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	Linux Interview Questions
	<u>Test - 1</u>
1) W cont	hat command is used to count the total number of lines, words, and characters tained in a file?
A.	countw
B.	wcount
C.	wc
D.	count p
E.	None of the above
Ans	
2)WI	hat command is used to remove files?
A.	dm
B.	rm
C.	delete
D.	erase
E.	None of the above
Ans	
3)WI	hat command is used to remove the directory?
A.	rdir
B.	remove
C.	rd
D.	rmdir
E.	None of the above
Ans	
4)WI	hat command is used with vi editor to delete a single character?
Α.	
В.	у
C.	a
D.	Z

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Ans)			
5)Which of the follow	ring command can you execute t	o count the	number of lines in a file?
A. Ic			
B. wc-l			
C. cl			
D. count			
E. None of the above	/e		
Ans)			
6) Which of the follow	wing is not a communication con	nmand?	
A. grep			
B. mail			
C. mesg			
D. write			
E. None of the above	ve		
Ans) grep			
7) What command is	used to display the characteristic	ics of a proc	ess?
A. au			
B. ps			
C. du			
D. pid			
E. None of the abov	/e		
Ans)			
8) What command is A. tar	used to list contents of directori	es?	
B. dir			
C. lp			
D. Is			
E. None of the above	<i>1</i> 0		
L. NONE OF THE ADOL	<i>1</i> G		

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Ans) Is					
9) Command used to A. mtfile B. touch C. intouch D. file Ans) touch	create an empty file.				
10)command A. ? B. Who C. No of D. ???	is used to show the logger	or user			
Ans)who					
11. What command Ans)	I clears the contents of you	r terminal o	display?		
12. what is the con	nmand to create the ssh key	/?			
13. What do you ty Ans)	pe in to move to the parent	directory?			
14. What command Ans)	d is used to change director	ies?			
15. What command Ans)	d is used to get the ip addre	ss of all in	terfaces on a server?		
16. What command Ans)	d is used to change owners	hip of a file	?		
17. What command is used to copy a file? Ans)					
18. What command(s) shows you disk partitions and percentage of disk space used? Ans)					
19. What command rebooted?	d shows you how long it ha	s been sind	e the server was		

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20. What command shows you what directory you are in? Ans)				
21. What command Ans)	d creates an empty directory	?		
22. What command Ans)	d displays your current user	name?		
23. What command processes? Ans)	d shows you CPU and memo	ory utilizati	on for running	
24. What command Ans)	allows you to open and view a f	ile one page	e at a time?	
25. Which commar Ans)	nd(s) show users that are log	gged in?		
26. What command Ans)	d is used to change a file nai	me?		
27. What is the cor	mmand to switch to the root	user acco	unt?	
28. What command Ans)	d is used to change the perm	nissions of	f a file?	
29. What is the cor	mmand to change your pass	word?		
30. What command Ans)	d is used to display your pre	vious com	mands?	
$\frac{Test-2}{Ans)}$ 1) What can you type at a command line to determine which shell you are using?				
2) What is RPM? Ans)				
3) What is apt-get? Ans)				
4) What is the comm	nand to create user in Linux serv	er?		

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	T			
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•	ence between rm and rmdir cor	nmands?		
Ans) 6) What is the comn name, terminal Ans)	nand to display the user informaname,shell)	ation like (us	ers login name, real	
7) What is the comn Ans)	nand to download any software	from interne	t?	
8) What is the command in the foreg	nand to display the jobs that ground?	you are rui	nning in the background	
9) How to check the Ans)	status if one service?			
10) What is the commans)	mand which will gives the desc	ription about	any command?	
	Test 3			
Explain the file syste Ans)	m hierarchy in Linux system?			
What is mkdir comma	and and what is the -v, -p and -ı	n options wit	th mkdir command?	
What is Is -ltr? In this Ans)	s what is I,t and r?			
How to list all hidden Ans)ls -a grep '^\.' Is -ld .*	files and hidden directories?			
How to display only directories? Ans) Is -d */> It will display only directories. Is -l grep '^d' Is -l grep d				
How to display only files? Ans) Is -I egrep -v '^d'				
What is cd -? Ans)				
What is cd ~? Ans)				
What is cd? Ans)				

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Which user account is created on Linux while installation?

