

Optimal Chinese Restaurant locations in Toronto

Charlse Jiang

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1. Introduction

In this project, we will try to find an optimal location for a restaurant. Specifically, this report will be targeted to stakeholders interested in opening an Chinese restaurant in the city of Toronto, Canada.

In order to achieve our goal, we will try to detect locations with low density of restaurants. Besides, locations with less or even no Chinese restaurants will seem to be great choices. Finally, population of a district will also have a great impact on restaurants operating.

We will use our data science skills to get and analyze restaurants and neighborhoods data in Toronto and finally get some advices on choosing the optimal location.

2. Data

2.1 Data source

Our data mainly come from Toronto Open Data Portal.

In our analysis, we mainly get use of Boundaries of Toronto Neighborhoods from <https://open.toronto.ca/dataset/neighbourhoods/>, which we can get a districts distribution of every neighborhood in Toronto and their coordinates information

And another data we used is Toronto Neighborhood Profiles from <https://open.toronto.ca/dataset/neighbourhood-profiles/>, which we can get population information of every neighborhood.

2.2 Data wrangling

First we get a straight view of Toronto neighborhoods from Toronto Open Data Portal, and we only seize those we need for analyzing:

	AREA_NAME	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	Shape_Area
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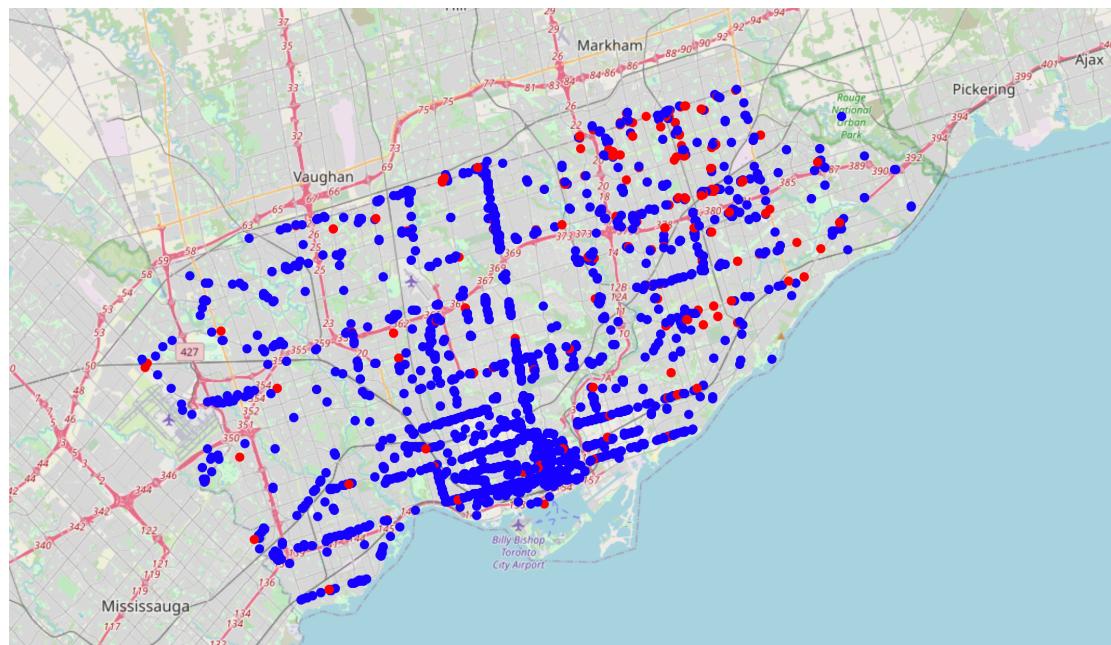
AREA_SHORT_CODE

