Week 7 Assignment

This week we are collecting some data from Reddit and doing some basic EDA on it. You should:

- · create your Reddit account and API keys
- · collect data from a subreddit of your choice
 - at a minimum, collect the posts from the subreddit; optionally collect comments on the posts
- save the data to a SQLite3 database
- perform some basic EDA on the data
 - create at least 2 plots
- · write a short analysis at the end describing the process and results
- turn in the Jupyter Notebook and PDF printout or export to the week 7 dropbox

Optional advanced section

- Practice SQL queries and select a subsection of the posts you collected
- · Modify your code to collect data beyond the 1000 item limit
- Collect comments from the posts for analysis next week and do some EDA on the comments (e.g. who is the top commenter, which commenters have the most up and down votes or most controversial posts, etc)
- examine n-grams (<u>bigrams (https://stackoverflow.com/a/37651184/4549682)</u>, trigrams) or <u>collocations (https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/nlp-word-collocations/)</u>

Note: There is no solution file for this week.

Week 7 Assignment - Charles Alders

Reddit API to DataFrame

```
In [18]: reddit_data = {
             "title": [],
             "author": [],
             "n_comments": [],
             "score": [],
             "text": [],
             "link": []
         }
         for post in list(ds_subreddit):
             reddit_data["title"].append(post.title)
             if post.author is None:
                 reddit_data["author"].append('')
             else:
                 reddit_data["author"].append(post.author.name)
             reddit_data["n_comments"].append(post.num_comments)
             reddit_data["score"].append(post.score)
             reddit_data["text"].append(post.selftext)
             reddit data["link"].append(post.permalink)
```

In [19]: ds_df = pd.DataFrame(reddit_data)

In [20]: ds_df.head()

Out[20]:

	title	author	n_comments	score	text	
0	Weekly Entering & Transitioning - Thread 20 Fe	AutoModerator	75	7	\n\nWelcome to this week's entering & transit	/r/datascience/comments/1 ⁻
1	Why is the field called Data Science and not C	Spontanous_cat	147	217	I feel like we would have less confusion had p	/r/datascience/comments/1
2	I feel so stressed to keep up withthis fast-pa	Delay_no_more_1999	42	48	I feel like i can never keep up this rapid dev	/r/datascience/comments/1
3	I had a conversation with a data science hirin	WholsTheUnPerson	29	32	A friend of a friend of mine was at a dinner p	/r/datascience/comments/11
4	Do companies actually look at GitHub?	Wizzman17	36	50	Been having difficulty even getting first roun	/r/datascience/comments/118

To SQLite

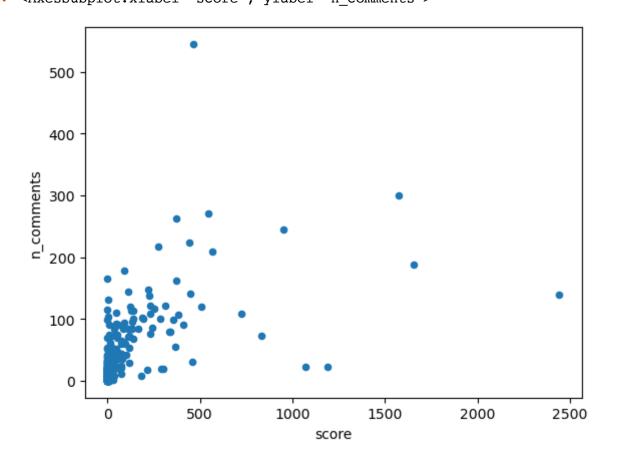
Out[25]:

	title	author	n_comments	score	text	
0	Weekly Entering & Transitioning - Thread 20 Fe	AutoModerator	75	7	\n\nWelcome to this week's entering & transit	/r/datascience/comme
1	Why is the field called Data Science and not C	Spontanous_cat	147	217	I feel like we would have less confusion had p	/r/datascience/comme
2	I feel so stressed to keep up withthis fast-pa	Delay_no_more_1999	42	48	I feel like i can never keep up this rapid dev	/r/datascience/comme
3	I had a conversation with a data science hirin	WhoIsTheUnPerson	29	32	A friend of a friend of mine was at a dinner p	/r/datascience/commer
4	Do companies actually look at GitHub?	Wizzman17	36	50	Been having difficulty even getting first roun	/r/datascience/comments
937	Join us for a live webinar with Dr. Camille Ne	mDOT_Center	1	1		/r/datascience/comme
938	what % do you think is worth switching jobs for ?	eomar2828	27	20	I make \~160k(after bonus) + pre-IPO equity	/r/datascience/comment
939	how to job hunt as a fresher + profile feedback	thetimeis_notnow	0	0	Hi i have expertise in python, sql, tableau, E	/r/datascience/comments/
940	Another One	Western_Moment7373	109	721		/r/datascience/com
941	Changing my feminine first name to a masculine	chartreuse_13	245	953	Just a heads up to any other women that this c	/r/datascience/comments

942 rows × 6 columns

EDA

```
In [27]: ds_df.plot.scatter(x="score", y="n_comments")
Out[27]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='score', ylabel='n_comments'>
```