Ans) root user

What is the use of file command?

Ans)

How to check the RAM size?

Ans) Using free command

How to check the server resources utilisation?

Ans) Using top command

How to check the CPU and Memory statistics?

Ans) Using vmstat command

How to search the files with various conditions like empty files, based on size...? Ans)

How to set the permissions for files or directories?

Ans) Using chmod command

What is Umask?

Ans) Default file and directory permissions.

How to set the umask permanently for aa user?

Ans) vim ~/.bashrc

How to check open ports on local system?

Ans) netstat -tunlp

How to check open ports on remote server?

Ans) nmap -A serverlp

How to check which services are enable across reboot?

Ans) chkconfig --list

What is load average in Linux?

Ans) Load average is defined as the average sum of the number of process waiting in the ru queue and number of process currently executing over the period of 1, 5 and 15 minutes. using the 'top' and 'uptime' command we find the load average of a Linux server.

What is partial backup?

Ans)

when you select single partition for single folder for backup on your server.

Ans)

How can we review boot message?

Ans) dmesg command

What are the fields in the/etc/passwd file?

Ans) user:pass:uid:gid:comment for user:user's home dir:user's login shell.

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How to check which RPM provides/etc/shadow file?

Ans) rpm -gf /etc/passwd

In which file the password are saved for each user? Ans)

In which file user information is saved? Ans)

What is Inode? What is the use? Ans)

/etc/resolve.config Explain and if we not declared here what will happen? Ans)

What is Vcpu,if vcpu % more than 1 what will happen? Ans)

How you will find out memory details and explain about swap memory? Ans)

Write a command for 5 days older files with extension of .log , those files want to move it different directory?

Ans)

What is Inode? What is the use of Inode? Ans)

Booting process? Explain about run levels? what is default run levels? Ans)

How will you find out top ten process? Ans)

How to check open files in sever?

Ans) By using Isof command

Directory special permissions? Ans)

What is sticky bit?

Ans)

What is NFS?

Ans)

What it gives/displays if you execute mount -a? **Ans)**

I have a file in some location. How to find that file. in that file how to display the

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particular content(already I know the content)?

Ans)

How to find a port that is enable or not?

Ans)

What is SSL?

Ans)

What is GRUB?

Ans)

Explain soft link and hard link? What is the difference? When you use? Ans)

What is the first statement in shell scripting?

Ans)

Explan about Process and threads?

Ans)

What is zombie proces?

Ans)

How will you find out what are the files using by particular process? Ans)

What is zone file?

Ans)

How can you prevent anyone from scheduling a cronjob?

- A) Delete the file /etc/cron.deny
- B) Create an empty file called /etc/cron.deny
- C) Create two empty files: /etc/cron.deny and /etc/cron.allow
- D) Create an empty file called /etc/cron.allow

Ans) D

Using command substitution, how would you display the value of the present working directory?

- A) echo \$(pwd)
- B) echo pwd
- C) \$pwd
- D) pwd|echo

Ans) A

Explanation: The echo command can be used to display the contents of variables. The present working directory is held in the pwd variable. echo \$(pwd) will display the contents of the pwd variable. Other commands that would work are echo \$ PWD and echo "\$PWD".

Reference: http://www.bolthole.com/solaris/ksh-beforeyoustart.html

Incorrect Answers:

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B:echo pwd would display the text 'pwd'.

C:\$pwd doesn't do anything although \$PWD would work.

D:pwd | echo doesn't do anything.

Which file contains the default environment variables when using the bash shell?

