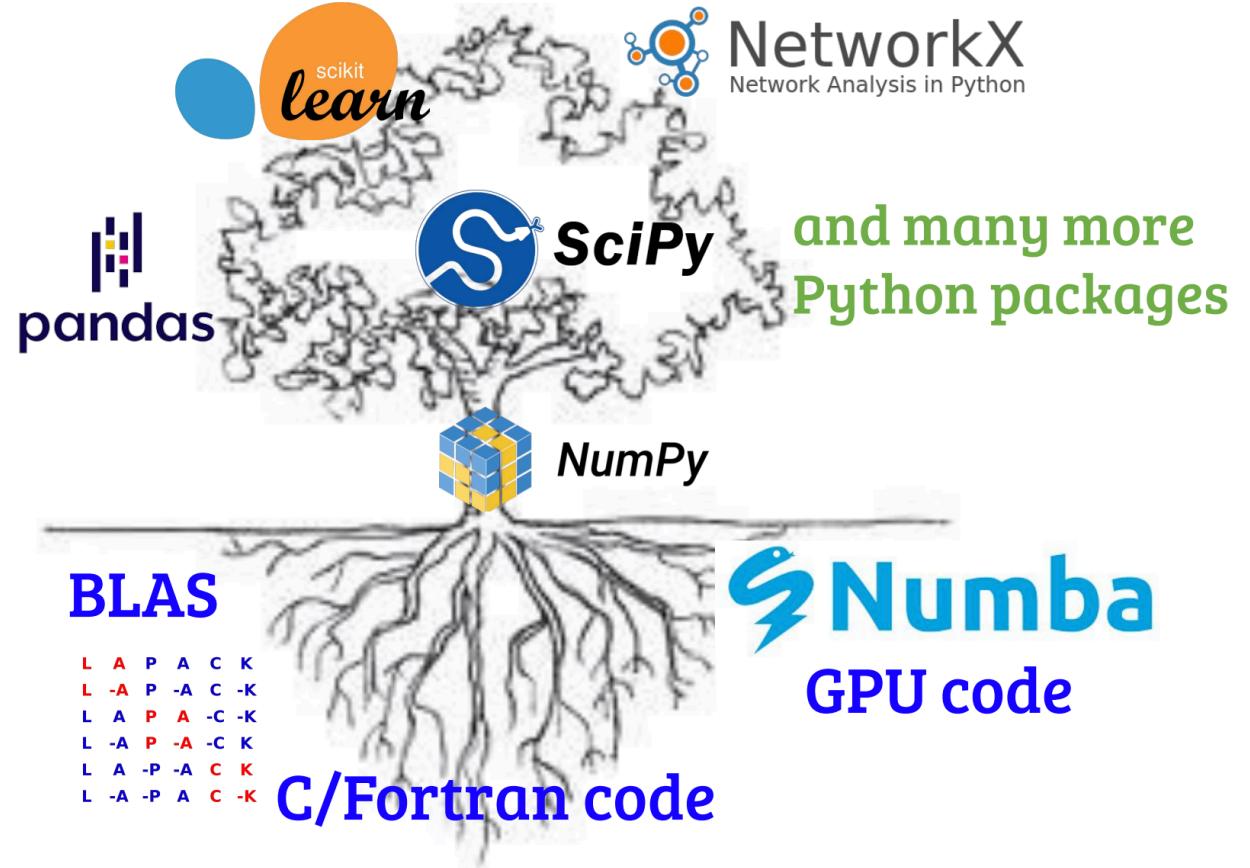
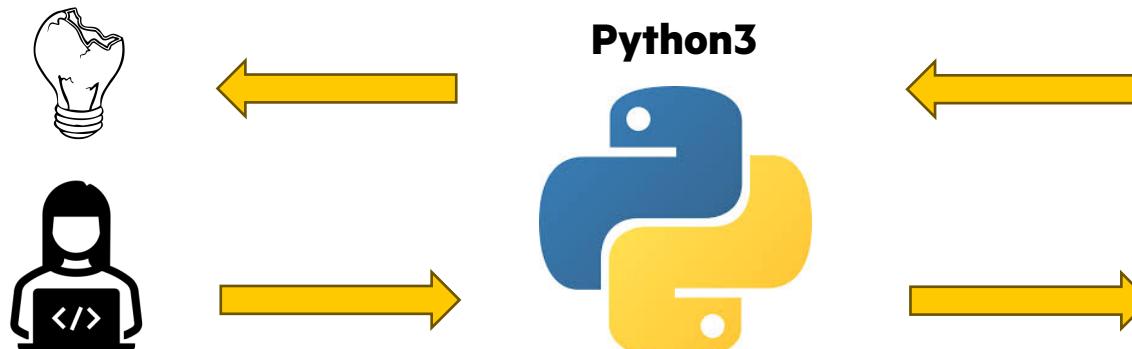


