Linux Admin Commands

Linux Commands

```
# ----> root user
$ ---> normal user
  #whoami ---> for curr. user
  #who
  #date
             ---> print working dir
  #pwd
  #cal
  #cal 2017
  #cal may 2016
  #clear
```

to get Host (Server) Name:

#hostname (short hostname)

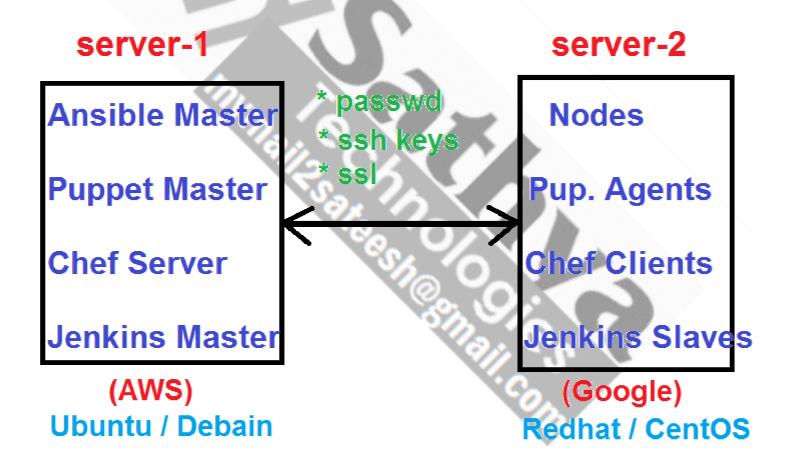
#hostname -f (fully qualified hostname)

to get IP Address:

#hostname -i (or)
#ip a (or)
#ifconfig

Server Connection

- * passwd method
- * ssh-keys (Secure Shell)



Server Connection

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Passwd Method

Step-1: change root passwd:

#sudo su -

#passwd root

Enter new passwd : root

Step-2: configure ssh files:

#vi /etc/ssh/sshd_config
PermitRootLogin yes
PasswdAuthentication yes
:wq ---> write and quit

Passwd Method

Step-3: restart ssh service:

```
for Ubuntu / Debian:
    #service ssh restart
for Redhat / Centos:
    #systemctl restart sshd
```

Step-4: to connect to server:

Syntax:

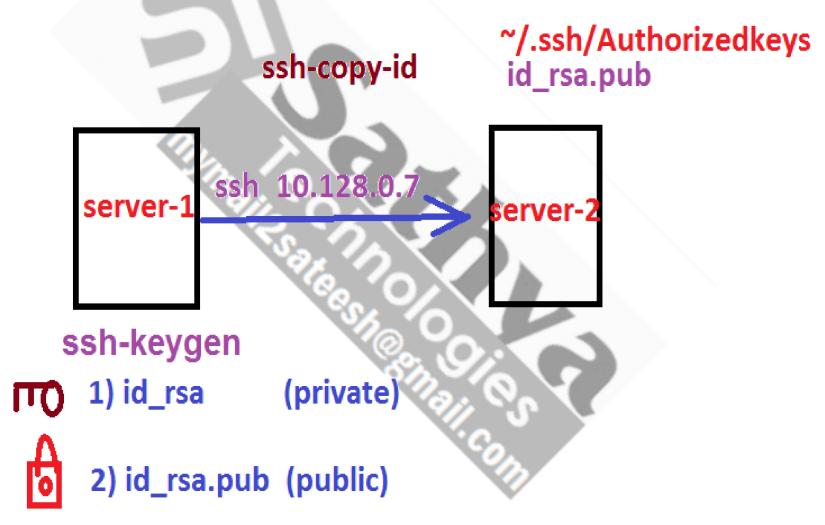
#ssh <IP Addr>

Ex:

#ssh 192.168.35.24

SSH - Keys

ssh-keys (Secure Shell)



ssh-keys (Secure Shell) Method

Step-1: to Generate key pair:

```
#cd ~/.ssh
#ssh-keygen
* public key (id_rsa.pub)
* private key (id_rsa.pem)
```

Step-2: to Send a Public key to other servers:

#ssh-copy-id 192.168.32.12

Step-3: to connect to server:

```
#ssh -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa 192.168.32.12 (or)
```

#ssh 192.168.32.12

to Send a File to other Servers

scp:

```
#scp -i ~/.ssh/id_rsa demo.txt
192.168.23.12:/tmp
(OR)
#scp demo.txt 192.168.23.12:/tmp
```