I. Introduction

Java Essential Dynamics (JED) is a set of java programs for analyzing protein trajectories. The trajectories may be derived from MD, FIRST/FRODA, or any other dynamic simulations that output a trajectory as a set of PDB files. The program can handle single chain PDB files with no chain identifier as well as multi chain PDB files that use chain IDs. The user may specify the set of residues to be considered for the analysis, and this set need not be continuous. As a <u>pre-processing step</u>, JED reads in all PDB files in a specified directory and aligns all the structures in the trajectory to a specified reference structure using a quaternion alignment algorithm. A matrix of the read **PDB coordinates** obtained from all the residues in the PDB files is created that can be used for all additional JED runs. Additionally, a **list of all the residues** found in the PDB files (along with the chain IDs when appropriate) is generated. The original and transformed **conformation rmsd** is determined for each trajectory structure using a specified reference structure and the **residue rmsd** (**RMSF**) is determined from the entire trajectory. An **edited PDB file** is generated in which the B-factors have been replaced with the residue rmsd values for visualization purposes.

The core element of essential dynamics is performing principle component analysis (PCA) and JED implements two variations of PCA. The first and most common method is a Cartesian coordinate based analysis (cPCA) using the selected set of alpha carbons. The second method is an internal coordinate based analysis using the distances (dPCA) between each alpha carbon and all the others in the protein. This is a computationally expensive algorithm and the interpretation is difficult for sets of residues greater than 10 (note that dPCA on a ten residue subset will yield eigenvectors having n*(n-1)/2 = 45 components, each corresponding to one set of inter-residue distances). The user can specify the number of top Cartesian and top Distance modes to be determined, as well as the number of Cartesian modes to visualize. Mode visualization is done by creating a set of 20 PDB files that capture the displacement of the alpha carbons for the given mode. A scale-factor parameter is adjustable to control the amount of displacement in the modes. A Pymol® script is generated to animate the frames.

The two variants of PCA are implemented using both the covariance matrix (**Q**) and the correlation matrix (**R**), as these two methods yield somewhat different results due to the inherent statistical biases in each approach. JED handles the removal of outliers prior to the PCA analyses with two approaches. First, the user can specify the **percent** of the structures to be removed based on the conformation rmsd. Thus, the most deviant or under-sampled structures can be removed prior to the PCA analysis. Second, the user can specify a **z-score cutoff** such that any coordinate value that exceeds the |cutoff| is replaced with the mean for that coordinate. This type of conditioning has the effect of greatly reducing the condition numbers of Q and R. Both approaches are optional and can be turned off by setting the associated parameters to zero. JED computes the **PCA modes** (RMSD and MSD, with and without weight by the corresponding eigenvalue) from the Cartesian eigenvectors so that they may be mapped to the residue set. As noted above, sets of structures can be generated to visually inspect the cPCA modes. Eigenvectors from the distance PCA cannot be mapped to the residue set in any simple way, so no mapping or visualization is attempted.

A set of **displacement vectors** (DV) is calculated using a specified reference structure and then those DVs are projected onto a set of eigenvectors creating the delta vector projections (DVPs), also known as the principle components (**PCs**), which allow the user to investigate how the trajectory projects into the space defined by each eigenvector. The **PCs** are given using un-normalized and normalized inner products, as well as weighted by the corresponding eigenvalue.

JED performs a simple subspace analysis (**SSA**) on the two equidimensional sets of eigenvectors generated from the Q and R variants of PCA. This allows one to quantitatively determine how different the PCA results are due only to the choice of PCA model. A comparison is also made to a random set of eigenvectors derived from the same vector space. This allows the user to establish a baseline for statistically valid subspace comparisons. Additional analysis can be done using the Subspace Analysis classes or the associated driver programs. To perform these kinds of tests, one first needs to generate sets of eigenvectors from each trajectory of interest as well as from the pooled trajectories to use as a reference set. Subspace analysis is done by comparing the sets of eigenvectors and determining the **RMSIP**, Principal Angles (**PAs**), cumulative overlap (**CO**), cosine products (**CP**), vectorial angular sum (**VAS**), and the maximum angle between subspaces of the given vector space.

(In this tutorial, code, file paths, and text file content are shown in dark blue 9 point Consolas)

II. Understanding the Program

JED is a Java based set of programs and as such can run on any platform with a suitable Java Runtime Environment (JRE).

The program can be run from compiled source or from the provided executable jar files. It is critical that the environment variable Java **CLASSPATH** be correctly set. Alternatively, you can always specify the complete absolute path for files and and/or add the -cp option to the java command.

There are two driver programs for JED: One (**JED_Driver**) runs a single job using parameters specified in the input file, and the other (**JED_Batch_Driver**) runs a batch of jobs <u>sequentially</u>. The first is suited for running a single job at the command line or when using submit scripts on computer cluster resources. This can be implemented using job arrays so that your jobs run in parallel rather than sequentially. The second is suited for running multiple jobs on a single computer while maximizing available compute resources.

Since JED requires an <u>input file</u> for job parameters, the run command takes one argument: the path to the input file. If no argument is specified, then JED assumes that the default input file named is used and the file is located in the same directory from which the JVM was called. The default input file names are:

```
JED_Driver.txt for JED_Driver.java (or jar file)
JED_Batch_Driver.txt for JED_Batch_Driver.java (or jar file)
```

To run JED_Driver at a command prompt or in a PBS script, you can use one of the following commands:

```
Java -d 64 JED_Driver "/path/to/your/input/file.txt" (runs the compiled java program)
Java -jar -d 64 JED_Driver.jar "/path/to/your/input/file.txt" (runs the executable jar file)
```

To run **JED_Batch_Driver** at a command prompt or in a PBS script, you can use one of the following commands:

```
Java -d 64 JED_Batch_Driver "/path/to/your/input/file.txt")
Java -jar -d 64 JED_Batch_Driver.jar "/path/to/your/input/file.txt"
```

<u>Note</u>: Most computer clusters have a 64 bit JRE installed. Be sure to request adequate memory resources as JED computes the complete covariance matrix and holds it in memory. Additionally, matrix diagonalization scales as (O₃) so depending on the size of your protein, you may need 12-36GB. For <u>very large</u> jobs (thousands of residues and tens of thousands of frames), it is advisable to use a large memory node (1TB).

Each job should be assigned to its own directory, which should contain either the PDB files to read or the coordinate file to process, along with the reference PDB file and residue lists for specifying the Cartesian and Distance subsets.

