

Python Programming



**RGM College of Engineering & Technology
(Autonomous)**

Department of Computer Science & Engineering

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STRINGS IN PYTHON - II



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Learning Mantra

**If you really strong in the basics, then
remaining things will become so easy.**

Agenda:

1. Programs on Strings.

2.

Important Programs regarding String Concept:

1. Write a program to reverse the given String.

Way 1:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")  
print(s[::-1])
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:karthi  
ihtrak
```

Important Programs regarding String Concept:

1. Write a program to reverse the given String.

Way 2: Using `reversed()` function

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")  
print((reversed(s)))
```

Output:

Enter Some String:karthi

<reversed object at 0x0000018959D1CD68>

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")  
for x in (reversed(s)):  
    print(x)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:karthi

i
h
t
r
a
k


```
s=input("Enter Some String:")  
print(''.join(reversed(s)))
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:karthi  
ihtrak
```

Way 3:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
i=len(s)-1
```

```
target=""
```

```
while i>=0:
```

```
    target=target+s[i]
```

```
    i=i-1
```

```
print(target)
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:karthi
```

```
ihtrak
```

Way 4:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
i=len(s)-1
```

```
target=""
```

```
for x in s:
```

```
    target=target+s[i]
```

```
    i=i-1
```

```
print(target)
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:karthi
```

```
ihtrak
```

Way 5:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")  
i=len(s)-1  
target=""  
for x in range(len(s)-1,-1,-1):  
    target = target + s[i]  
    i = i-1  
print(target)
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:karthi  
ihtrak
```

Q 2. Program to reverse order of words.

Input: Learning Python is Very Easy

Output: Easy Very is Python Learning

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
l1=[]
```

```
i=len(l)-1
```

```
while i>=0:
```

```
    l1.append(l[i])
```

```
    i=i-1
```

```
output=' '.join(l1)
```

```
print(output)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:karthi sahasra sri

sri sahasra karthi

Q 3. Program to reverse internal content of each word.

input: Learning Python is Very Easy

output: gninreal nohtyP si yreV ysaE

Way 1:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
l1=[]
```

```
i = 0
```

```
while i<len(l):
```

```
    l1.append(l[i][::-1])
```

```
    i=i+1
```

```
output=' '.join(l1)
```

```
print(output)
```

```
Enter Some String:Learning Python Is Very Easy
gninrael nohtyP sI yreV ysaE
```

Q 3. Program to reverse internal content of each word.

input: Learning Python is Very Easy

output: gninreaL nohtyP si yreV ysaE

Way 2:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
l1=[]
```

```
for i in range(len(l)):
```

```
    s1 =l[i]
```

```
    l1.append(s1)
```

```
print(l1)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:Learning Python Is Very Easy

['Learning', 'Python', 'Is', 'Very', 'Easy']

Q 3. Program to reverse internal content of each word.

input: Learning Python is Very Easy

output: gninreaL nohtyP si yreV ysaE

Way 2 (Contd.):

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
l1=[]
```

```
for i in range(len(l)):
```

```
    s1 =l[i]
```

```
    l1.append(s1[::-1])
```

```
print(l1)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:Learning Python Is Very Easy

['gninraeL', 'nohtyP', 'sI', 'yreV', 'ysaE']

Q 3. Program to reverse internal content of each word.

input: Learning Python is Very Easy

output: gninreaL nohtyP si yreV ysaE

Way 2 (Contd.):

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
l=s.split()
l1=[]
for i in range(len(l)):
    s1 =l[i]
    l1.append(s1[::-1])      # Appending reverse of s1 to the list l1
output=' '.join(l1)
print(output)
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String:Learning Python Is Very Easy
gninraeL nohtyP sI yreV ysaE
```

Q 3. Program to reverse internal content of each word.

input: Learning Python is Very Easy

output: gninreaL nohtyP si yreV ysaE

Way 3:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
l=s.split()
```

```
l1=[]
```

```
for x in l:
```

```
    l1.append(x[::-1])
```

Appending reverse of each element of list l to the list l1

```
output=' '.join(l1)
```

```
print(output)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:Learning Python Is Very Easy

gninraeL nohtyP sI yreV ysaE

Q 4. Write a program to print characters at odd position and even position for the given String?

Way 1:

```
s=input("Enter Some String: ")  
print("Characters at Even Position:",s[0::2])  
print("Characters at Odd Position:",s[1::2])
```

Output:

```
Enter Some String: karthikeya  
Characters at Even Position: krhky  
Characters at Odd Position: atiea
```

Q 4. Write a program to print characters at odd position and even position for the given String?

Way 2:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
i=0
print("Characters at Even Position:")
while i< len(s):
    print(s[i],end=',')
    i=i+2
print()
print("Characters at Odd Position:")
i=1
while i< len(s):
    print(s[i],end=',')
    i=i+2
```

```
Enter Some String:karthikeya
Characters at Even Position:
k,r,h,k,y,
Characters at Odd Position:
a,t,i,e,a,
```