94	Wychwood (94)	43.676919	-79.425515	3.217960e+06
100	Yonge-Eglinton (100)	43.704689	-79.403590	3.160334e+06
97	Yonge-St.Clair (97)	43.687859	-79.397871	2.222464e+06
27	York University Heights (27)	43.765736	-79.488883	2.541821e+07
31	Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	43.714672	-79.457108	1.156669e+07

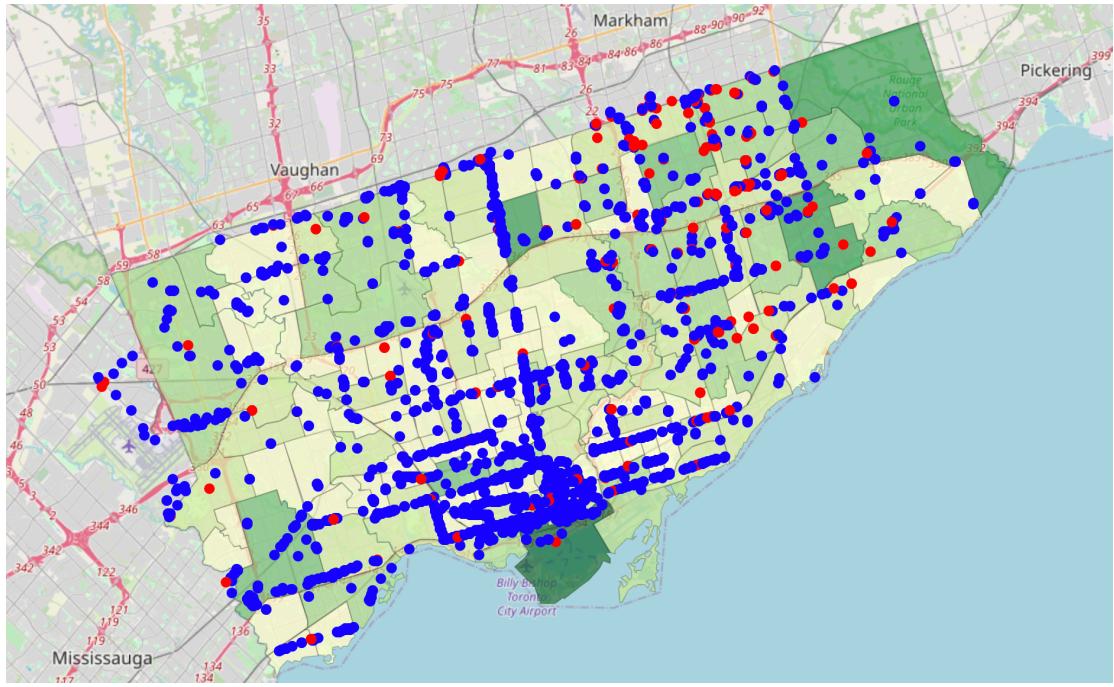
And then we rename the dataframe and create a radius column for exploring neighborhood with:

	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius
Neighborhood_id					
94	Wychwood (94)	43.676919	-79.425515	3.217960e+06	1012.081201
100	Yonge-Eglinton (100)	43.704689	-79.403590	3.160334e+06	1002.978341
97	Yonge-St.Clair (97)	43.687859	-79.397871	2.222464e+06	841.089976
27	York University Heights (27)	43.765736	-79.488883	2.541821e+07	2844.445038
31	Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	43.714672	-79.457108	1.156669e+07	1918.799364

After that, we utilize Foursquare api to explore restaurant venues near every neighborhood:



Finally, we add population of every neighborhood into our dataframe and draw a choropleth map to mark every restaurant venues:



3. Methodology

We will use KMeans Clustering algorithm to get our final results.