Output files are written to <u>sub-directories</u> of the working directory, structured to organize the multitude of files produced in a meaningful manner. The top level of this directory tree is named "JED_Results_\$description", where \$description is a user set parameter that succinctly describes the job. Limbs of the tree separate cPCA, dPCA, and mode visualization analyses (VIZ), when present. Each of these in turn contains limbs for Q and R compartmentalization. Most of the output file names include the **number of residues** in the selected subset for reference plus a description of the file contents.

Limitations: The PDB files are initially read to obtain the x, y, and z coordinates of the alpha carbon positions and create a matrix of these coordinates for essential dynamic analysis. Each PDB file must have the exact same number of residues to be processed by JED. JED can handle a PDB file that does not begin with residue number one by using the chain_offset (difference from 1) to map the residues in the residue list to the coordinate matrix. However, JED assumes that the PDB file is not missing any residues and starts with a positive residue number. Moreover, JED can NOT process occupancy values. If an MD simulation outputs PDB files with multiple coordinate positions and occupancy values, these CAN NOT BE USED for JED. Finally, some thought should be given to the naming of the PDB files as this effects how the files are sorted, which determines the order of the frames in the coordinate matrix. Failure to pad a numbered

list of files with sufficient leading zeros will lead to orderings such as 1,10,100,1000 rather than 1,2,3,4. It is therefore strongly suggested to ensure proper naming to avoid these situations.

III. Running the Program

IN ALL CASES, A preliminary run with NO PCA <u>must</u> be performed to generate the JED formatted coordinate matrix file for all the alpha carbons in the PDB files. This makes multiple subset analyses much more efficient as the program only needs to read in the PDB files once. It also serves to guarantee that the specified residues for subset selection are correctly chosen. After this step, the PDB files can either be deleted or archived, with the exception of the reference PDB file. Once the coordinate matrix is created, it can be used for all future analyses using different residue subsets and different job parameters.

The name of the coordinate file matrix produced from the PDB files is: "original_PDB_coordinates.txt" The matrix packing is as follows:

Rows are coordinate variables and columns are frames.

For N residues, there are 3N rows: N x-coordinates, N y-coordinates, and N-z coordinates, stacked in that order.

The file to use in all subsequent JED analyses is the original_PDB_coordinates matrix.

<u>Note</u>: The most critical step in preparing to run JED is in the creation of the input file. The input file must have the correct format (shown in examples below) and the entries must be accurate. If either of these conditions is violated, the program will crash, or worse, the results will be corrupt.

Notice!

If ANY directory cannot be found or ANY file cannot be stat, the program crashes.

If there is any problem with any input, the program crashes.

It was coded to do exactly this, so as to prevent garbage results.

IV. USING JED DRIVER:

A. The Preliminary Run

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED_Driver.jar "/path/JED_Driver.txt"
```

The PDB files (including the PDB reference file) <u>must</u> be in the working directory. JED_Driver.txt <u>may</u> be in the working directory.

This pre-processing step will read all PDB files in the working directory, but will perform NO PCA. The purpose of this is to generate the matrix of coordinates for performing subset analyses efficiently.

ii. Standard NO-PCA Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

JED_Log.txt

PDB READ LOG listing all the PDB files read, in the order they were read:

PDB_READ_Log.txt

coordinates matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the PDB files:

original_PDB_coordinates.txt

transformed coordinates matrix, which aligns all the frames to the reference frame:

ss_\$num_res_transformed_PDB_coordinates.txt

list of all residues found in the PDB files for subsequent editing and use:

All_PDB_Residues_JED.txt

All_PDB_Residues_Multi_JED.txt (for Multi runs)

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

ss_\$num_res_original_conformation_rmsds.txt
ss_\$num_res_conformation_rmsds.txt

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

ss_\$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt

edited PDB file containing all the residues with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

ss_\$num_res_edidited.PDB

coordinates Z-Score matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the PDB files:

ss_\$num_res_coordinate_Z_scores.txt

percent of the frames to remove based on conformation RMSD (OPTIONAL)

z-cutoff for adjusting coordinate outliers to their mean values (OPTIONAL)

If these parameters are set to a value other than zero, additional output files are generated with the results.

However, the appropriate time to handle outliers is during runs that actually perform PCA and it is recommended that for pre-processing runs, these be set to zero.

iii. Below is a sample input file for Single Chain PDB files:

```
0.00
0.00
1 0
0 0 0
/working/directory/job/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
```

Notes: This is a tab (space) separated file. There must be NO LEADING blank lines or spaces (no trailing too).

```
Line 1 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow NONE
```

Line 2 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 → NO ADJUSTMENT

Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes

Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 4 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 4 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one

Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one

Warning:

Both number of modes Cartesian <u>and</u> number of modes Distance MUST be set to ZERO. This tells JED to perform the NO-PCA analysis.

The Read flag MUST be set to ONE and the MULTI flag MUST be set to ZERO.

All PDB files MUST have the same number of residues. The matrix of alpha carbon coordinates is determined from the first PDB file read. If other files in the working directory do not match <u>exactly</u>, then the array sizes will not match and the program will crash. IF JED crashes during the reading of PDBs, this is probably the reason.

In subsequent analyses, it is <u>critical</u> that no residues are requested that do not actually exist in the PDB files! JED maps the specified residue list to an internal list that is aligned to the columns of the coordinates matrix.

The file to use in all subsequent JED analyses is the original_PDB_coordinates matrix.

This matrix contains all the residues in the PDB files and thus can be used for any subset of those residues. When a subset is chosen, a new correspondence set is generated and a new transformation is done to optimize the alignment of the structures. This removes overall translation and rotation.

iv. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
0.00
0.00
      1 2 A B 795 151 0
       0 0
/working/directory/job/
Description reference PDB file.pdb
Notes: This is a space delineated file. There must be NO LEADING blank lines or spaces (no trailing too).
Line 1 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow NONE
Line 2 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 →NO ADJUSTMENT
Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow1 = yes
Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 3 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 3 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 3 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 3 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 3 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 3 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 3 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow0 = none
Line 4 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow0 = none
```

Both number of modes Cartesian <u>and</u> number of modes Distance MUST be set to ZERO. This tells JED to perform the NO-PCA analysis.

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none

The Read flag MUST be set to ONE and the MULTI flag MUST be set to ONE.

