

CAUSES OF THE DROPOUTS -PREDICTION:

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DESCRIPTION:

This dataset provides an information of students enrolled in various courses in an institution. It includes social-economic factors and academic performance information that can be used to analyze the dropout rate and causes. This dataset contains multiple disjoint databases consisting of relevant information available at the time of enrollment, such as application mode, marital status, course chosen and more. Additionally, this data contains the student performance at the end of the semester by assessing curricular units credited/enrolled/evaluated/approved as well as their respective grades. Finally, we have unemployment rate, inflation rate and GDP from the region to predict student dropout rates.

```
library(readxl)
df=read_excel("dropouts.xlsx")
head(df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 28
##   Marit...1 Appli...2 Appli...3 Course Dayti...4 Previ...5 Natio...6 Mothe...7 Fathe...8
##   Mothe...9
##   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1       1       8       5       2       1       1       1      13      10
## 2       1       6       1      11       1       1       1       1       3
## 3       1       1       5       5       1       1       1      22      27
## 4       1       8       2      15       1       1       1      23      27
## 5       2      12       1       3       0       1       1      22      28
## 6       2      12       1      17       0      12       1      22      27
```

```

## # ... with 18 more variables: Father_occupation <dbl>, Displaced <dbl>,
## #   Educational_special_needs <dbl>, Debtor <dbl>, Tuition_fees <dbl>,
## #   Gender <dbl>, Scholarship_holder <dbl>, Age_at_enrollment <dbl>,
## #   International <dbl>, one_sem_credited <dbl>, one_sem_enrolled <dbl>,
## #   one_sem_evaluations <dbl>, one_sem_approved <dbl>, one_sem_grade
## #   <dbl>,
## #   Unemployment_rate <dbl>, Inflation_rate <dbl>, GDP <dbl>, Target
## #   <chr>, and
## #   abbreviated variable names 1Marital_status, 2Application_mode, ...

tail(df)

## # A tibble: 6 × 28
##   Marit...1 Appli...2 Appli...3 Course Dayti...4 Previ...5 Natio...6 Mothe...7 Fathe...8
##   Mothe...9
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##   <dbl>
## 1      1      1      1      5      1      1      1     13      1
## 4
## 2      1      1      1     14      1      1      1     22     27
## 6
## 3      1      1      6     12      1      1      1      1      3
## 4
## 4      1      1      1      6      1      1      1     22     27
## 10
## 5      1      1      1     16      1      1      1      3      1
## 3
## 6      1      4      3      8      1      3      1     13     27
## 12
## # ... with 18 more variables: Father_occupation <dbl>, Displaced <dbl>,
## #   Educational_special_needs <dbl>, Debtor <dbl>, Tuition_fees <dbl>,
## #   Gender <dbl>, Scholarship_holder <dbl>, Age_at_enrollment <dbl>,
## #   International <dbl>, one_sem_credited <dbl>, one_sem_enrolled <dbl>,
## #   one_sem_evaluations <dbl>, one_sem_approved <dbl>, one_sem_grade
## #   <dbl>,
## #   Unemployment_rate <dbl>, Inflation_rate <dbl>, GDP <dbl>, Target
## #   <chr>, and
## #   abbreviated variable names 1Marital_status, 2Application_mode, ...

str(df)

## tibble [496 × 28] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ Marital_status      : num [1:496] 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Application_mode    : num [1:496] 8 6 1 8 12 12 1 9 1 1 ...
##  $ Application_order    : num [1:496] 5 1 5 2 1 1 1 4 3 1 ...
##  $ Course               : num [1:496] 2 11 5 15 3 17 12 11 10 10 ...
##  $ Daytime/evening_attendance: num [1:496] 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Previous qualification : num [1:496] 1 1 1 1 1 12 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Nationality          : num [1:496] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 15 1 ...
##  $ Mother_qualification  : num [1:496] 13 1 22 23 22 22 13 22 1 1 ...
##  $ Father_qualification  : num [1:496] 10 3 27 27 28 27 28 27 1 14 ...

```

```
## $ Mother_occupation      : num [1:496] 6 4 10 6 10 10 8 10 10 5 ...
## $ Father_occupation      : num [1:496] 10 4 10 4 10 8 11 10 10 8 ...
## $ Displaced              : num [1:496] 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 ...
## $ Educational_special_needs : num [1:496] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Debtor                 : num [1:496] 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 ...
## $ Tuition_fees           : num [1:496] 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 ...
## $ Gender                 : num [1:496] 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 ...
## $ Scholarship_holder     : num [1:496] 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 ...
## $ Age_at_enrollment      : num [1:496] 20 19 19 20 45 50 18 22 21 18
...
## $ International          : num [1:496] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ...
## $ one_sem_credited        : num [1:496] 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ one_sem_enrolled        : num [1:496] 0 6 6 6 6 5 7 5 6 6 ...
## $ one_sem_evaluations     : num [1:496] 0 6 0 8 9 10 9 5 8 9 ...
## $ one_sem_approved        : num [1:496] 0 6 0 6 5 5 7 0 6 5 ...
## $ one_sem_grade           : num [1:496] 0 14 0 13.4 12.3 ...
## $ Unemployment_rate       : num [1:496] 10.8 13.9 10.8 9.4 13.9 16.2
15.5 15.5 16.2 8.9 ...
## $ Inflation_rate          : num [1:496] 1.4 -0.3 1.4 -0.8 -0.3 0.3 2.8
2.8 0.3 1.4 ...
## $ GDP                     : num [1:496] 1.74 0.79 1.74 -3.12 0.79 -0.92
-4.06 -4.06 -0.92 3.51 ...
## $ Target                  : chr [1:496] "Dropout" "Graduate" "Dropout"
"Graduate" ...
```

ASSUMPTION:

From the dataset, I assume that dropout rate of the students are higher than the success rate of the students.

