

Design and Analysis of Algorithms I

Data Structures

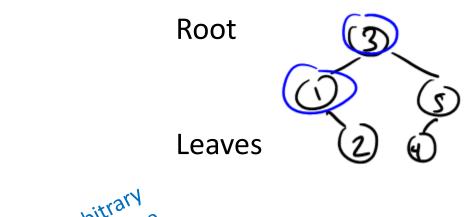
Red-Black Trees

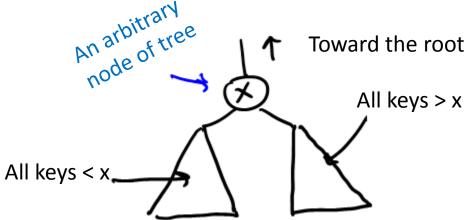
Binary Search Tree Structure

- -- exactly one node per key
- -- most basic version : each node has
 - -- left child pointer
 - -- right child pointer
 - -- parent pointer

SEARCH TREE PROPERTY:

(should hold at every node of the search tree)





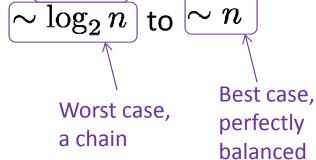
The Height of a BST

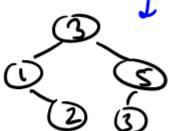
Note: many possible trees for a set of

keys.

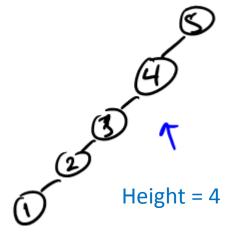
(aka depth) longest root-leaf path

Note: height could be anywhere from





Height = 2



Balanced Search Trees

Idea : ensure that height is always O(log(n)) [best possible]
⇒Search / Insert / Delete / Min / Max / Pred / Succ will then run
in O(log(n)) time [n = # of keys in tree]

Example: red-black trees [Bayes '72, Guibas-Sedgewick '78]

[see also AUL trees, splay trees, B trees]

Red-Black Invariants

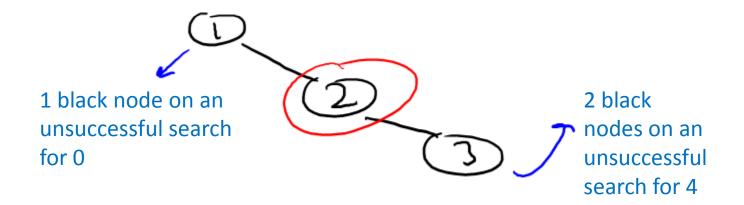
- 1. Each node red or black
- 2. Root is black
- No 2 reds in a row
 [red node => only black children]
- 4. Every root-NULL path has same number of black nodes

Like in an unsuccessful search

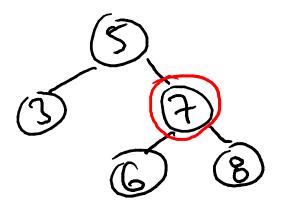
Example #1

Claim: a chain of length 3 cannot be a redblack tree

Proof



Example #2



Height Guarantee

Claim: every red-black tree with n nodes has

height $\leq 2\log_2(n+1)$

<u>Proof</u>: <u>Observation</u>: if every root-NUL path has >= k nodes, then tree includes (at the top) a perfectly balanced search tree of depth k-1.

=> Size n of the tree must Be at least $2^k - 1$



Tim Roughgarden

Height Guarantee (con'd)

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Story so far : size n \ge 2^k - 1 , where k = minimum # of nodes on root – NULL path => k \le log_2(n+1)
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Thus: in a red-black tree with n nodes, there is a root-NULL path with at most $\log_2(n+1)$ black nodes.

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By 4<sup>th</sup> Invariant: every root-NULL path has \leq \log_2(n+1) black nodes

By 3<sup>rd</sup> Invariant: every root-NULL path has \leq 2\log_2(n+1) total nodes.
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Which of the search tree operations have to be re-implemented so that the Red-Black invariants are maintained?

- Search
- O Delete
- Insert and Delete
- O None of the above