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job **description** (String) for job one Line 6 Token 2 specifies the **reference PDB** (String) for job one

All PDB files MUST have the same number of residues. The matrix of alpha carbon coordinates is determined from the first PDB file read. If other files in the working directory do not match <u>exactly</u>, then the array sizes will not match and the program will crash. IF JED crashes during the reading of PDBs, this is probably the reason.

Additionally, Multi Chain PDBs MUST have unique chain identifiers for every chain present in the file. A missing chain identifier will cause JED to crash.

In subsequent analyses, it is <u>critical</u> that no residues are requested that do not actually exist in the PDB files! JED maps the specified residue list to an internal list that is aligned to the columns of the coordinates matrix.

The file to use in all subsequent JED analyses is the original PDB coordinates matrix.

This matrix contains all the residues in the PDB files and thus can be used for any subset of those residues. When a subset is chosen, a new correspondence set is generated and a new transformation is done to optimize the alignment of the structures. This removes overall translation and rotation.

B. Debugging Crashes Part I:

Things that will generally make your life miserable...

i. Dumb mistakes:

Does the directory exist? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the path to the input file exist? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the input file exist in the proper location? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the input-file start on the first line? If not, → CRASH!!!

The directory contains PDB files of different sizes → CRASH!!!

The directory does not contain the reference PDB file → CRASH!!!

Is that integer really an integer or is it a float or a string? → CRASH!!!

Does the directory string end in "/" or "\\"?: If not → CRASH!!!

Are the 0 and 1 flags set correctly? If not → CRASH!!!

ii. More subtle mistakes:

The directory contains PDB files with 2 chains, but no chain IDs → Non-sense results!

If the PDB file names are sorted in a different order than how they were generated, then the conformation RMSD results will not reflect what actually occurred in the simulation. This can be prevented by naming the PDB files appropriately, specifically, padding the numbers with sufficient leading zeros to ensure proper sorting. Note that this is not just a Java thing, it is a Unix thing too.

If the conformation RMSD is very different from what you expect, then you may be using PDB files that contain occupancy information. JED does not use that information. Your results will not be accurate.

If you have pooled data, make sure the combined matrix is accurate.

C. Performing Cartesian PCA

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED Driver.jar "/path/JED Driver.txt"
```

The working directory must contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and the residue list. It may also contain JED_Driver.txt

The purpose of this type of run is to perform Essential Dynamics using cPCA based on Q and R.

The user specifies the subset of interest for the analysis, which may be the entire protein or a small, non-contiguous selection of residues, by providing a residue list file. This task is simplified since JED has already created a list of all the residues in the protein. The user must simply edit this file. The cPCA results are written to the sub-directory "cPCA" and the Visualizations of the top modes (when selected) are written to the subdirectory "viz". The directory cPCA has sub directories for the Q and R analysis, as does the viz directory.

ii. Standard Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

```
JED_Log.txt
```

subset transformed coordinates matrix:

```
ss $num res transformed PDB coordinates.txt
```

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

```
ss_$num_res_original_conformation_rmsds.txt
```

ss \$num res conformation rmsds.txt

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

```
ss_$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt
```

subset edited PDB file with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

```
ss_$num_res_edidited.PDB
```

subset coordinates Z-Score matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_coordinate_Z_scores.txt
```

list of frames removed, based on the percent parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ Removed_Conformation_Outliers.txt
```

trimmed transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss $num res trimmed $percent percent PDB coordinates COLS.txt
```

list of coordinate variables adjusted, based on the **z-cutoff** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ adjustments_per_variable.txt
```

adjusted transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss_$Z_threshold_$z-cutoff_adjusted_PDB_coordinates_ROWS.txt
```

iii. Standard cPCA Output Files:

These are written to the **/cPCA subdirectory** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED Results Description/cPCA/

centroids (means) of the variables:

ss \$num res centroids of variables.txt

standard deviations of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_std_devs_of_centered_variables.txt

displacement vectors:

ss \$num res delta vectors.txt

The COV output files are written to the /COV subdirectory of /cPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/COV/

The CORR output files are written to the /CORR subdirectory of /cPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/CORR/

covariance matrix:

ss \$num res COV matrix.txt

eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_cart_modes_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvectors:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_cart_modes_eigenvectors_COV.txt

top pca modes and top weighted pca modes:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_pca_modes_COV.txt
```

top square pca modes and top weighted square pca modes:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_square_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_square_pca_modes_COV.txt
```

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_PCs_COV.txt
```

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_normed_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_normed_PCs_COV.txt
```

iv. Standard SSA Output Files:

These are written to the **/SSA subdirectory** of **/**cPCA: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/SSA/

The	Fast	$\Delta 22$	Iterated	I ng·
1116	газі	JJA	iterateu	LUE.

JED_FSSA_Iterated_log.txt

The SSA Log:

JED_SSA_dim_\$top_num_cart_modes_log.txt

The Random SSA Log

JED_Random_SSA_log.txt

There are many more files in the /SSA directory that are flat files of the results reported in the log files:

RMSIPs

PAs

COs

Cosine Products

Vectorial Sum of Angles

v. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

```
0.01
3.00
0 0
20 0 2 1.0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
```

Notes:

Line 1 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: $0 \rightarrow 1\%$

Line 2 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]$

Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 4 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 20

Line 4 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 2 = top two modes

Line 4 Token 4 specifies the scale factor for the visualizations (double) \rightarrow 1.0 = default value

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)

Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)

Line 7 specifies the residue list (String)

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the **reference column** (integer)

.....

Warning:

Both the Read PDB file flag and the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO.

This tells JED to perform the analysis on Single Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST not be zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must NOT be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than 3N modes.

If you request N cPCA modes then you can only visualize up to N top modes.

If number of cPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Cartesian residue list file!

vi. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
0.01
3.00
0 1 2 A B 795 151 0 0
20 0 2 1.0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt
Notes:
Line 1 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow 1\%
Line 2 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]
Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 3 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 3 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 3 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 3 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 3 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 3 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 3 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 20
Line 4 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 2 = top two modes
Line 4 Token 4 specifies the scale factor for the visualizations (double) \rightarrow 1.0 = default value
Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)
Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)
Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)
Line 7 specifies the residue list (String)
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference column (integer)
```

Warning:

The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The Multi flag MUST be set to ONE

This tells JED to perform the analysis on Multi Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must NOT be a Distance residue list specified.

If number of cPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Cartesian residue list file!

The format of the residue list file is ONE column for Single Chain Analysis: residue number.
The format of the residue list file is TWO columns for Multi Chain Analysis: Chain ID, residue number.

If you request N cPCA modes then you can only visualize up to N top modes.
If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than 3N modes.

D. Performing Distance PCA

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED Driver.jar "/path/JED Driver.txt"
```

The working directory must contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and the residue list. It may also contain JED_Driver.txt

The purpose of this type of run is to perform Essential Dynamics using dPCA based on Q and R.