- A) ~/.profile
- B) /bash
- C) /etc/profile
- D) ~/bash

Ans) C

Explanation:

The /etc/profile file contains the system default environment variables for the bash shell.

What is Crontab?

Ans)

Whats is vmstat and memstat?

Ans)

How to change run levels?

Ans)

What is Linux Loader?

Ans)

Otherethan LILO, we have LOADLIN (LOAD LINux) and GRUB (GRand Unified Bootloader).

What is stateless Linux server?

Ans)

A process is identified by a unique

a)pid

b)id

c)processid

d)proid

Ans)

Which of the following is the BEST way to set up SSH(Secure Shell) for communicating between Systems without needing passwords?

- A)Use ssh-keygen for generating public-private keys.
- B)Disable passwords on specific accounts that will use SSH.
- C)Both A and B
- D)None of the above

Ans)

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Given a file, replace all occurrence of word "mithun" with "manan" from 5th line till end in only those lines that contains word "ruthvik"

Ans)

Given file is mithuntechnologies.txt

sed -n `5,\$p` mithuntechnologies.txt | sed '/ ruthvik/s/ mithun/manan/

1) In Ubuntu server I have fired a command "cat /etc/lsb-release", what it will gives me? Ans) It will give the version of the software and release name like below.

```
root@b3d60c26b7d0:/etc# cat lsb-release
DISTRIB ID=Ubuntu
DISTRIB RELEASE=16.04
DISTRIB_CODENAME=xenial
DISTRIB DESCRIPTION="Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS"
root@b3d60c26b7d0:/etc# cat os-release
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION="16.04.3 LTS (Xenial Xerus)"
ID=ubuntu
ID LIKE=debian
PRETTY NAME="Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS"
VERSION ID="16.04"
HOME_URL="http://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="http://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="http://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
VERSION CODENAME=xenial
UBUNTU_CODENAME=xenial
root@b3d60c26b7d0:/etc#
```

LSB: Linux Standard Base tools

2) The command uname -a what it will gives me?

Ans) uname command will print the system information like kernel, hardware, operation system info...etc

uname -a: it will print all information like kernel-name, kernel-release, node hostname...etc

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[devops@mithuntechr	nologies ~]\$ uname -s		
Linux	ER EX PRINTED DESIGN		
	nologies ~]\$ <mark>uname -n</mark>		
mithuntechnologies	Para Carlo Car		
	nologies ~]\$ uname -r		
3.10.0-693.5.2.el7.			
	nologies ~]\$ uname -v		
#1 SMP Fri Oct 20 2			
x86 64	nologies ~]\$ <mark>uname -m</mark>		
	nologies ~]\$ <mark>uname -p</mark>		
x86_64	14		
x86 64	nologies ~]\$ uname -i		
[devops@mithuntechn	nologies ~]\$ uname -a		
	ogies 3.10.0-693.5.2.el7.x86	_64 #1 SMP	Fri Oct 20 20:32:50 UTC
2017 x86_64 x86_64			
[devops@mithuntechn	ologies ~]\$ 📕		

3) Let say that I have one shell script, I wanted to be executed whenever the system boot time, it should not be executing at any other time, it exacted only boot time. In this scenario what will do?

Ans)

- 4) What is the difference between bash profile and bashrc file in user home directory? Ans)
- 5) What is Login Shell and Non Login shell Ans)

6) Can you explain me the contents in /etc/shadow file?

Ans)

- The /etc/shadow file stores user account information. Like username, password, last password changes etc.
- Password is stored in encrypted format.
- All fields are separated by a colon (:) symbol.

#cat /etc/shadow

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17) How to set the path which is accessible by the all the users?

Ans)

18) How to create the user?

Ans) We can create the user by using the command 'useradd' useradd <<User Name>>

useradd mithun

Here mithun is the username.

19) How to create the group?

Ans) We can create the group by using the command **'groupadd'** groupadd <<Group Name>>

groupadd devopsteam

20) How to add user to group?

