Day 18 Assignment (16-02-2022) -By Ram Charan

- 1. What is the use of XML
 - XML is known as eXtensible Markup Language

- XML is used for universal data transfer mechanism to send data across different platforms.
- 2. Write the points discussed about xml in the class
 - XML is user-defined tags.
 - XML has only one root tag.
 - XML is used for universal data transfer mechanism to send data across different platforms.
 - XML stands for eXtensible Mark-up Language.
 - XML is case sensitive.
 - Types:
 - 1.Tag based XML
 - 2. Attribute based XML
- 3. Create a simple xml to illustrate: a. Tag based xml with 10 products b. Attribute based xml
- a.) Tag based XML

<Products>

<Product>

<Name>Dairymilk</Name>

<ID>1</ID>

<Price>100</Price>

<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>

</Product>

<Product>

<Name>5Star</Name>

```
<ID>2</ID>
<Price>40</Price>
<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
<Name>Snickers</Name>
<ID>3</ID>
<Price>50</Price>
<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
<Name>Kit-Kat</Name>
<ID>4</ID>
<Price>25</Price>
<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
<Name>Milkybar</Name>
<ID>5</ID>
<Price>20</Price>
<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
<Name>BarOne</Name>
<ID>6</ID>
<Price>10</Price>
<Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
<Name>Tresemme</Name>
<ID>7</ID>
<Price>5</Price>
<Brand>Johnson-n-Johnson</Brand>
```

```
</Product>
<Product>
 <Name>Meera</Name>
 <ID>8</ID>
 <Price>3</Price>
 <Brand>Johnson-n-Johnson</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
 <Name>Loreal</Name>
 <ID>9</ID>
 <Price>50</Price>
 <Brand>Loreal</Brand>
</Product>
<Product>
 <Name>Matrix</Name>
 <ID>10</ID>
 <Price>400</Price>
 <Brand>Matrix</Brand>
</Product>
</Products>
Output:
```

```
Tag.xml
 +
           C
              i File | C:/Users/admin/Desktop/Tag.xml
This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.
 ▼<Products>
  ▼<Product>
    <Name>Dairymilk</Name>
    <ID>1</ID>
    <Price>100</Price>
    <Brand>Cadbury</Brand>
   </Product>
  ► <Product>
   </Product>
  ▶ <Product>
   </Product>
  </Products>
b.) Attribute based XML
Code:
<Products>
  <Product1 Name="Dairymilk" Price="80" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product2 Name="5Star" Price="20" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product3 Name="Bournville" Price="80" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product4 Name="Kit-kat" Price="10" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product5 Name="Perk" Price="100" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product6 Name="Munch" Price="5" Type="Chocolate" />
  <Product7 Name="Bourbon" Price="30" Type="Biscuits" />
```

```
<Product8 Name="HideSeek" Price="50" Type="Biscuits"/>
   <Product9 Name="MilkBikis" Price="40" Type="Biscuits" />
   <Product10 Name="Tiger" Price="10" Type="Biscuits" />
</Products>
Output:
       Attribute.xml
      File | C:/Users/admin/Desktop/Attribute.xml
 This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is shown below.
 ▼ < Products >
   <Product1 Name="Dairymilk" Price="80" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product2 Name="5Star" Price="20" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product3 Name="Bournville" Price="80" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product4 Name="Kit-kat" Price="10" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product5 Name="Perk" Price="100" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product6 Name="Munch" Price="5" Type="Chocolate"/>
   <Product7 Name="Bourbon" Price="30" Type="Biscuits"/>
   <Product8 Name="HideSeek" Price="50" Type="Biscuits"/>
   <Product9 Name="MilkBikis" Price="40" Type="Biscuits"/>
   <Product10 Name="Tiger" Price="10" Type="Biscuits"/>
  </Products>
```