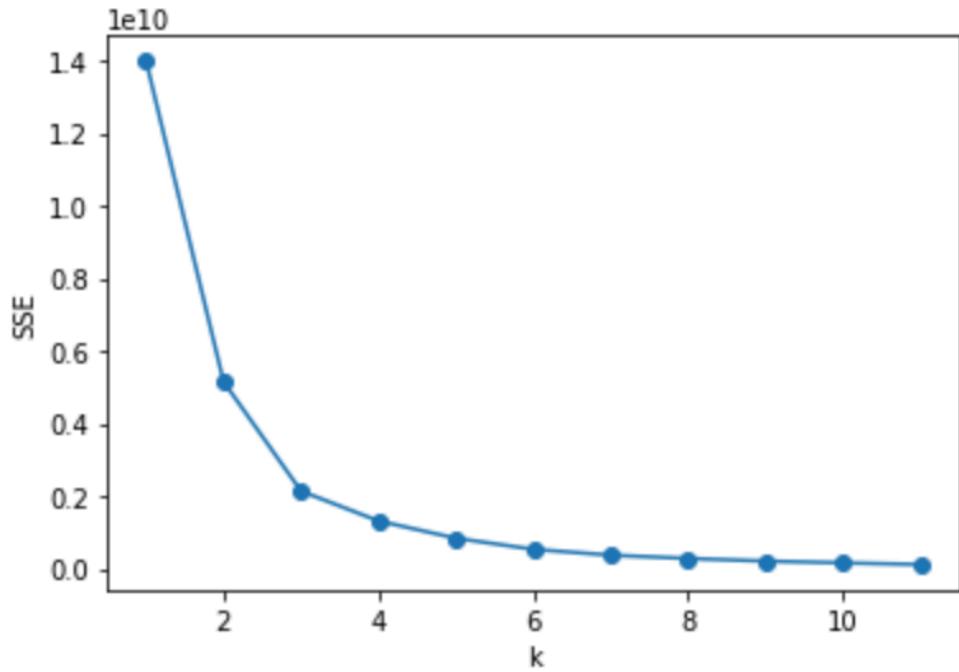
First, let's merge our neighborhoods data and restaurants data together.

Neighborhood_id	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius	Population	Restaurants	Chinese Restaurants
94	Wychwood (94)	43.676919	-79.425515	3.22	1.01	14349	43	2
100	Yonge-Eglinton (100)	43.704689	-79.403590	3.16	1.00	11817	63	1
97	Yonge-St.Clair (97)	43.687859	-79.397871	2.22	0.84	12528	31	2
27	York University Heights (27)	43.765736	-79.488883	25.42	2.84	27593	58	5
31	Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	43.714672	-79.457108	11.57	1.92	14804	51	2

And then we will build two columns by dividing restaurant counts by area to get density of restaurants of every neighborhood.

Neighborhood_id	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius	Population	Restaurants	Chinese Restaurants	Restaurants/km2	Chinese Restaurants/km2
94	Wychwood (94)	43.676919	-79.425515	3.22	1.01	14349	43	2	13.354037	0.621118
100	Yonge-Eglinton (100)	43.704689	-79.403590	3.16	1.00	11817	63	1	19.936709	0.316456
97	Yonge-St.Clair (97)	43.687859	-79.397871	2.22	0.84	12528	31	2	13.963964	0.900901
27	York University Heights (27)	43.765736	-79.488883	25.42	2.84	27593	58	5	2.281668	0.196696
31	Yorkdale-Glen Park (31)	43.714672	-79.457108	11.57	1.92	14804	51	2	4.407952	0.172861

After that, we can fit our model now. And let's first choose a proper k value.



From the figure above we can see that when $k = 3$ we get an elbow, so we will fit a 3 means clustering models.