Ans) using usermod commnd we can add the user to group as follows. usermod –g <<Group Name>> <<User Name>>

21) How to check CPU utilization?

Ans) We can check the cpu utilization using top command or mpstat command.

22) What is load average?

Ans) In UNIX computing, the system load is a measure of the amount of computational work that a computer system performs. The load average represents the average system load over a period of time. It conventionally appears in the form of three numbers which represent the system load during the last 1, 5 and 15 minute periods.

Using below command we can find the load average.

uptime

top

cat /proc/loadavg

W

23) What is the difference between load average and cpu load?

Ans)

24) What is load average?

Ans) Below commands will give the load average values.

#cat /proc/loadavg

#w

#uptime

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#top

load average 3.00 in prod server, but things are running fine? What is this?

Ans) On multi-processor system, the load is relative to the number of processor cores available. The "100% utilization" mark is 1.00 on a single-core system, 2.00, on a dual-core, 4.00 on a quad-core, etc.

A load of 1.00 is 100% CPU utilization on single-core box. On a dual-core box, a load of 2.00 is 100% CPU utilization.

25) What is Inode?

Ans) Inode is a data structure that contains information of a file.

The inode contains a list of all the blocks in which a file is stored, the owner information for that file, permissions, and all other attributes that are set for the file. In a sense, you could say that a file really *is* the inode, and names are attached to these inodes to make it easier for humans to work with them.

26) What is Sticky bit?

Ans) A Sticky bit is a permission bit that is set on a file or a directory that lets only the owner of the file/directory or the root user to delete or rename the file. No other user is given privileges to delete the file created by some other user.

To set the sticky bit for file or directory will follow like below.

chmod +o file/directory

example:

chmod o+devops.txt chmod 1777 devops.txt

```
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ls -l
total 0
-rw-r--r-. 1 devops devops 0 Dec 18 15:55 devops.txt
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ chmod o+t devops.txt
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ls -l
total 0
-rw-r--r-T. 1 devops devops 0 Dec 18 15:55 devops.txt
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ chmod 1777 devops.txt
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ls -l
total 0
-rwxrwxrwt. 1 devops devops 0 Dec 18 15:55 devops.txt
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ls -l
total 0
-rwxrwxrwt. 1 devops devops 0 Dec 18 15:55 devops.txt
```

After setting Sticky Bit to a file/folder, if you see 'T' in the file permission area that indicates the file/folder does not have executable permissions for others on that particular file/folder.

27) How to check process is in waiting state or not?

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Ans) In Linux a process can be in any of the below states.

- R running or runnable (on run queue)
- D uninterruptible sleep (usually IO)
- S interruptible sleep (waiting for an event to complete)
- Z defunct/zombie, terminated but not reaped by its parent
- T stopped, either by a job control signal or because it is being traced
- W paging (not valid since the 2.6.xx kernel)
- X dead (should never be seen)

A process starts its life in an R "running" state and finishes after its parent reaps it from the Z "zombie" state.