4.	Convert	the	above	xml	to	JSON	and	display	the
JS	SON data								
a.) Attribute xml to JSON data									
Οι	ıtput:								
{									
"	Products": {								

```
"Product1": {
 "-Name": "Dairymilk",
 "-Price": "80",
 "-Type": "Chocolate",
 "-self-closing": "true"
},
"Product2": {
 "-Name": "5Star",
 "-Price": "20",
 "-Type": "Chocolate",
 "-self-closing": "true"
},
"Product3": {
 "-Name": "Bournville",
 "-Price": "80",
 "-Type": "Chocolate",
 "-self-closing": "true"
},
"Product4": {
 "-Name": "Kit-kat",
 "-Price": "10",
 "-Type": "Chocolate",
 "-self-closing": "true"
},
"Product5": {
 "-Name": "Perk",
 "-Price": "100",
 "-Type": "Chocolate",
 "-self-closing": "true"
},
"Product6": {
 "-Name": "Munch",
 "-Price": "5",
```

```
"-Type": "Chocolate",
  "-self-closing": "true"
 "Product7": {
  "-Name": "Bourbon",
  "-Price": "30",
  "-Type": "Biscuits",
  "-self-closing": "true"
 },
 "Product8": {
  "-Name": "HideSeek",
  "-Price": "50",
  "-Type": "Biscuits",
  "-self-closing": "true"
 "Product9": {
  "-Name": "MilkBikis",
  "-Price": "40",
  "-Type": "Biscuits",
  "-self-closing": "true"
},
 "Product10": {
  "-Name": "Tiger",
  "-Price": "10",
  "-Type": "Biscuits",
  "-self-closing": "true"
}
"#omit-xml-declaration": "yes"
```

b. Tag xml to JSON data

Output:

```
"Products": {
 "Product": [
   "Name": "Dairymilk",
   "ID": "1",
   "Price": "100",
   "Brand": "Cadbury"
  },
   "Name": "5Star",
   "ID": "2",
   "Price": "40",
   "Brand": "Cadbury"
  },
   "Name": "Snickers",
   "ID": "3",
   "Price": "50",
   "Brand": "Cadbury"
  },
   "Name": "Kit-Kat",
   "ID": "4",
   "Price": "25",
   "Brand": "Cadbury"
  },
   "Name": "Milkybar",
   "ID": "5",
   "Price": "20",
   "Brand": "Cadbury"
```

```
},
 "Name": "BarOne",
 "ID": "6",
 "Price": "10",
 "Brand": "Cadbury"
},
 "Name": "Tresemme",
 "ID": "7",
 "Price": "5",
 "Brand": "Johnson-n-Johnson"
},
 "Name": "Meera",
 "ID": "8",
 "Price": "3",
 "Brand": "Johnson-n-Johnson"
},
 "Name": "Loreal",
 "ID": "9",
 "Price": "50",
 "Brand": "Loreal"
},
 "Name": "Matrix",
 "ID": "10",
 "Price": "400",
 "Brand": "Matrix"
```

```
"#omit-xml-declaration": "yes"
}
```

- 5. Research and write the benefits of JSON over XML (2 or 3 points)
 - JSON JavaScript Object Notation.
 - It takes less size (or) memory.
 - It is easy to parse.
 - It doesnot require or have any tags.

```
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
namespace MathsLibrary
  //Author: RC
  public class Algebra
    public static int Factorial(int n)
      int fact = 1;
      if (n == 0)
         return 1;
      else if (n > 7)
         return -999;
      else if (n < 0)
         return -9999;
      else
         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
           fact = fact * i;
      return fact;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
```

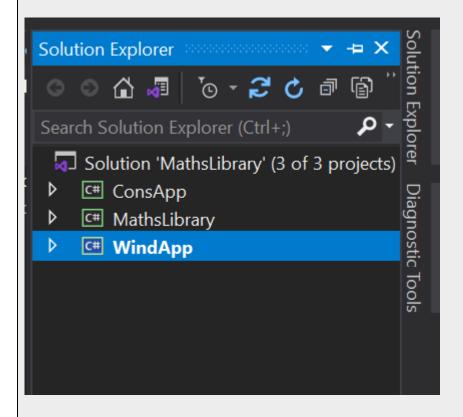
```
using MathsLibrary;
namespace ConsApp
  class Program
    static void Main(string[] args)
      Console.WriteLine(Algebra.Factorial(5));
      Console.ReadLine();
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Ling;
using System.Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System. Windows. Forms;
using MathsLibrary;
namespace WindApp
  public partial class Form1: Form
    public Form1()
```