The user specifies the subset of interest for the analysis, which is typically less than 10 residues, by providing a residue list file. This task is simplified since JED has already created a list of all the residues in the protein. The user must simply edit this file. The dPCA results are written to the sub-directory "dPCA". Note that for dPCA no transform is needed since internal distances are used for coordinates and no visualization can be done in JED for the distance modes. The directory dPCA has sub directories for the Q and R analysis as well as for the subspace analysis (SSA).

Note that choosing more than ten residues for the dPCA analysis makes the interpretation of the results quite challenging as each component of the distance eigenvectors corresponds to an inter-residue distance pair. Often subsets with three or four residues can be used to investigate experimental findings in critical areas like binding pockets or clefts.

ii. Standard Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

```
JED_Log.txt
```

subset transformed coordinates matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_transformed_PDB_coordinates.txt
```

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

```
ss_$num_res_original_conformation_rmsds.txt
```

 $ss_\$num_res_conformation_rmsds.txt$

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

```
ss_$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt
```

subset edited PDB file with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

```
ss_$num_res_edidited.PDB
```

subset coordinates Z-Score matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_coordinate_Z_scores.txt
```

list of frames removed, based on the **percent** parameter:

```
ss $num res Removed Conformation Outliers.txt
```

trimmed transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_trimmed_$percent_percent_PDB_coordinates_COLS.txt
```

list of coordinate variables adjusted, based on the **z-cutoff** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ adjustments_per_variable.txt
```

adjusted transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss\_\$Z\_threshold\_\$z\text{-}cutoff\_adjusted\_PDB\_coordinates\_ROWS.txt
```

```
iii. Standard dPCA Output Files:
```

These are written to the /dPCA subdirectory of the JED Results directory tree:

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/dPCA/

subset distance residue stats from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the **subset**:

ss_\$num_res_distance_residue_stats.txt

subset distance Z-Score matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the subset:

ss_\$num_res_distance_Z_scores.txt

subset all-to-all distances matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the subset:

ss_\$num_res_all_to_all_distances.txt

subset distance variables adjusted:

ss_\$num_res_ outliers_per_variable.txt

subset centroids (means) of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_centroids_of_variables.txt

subset standard deviations of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_std_devs_of_centered_variables.txt

subset displacement vectors:

ss_\$num_res_delta_vectors.txt

The COV output files are written to the /COV subdirectory of /dPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/COV/

The CORR output files are written to the /CORR subdirectory of /dPCA

covariance matrix:

ss_\$num_res_distance_COV_matrix.txt

eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_distance_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvectors:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_eigenvectors_COV.txt

top pca modes and top weighted pca modes:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

top square pca modes and top weighted square pca modes:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_square_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_square_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_PCs_COV.txt

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_PCs_COV.txt

top normed PCs and top weighted normed PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_dist_modes_normed_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_normed_PCs_COV.txt
```

iv. Standard SSA Output Files:

These are written to the **/SSA subdirectory** of /cPCA: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/SSA/

The Fast SSA Iterated Log:

JED_FSSA_Iterated_log.txt

The SSA Log:

JED_SSA_dim_\$top_num_cart_modes_log.txt

The Random SSA Log

JED_Random_SSA_log.txt

There are many more files in the /SSA directory that are flat files of the results reported in the log files:

RMSIPs

PAs

COs

Cosine Products

Vectorial Sum of Angles

v. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

```
0.00
3.00
0 0
0 3 0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues_dist.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
```

Notes:

Line 1 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 = none

Line 2 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]$

Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 4 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 4 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = top three modes

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)

Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)

Line 7 specifies the residue list (String)

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference column (integer)

Warning:

Both the read PDB file flag <u>and</u> the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO. This tells JED to perform the analysis on Single Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must be no Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST NOT be zero.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than N(N-1)/2 modes.

If number of dPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Distance residue list file!

vi. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
0.00
3.00
0 1 2 A B 795 151 0 0
0 3 0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
```

Line 1 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: $0 \rightarrow$ none

Line 2 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]$

Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes

Line 3 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);

Line 3 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);

Line 3 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);

Line 3 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain $A \rightarrow (795)$;

Line 3 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain $B \rightarrow (151)$;

Line 3 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);

Line 3 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);

Line 4 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0

Line 4 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = Top 3 modes

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)

Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)

Line 7 specifies the **residue list** (String)

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the **reference column** (integer)

Warning:

The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The multi flag must be set to ONE;

This tells JED to perform the analysis on MULTI Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must be no Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST NOT be zero.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains **N** residues, then you must NOT request more than **N(N-1)/2** modes.

Remember that the format of the residue list file is <u>TWO</u> columns for Multi Chain Analysis: **Chain ID, residue number** while for Single Chain Analysis, the file has ONE column: **residue number**.

If number of dPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Distance residue list file!

E. Debugging Crashes Part II:

Things that will generally make your life miserable...

i. Dumb mistakes:

Did you set the Read and Multi flags correctly? If not, → CRASH!!!

Did you request cPCA but not specify a Cartesian residue list? If so, → CRASH!!!

Did you set the number of modes correctly? If not, → CRASH!!!

Are the 0 and 1 flags set correctly? If not → CRASH!!!

Are you requesting to read PDBs when you should be specifying a coordinate matrix? If so → CRASH!!!

ii. More subtle mistakes:

If the PDB file residue numbering starts at 5, then the chain offset is not 0, it is 4 → Garbage out!

Did you request more modes than actually exist? For example, if your Cartesian subset contains 12 residues, but you asked for 50 modes, then you are going to crash JED because there are only 36 Cartesian modes in total.

Also, if your Distance subset contains 3 residues and you request 5 modes, then you are going to crash JED because there are only 3 distance modes in total.

If your trajectory has not equilibrated, then you must address the problem or outliers. If you do not, then the Q and R matrices will be highly ill-conditioned and may cause the eigenvalue decomposition to fail. You can check the variables in statistics packages that compute the Kaiser-Myer-Olkin (KMO) statistic as well as the Measure of Sampling Adequacy (MSA) for each coordinate variable to critically assess your data. If it is not well suited for PCA, you can condition the variables by setting the z-cutoff in JED between 2.0 and 3.0 when running your jobs. This type of conditioning is by far not very sophisticated, but it has the effect of lowering the condition numbers of Q and R as well as un-dilating the high and low regions of the eigenspectrum. In particular, it does not alter the ordinality of the eigenspectrum but does correct the distortion that arises from under sampling when trying to estimate the population covariance matrix from the sample covariance matrix.

F. Performing Cartesian and Distance PCA with Mode Visualization

The working directory <u>must</u> contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and both residue lists. It may also contain JED_Driver.txt

JED is capable of doing both cPCA and dPCA, using both Q and R, and generating cPCA mode visualizations simultaneously. All outputs are delivered as discussed for the individual components.

The outputs to this type of job include the outputs for both the cPCA and dPCA analyses, as well as all the structures for the top modes chosen for visualization. JED will permute the reference structure for a given subset along the top eigenvectors selected for visualization and output structures (PDBs) that capture one cycle of this motion. The amplitude of the motion is determined by the value of the **\$scale_factor**, whose default value is 1.0, and can be adjusted as necessary. Setting the value too high will cause Visualization software like Pymol to break the ribbon diagrams of the structures. Ultimately, this is controlled by the magnitude of the eigenvector components for any given residue. Setting the scale factor between 1 and 3 is usually safe, but for proteins with highly mobile regions like loops, you may need to choose a smaller scale factor. This is done for both the top Q and R modes. Additionally, Pymol scripts are generated to animate those structures into a movie for better analysis of the physical meanings of the top modes.

These files will be located in the /mode-viz subdirectory of the root of the JED results tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/mode_viz/

The Q results will be in the subdirectory /COV and the R results will be in the subdirectory /CORR.

One huge advantage of JED is that it is highly configurable and can perform many types of Essential Dynamics analysis concurrently. Combined with the cluster resources or just using the batch feature allows a user to process a great deal of data efficiently.

i. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