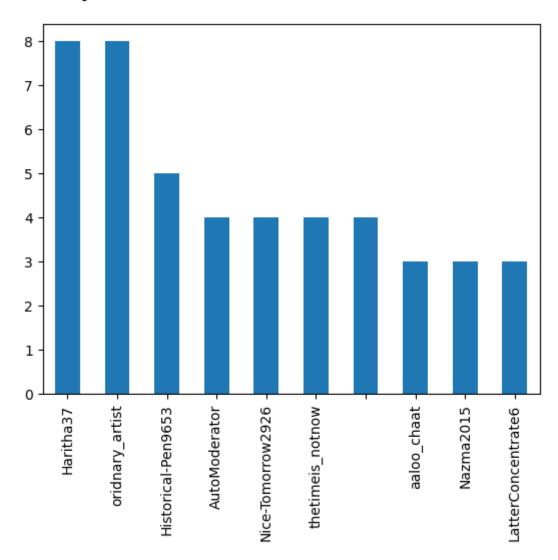


There is a moderate positive correlation between score and comment number.

```
In [34]: ds_df.shape[0]
Out[34]: 942
```

```
In [30]: ds_df["author"].value_counts()[:10].plot.bar()
```

Out[30]: <AxesSubplot:>



There are 942 posts, but the top poster only has 8 posts, so there is a good spread of posts among different authors.

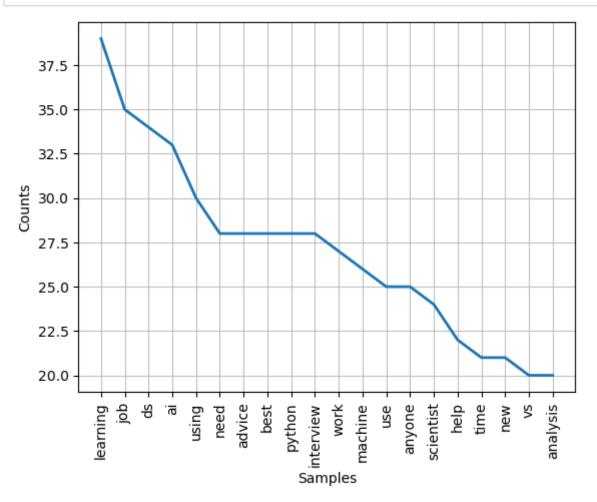
```
In [39]: ds_df.groupby("author")["score"].sum().sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]
Out[39]: author
         cardsfan314
                                2443
         Gentlecriminal14
                                1730
         deepcontractor
                                1575
         BrilliantCashew
                                1189
         statisticant
                                1068
         chartreuse 13
                                 953
         enDelt09
                                 834
         Western Moment7373
                                 721
         immabee1990
                                 564
         burralohit01
                                 545
         Name: score, dtype: int64
```

Interestingly, the accounts that have the most upvotes over all of their posts do not show up on the top 10 authors with the most posts.

Common Words Distribution using nltk

```
In [60]: import nltk
         nltk.download('stopwords')
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         stops = stopwords.words('english')
         stops = stops + ["data", "science", "-"]
         [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to
         [nltk_data]
                          /Users/charliealders/nltk_data...
         [nltk data]
                        Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
In [61]: words = ' '.join(ds_df["title"]).lower().split()
         cleaned words = [w for w in words if w not in set(stops)]
In [62]: fd = nltk.FreqDist(cleaned_words)
         fd.most_common(20)
Out[62]: [('learning', 39),
          ('job', 35),
           ('ds', 34),
           ('ai', 33),
           ('using', 30),
           ('need', 28),
           ('advice', 28),
           ('best', 28),
           ('python', 28),
           ('interview', 28),
           ('work', 27),
           ('machine', 26),
           ('use', 25),
           ('anyone', 25),
           ('scientist', 24),
           ('help', 22),
           ('time', 21),
           ('new', 21),
           ('vs', 20),
           ('analysis', 20)]
```

In [63]: fd.plot(20)



Out[63]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Samples', ylabel='Counts'>

Analysis

In this assignment, I gathered data from the r/datascience subreddit using the Reddit API and praw Python package. The data returned from the API call was then converted into a list and iterated through, adding each post's corresponding value (title, author, etc.) to a dictionary, which was then turned into a pandas dataframe. I stored the dataframe in a SQLite file, which could be used to easily query the data using the sqlite3 package. In my EDA, I found that there is a moderate correlation between a post's score and the number of comments, which makes sense considering the higher scoring posts will show up more often on users' feeds, leading to more comments/upvotes. The dataframe ended up with 942 posts, but the top author had only posted 8 times, so there wasn't one person who was "keeping the subreddit alive" as there are for some others. The authors with the highest quantity of posts were actually not seen in the authors with the most upvotes, which is quite interesting. It seems that the users who post more have less quality content, leading to less upvotes. The frequency distribution of words left out the obvious 'stopwords' as well as some others, such as 'data', 'science', and '-', which all appeared quite often. With the new list of words, 'learning', 'job', 'ds', and 'ai' showed up the most. These are likely the most common words because machine learning and ai are very big concepts in data science, and job is a hot topic, as many people are looking for data science jobs.