Image from Bill Reuss's 2020 Chapel keynote

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Data sets today

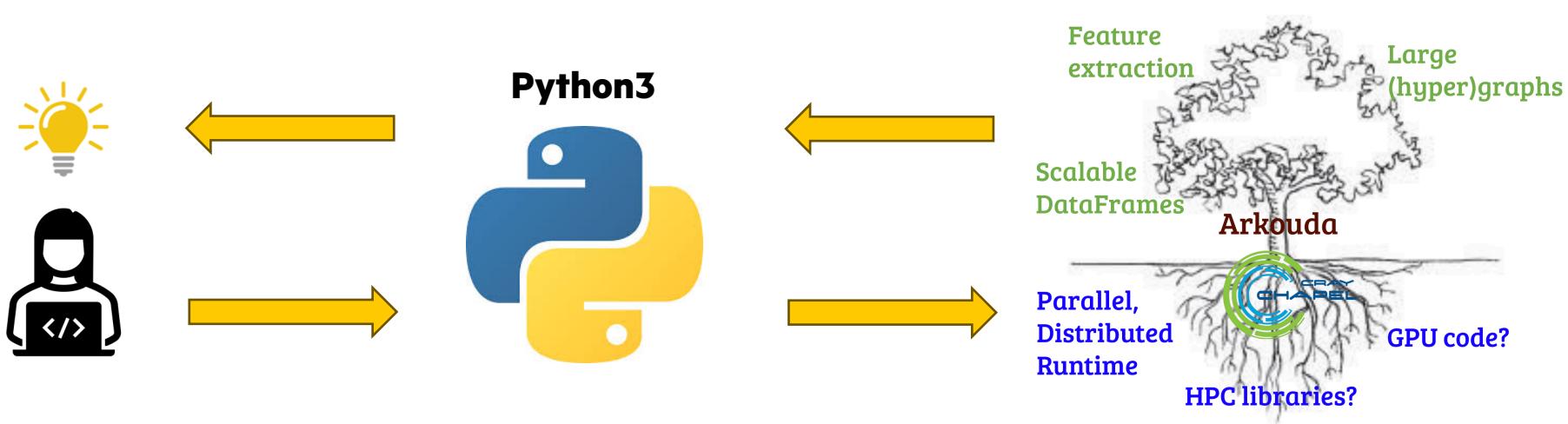
- Data sets have outgrown typical computers
 - Unbiased sampling is difficult
 - Unbiased sampling can eliminate rare and high-order effects
- **Data science demands scalability...**



Data Science Beyond the Laptop

Data sets today

Python must scale **beyond the laptop**, without sacrificing **interactivity**

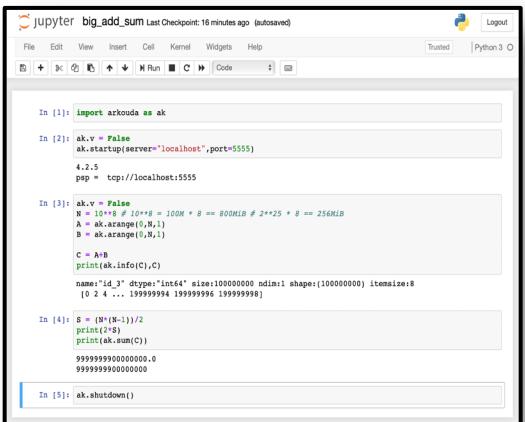


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Arkouda

Interactivity

Arkouda Client
(written in Python)