```
0.00
3.00
0 0
20 3 2 1.0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues_cartesian.txt
residues_dist.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
```

Notes

Line 1 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 = none

Line 2 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]$

Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 4 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 4 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = top three modes

Line 4 Token 3 specifies the **number of Cartesian modes to Visualize**(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)

Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)

Line 7 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String)

Line 7 specifies the Distance residue list (String)

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the **reference column** (integer)

......

Warning:

Both the read PDB file flag and the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be > zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

They must be in the CORRECT ORDER: Cartesian first, then Distance

For Cartesian subsets containing N residues, you must NOT request more than 3N modes.

For Distance subsets containing N residues, you must NOT request more than N(N-1)/2 modes.

ii. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
0.00
3.00
0 1 2 A B 795 151 0 20 3 2 1.0
/working/directory/
Description reference_PDB_file.pdb
residues cartesian.txt
residues dist.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt
Notes:
Line 1 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow None
Line 2 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]
Line 3 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 3 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 3 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 3 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 3 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 3 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 3 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 3 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 3 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 20 = top twenty modes
Line 4 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = top three modes
Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 2 = top two modes
Line 5 specifies the working directory (String)
Line 6 Token 1 specifies the job description (String)
Line 6 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String)
Line 7 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String)
Line 7 specifies the Distance residue list (String)
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String)
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference column (integer)
```

Warning:

The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The multi flag must be set to ONE; This tells JED to perform the analysis on MULTI Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be > zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

They must be in the CORRECT ORDER: Cartesian first, then Distance

For Cartesian subsets containing **N** residues, you must NOT request more than **3N** modes.

For Distance subsets containing **N** residues, you must NOT request more than **N(N-1)/2** modes.

Remember that the format of the residue list file is <u>TWO</u> columns for Multi Chain Analysis: **Chain ID, residue number** while for Single Chain Analysis, the file has ONE column: **residue number**.

If number of cPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Cartesian residue list file!

If number of dPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Distance residue list file!

V. USING JED BATCH DRIVER

A. The Preliminary Run

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED Batch Driver.jar "/path/JED Batch Driver.txt"
```

The PDB files (including the PDB reference file) <u>must</u> be in the working directory. JED_Driver.txt <u>may</u> be in the working directory.

This pre-processing step will read all PDB files in the working directory, but will perform NO PCA. The purpose of this is to generate the matrix of coordinates for performing subset analyses efficiently.

ii. Standard NO-PCA Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

JED_Log.txt

PDB READ LOG listing all the PDB files read, in the order they were read:

PDB_READ_Log.txt

coordinates matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the PDB files:

original_PDB_coordinates.txt

transformed coordinates matrix, which aligns all the frames to the reference frame:

ss_\$num_res_transformed_PDB_coordinates.txt

list of all residues found in the PDB files for subsequent editing and use:

All_PDB_Residues_JED.txt

All_PDB_Residues_Multi_JED.txt (for Multi runs)

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

ss_\$num_res_original_conformation_rmsds.txt
ss_\$num_res_conformation_rmsds.txt

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

ss_\$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt

edited PDB file containing all the residues with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

ss_\$num_res_edidited.PDB

coordinates Z-Score matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the PDB files:

ss_\$num_res_coordinate_Z_scores.txt

percent of the frames to remove based on conformation RMSD (OPTIONAL)

z-cutoff for adjusting coordinate outliers to their mean values (OPTIONAL)

If these parameters are set to a value other than zero, additional output files are generated with the results.

However, the appropriate time to handle outliers is during runs that actually perform PCA and it is recommended that for pre-processing runs, these be set to zero.

iii. Below is a sample input file for Single Chain PDB files:

Notes: This is a tab (space) separated file. There must be NO LEADING blank lines or spaces (no trailing too).

Line 1 specifies the **\$num_of_jobs** (integer) for the batch.

Line 2 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: $0 \rightarrow NONE$

Line 3 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 →NO ADJUSTMENT

Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes

Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 5 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters

Line 7 specifies the working directory (String)

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one

Line 9 is a separator line between sets of job parameters

Line 10 Token 1 specifies the job **description** (String) for job two

Line 10 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two

Warning:

Both number of modes Cartesian <u>and</u> number of modes Distance MUST be set to ZERO. This tells JED to perform the NO-PCA analysis.

The Read flag MUST be set to ONE and the MULTI flag MUST be set to ZERO.

All PDB files MUST have the same number of residues. The matrix of alpha carbon coordinates is determined from the first PDB file read. If other files in the working directory do not match <u>exactly</u>, then the array sizes will not match and the program will crash. IF JED crashes during the reading of PDBs, this is probably the reason.

In subsequent analyses, it is <u>critical</u> that no residues are requested that do not actually exist in the PDB files! JED maps the specified residue list to an internal list that is aligned to the columns of the coordinates matrix.

The file to use in all subsequent JED analyses is the original_PDB_coordinates matrix.

This matrix contains all the residues in the PDB files and thus can be used for any subset of those residues. When a subset is chosen, a new correspondence set is generated and a new transformation is done to optimize the alignment of the structures. This removes overall translation and rotation.

iv. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
$num of jobs
0.00
0.00
                                795 151
*************
/working/directory/job1/
Description1 reference_PDB_file1.pdb
***************
/working/directory/job2/
Description2 reference PDB file2.pdb
Notes: This is a space delineated file. There must be NO LEADING blank lines or spaces (no trailing too).
Line 1 specifies the $num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch.
Line 2 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow NONE
Line 3 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 → NO ADJUSTMENT
Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow1 = yes
Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 4 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 4 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 4 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 4 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 4 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 5 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow0 = none
Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters
Line 7 specifies the working directory (String)
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one
Line 9 is a separator line between sets of job parameters
Line 10 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two
Line 10 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two
Warning:
```

