

Implementation Statement

Bank of Baroda (1976) Pension and Life Assurance
Scheme

December 2020

1. Introduction

Under regulatory requirements, trustees are required to prepare and review an implementation statement outlining their approach dealing with certain specific matters with regards to their Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) principals outlined in their latest Statement of Investment Principles (SIP).

This Statement sets out the principles governing decisions about the ESG aspect of investment of the assets of the Bank of Baroda (1976) Pension and life Assurance Scheme (the Scheme). In preparing it, the Trustees obtained written reporting on these matters from Goddard Perry Consultants Limited as its investment consultants.

2. ESG Principles

Environmental, Social and Corporate Governance Policies

In endeavouring to invest in best financial interests of the beneficiaries, the Trustees have elected to invest through pooled funds. They acknowledge that they cannot directly influence the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") policies and practices of the companies in which the pooled funds invest. The Trustees also acknowledge that where pooled index fund vehicles are employed which track composite market indices it is not always possible to take ESG considerations into account due to the nature of the investment.

In Principle, the Trustees believe that ESG factors can have an impact on the performance of its investments and that the management of ESG risks and the exploitation of ESG opportunities, especially in relation to climate change, can add value to the portfolio. To that effect, the Trustees expects its fund managers, where appropriate, to have integrated ESG factors as part of their investment analysis and decision-making process.

Appropriate weight will be given to ESG factors in the appointment of fund managers.

The Trustees' views that the stewardship responsibilities attached to the ownership of shares is important but recognise that investment in pooled funds limits their ability to be fully involved. The Trustees expect their investment managers to report in detail on how they have exercised voting rights attached to shares (including across passive equity mandates). Managers are expected to be signatories to the FRC UK Stewardship Code.

Further information on the Trustees' policies can be found in the latest SIP dated September 2019.

In the Trustees' opinion, their policies, as recorded in the SIP, have been followed over the 12 -month period to 31 December 2020.

The following pages illustrate how the Trustees, through their fund managers, have followed their stewardship and engagement policies.

3. Investments Attitudes to ESG

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
LGIM	
Matching Plus 2035 Fixed Fund	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fund Manager Overview LGIM's ultimate goal is to protect and enhance the investment returns generated by their clients' assets whilst aiming to have a long standing commitment to raising corporate governance and sustainability standards to ultimately enhance the value of companies in which they invest.
Matching Plus 2050 Fixed Fund	<p>LGIM has publicly committed to the following three goals as part of their five-year strategic plan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Influencing the transition to a low-carbon economy • Making society more resilient with our financial solutions • Creating new investments for the future economy
Matching Plus 2045 Real Fund	<p>Further information on how they can receive these goals is publicly available on the parent company Legal & General Group plc's reporting on corporate responsibility.</p> <p>The funds invested with LGIM by Bank of Baroda do not have voting rights given the instruments in which they invest. Gilts and Index-Linked Gilts do not have a mechanism in the market for voting. Environmental and social issues are not applicable either.</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • References LGIM aims to implement best practice reporting to stakeholders including an: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Annual Active Ownership report

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
Blackrock	
<p>Blackrock Life Aquilla Emerging Markets Equity Fund</p> <p>Blackrock Ascent UK All Stocks Corporate Bond Fund Buy & Hold</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Fund Manager Overview BlackRock claim responsible investment is an area they take extremely seriously. They believe responsibly managed companies are better placed to achieve sustainable competitive advantage and provide strong long-term growth. They believe that companies and their boards should be accountable to shareholders and structured with appropriate checks and balances. <p>Blackrock vote on principles that cover seven key themes, these are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Boards and directors ○ Auditors and audit-related issues ○ Capital structure, mergers, asset sales ○ Compensation and benefits ○ Environmental and social issues ○ General corporate governance matters and shareholder protections ○ Shareholder proposals