The dropout rate is mainly caused by student's **personal issue** (such as marital status, Age of the student, Gender); **Academic issues** (such as semester-grade, Displaced, Unemployment of the course taken, Course, previous qualification); **Financial issues** (such as lack of Scholarship, debt). These factors affects the dropout rate of the students, which makes them greater than success rate of the students.

```
summary(df)
```

```
## Marital_status Application_mode Application_order Course
## Min. :1.000 Min. : 1.000 Min. :1.000 Min. : 1.00
## 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.: 1.000 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.: 8.00
## Median :1.000 Median : 8.000 Median :1.000 Median :11.00
## Mean :1.113 Mean : 6.306 Mean :1.798 Mean :10.36
```

```

## 3rd Qu.:1.000    3rd Qu.:12.000    3rd Qu.:2.000    3rd Qu.:13.00
## Max.    :4.000    Max.    :17.000    Max.    :6.000    Max.    :17.00
## Daytime/evening_attendance Previous qualification Nationality
## Min.    :0.0000    Min.    : 1.000    Min.    : 1.000
## 1st Qu.:1.0000    1st Qu.: 1.000    1st Qu.: 1.000
## Median :1.0000    Median : 1.000    Median : 1.000
## Mean    :0.9052    Mean    : 2.427    Mean    : 1.107
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.: 1.000    3rd Qu.: 1.000
## Max.    :1.0000    Max.    :17.000    Max.    :15.000
## Mother_qualification Father_qualification Mother_occupation
Father_occupation
## Min.    : 1.00    Min.    : 1.00    Min.    : 1.000    Min.    :
1.000
## 1st Qu.: 2.00    1st Qu.: 3.00    1st Qu.: 5.000    1st Qu.:
5.000
## Median :13.00    Median :14.00    Median : 6.000    Median :
8.000
## Mean    :12.02    Mean    :16.74    Mean    : 7.137    Mean    :
7.597
## 3rd Qu.:22.00    3rd Qu.:27.00    3rd Qu.:10.000    3rd
Qu.:10.000
## Max.    :27.00    Max.    :29.00    Max.    :29.000    Max.
:46.000
## Displaced Educational_special_needs Debtor
Tuition_fees
## Min.    :0.0000    Min.    :0.00000    Min.    :0.00000    Min.
:0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:0.00000    1st Qu.:0.00000    1st
Qu.:1.0000
## Median :1.0000    Median :0.00000    Median :0.00000    Median
:1.0000
## Mean    :0.5484    Mean    :0.01411    Mean    :0.09476    Mean
:0.9254
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd
Qu.:1.0000
## Max.    :1.0000    Max.    :1.00000    Max.    :1.00000    Max.
:1.0000
## Gender Scholarship_holder Age_at_enrollment International
## Min.    :0.00000    Min.    :0.0000    Min.    :18.00    Min.    :0.00000
## 1st Qu.:0.00000    1st Qu.:0.0000    1st Qu.:18.00    1st Qu.:0.00000
## Median :0.00000    Median :0.0000    Median :20.00    Median :0.00000
## Mean    :0.07863    Mean    :0.2863    Mean    :21.94    Mean    :0.01008
## 3rd Qu.:0.00000    3rd Qu.:1.0000    3rd Qu.:22.00    3rd Qu.:0.00000
## Max.    :1.00000    Max.    :1.0000    Max.    :55.00    Max.    :1.00000
## one_sem_credited one_sem_enrolled one_sem_evaluations one_sem_approved
## Min.    : 0.0000    Min.    : 0.00    Min.    : 0.000    Min.    : 0.000
## 1st Qu.: 0.0000    1st Qu.: 6.00    1st Qu.: 6.000    1st Qu.: 4.000
## Median : 0.0000    Median : 6.00    Median : 8.000    Median : 5.000
## Mean    : 0.5141    Mean    : 6.24    Mean    : 8.077    Mean    : 4.964
## 3rd Qu.: 0.0000    3rd Qu.: 7.00    3rd Qu.:10.000    3rd Qu.: 6.000

```

```

## Max. :19.0000 Max. :21.00 Max. :24.000 Max. :21.000
## one_sem_grade Unemployment_rate Inflation_rate GDP
## Min. : 0.00 Min. : 7.60 Min. : -0.800 Min. : -4.06000
## 1st Qu.:11.32 1st Qu.: 9.40 1st Qu.: 0.300 1st Qu.: -1.70000
## Median :12.33 Median :11.10 Median : 1.400 Median : 0.32000
## Mean :11.13 Mean :11.59 Mean : 1.218 Mean : 0.01762
## 3rd Qu.:13.38 3rd Qu.:13.90 3rd Qu.: 2.600 3rd Qu.: 1.79000
## Max. :17.12 Max. :16.20 Max. : 3.700 Max. : 3.51000
## Target
## Length:496
## Class :character
## Mode :character
##
##
##

#libraries
library(lattice)
library(rmarkdown)
library(dplyr)

##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
## intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

glimpse(df)

## Rows: 496
## Columns: 28
## $ Marital_status <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1,...
## $ Application_mode <dbl> 8, 6, 1, 8, 12, 12, 1, 9, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, ...
## $ Application_order <dbl> 5, 1, 5, 2, 1, 1, 1, 4, 3, 1, 1, 1,
2, 1,...
## $ Course <dbl> 2, 11, 5, 15, 3, 17, 12, 11, 10, 10,
14, ...
## $ `Daytime/evening_attendance` <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1,...
## $ `Previous qualification` <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 12, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1...
## $ Nationality <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 15, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1...
## $ Mother_qualification <dbl> 13, 1, 22, 23, 22, 22, 13, 22, 1, 1,