Let's see descriptive information of different clusters:

Cluster 0:

	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius	Population	Restaurants	Chinese Restaurants	Restaurants/km2	Chinese Restaurants/km2	labels
count	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.000000	85.0
mean	43.700922	-79.411510	5.766118	1.296471	13257.352941	20.529412	1.329412	5.293562	0.277900	0.0
std	0.045213	0.099258	3.586378	0.395621	3137.136079	17.187058	2.072428	5.976644	0.389955	0.0
min	43.592362	-79.580445	0.810000	0.510000	6577.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.202224	0.000000	0.0
25%	43.670886	-79.485589	3.200000	1.010000	10732.000000	7.000000	0.000000	1.336898	0.000000	0.0
50%	43.694526	-79.415342	4.750000	1.230000	13362.000000	16.000000	1.000000	2.947368	0.161031	0.0
75%	43.728489	-79.351260	7.850000	1.580000	15873.000000	28.000000	2.000000	6.885246	0.358423	0.0
max	43.802988	-79.150843	16.940000	2.320000	18675.000000	64.000000	15.000000	23.706897	1.970443	0.0

Cluster 1:

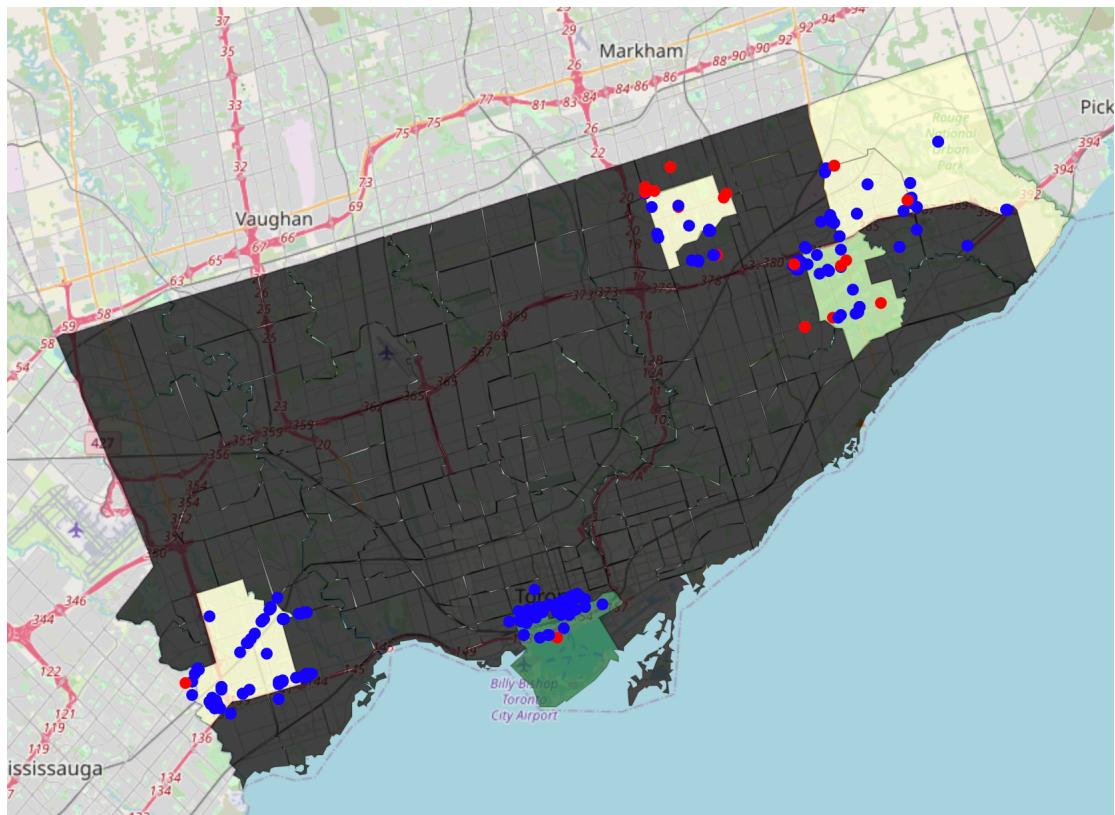
	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius	Population	Restaurants	Chinese Restaurants	Restaurants/km2	Chinese Restaurants/km2	labels
count	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.000000	7.0
mean	43.746466	-79.324790	27.562857	2.815714	49725.714286	39.714286	3.714286	2.160997	0.219281	1.0
std	0.079289	0.126082	20.971600	0.990603	8044.959575	19.206894	3.093773	1.880402	0.227235	0.0
min	43.633463	-79.543317	9.710000	1.760000	43794.000000	19.000000	1.000000	0.263377	0.027724	1.0
25%	43.700310	-79.389343	15.385000	2.210000	43979.000000	22.500000	1.500000	1.377337	0.035622	1.0
50%	43.770602	-79.314084	23.660000	2.740000	46496.000000	36.000000	3.000000	1.746725	0.176160	1.0
75%	43.799687	-79.225551	28.330000	3.000000	51959.500000	58.000000	5.000000	2.091503	0.302409	1.0
max	43.821201	-79.186343	72.140000	4.790000	65913.000000	62.000000	9.000000	6.179197	0.655022	1.0

