

Roll No :	1505
Title of Program :	Lists In prolog
Objective :	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Write a program to manipulate list in prolog Finding Length of Lists 2. Write a program to manipulate list in prolog Concatenate Two Lists. 3. Write a program Breadth First Search using Prolog 4. Write a program To Design Depth First Search using Prolog

1. Finding Length of Lists

Source Code:

```
/* List manipulation */
/* Finding length of the list */

list_len([],0).
list_len(_|Tail,N):-list_len(Tail,N1),N is N1+1.

list_con([],L,L).
list_con([X1|L1],L2,[X1|L3]):-list_con(L1,L2,L3).
```

Output:

```
| ?- ['list_len.pl'].
compiling C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AIIML/1
C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AIIML/list_len.pl

yes
| ?- list_len([1,2,3,4],L) .

L = 4

yes
| ?- D
```

2. Concatenate Two Lists.

Source Code:

```
/* List manipulation */
/* Finding length of the list */

list_len([],0).
list_len(_|Tail,N):-list_len(Tail,N1),N is N1+1.

list_con([],L,L).
list_con([X1|L1],L2,[X1|L3]):-list_con(L1,L2,L3).
```

Output:

```
| ?- ['list_len.pl'].
compiling C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AIML/list_len.pl for byte code.
C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AIML/list_len.pl compiled, 8 lines read
yes
| ?- list_con([1,2,4],[5,7],Newlist).

Newlist = [1,2,4,5,7]
yes
```

3. Breadth First Search using Prolog

Source Code:

```
/* Breadth First Search Using Prolog */

/* Base Case */
search_bf([Goal|Rest],Goal):-
    goal(Goal),
    write('Goal Found: '),write(Goal),nl.

/* Recursive Case */
search_bf([Current|Rest],Goal):-
    children(Current,Children),
    append(Rest,Children,NewAgenda),
    search_bf(NewAgenda,Goal).

/* Define Graph */
children(a,[b,c]).
children(b,[d,e]).
children(c,[]).
children(d,[]).
children(e,[]).
goal(e).
```

Output:

```
| ?- ['search_bf.pl'].
compiling C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AI ML/search_bf.pl for byte code...
C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AI ML/search_bf.pl:4-6: warning: singleton variables [Res
C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AI ML/search_bf.pl compiled, 19 lines read - 1761 bytes w

yes
| ?- search_bf([a],Goal) .
Goal Found: e

Goal = e ?

yes
```

4. Depth First Search using Prolog

Source Code:

```
/* Define Graph */
children(a,[b,c]).
children(b,[d,e]).
children(c,[]).
children(d,[]).
children(e,[]).
goal(e).
goal(f).

/*Depth first Search*/
search_df(Start):-
    dfs([Start],Path),
    write('Goal Found: '),write(Path),nl.

/*Base Case */
dfs([Node|RestPath],[Node|RestPath]):-
    goal(Node).

/* Recursive Case */
dfs([Node|RestPath],FinalPath):-
    children(Node,Children),
    member(Child,Children),
```

```
\+ member(Child,[Node|RestPath]),  
dfs([Child,Node|RestPath],FinalPath).
```

Output:

```
| ?- ['search_df.pl'].  
compiling C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AI ML/search_df  
C:/Users/mcamock/Desktop/MCA_1505/AI ML/search_df.pl compile  
  
yes  
| ?- search_df(a) .  
Goal Found: [e,b,a]  
  
true ?  
  
yes  
| ?- |
```