```

```

23, ...
## $ Father_qualification      <dbl> 10, 3, 27, 27, 28, 27, 28, 27, 1, 14,
14,...
## $ Mother_occupation        <dbl> 6, 4, 10, 6, 10, 10, 8, 10, 10, 5, 6,
10,...
## $ Father_occupation        <dbl> 10, 4, 10, 4, 10, 8, 11, 10, 10, 8,
8, 10...
## $ Displaced                <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1,
1, 1,...
## $ Educational_special_needs <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0,...
## $ Debtor                   <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0,
0, 0,...
## $ Tuition_fees             <dbl> 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1,
1, 1,...
## $ Gender                   <dbl> 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0,...
## $ Scholarship_holder       <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1,
0, 1,...
## $ Age_at_enrollment        <dbl> 20, 19, 19, 20, 45, 50, 18, 22, 21,
18, 1...
## $ International            <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0,...
## $ one_sem_credited          <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,
0, 0,...
## $ one_sem_enrolled          <dbl> 0, 6, 6, 6, 6, 5, 7, 5, 6, 6, 6, 8,
6, 6,...
## $ one_sem_evaluations       <dbl> 0, 6, 0, 8, 9, 10, 9, 5, 8, 9, 6, 8,
6, 7...
## $ one_sem_approved          <dbl> 0, 6, 0, 6, 5, 5, 7, 0, 6, 5, 6, 7,
0, 6,...
## $ one_sem_grade             <dbl> 0.00000, 14.00000, 0.00000, 13.42857,
12....
## $ Unemployment_rate         <dbl> 10.8, 13.9, 10.8, 9.4, 13.9, 16.2,
15.5, ...
## $ Inflation_rate            <dbl> 1.4, -0.3, 1.4, -0.8, -0.3, 0.3, 2.8,
2.8...
## $ GDP                      <dbl> 1.74, 0.79, 1.74, -3.12, 0.79, -0.92,
-4....
## $ Target                   <chr> "Dropout", "Graduate", "Dropout",
"Gradua...

#dimension
dim(df)

## [1] 496 28

```

```
#histogram
```

```
histogram(~Marital_status|Target,main="histogram_of_dropouts",xlab ="Target",  
ylab="Marital_status", breaks = 50,col='red',df)
```

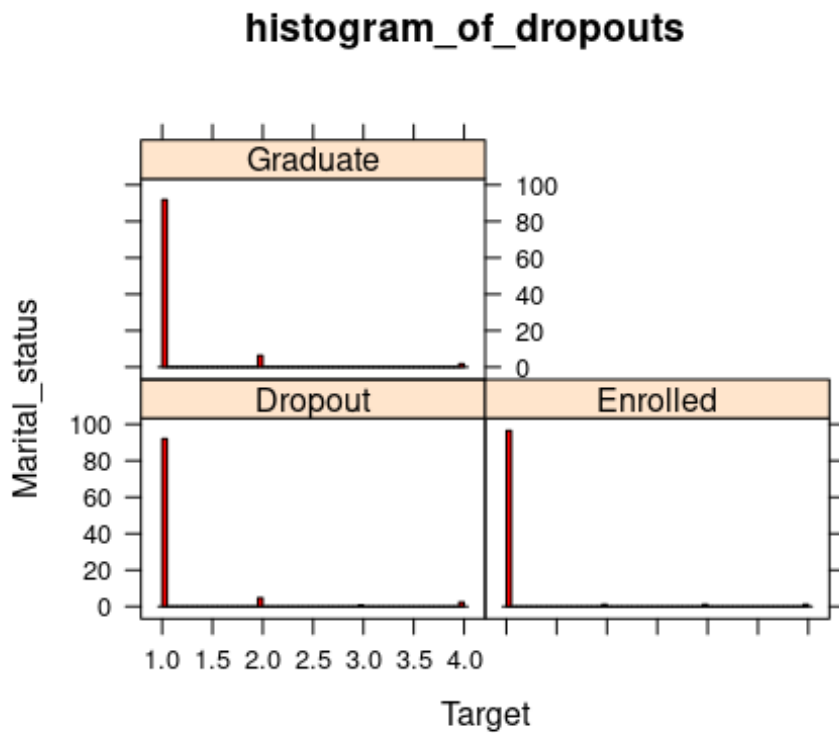


FIG-1

```
histogram(~Scholarship_holder|Gender,main="Schlorship_distribution",xlab  
="Gender",ylab ="Scholarship_holder",breaks = 20,col='pink',df)
```