Cluster 2:

	Latitude	Longitude	Area	Radius	Population	Restaurants	Chinese Restaurants	Restaurants/km2	Chinese Restaurants/km2	labels
count	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.000000	48.0
mean	43.717376	-79.391126	11.418542	1.803958	26179.500000	37.020833	4.187500	4.989689	0.409700	2.0
std	0.054042	0.099979	9.039544	0.621117	4446.639022	21.163487	6.289661	5.630044	0.512000	0.0
min	43.615924	-79.596356	2.570000	0.900000	20506.000000	4.000000	0.000000	0.378788	0.000000	2.0
25%	43.671452	-79.466695	6.187500	1.400000	22160.500000	17.250000	1.000000	1.736254	0.086862	2.0
50%	43.716055	-79.382695	9.695000	1.760000	25424.000000	39.000000	2.000000	3.578019	0.217467	2.0
75%	43.761497	-79.302089	14.202500	2.122500	29249.250000	54.250000	5.000000	5.222148	0.509082	2.0
max	43.820691	-79.176676	57.750000	4.290000	36625.000000	76.000000	31.000000	25.287356	2.622577	2.0

Now with a descriptive information of our clusters above, we can obviously find that data in cluster 2 have lowest average density of both restaurants and chinese restaurants, and still a high level of average population, which perfectly meet our demands

Finally let's show our final data on a choroleph map.



4. Results and Discussion

We have analyze all 140 neighborhoods in the city of Toronto with venues around them, specially focusing on restaurants and chinese restaurants. we use KMeans Clustering algorithm to determine which neighborhoods have lowest density of both restaurants and chinese restaurants and also a higher level of population. And finally we've got a cluster of 7 neighborhoods which meet our demands. Within those 7 neighborhoods we find there being a outlier so we dropped it and finally we got 6 neighborhoods which can be optimal locations for opening a new restaurants.

Yet this doesn't mean that these 6 neighborhoods are definately most ideal location for a new restaurant to open because we just focus on 3 main elements we thought to be critical.

Therefore, there could be some other neighborhoods can also be a proper location for a new restaurant.

Besides, in this project radius we used to explore a neighborhood is somehow not that adequate so it may lead to some biases.

5. Conclusion

Purpose of this project was to identify Toronto neighborhoods with low number of restaurants (particularly Chinese restaurants) and high population in order to aid stakeholders in narrowing down the search for optimal location for a new Chinese restaurant. By exploring restaurant venues distribution of every neighborhood of Toronto, we use KMeans Clustering algorithm to find out neighborhoods with lowest average density of restaurants (and Chinese restaurants) and also population in that neighborhood, and finally get 6 optimal locations for opening a new chinese restaurant.

Final decision on optimal restaurant location will be made by stakeholders based on specific characteristics of neighborhoods, taking into consideration additional factors like attractiveness of each location (proximity to park or water), levels of noise / proximity to major roads, real estate availability, prices, social and economic dynamics of every neighborhood etc.