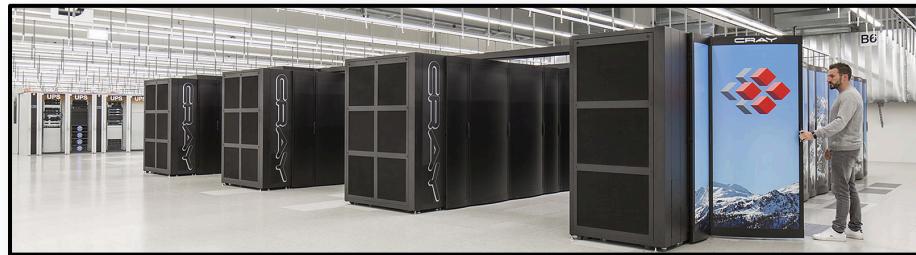


A screenshot of a Jupyter Notebook interface. The code cell contains Python code for initializing the Arkouda client, starting a local server, performing matrix multiplication, and printing the result. The output cell shows the resulting matrix C.

```
jupyter big_add_sum Last Checkpoint: 16 minutes ago (autosaved)
File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Trusted Python 3 Logout
In [1]: import arkouda as ak
In [2]: ak.v = False
ak.startupServer("localhost", port=5555)
4.2.5
ppg = "tcp://localhost:5555"
In [3]: ak.v = False
N = 10**4 # 10**4 = 100M * 8 == 800MB # 2**25 * 8 == 256MB
A = ak.arange(0,N,1)
B = ak.arange(0,N,1)
C = A*B
print(ak.info(),C)
name:'id_3' dtype:'int64' size:100000000 ndim:1 shape:(100000000) itemsize:8
[0 2 4 ... 19999994 19999996 19999998]
In [4]: S = (N*(N-1))/2
print(S)
print(ak.sum(C))
999999900000000.0
999999900000000.0
In [5]: ak.shutdown()
```

Scalability

Arkouda Server
(written in Chapel)



Data Science Beyond the Laptop

Arkouda

An open-source Python package providing interactive data analytics at supercomputing scale.

**Transform the way you work with big data;
massive computation within the human thought loop**

EASY TO USE

Provides an API data scientists are familiar with based on Pandas/NumPy

FAST & SCALABLE

Sorting 256 TiB of data on 8,000 Nodes within seconds

EXTENSIBLE & CUSTOMIZABLE

Highly extensible ecosystem allows rapid feature development and broad project collaboration

POWERED BY CHAPEL

Powered by a parallel distributed server written in Chapel



Data Science Beyond the Laptop

The Chapel Programming Language

From laptops to supercomputers, Chapel makes parallel programming more productive.

EASY TO USE

Supports code as approachable as Python and flexible as C++

FAST & SCALABLE

Scales to millions of cores with performance that rivals MPI

PORTABLE

Executes on: HPE Apollo, HPE Cray EX, HPE Superdome Flex, Linux/*nix systems, Mac, NVIDIA and AMD GPUs

GPU-READY

Supports high-level, vendor-neutral GPU programming without language extensions

OPEN SOURCE

Developed by HPE on GitHub in collaboration with the open-source community

>>>

Leverage the parallel power of your hardware quickly.

>>>

Scale your applications with ease.

>>>

Write your code once and run it anywhere.

>>>

Unlock the power of GPUs for parallel computing.