Q 5. Program to merge characters of 2 strings into a single string by taking characters alternatively.

```
s1=input("Enter First String:")
s2=input("Enter Second String:")
output=""
i,j=0,0
while i<len(s1) or j<len(s2):
    output = output + s1[i]
    i = i + 1
    output = output + s2[j]
    j = j + 1
print(output)
```

```
Enter First String:ravi
Enter Second String:ramu
rraavmiu
```

- ❑ Even though above code is working, there is some flaw in the code. This code works for the strings with same length. see the below code.

```
s1=input("Enter First String:")
s2=input("Enter Second String:")
output=""
i,j=0,0
while i<len(s1) or j<len(s2):
    output = output + s1[i]
    i = i + 1
    output = output + s2[j]
    j = j + 1
print(output)
```

```
Enter First String:karthi
Enter Second String:rgm
```

```
-----
IndexError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-55-5dfcfbfd7737> in <module>
      6     output = output + s1[i]
      7     i = i + 1
----> 8     output = output + s2[j]
      9     j = j + 1
     10 print(output)

IndexError: string index out of range
```

Modified Code :

```
s1=input("Enter First String:")
s2=input("Enter Second String:")
output=""
i,j=0,0
while i<len(s1) or j<len(s2):
    if i<len(s1):
        output=output+s1[i]
        i+=1
    if j<len(s2):
        output=output+s2[j]
        j+=1
print(output)
```

```
Enter First String:karthisahasra
Enter Second String:rgm
kragrmthisahasra
```

Q 6. Write a program to sort the characters of the string and first alphabet symbols followed by numeric values.

Input: B4A1D3

Output: ABD134

Note: `sorted()` function is used to sort the present content inside the string, which is given as an argument.

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
s1=s2=output=""
```

```
for x in s:
```

```
    if x.isalpha():
```

```
        s1=s1+x
```

```
# All alphabets in s1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        s2=s2+x
```

```
# All digits in s2
```

```
for x in sorted(s1):
```

```
# In s1, whatever the content is there which will be sorted.
```

```
    output=output+x
```

```
for x in sorted(s2):
```

```
# In s2, whatever the content is there which will be sorted
```

```
    output=output+x
```

```
print(output)
```

```
Enter Some String:b4a1d3
abd134
```


Q 6. Write a program to sort the characters of the string and first alphabet symbols followed by numeric values.

Input: B4A1D3

Output: ABD134

Note: **sorted() function** is used to sort the present content inside the string, which is given as an argument.

Optimized version of the above code:

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
s1=s2=output=""
for x in s:
    if x.isalpha():
        s1=s1+x           # All alphabets in s1
    else:
        s2=s2+x           # All digits in s2
print(''.join(sorted(s1))+''.join(sorted(s2)))
```

Enter Some String:b4a1d3
abd134

Q 7. Write a program for the following requirement:

Input: a4b3c2

Output: aaaabbbcc

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
```

```
output=""
```

```
for x in s:
```

```
    if x.isalpha():
```

```
        output=output+x
```

```
        previous=x
```

```
    else:
```

```
        output = output + previous*(int(x)-1)
```

```
print(output)
```

Enter Some String:a5b4c2
aaaaabbbcc

Q 8. Write a program to perform the following activity :

Input : a4k3b2

Output : aeknbd

Note:

chr(unicode) ➔ The corresponding character

ord(character) ➔ The corresponding unicode value

```
s=input("Enter Some String:")
output=""
for x in s:
    if x.isalpha():
        output=output+x
        previous=x
    else:
        output=output + chr(ord(previous)+ int(x))
print(output)
```

Output:

Enter Some String:a4k3b2

aeknbd

Q 9. Write a program to remove duplicate characters from the given input string.

Input : ABCDABBCDABBBCCCDDEEEF

Output : ABCDEF

```
s=input("Enter Some String: ")
```

```
l=[]
```

```
for x in s:
```

```
    if x not in l:
```

```
        l.append(x)
```

```
    output="".join(l)
```

```
print(output)
```

Output:

Enter Some String: abcdffaaannncd

abcdn

Q 10. Write a program to find the number of occurrences of each character present in the given String.

Input: ABCABCABBCDE

Output: A-3,B-4,C-3,D-1,E-1

```
s=input("Enter the Some String:")
```

```
d={}
```

```
for x in s:
```

```
    if x in d.keys():
```

```
        d[x]=d[x]+1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        d[x]=1
```

```
for k,v in d.items():
```

```
    print("{} = {} Times".format(k,v))
```

```
Enter the Some String:ABCABCABBCDE
```

```
A = 3 Times
```

```
B = 4 Times
```

```
C = 3 Times
```

```
D = 1 Times
```

```
E = 1 Times
```

Any question?



If you try to practice programs yourself, then you will learn many things automatically

Spend few minutes and then enjoy the study

The background of the slide features abstract, overlapping green geometric shapes in various shades of green, creating a modern and dynamic look. The shapes are primarily located on the right side and bottom of the slide, with some extending towards the center.

Thank You