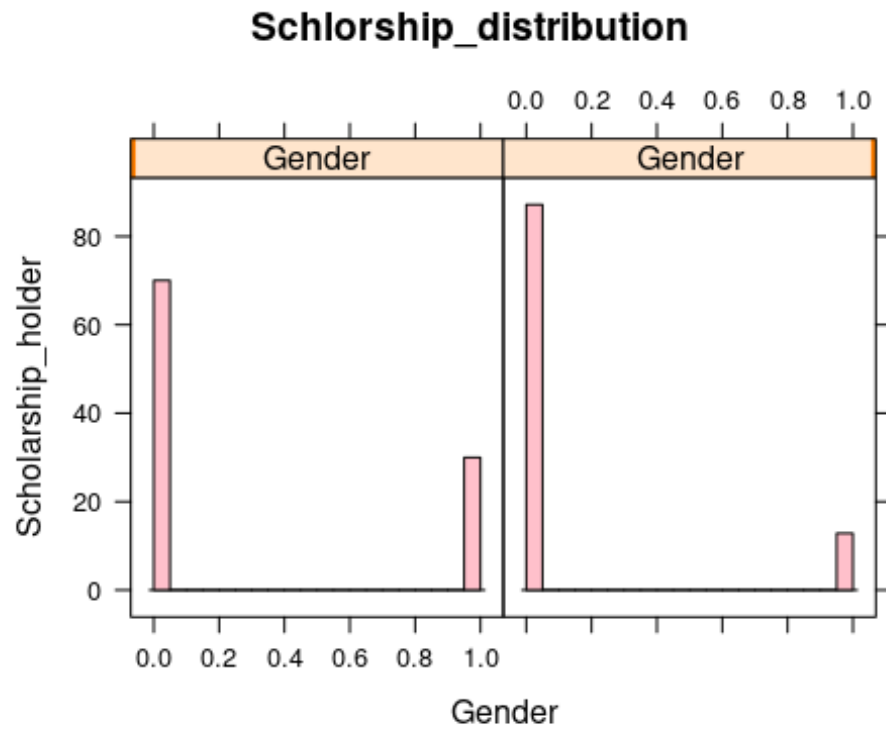


FIG-2

```
histogram(~Unemployment_rate,main="histogram_of_unemployment",breaks =  
50,col='skyblue',df)
```

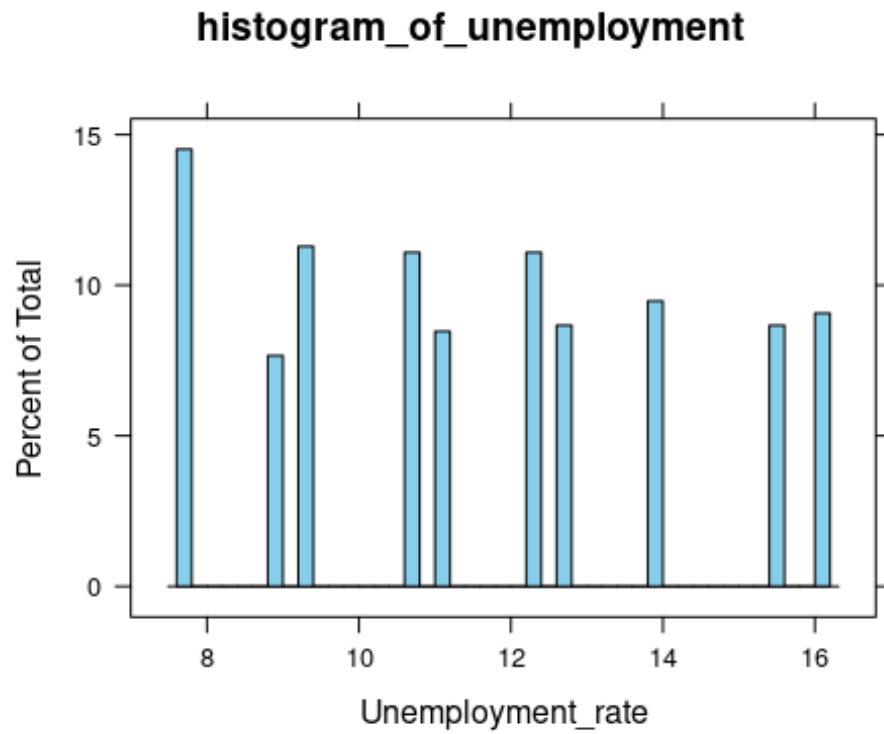



FIG-3

```
histogram(~Scholarship_holder|Debtor,main="histogram_of_debtors",xlab  
="Scholarship_holder",ylab ="Debtor",breaks =60 ,col='blue',df)
```

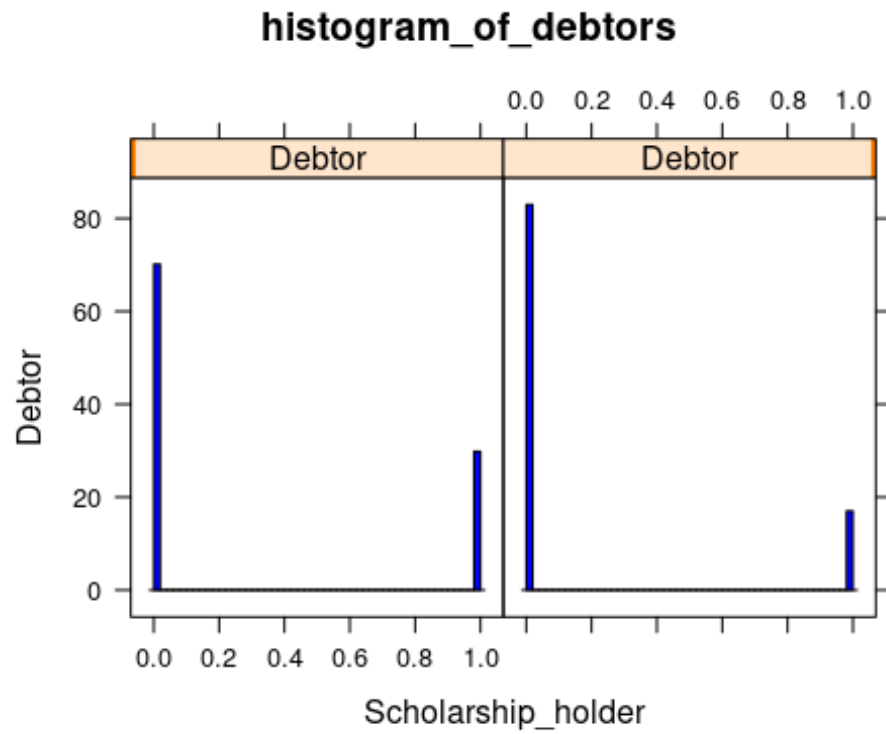


FIG-4

```
histogram(~Age_at_enrollment,main="histogram_of_age",breaks =40  
,col='grey',df)
```