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Active Ownership across all eligible Blackrock funds (1 year to 31 December 2020) Blackrock over the period for the Aquilla Connect Emerging Markets Equity Fund: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● were eligible to vote on 22,849 proposals ● voted on 22,174 proposals on the behalf their clients ● voted with the management 20,252 (88.63%) times, against the management 1,922 (8.41%) and abstained on 678 (2.97%) of votes. <p>Some examples include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● AECC Aviation Power Co. Ltd – SGM – 24 February 2020 Blackrock voted against the company 26 times during a restructuring voting as they did not believe the proposals were “not in shareholders’ best interests” ● Agile Group Holdings Ltd – AGM – 11 May 2020 Blackrock voted against the election of two Directors as they did not believe these directors would be able to offer sufficient oversight on this board. ● Southern Copper Corporation – AGM – 24 Jul 2020 Supported the vote against director for insufficient progress with respect to climate-related reporting. ● References More information on Blackrock ESG policies and principles can be found in their document called “Blackrock Investment Stewardship Global Principles.” <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ https://www.blackrock.com/corporate/literature/fact-sheet/blk-responsible-investment-engprinciples-global.pdf ○ BlackRock-responsible-investment-engprinciples-global.pdf ○ BlackRock-2021-stewardship-expectations (1).pdf

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
Aberdeen Standard	
GARS Fund	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fund Manager Overview Aberdeen Standard Investments (ASI) believe environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations have been an integral part of their decision-making process for almost 30 years. At Aberdeen Standard they state their vision is to make a difference for their clients, society and the wider world. It is about aiming to achieve their clients' goals whilst doing the right thing. They centre their approach to responsible investing on the following principles. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Their investment process: they integrate and appraise environmental, social and governance factors in their investment process, with the aim of generating the best long-term outcomes for clients. 2. Their investment activity: they actively take steps as active owners to deliver long-term, sustainable value consistent with their clients' objectives. 3. Their client journey: they clearly define how they act in clients' interests in delivering stewardship and ESG (environmental, social and governance) principles. They transparently report on actions to meet those interests. 4. Their corporate influence: they actively advance policy, regulation and industry standards as they seek to deliver a better future for clients, the environment and society. Client feedback helps to shape their views and approach. • ESG Integration ESG considerations are central to the way Aberdeen Standard invest. They believe ESG factors are financially material and can meaningfully affect an asset's performance. An asset's ability to sustainably generate returns for investors depends on the management of its impact on the environment, its consideration of the interests of society and stakeholders, and on the way in which it is governed. They believe that a thorough understanding of ESG factors allows them to make better investment decisions, leading to better outcomes for their clients. This begins with rigorous research. They undertake thorough due diligence before investing, considering material ESG risks and opportunities alongside other financial metrics. They seek to understand whether such risks are being adequately managed, and whether the market has understood and priced them accordingly. ESG is integrated through: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation – Taking into account investor preferences and excluding companies with controversial exposures. • Asset Allocation – Asset allocation decisions and ESG are closely linked, as changes associated with ESG issues shape the way they allocate capital.

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk Management- Scenario analysis also allows us to work with clients on risk-mitigation strategies. • Stewardship – Being committed to always acting in the best interests of clients. They believe in active, constructive engagement. For both active and passive strategies, they vote all shares globally wherever they have voting authority. <p>Aberdeen Standard has an approach to climate-change which is built around six areas of focus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research and Data – Provide high-quality climate change insights and thematic research across asset classes and regions. • Investment Integration - Understand the potential financial impacts of climate-change risks and opportunities across regions and sectors, integrate these into investment decisions and understand the implications to their portfolios. • Client Solutions - Understand client needs in relation to climate change and low-carbon product demand. • Investee Engagement & Voting - Better understand investee exposure and management of climate change risks and opportunities. • Collaboration & Influence - Collaborate with climate-change-related industry associations and participate in relevant initiatives. • Disclosure - Disclose climate-change-related data using the TCFD reporting framework across the four pillars: governance, strategy, risk management, metrics & targets. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active Ownership Aberdeen Standard GARS Fund (to 31 December 2020) As shareholders, Aberdeen Standard votes in a considered manner and work with companies to drive positive change. They also engage with policymakers on ESG and stewardship matters. ASI maintain close contact with the companies in which they invest, generally meeting representatives of investee companies at least once a year. They recognise the importance of effective communication and value having a focused dialogue with directors and senior executives about issues such as corporate strategy and performance, risk management, corporate governance and relations with stakeholders. Their activities include a regular engagement programme to discuss a range of relevant ESG issues, such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • board balance and composition • remuneration policies • audit and risk issues • environmental and social issues. ASI takes part in voting issues across the globe for all investments where they have voting rights. The exceptions are when they are otherwise instructed by the beneficial owner or where, for practical reasons such as share-blocking, this is not appropriate.

