**SQL Queries**

1) Write a query for the HR department to produce the addresses of all the departments.

Use the LOCATIONS and COUNTRIES tables. Show the location ID, street address,

city, state or province, and country in the output. Run the query



ANS: **select distinct l.location\_id,street\_address,city,state\_province,country\_name from departments d join locations l join countries c on d.location\_id=L.LOCATION\_ID and l.country\_id=c.country\_id;**

2) The HR department needs a report of employees in Toronto. Display the last name, job,

department number, and department name for all employees who work in Toronto.



Ans: **select e.last\_name,e.job\_id,d.department\_id,d.department\_name from employees e join departments d using(department\_id)join locations l using(location\_id)where city="toronto";**

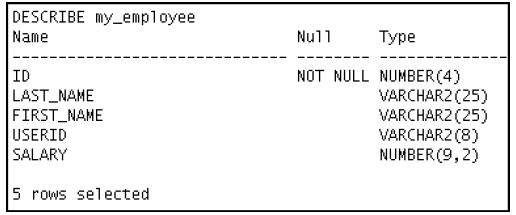
3) Create a report for HR that displays the last name and salary of every employee who reports to

King.



Ans: **select last\_name,salary from employees where manager\_id=(select employee\_id from employees where last\_name ="king");**

4) Create Table MY\_EMPLOYEE. Description is shown below:



Ans: **create table my\_employee (**

**id int(4),**

**last\_name varchar(25),**

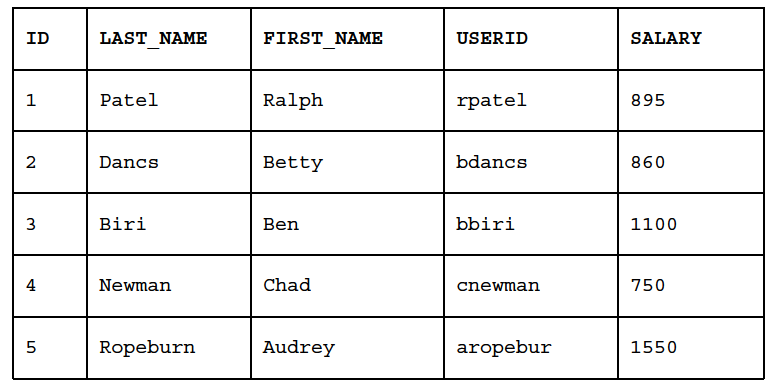
**first\_name varchar(25),**

**userid varchar(8),**

**salary decimal(9,2)**

**);**

5) Add the following data to the MY\_EMPLOYEE table



***Ans*: insert into my\_employee values(1,'patel','ralph','rpatel',895)**

**insert into my\_employee values(2,'dancs','betty','bdancs',860)**

**insert into my\_employee values(3,'biri','ben','bbiri',1100)**

**insert into my\_employee values(4,'newman','chad','cnewman',750)**

**insert into my\_employee values(5,'ropeburn','audrey','aropebur',1550);**

**select \* from my\_employee;**

6) Change the last name of employee 3 to Drexler.

Ans**: update my\_employee set last\_name="drexler"**

**where id=3;**

7) Change the salary to $1,000 for all employees who have a salary less than $900.

Ans**: update my\_employee set salary =1000 where salary <900;**

**Select \* from my employee;**

8) Delete Betty Dancs from the MY\_EMPLOYEE table.

Ans: **delete from my\_employee where first\_name=’betty’ and last\_name=’dancs’;**

9) Mark an intermediate point in the processing of the transaction.

Ans **: savepoint**

10) Delete all the rows from the MY\_EMPLOYEE table. Confirm that the table is empty.

Ans: **delete from my\_employee;**

**select\* from my\_employee;**

11) Discard the most recent DELETE operation.

ANS; **rollback to first**

12) Make the data addition permanent.

Ans: **commit;**

13) The staff in the HR department wants to hide some of the data in the EMPLOYEES table. Create

a view called EMPLOYEES\_VU based on the employee numbers, employee last names, and

department numbers from the EMPLOYEES table. The heading for the employee name should be

EMPLOYEE.

Confirm that the view works. Display the contents of the EMPLOYEES\_VU view.

Ans**: create view employees\_vu as(select employee\_id,last\_name,department\_id from employees);**

**Select \* from employees\_vu;**