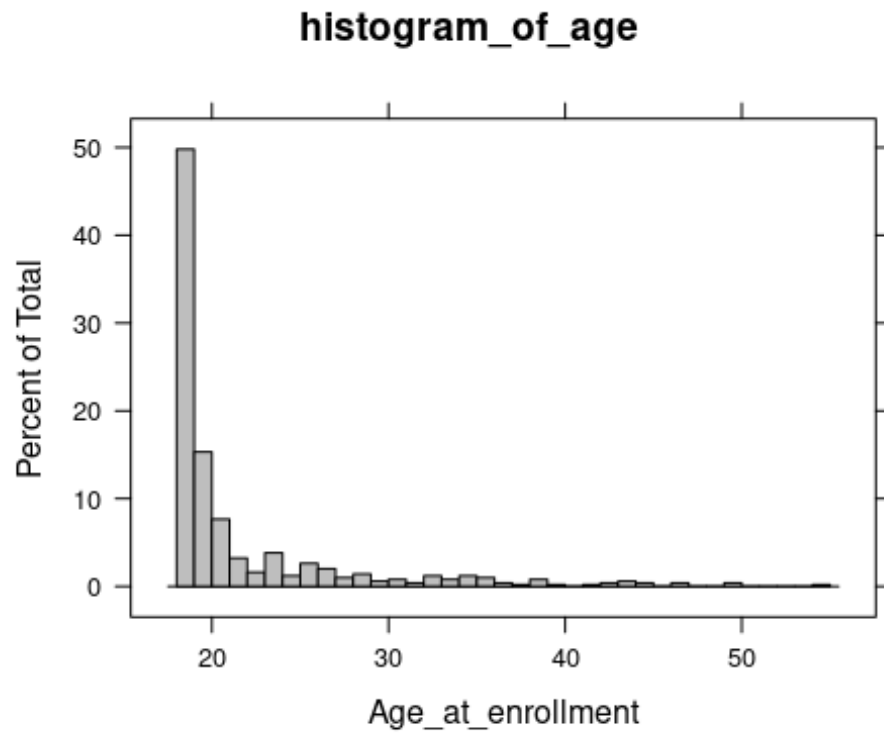


FIG-5

```
histogram(~one_sem_grade|Target,main="distribution of target",xlab  
="one_sem_grade",ylab ="Target",breaks =40 ,col='yellow',df)
```