With help of top or ps command we can find the process is in which state.

```
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ top
top - 16:46:04 up 6 days, 23:15, 2 users, load average: 0.00, 0.02, 0.05
Tasks: 199 total, 2 running, 197 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 18.2 us, 13.6 sy, 0.0 ni, 68.2 id,
                                         0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.0 si, 0.0 st
                          79852 free,
                                       561716 used,
                                                     374664 buff/cache
KiB Mem : 1016232 total,
KiB Swap:
          839676 total,
                         476488 free,
                                       363188 used.
                                                     237392 avail Mem
 PID USER
                               RES SHR S %CPU %MEM
             PR NI VIRT
                                                       TIME+ COMMAND
 1718 bhaskar+ 20 0 1980424 229748 15884 S 8.0 22.6 17:25.78 gnome-shell
              20 0 193700 4340
                                    2484 S 0.0 0.4
                                                     0:46.55 systemd
   1 root
              20 0 0
20 0 0
                              0
0
   2 root
                                       0 S
                                           0.0 0.0
                                                     0:00.30 kthreadd
                                       0 5 0.0 0.0
   3 root
                                                     0:06.02 ksoftirqd/0
                        0
                               0
              0 -20
                                       0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 kworker/0:0H
   5 root
   7 root
              rt 0
                                       0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 migration/0
                          0
                                       0 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 rcu_bh
   8 root
              20 0
                                 0
   9 root
                                                     0:11.10 rcu sched
```

```
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ps -o state,pid,command
S PID COMMAND
S 7211 bash
S 7463 bash
S 7806 bash
S 8037 bash
S 8213 bash
R 9202 ps -o state,pid,command
S 31903 bash
[devops@mithuntechnologies tmp]$ ■
```

28) What is process?

Ans) A process is an instance of a program that is being executed. Processes are also frequently referred to as tasks. OR A process is the execution context of a running program.

29) What is thread?

Ans) Threads are "light weight processes" (LWPs).

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30)On what process Ans)	the server will shutdown?		
31)How to find the e	mpty directories in the curren	t directory a	nd need to delete?
32)How to find the e Ans) findtype f -en	mpty files in current directory apty	?	
Ans) With help of sec	mpty lines in particular file and command. echnologies devops]#		
My name is Mi I am working a	NOVOMBE WYSTAWOOTH, Princ		
4 500 At 71	as a DevOps Engineer a technology.	•	
	echnologies devops]#	sed '/^	\s*\$/d' devops.txt
My name is Mi			
	as a DevOps Engineer a technology.		

34) What is the umask?

Ans) UMASK (User Mask) is the default permission given when a new file or directory is created on a Linux machine. At the point when user create a file or directory under Linux or UNIX, It create with a default set of permissions. Most of the Linux distros give 022 (0022) as default UMASK. In other words, it is a system default permissions for newly created files/folders in the machine.

[root@mithuntechnologies devops]# umask
0022
[root@mithuntechnologies devops]#

35) What is max value of giving to umask?

[root@mithuntechnologies devops]#

Ans) The minimum and maximum UMASK value for a folder is **000** and **777** The minimum and maximum UMASK value for a file is **000** and **666**

36) What is the default permissions to a file?

Ans) It will depends on umask value. By default umask value is 022, so the default file permission ins 644 (rw-r-r--).

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Description to the control to a			
[root@mithun	technologies devo	s 1# Tuma	ask
0022		200 - N	
	technologies devo	c1#1c	7
	recimo cogres devol)5]# L5	7.0
total 4			
-rw-rr	l root root 101 De	ec 18 15	5:05 devops.txt
[root@mithur	technologies devop	os1#	
[1 00 comit citati	recombetogres devol	,51"	
7.5			

What is the default permissions to a directory?

Ans) It will depends on umask value. By default umask value is 022, so the default directory permission ins 755 (rwxr-xr-x).

```
[root@mithuntechnologies devops]# ls -l

total 4

drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 6 Dec 18 15:38 devops

-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 101 Dec 18 15:05 devops.txt

[root@mithuntechnologies devops]#
```

37) what is chmod?

Ans) chmod (change mode) is used to set the permissions for files and directories.

38) How to check ports in linux?

Ans) Using netstat command we can find the all the port numbers in linux server as follows. **netsat -a**: It will Shows both listening and non-listening (for TCP this means established connections) sockets.

#netstat -a | grep LISTENING | grep 8080

```
[root@mithuntechnologies devops]# netstat -a | grep LISTENING | grep 20696 unix 2 [ ACC ] STREAM LISTENING 20696 private/smtp [root@mithuntechnologies devops]# ■
```

https://vceguide.com/which-file-contains-a-list-of-filesystems-that-can-be-currently-mounted-on-the-system/