

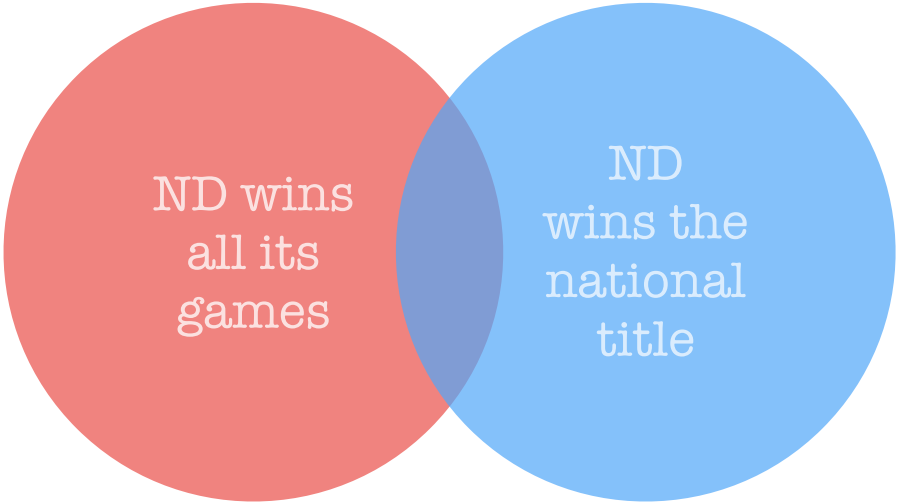


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valid when it is  
impossible for its  
premises to be  
true and its  
conclusion false

an argument is  
sound when it is  
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premises are true

1. If Notre Dame wins all of its football games, it will win the national title.
  2. Notre Dame will win all of its football games.
- 

C. Notre Dame will win the national title. (1,2)



[neither happens]

A Venn diagram can help again here.

What does the first premise rule out? How about the second premise?





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