distribution of target

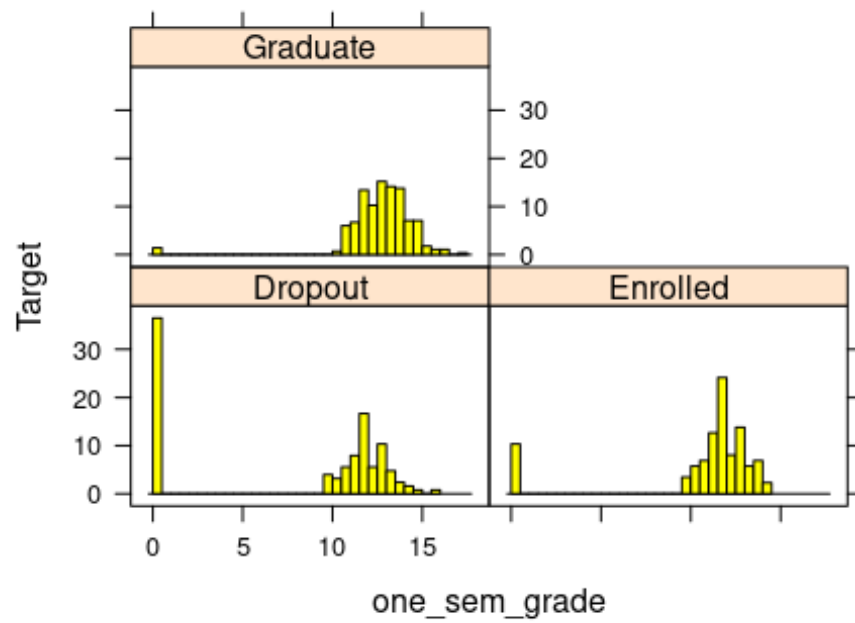


FIG-6

#Boxplot

```
bwplot(df$Marital_status)
```

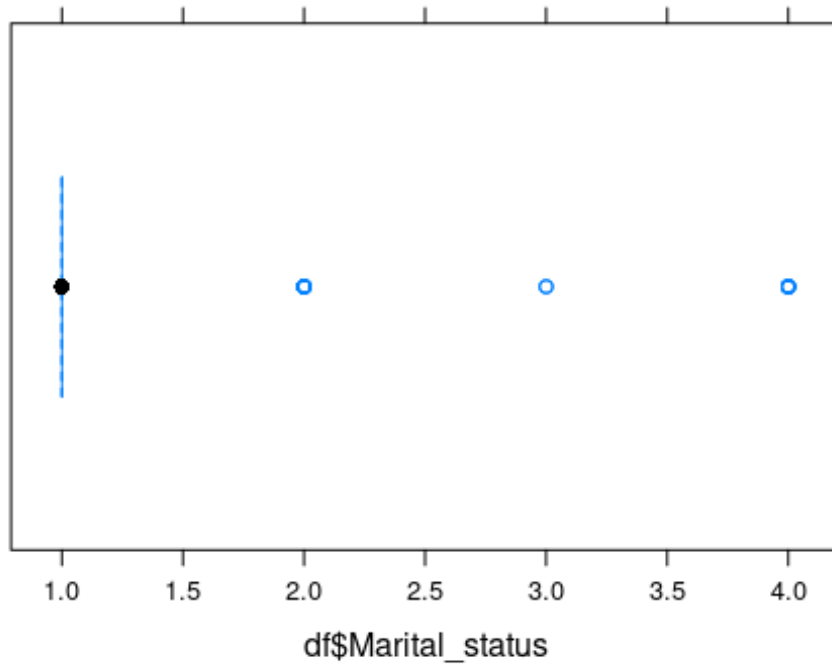


FIG-7

```
bwplot(df$Age_at_enrollment, box.width=0.5)
```

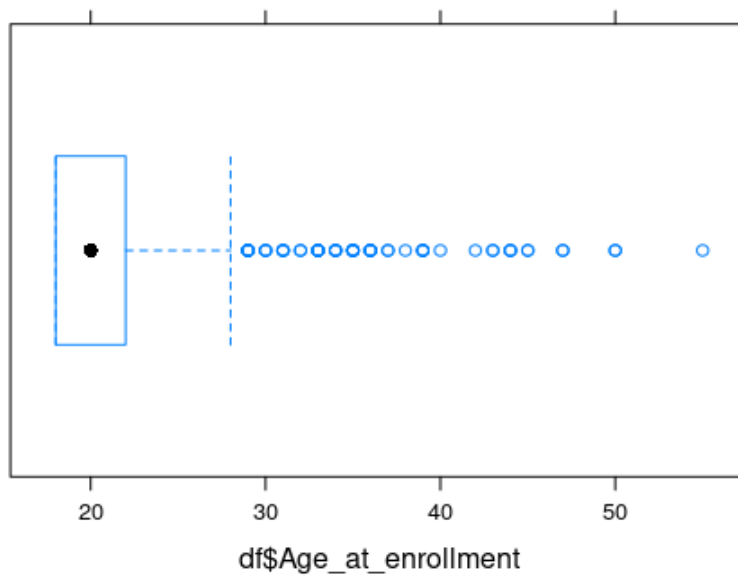


FIG-8

```
bwplot(df$one_sem_grade, box.width=1)
```

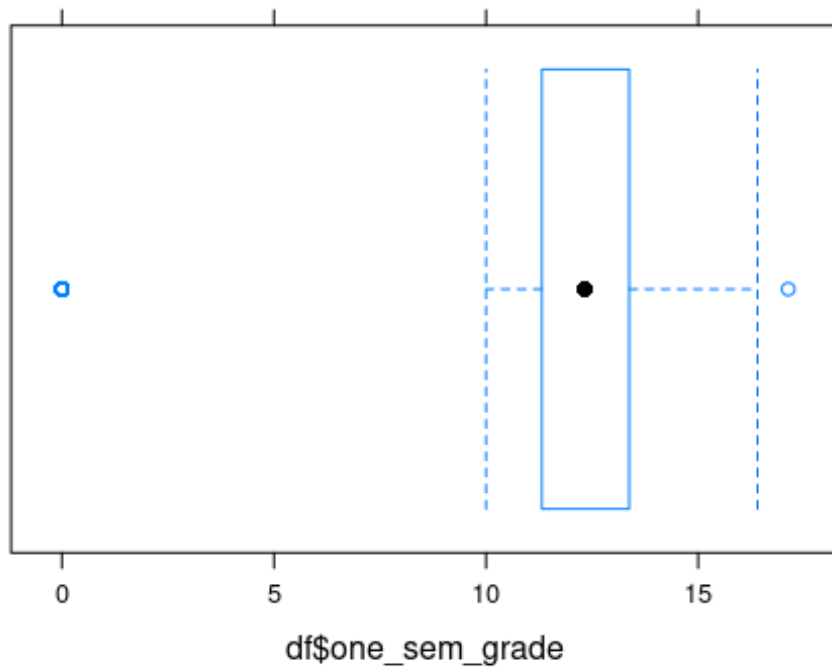


FIG-9

```
bwplot(df$Unemployment_rate, box.width=0.5)
```