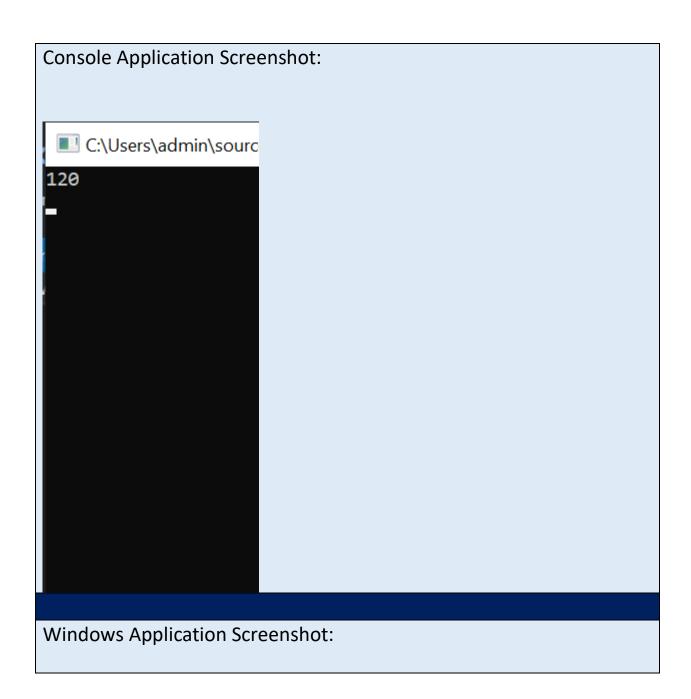
```
InitializeComponent();
}

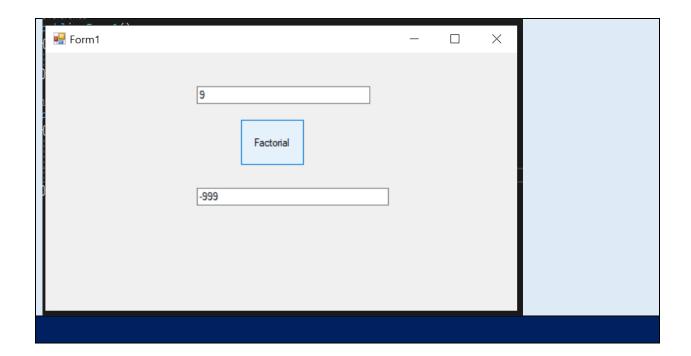
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
   int n = Convert.ToInt32(textBox1.Text);
   int fact = Algebra.Factorial(n);
   textBox2.Text = fact.ToString();
}
}
```

Output:

Solution Explorer Screenshot:







7. For the above method, Implement TDD and write 4 test cases and put the code in word document. put the screen shot of all test cases failing. make the test cases pass. put the screen shot

Code:

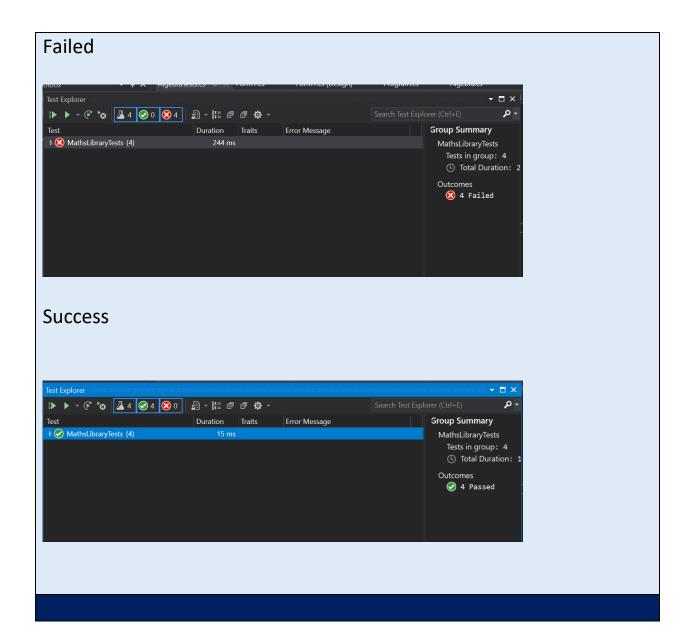
using Microsoft VisualStudio TestTools UnitTesting:

using Microsoft.VisualStudio.TestTools.UnitTesting; using MathsLibrary; using System; using System.Collections.Generic; using System.Linq; using System.Text; using System.Text; using System.Threading.Tasks;

```
//Author:RC
[TestClass()]
public class AlgebraTests
  [TestMethod()]
  public void FactorialTest_Zero_Input()
    //Arrange
    int n = 0;
    int expected = 1;
    //Actual
    int actual = Algebra.Factorial(n);
    //Assert
    Assert.AreEqual(expected, actual);
  [TestMethod()]
  public void FactorialTest_UptoSeven_Input()
    //Arrange
    int n = 7;
    int expected = 5040;
    //Actual
    int actual = Algebra.Factorial(n);
    //Assert
    Assert.AreEqual(expected, actual);
  [TestMethod()]
  public void FactorialTest LessthanZero Input()
```

```
//Arrange
  int n = -5;
  int expected = -9999;
  //Actual
  int actual = Algebra.Factorial(n);
  //Assert
  Assert.AreEqual(expected, actual);
[TestMethod()]
public void FactorialTest_Greaterthan_Seven_Input()
  //Arrange
  int n = 8;
  int expected = -999;
  //Actual
  int actual = Algebra.Factorial(n);
  //Assert
  Assert.AreEqual(expected, actual);
```

Output:



8. Add one more method to check if the number is palindrome or not in the above Algebra class and write test case for the same.

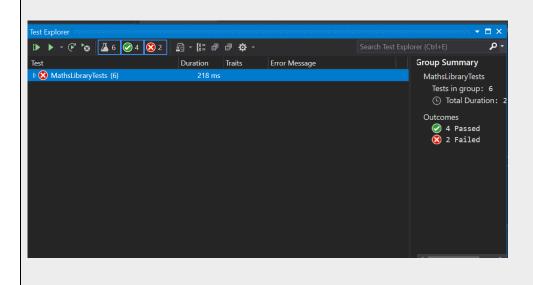
Code:

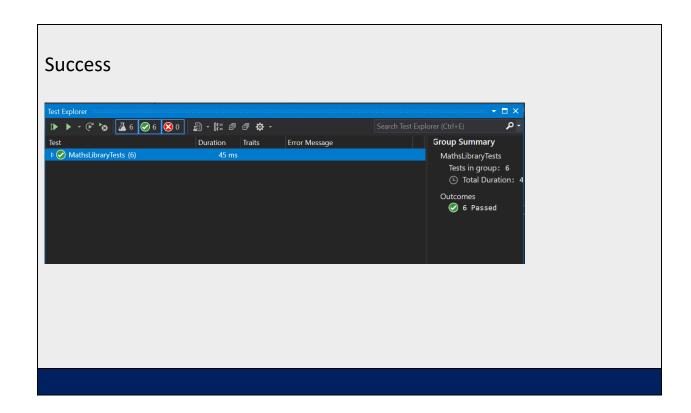
public static string Palindrome(int n)

```
{
    int sum = 0, rem;
    int temp = n;
    while (n > 0)
    {
       rem = n % 10;
       sum = sum * 10 + rem;
       n = n / 10;
    }
    if (temp == sum)
       return "Palindrome";
    else
       return "Not Palindrome";
}
```

Output:

Failed





End of the Day