Both number of modes Cartesian and number of modes Distance MUST be set to ZERO. This tells JED to perform the NO-PCA analysis.

The Read flag MUST be set to ONE and the MULTI flag MUST be set to ONE.

All PDB files MUST have the same number of residues. The matrix of alpha carbon coordinates is determined from the first PDB file read. If other files in the working directory do not match exactly, then the array sizes will not match and the program will crash. IF JED crashes during the reading of PDBs, this is probably the reason.

Additionally, Multi Chain PDBs MUST have unique chain identifiers for every chain present in the file. A missing chain identifier will cause JED to crash.

In subsequent analyses, it is <u>critical</u> that no residues are requested that do not actually exist in the PDB files! JED maps the specified residue list to an internal list that is aligned to the columns of the coordinates matrix.

The file to use in all subsequent JED analyses is the original PDB coordinates matrix.

This matrix contains all the residues in the PDB files and thus can be used for any subset of those residues. When a subset is chosen, a new correspondence set is generated and a new transformation is done to optimize the alignment of the structures. This removes overall translation and rotation.

B. Debugging Crashes Part I:

Things that will generally make your life miserable...

i. Dumb mistakes:

Does the directory exist? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the path to the input file exist? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the input file exist in the proper location? If not, → CRASH!!!

Does the input-file start on the first line? If not, → CRASH!!!

The directory contains PDB files of different sizes → CRASH!!!

The directory does not contain the reference PDB file → CRASH!!!

Is that integer really an integer or is it a float or a string? → CRASH!!!

Does the directory string end in "/" or "\\"?: If not → CRASH!!!

Are the 0 and 1 flags set correctly? If not → CRASH!!!

ii. More subtle mistakes:

The directory contains PDB files with 2 chains, but no chain IDs → Non-sense results!

If the PDB file names are sorted in a different order than how they were generated, then the conformation RMSD results will not reflect what actually occurred in the simulation. This can be prevented by naming the PDB files appropriately, specifically, padding the numbers with sufficient leading zeros to ensure proper sorting. Note that this is not just a Java thing, it is a Unix thing too.

If the conformation RMSD is very different from what you expect, then you may be using PDB files that contain occupancy information. JED does not use that information. Your results will not be accurate.

If you have pooled data, make sure the combined matrix is accurate.

C. Performing Cartesian PCA

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED Batch Driver.jar "/path/JED Batch Driver.txt"
```

The working directory must contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and the residue list. It may also contain JED_Driver.txt

The purpose of this type of run is to perform Essential Dynamics using cPCA based on Q and R.

The user specifies the subset of interest for the analysis, which may be the entire protein or a small, non-contiguous selection of residues, by providing a residue list file. This task is simplified since JED has already created a list of all the residues in the protein. The user must simply edit this file. The cPCA results are written to the sub-directory "cPCA" and the Visualizations of the top modes (when selected) are written to the subdirectory "viz". The directory cPCA has sub directories for the Q and R analysis, as does the viz directory.

ii. Standard Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

```
JED_Log.txt
```

subset transformed coordinates matrix:

```
ss $num res transformed PDB coordinates.txt
```

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

```
ss_$num_res_original_conformation_rmsds.txt
```

ss \$num res conformation rmsds.txt

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

```
ss_$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt
```

subset edited PDB file with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

```
ss_$num_res_edidited.PDB
```

subset coordinates Z-Score matrix:

```
ss $num res coordinate Z scores.txt
```

list of frames removed, based on the **percent** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ Removed_Conformation_Outliers.txt
```

trimmed transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss $num res trimmed $percent percent PDB coordinates COLS.txt
```

list of coordinate variables adjusted, based on the **z-cutoff** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ adjustments_per_variable.txt
```

adjusted transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss_$Z_threshold_$z-cutoff_adjusted_PDB_coordinates_ROWS.txt
```

iii. Standard cPCA Output Files:

These are written to the **/cPCA subdirectory** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED Results Description/cPCA/

centroids (means) of the variables:

ss \$num res centroids of variables.txt

standard deviations of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_std_devs_of_centered_variables.txt

displacement vectors:

ss \$num res delta vectors.txt

The COV output files are written to the /COV subdirectory of /cPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/COV/

The CORR output files are written to the /CORR subdirectory of /cPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/CORR/

covariance matrix:

ss \$num res COV matrix.txt

eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_cart_modes_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvectors:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_cart_modes_eigenvectors_COV.txt

top pca modes and top weighted pca modes:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_pca_modes_COV.txt
```

top square pca modes and top weighted square pca modes:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_square_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_square_pca_modes_COV.txt
```

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_PCs_COV.txt
```