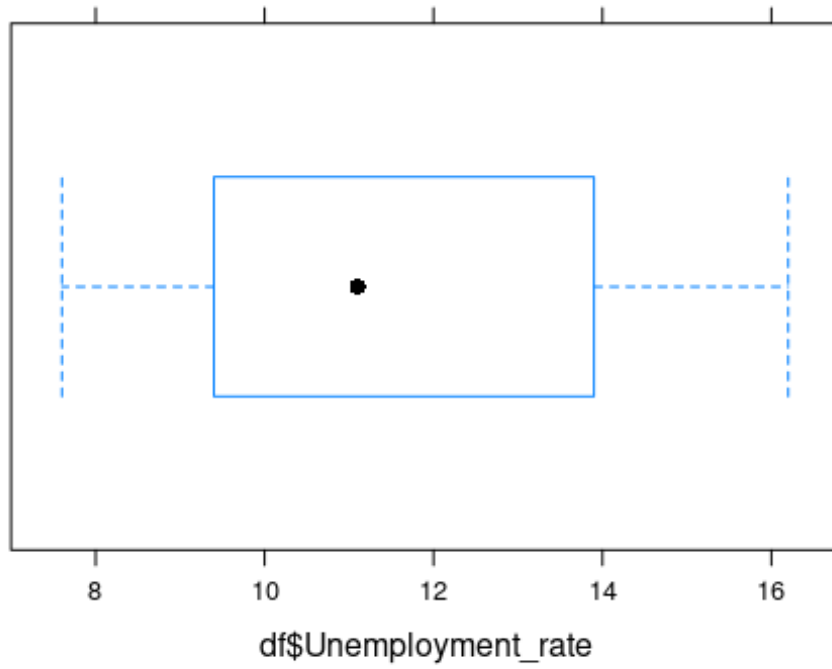


FIG-10

```
bwplot(df$Debtor, box.width=0.5)
```

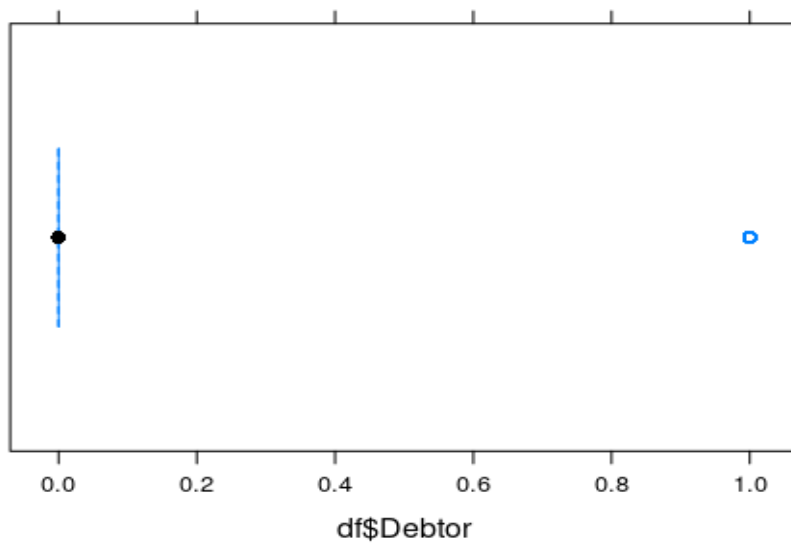


FIG-11

```
#scatter plot
```

```
xyplot(Unemployment_rate~Course, main = "distribution of course& unemployment", xlab = "Unemployment_rate", ylab = "Course",df)
```



FIG-12

```
xyplot(Course~Age_at_enrollment, main = "distribution of enrollment age&course", xlab = "Course", ylab = "Age_at_enrollment",df)
```