>>>

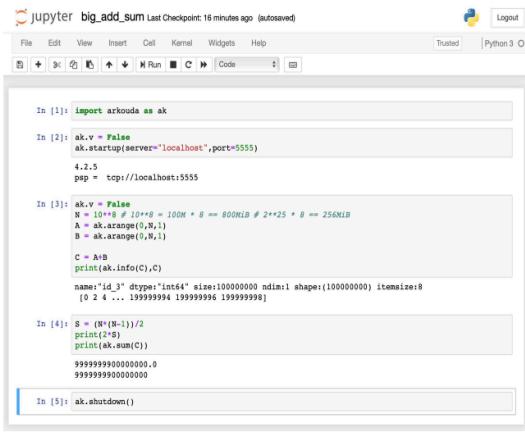
Join a growing community of Chapel users and developers!



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Arkouda

Python3 Client



```
jupyter big_add_SUM Last Checkpoint: 16 minutes ago (autosaved)
File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help
Logout Trusted Python 3 O

In [1]: import arkouda as ak
In [2]: ak.v = False
ak.startupserver="localhost",port=5555
4.2.5
pp = top://localhost:5555

In [3]: ak.v = False
N = 10**8 # 10**8 = 100M * 8 == 800MB # 2**25 * 8 == 256MiB
A = ak.arange(0,N,1)
B = ak.arange(0,N,1)

C = A+B
print(ak.info(C).C)
name:"id_3" dtype:"int64" size:1000000000 itemsize:8
[0 2 4 ... 199999994 199999996 199999998]

In [4]: S = (N*(N-1))/2
print(2*S)
print(ak.sum(C))
9999999900000000.0
9999999900000000.

In [5]: ak.shutdown()
```



ZMQ
Socket

Code Modules

Chapel Server

Dispatcher

Indexing

Arithmetic

Sorting

Generation

I/O

...

Distributed
Object Store

Platform

Meta

Distributed Array

MPP, SMP, Cluster, Laptop, etc.

Image from Bill Reuss's 2020 Chapel keynote

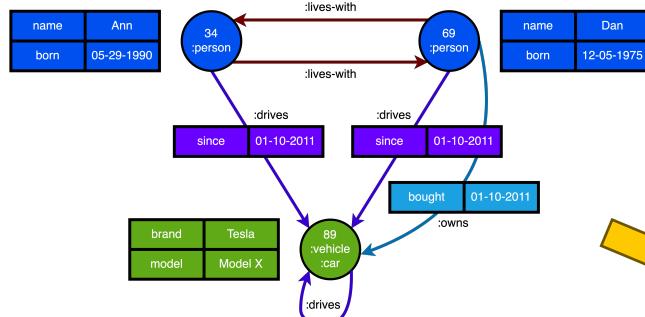
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The Arkouda Ecosystem

id	label	name	born	brand	model
src id	dst id	relationship	since	bought	
34	69	lives-with	NULL	NULL	
69	34	lives-with	NULL	NULL	
89	34	drives	2011	NULL	
69	89	drives	2011	NULL	
69	89	owns	NULL	2011	
89	89	drives	NULL	NULL	



Arachne



bfs_layers()
subgraph_isomorphism()
square_counting()
subgraph_view()



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Data Science

Data science requires an intimacy with data reached through **interactive exploration**

Regardless of data **quantity**, **quality** requires **scalable** workflows on the complete dataset



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Demo

Learning Objective

- How to use Arkouda
 - Launch a server
 - Connect to a server
 - Create arrays
- The Arkouda API
 - Supported file formats
 - Exploratory data analysis

Follow Along with an Arkouda Codespace

- <https://github.com/bmcdonald3/chapelcon-2024-arkouda>





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What's in Store for Arkouda?

Ben McDonald, Michelle Strout, Sarah Coghlan, Oliver Alvarado Rodriguez

ChapelCon June 5, 2024

What's in Store for Arkouda?