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
	<p>Over Quarter 4 2020, Aberdeen Standard was eligible to vote at 1,164 meetings and on 8,285 resolutions. Aberdeen Standard voted 86.1% in line with management recommendations, 11% against management recommendations and abstained 1.7%.</p> <p>A case study by Aberdeen Standard looks at Johnson and Johnson. A shareholder proposal for the upcoming AGM was a request that J&J enhance its disclosure around steps the board is taking to mitigate risks related to the manufacture and marketing of opioid- related products. (128 people die every day in the US after overdosing on opioids.) Following engagement and taking into account efforts being made by the board, Aberdeen Standard felt comfortable voting against the proposal, with the caveat that J&J continues to expand on its current disclosures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● References <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Aberdeen Standard Brochure ESG Q4 2020 ○ ASI Listed Company Stewardship Guidelines ○ Responsible Investing page on the Aberdeen Standard website

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
NinetyOne	
Diversified Growth Fund	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fund Manager Overview The Ninety One Multi-Asset team believes that sustainability is aligned with successful long-term investing: companies and countries that respond successfully to the global sustainability challenges will outperform over time. They have been integrating active stewardship and environmental, social and governance (ESG) research into their multi-asset investment processes across all asset classes for many years. Increasingly though, they realise that more needs to be done. The headwinds are mounting for companies and countries with material negative environmental and social footprints. There is growing recognition that, collectively, asset owners and managers have a responsibility to redirect the flow of capital towards sustainable investments with the potential for positive impact. They believe that there is also a financial incentive to invest sustainably: in a world where global real yields are now negative, the opportunity to access untapped growth enriches the potential for attractive long-term risk-adjusted returns. Their global engagement policy is driven by a clear purpose to preserve and grow the real value of the assets entrusted to them by their clients over the long term. As a business, they are active (not passive or activist) investors. They believe that effective boards and management that are aligned with their long-term objectives should be supported. There are four pillars to their assessment of governance: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Capital allocation 2. Culture 3. Incentivisation 4. Management and the Board • ESG Integration In relation to exposure to climate risk, the lower carbon footprint of the Diversified Growth portfolio versus the MSCI ACWI comparator can be explained by a combination of sector and stock selection. For example, at September 2020, the energy sector represents a 24% contribution to the MSCI ACWI's carbon footprint whereas it represented a c.4% contribution to the Diversified Growth portfolio carbon footprint. The portfolio had a meaningfully lower allocation to the energy sector compared to the MSCI ACWI. In Ninety One's view, ESG ratings should not be used to make investment decisions and instead, the underlying research should be used to inform and prioritise fundamental research. Scores and data are just the beginning, offering an efficient means by which they can identify potential issues. They remain conscious that dispersion in data quality will continue to be a challenge and cannot be relied upon on a standalone basis. The first question they ask is whether the drivers and scores are a fair representation of the analysts' own understanding of the company.

Fund Manager/Fund	ESG Description
	<p>Ninety One's analysts make their own judgement on materiality informed by MSCI data, but primarily founded upon their understanding of each company's business model and its drivers of returns.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Active Ownership – Ninety One Diversified Growth Fund (1 year to 31 December 2020) Over the period Ninety One were eligible to vote at 150 shareholder meetings. They participated in 1,794 resolutions. At 33% of the meetings, they cast a dissenting vote (i.e., against, abstained or withheld) on one or more resolutions. On a resolution -by-resolution basis 93.5% of their votes were on recommendation of management and the remaining 6.5% of votes cast were against. <p>A case study by Ninety One looks at engagement with JP Morgan Chase & Co. The resolution wanted a professional report on Climate change, Ninety One felt that the Shareholders would benefit from additional information on the company's plans regarding aligning its GHG emissions with the Paris Agreement climate goals.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● References <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Diversified Growth Strategy – Environmental, social and governance review. Executive Summary. December 2020 ○ Annual Stewardship Report 01.01.20 to 31.12.20 ○ Engagement and Voting Highlights