distribution of enrollment age&course

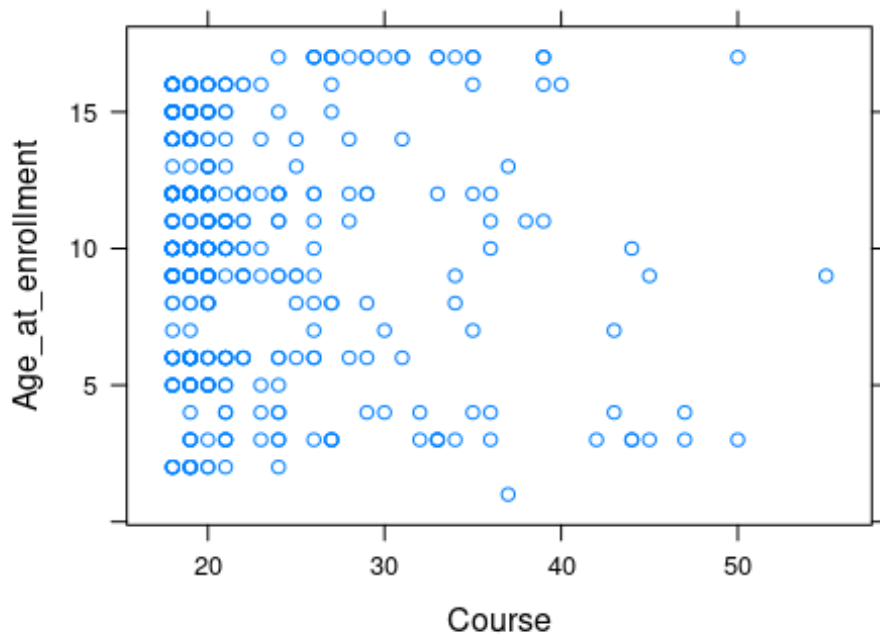


FIG-13

#ggplot

```
library(ggplot2)
ggplot(df,aes(x = one_sem_grade, y = Unemployment_rate)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
  xlab("one_sem_grade") +
  ylab("Unemployment_rate") +
  ggtitle("grade~Unemployment")

## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

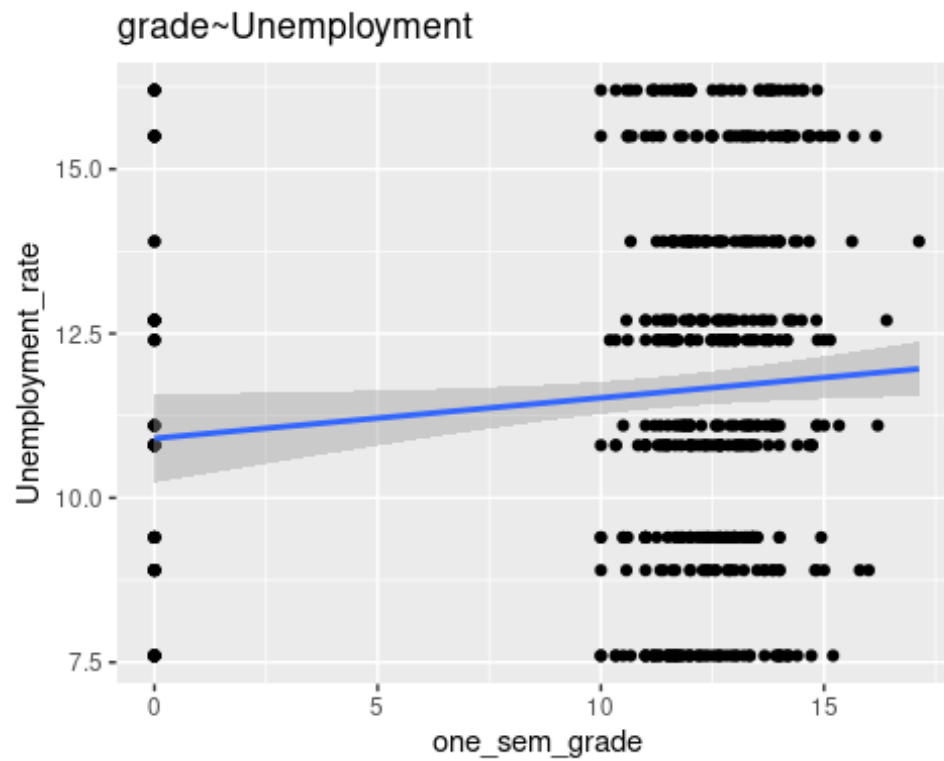


FIG-14

```
ggplot(df,aes(x =GDP , y =Displaced )) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth(method = "lm") +
  xlab("GDP") +
  ylab("Displaced") +
  ggtitle("GDP~Displaced")

## `geom_smooth()` using formula = 'y ~ x'
```

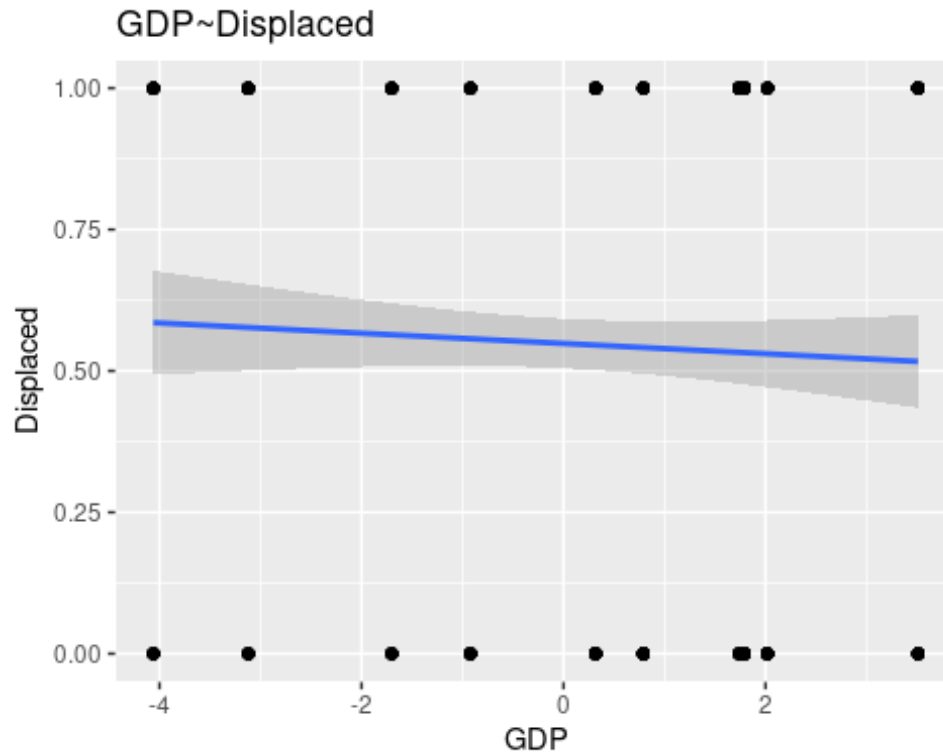


FIG-15

INFERENCE:

The average age of the students enrolled in various courses is 22(21.94). Most of the age lies between 17 to 28(FIG-8)

(In Fig-7) more than 70% of the students unmarried . mostly, Grade of the students lies between 11.32 and 17.38 in the end of the semester which covers 70% of student population. The average grade is 13.38 (FIG-9)

Average of debtors is 0 which shows that maximum students have no debts (FIG-11)

Most of the time the unemployment rate varies between the range 9.40 to 13.90(FIG-10). The average of students with unemployment is 11.59.

Outliers are present in the attributes such as Age, Semester Grade and Marital status of the students.

Distribution of attributes like marital status of drop outs(fig-1), scholarship holding students(fig-2), Debt of students(fig-4), Age of enrollment(fig-5), Grade of the dropouts(fig-6) are positively skewed.

INSIGHTS:

(From FIG-1), The dropout and graduate students influenced by marital status are same. Marital status of students doesn't affect the rates of dropout.

Many Male students hold scholarship comparing with female students (FIG-2) whereas the female students having debt are higher than the male students (FIG_4). Dropout rate of students (female) is affected by lack of scholarships.

(From FIG-6) Academic or semester grade of the students is quite low for dropout students, which is the major cause for the increase in dropout rates.

Unemployment of students over a time decreases (FIG-3).so, dropout rate was not affected by lack of job opportunity. Also, majority of the students are younger i.e., less than 40. Age doesn't affect the rate of the dropouts.

Concluding that the rate of dropouts are higher which is due to academic (Grades) and Financial (scholarships) issues.