Next Steps

Developer Experience

- Efforts underway to make “Arkouda code” look like “Chapel code” (eliminating boilerplate)

Resiliency

- Plans to improve server recoverability and improve server resiliency

User Experience

- Considering non-blocking interaction with Arkouda via a messaging queue to improve responsiveness

Modernization

- Working towards a web summary interface to provide detailed server information in real time



What's in Store for Arkouda?

Boilerplate code

- Boilerplate required to Add Arkouda functionality today
 - 85 lines of unnecessary boilerplate code
 - Repetition of code for each Arkouda supported type (int, uint, bool, etc.)

```
File Edit Options Buffers Tools chpl Help
module ArraySetopsMsg
{
    use ServerConfig;
    use ArkoudaTimeCompat as Time;
    use Math only;
    use Reflection only;

    use MultiTypeSymbolTable;
    use MultiTypeSymEntry;
    use SegmentedString;
    use ServerErrorStrings;

    use ArrayStop;
    use Indexing;
    use RadixSort1D;
    use Reflection;
    use ServerFprns;
    use SymEntry;
    use Message;

    private config const logLevel = ServerConfig.logLevel;
    private config const logChannel = ServerConfig.logChannel;
    const osLogger = new Logger(logLevel, logChannel);

    proc intersect1dMsg( cmd: string, msgArgs: borrowed MessageArgs, st: borrowed SymTab): MsgTuple
    {
        param pn = Reflection.getRoutineName();
        var repMsg: string; // response message
        var isUnique = msgArgs.get("assume.unique").getBoolValue();

        var vname = st.nextName();

        var gEnt1: borrowed GenSymEntry = getGenericTypedArrayEntry(msgArgs.getValueOf("arg1"), st);
        var gEnt2: borrowed GenSymEntry = getGenericTypedArrayEntry(msgArgs.getValueOf("arg2"), st);

        var gEnt1SortMem = radixSort1D.memEst(gEnt1.size, gEnt1.itemsize);
        var gEnt2SortMem = radixSort1D.memEst(gEnt2.size, gEnt2.itemsize);
        var maxMem = max(gEnt1SortMem, gEnt2SortMem);
        overMemLimit(intersect1d, maxMem);

        select(gEnt1.dtype, gEnt2.dtype) {
            when (DTypr.Int64, DTypr.Int64) {
                var e = toSymEntry(gEnt1.int64);
                var f = toSymEntry(gEnt2.int64);

                st.addEntry(vname, createSymEntry(av));

                repMsg = "created " + st.attr(vname);
                osLogger.debug(getModuleName(), getRoutineName(), getLineNumber(), repMsg);
                return new MsgTuple(repMsg, MsgType.NORMAL);
            }
            when (DTypr.UInt64, DTypr.UInt64) {
                var e = toSymEntry(gEnt1.uint);
                var f = toSymEntry(gEnt2.uint);

                st.addEntry(vname, createSymEntry(av));

                repMsg = "created " + st.attr(vname);
                osLogger.debug(getModuleName(), getRoutineName(), getLineNumber(), repMsg);
                return new MsgTuple(repMsg, MsgType.NORMAL);
            }
            otherwise {
                var errorMsg = notImplementedError("intersect1d", gEnt1.dtype);
                osLogger.error(getModuleName(), getRoutineName(), getLineNumber(), errorMsg);
                return new MsgTuple(errorMsg, MsgType.ERROR);
            }
        }
    }
}
```

- Boilerplate required to Add Arkouda functionality with this proposal
 - 6 lines of boilerplate code, each is intuitive
 - No repetition for types, since it is handled by the server one level up
 - Looks like “regular” Chapel code, no special Arkouda-specific code other than import

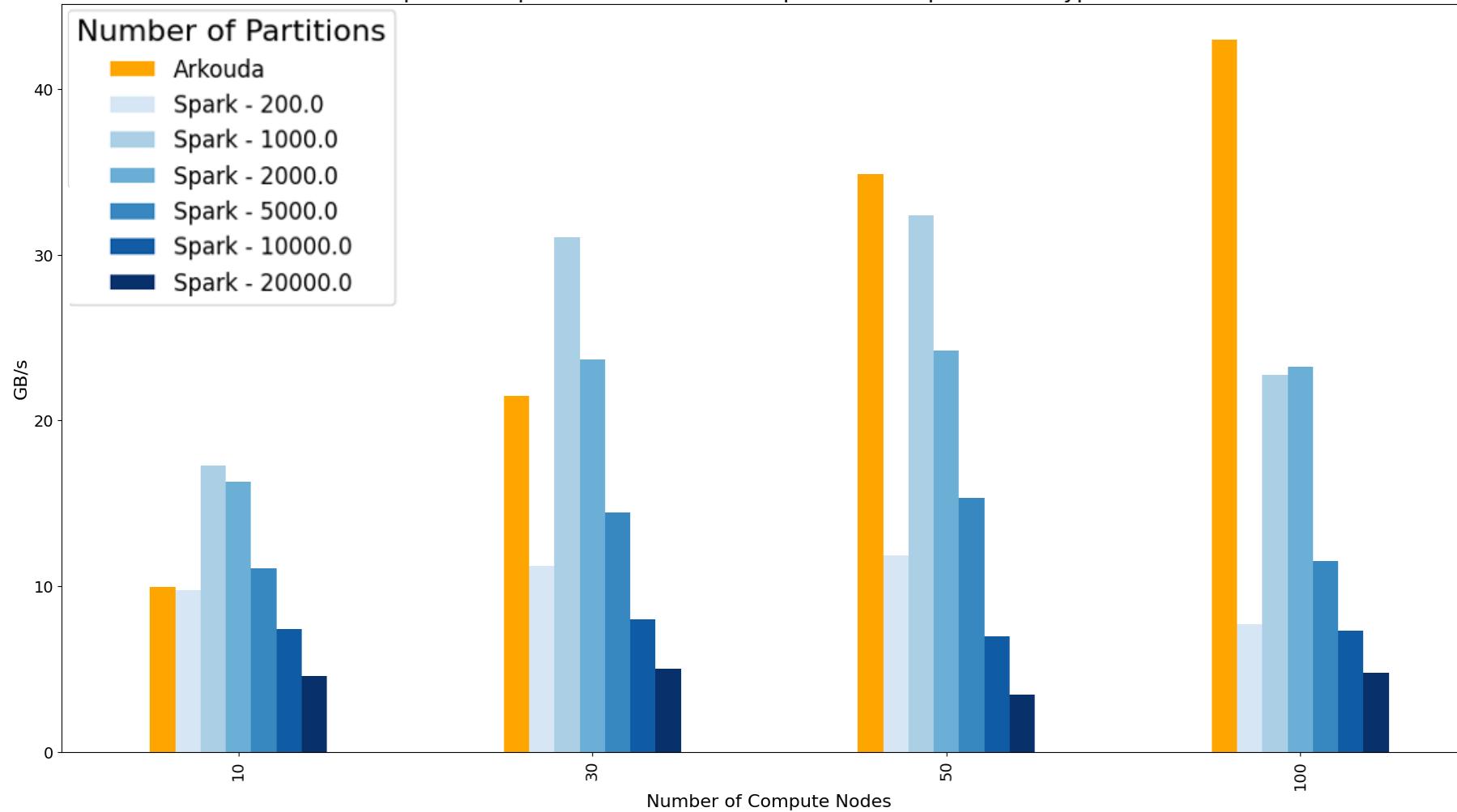
```
File Edit Options Buffers Tools chpl Help
module ArraySetopsMsg
{
    use Arkouda;

    proc intersect1dMsg(inArr1: [] ?t, inArr2: [] t) throws {
        return intersect1D(inArr1, inArr2);
    }
}
```

Data Science Beyond the Laptop

Parquet read + GroupBy performance vs Spark

Speed Comparison, Arkouda vs. Repartitioned Spark, Data Type: int





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Thanks for Attending the ChapelCon 2024 Tutorial Day!

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