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_normed_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_cart_modes_weighted_normed_PCs_COV.txt
```

iv. Standard SSA Output Files:

These are written to the **/SSA subdirectory** of **/**cPCA: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/SSA/

The	Fast	SSA	Iterated	Log:
-----	------	-----	-----------------	------

JED_FSSA_Iterated_log.txt

The SSA Log:

JED_SSA_dim_\$top_num_cart_modes_log.txt

The Random SSA Log

JED_Random_SSA_log.txt

There are many more files in the /SSA directory that are flat files of the results reported in the log files:

RMSIPs

PAs

COs

Cosine Products

Vectorial Sum of Angles

v. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

Notes:

Line 1 specifies the \$num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch

Line 2 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: $0 \rightarrow 1\%$

Line 3 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } |3.0|$

Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are **Multi** Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no

Line 5 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process → 20

Line 5 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none

Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) → 2 = top two modes

Line 5 Token 4 specifies the scale factor for the visualizations (double) → 1.0 = default value

Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters

Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one

Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one

Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one

Line 9 specifies the residue list (String) for job one

Line 10 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one

Line 11 is a separator line between sets of job parameters

Line 12 specifies the working directory (String) for job two

Line 13 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two

Line 13 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two

Line 14 specifies the residue list (String) for job two

Line 15 specifies the **coordinate matrix** (String) for job two

Warning:

Both the Read PDB file flag and the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO.

This tells JED to perform the analysis on Single Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST not be zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must NOT be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than 3N modes.

If you request N cPCA modes then you can only visualize up to N top modes.

vi. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
$num_of_jobs
0.01
3.00
    1 2 A B 795 151 0
0 2 1.0
20
             /working/directory1/
Description1 reference_PDB_file1.pdb
residues1.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
                                  **********
/working/directory2/
Description2 reference_PDB_file2.pdb
residues2.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
Notes:
Line 1 specifies the $num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch
Line 2 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow 1\%
Line 3 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]
Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 4 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 4 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 4 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 4 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 4 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 5 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 20
Line 5 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 2 = top two modes
Line 5 Token 4 specifies the scale factor for the visualizations (double) → 1.0 = default value
Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters
Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one
Line 9 specifies the residue list (String) for job one
Line 10 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one
Line 11 is a separator line between sets of job parameters
Line 12 specifies the working directory (String) for job two
Line 13 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two
Line 13 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two
Line 14 specifies the residue list (String) for job two
Line 15 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job two
```

Warning: The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.
The Multi flag MUST be set to ONE This tells JED to perform the analysis on Multi Chain PDBs.
The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.
There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.
The number of dPCA modes MUST be zero.
There must NOT be a Distance residue list specified.
If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than 3N modes.
If you request N cPCA modes then you can only visualize up to N top modes.

The format of the residue list file is TWO columns for Multi Chain Analysis: Chain ID, residue number.
The format of the residue list file is ONE column for Single Chain Analysis: residue number.

If number of cPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Cartesian residue list file!

D. Performing Distance PCA

i. run command:

```
java -jar -d 64 JED Batch Driver.jar "/path/JED Batch Driver.txt"
```

The working directory must contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and the residue list. It may also contain JED_Driver.txt

The purpose of this type of run is to perform Essential Dynamics using dPCA based on Q and R.

The user specifies the subset of interest for the analysis, which is typically less than 10 residues, by providing a residue list file. This task is simplified since JED has already created a list of all the residues in the protein. The user must simply edit this file. The dPCA results are written to the sub-directory "dPCA". Note that for dPCA no transform is needed since internal distances are used for coordinates and no visualization can be done in JED for the distance modes. The directory dPCA has sub directories for the Q and R analysis as well as for the subspace analysis (SSA).

Note that choosing more than ten residues for the dPCA analysis makes the interpretation of the results quite challenging as each component of the distance eigenvectors corresponds to an inter-residue distance pair. Often subsets with three or four residues can be used to investigate experimental findings in critical areas like binding pockets or clefts.

ii. Standard Output Files:

These are written to the **root** of the JED Results directory tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/

JED LOG providing a summary of the job parameters and results:

```
JED_Log.txt
```

```
subset transformed coordinates matrix:
```

```
ss_$num_res_transformed_PDB_coordinates.txt
```

original and transformed conformation RMSDs:

```
{\tt ss\_$num\_res\_original\_conformation\_rmsds.txt}
```

ss_\$num_res_conformation_rmsds.txt

residue RMSDs (RMSF):

```
ss_$num_res_residue_rmsd.txt
```

subset edited PDB file with the RMSF replacing B-factors:

```
ss_$num_res_edidited.PDB
```

subset coordinates Z-Score matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_coordinate_Z_scores.txt
```

list of frames removed, based on the **percent** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ Removed_Conformation_Outliers.txt
```

trimmed transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss_$num_res_trimmed_$percent_percent_PDB_coordinates_COLS.txt
```

list of coordinate variables adjusted, based on the **z-cutoff** parameter:

```
ss_$num_res_ adjustments_per_variable.txt
```

adjusted transformed coordinate matrix:

```
ss\_\$Z\_threshold\_\$z\text{-}cutoff\_adjusted\_PDB\_coordinates\_ROWS.txt
```

```
iii. Standard dPCA Output Files:
```

These are written to the /dPCA subdirectory of the JED Results directory tree:

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/dPCA/

subset distance residue stats from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the subset:

ss_\$num_res_distance_residue_stats.txt

subset distance Z-Score matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the subset:

ss_\$num_res_distance_Z_scores.txt

subset all-to-all distances matrix from all the alpha carbon coordinates in the subset:

ss_\$num_res_all_to_all_distances.txt

subset distance variables adjusted:

ss_\$num_res_ outliers_per_variable.txt

subset centroids (means) of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_centroids_of_variables.txt

subset standard deviations of the variables:

ss_\$num_res_std_devs_of_centered_variables.txt

subset displacement vectors:

ss_\$num_res_delta_vectors.txt

The COV output files are written to the /COV subdirectory of /dPCA

/working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/COV/

The CORR output files are written to the /CORR subdirectory of /dPCA

covariance matrix:

ss_\$num_res_distance_COV_matrix.txt

eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_distance_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvalues:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_eigenvalues_COV.txt

top eigenvectors:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_eigenvectors_COV.txt

top pca modes and top weighted pca modes:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt
ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

top square pca modes and top weighted square pca modes:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_square_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_square_distance_pca_modes_COV.txt

top PCs and top weighted PCs:

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_PCs_COV.txt

ss_\$num_res_top_\$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_PCs_COV.txt

top normed PCs and top weighted normed PCs:

```
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_dist_modes_normed_PCs_COV.txt
ss_$num_res_top_$num_of_dist_modes_weighted_normed_PCs_COV.txt
```

iv. Standard SSA Output Files:

These are written to the **/SSA subdirectory** of /cPCA: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/cPCA/SSA/

The Fast SSA Iterated Log:

JED_FSSA_Iterated_log.txt

The SSA Log:

JED_SSA_dim_\$top_num_cart_modes_log.txt

The Random SSA Log

JED_Random_SSA_log.txt

There are many more files in the /SSA directory that are flat files of the results reported in the log files:

RMSIPs

PAs

COs

Cosine Products

Vectorial Sum of Angles

v. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

```
$num of jobs
0.00
3.00
      3 0
/working/directory1/
               reference PDB file1.pdb
Description1
residues dist1.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
/working/directory2/
Description2 reference PDB file2.pdb
residues_dist2.txt
original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0
Notes:
Line 1 specifies the $num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch
Line 2 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 = none
Line 3 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]
Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 5 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = top three modes
Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters
Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one
Line 9 specifies the residue list (String) for job one
Line 10 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one
Line 10 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinate matrix (String) for job one
Line 11 is a separator line between sets of job parameters
Line 12 specifies the working directory (String) for job two
Line 13 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two
Line 13 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two
Line 14 specifies the residue list (String) for job two
```

Warning:

Both the read PDB file flag <u>and</u> the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO.

This tells JED to perform the analysis on Single Chain PDBs.

Line 15 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job two

Line 15 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinate matrix (String) for job two

The number of cPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must be no Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST NOT be zero.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than N(N-1)/2 modes.

vi. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber \$num_of_jobs 0.00 3.00 1 2 A B 795 151 0 0 ****************** /working/directory1/ Description1 reference_PDB_file1.pdb residues1.txt original PDB Coordinates.txt 0 ********** /working/directory2/ Description2 reference_PDB_file2.pdb residues2.txt original_PDB_Coordinates.txt 0 Notes: Line 1 specifies the **\$num_of_jobs** (integer) for the batch Line 2 specifies the **percent** (double) of frames to remove from the data: $0 \rightarrow$ none Line 3 specifies the **z-cutoff** (double) for adjusting outliers: $0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]$ Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2); Line 4 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A); Line 4 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B); Line 4 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain $A \rightarrow (795)$; Line 4 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain $B \rightarrow (151)$; Line 4 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0); Line 4 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0); Line 5 Token 1 specifies the **number of Cartesian** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 Line 5 Token 2 specifies the **number of Distance** (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = Top 3 modes Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one Line 9 specifies the **residue list** (String) for job one Line 10 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one Line 10 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinate matrix (String) for job one Line 11 is a separator line between sets of job parameters Line 12 specifies the working directory (String) for job two Line 13 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two Line 13 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two Line 14 specifies the residue list (String) for job two Line 15 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job two

Line 15 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinate matrix (String) for job two

Warning:

The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The multi flag must be set to ONE;

This tells JED to perform the analysis on MULTI Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be zero.

There must be no Cartesian residue list specified.

The number of dPCA modes MUST NOT be zero.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

If the subset you have chosen contains N residues, then you must NOT request more than N(N-1)/2 modes.

Remember that the format of the residue list file is <u>TWO</u> columns for Multi Chain Analysis: **Chain ID, residue number** while for Single Chain Analysis, the file has ONE column: **residue number**.

If number of dPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Distance residue list file!

E. Debugging Crashes Part II:

Things that will generally make your life miserable...

i. Dumb mistakes:

Did you set the Read and Multi flags correctly? If not, → CRASH!!!

Did you request cPCA but not specify a Cartesian residue list? If so, → CRASH!!!

Did you set the number of modes correctly? If not, → CRASH!!!

Are the 0 and 1 flags set correctly? If not → CRASH!!!

Are you requesting to read PDBs when you should be specifying a coordinate matrix? If so → CRASH!!!

ii. More subtle mistakes:

If the PDB file residue numbering starts at 5, then the chain offset is not 0, it is $4 \rightarrow Garbage out!$

Did you request more modes than actually exist? For example, if your Cartesian subset contains 12 residues, but you asked for 50 modes, then you are going to crash JED because there are only 36 Cartesian modes in total.

Also, if your Distance subset contains 3 residues and you request 5 modes, then you are going to crash JED because there are only 3 distance modes in total.

If your trajectory has not equilibrated, then you must address the problem or outliers. If you do not, then the Q and R matrices will be highly ill-conditioned and may cause the eigenvalue decomposition to fail. You can check the variables in statistics packages that compute the Kaiser-Myer-Olkin (KMO) statistic as well as the Measure of Sampling Adequacy (MSA) for each coordinate variable to critically assess your data. If it is not well suited for PCA, you can condition the variables by setting the z-cutoff in JED between 2.0 and 3.0 when running your jobs. This type of conditioning is by far not very sophisticated, but it has the effect of lowering the condition numbers of Q and R as well as un-dilating the high and low regions of the eigenspectrum. In particular, it does not alter the ordinality of the eigenspectrum but does correct the distortion that arises from under sampling when trying to estimate the population covariance matrix from the sample covariance matrix.

F. Performing Cartesian and Distance PCA with Mode Visualization

The working directory <u>must</u> contain: The coordinates matrix, the PDB reference file, and both residue lists. It may also contain JED_Batch_Driver.txt

JED is capable of doing both cPCA and dPCA, using both Q and R, and generating cPCA mode visualizations simultaneously. All outputs are delivered as discussed for the individual components.

The outputs to this type of job include the outputs for both the cPCA and dPCA analyses, as well as all the structures for the top modes chosen for visualization. JED will permute the reference structure for a given subset along the top eigenvectors selected for visualization and output structures (PDBs) that capture one cycle of this motion. The amplitude of the motion is determined by the value of the \$scale_factor, whose default value is 1.0, and can be adjusted as necessary. Setting the value too high will cause Visualization software like Pymol to break the ribbon diagrams of the structures. Ultimately, this is controlled by the magnitude of the eigenvector components for any given residue. Setting the scale factor between 1 and 3 is usually safe, but for proteins with highly mobile regions like loops, you may need to choose a smaller scale factor. This is done for both the top Q and R modes. Additionally, Pymol scripts are generated to animate those structures into a movie for better analysis of the physical meanings of the top modes.

These files will be located in the /VIZ subdirectory of the root of the JED results tree: /working/directory/JED_Results_Description/VIZ/

The Q results will be in the subdirectory /COV and the R results will be in the subdirectory /CORR.

One huge advantage of JED is that it is highly configurable and can perform many types of Essential Dynamics analysis concurrently. Combined with the cluster resources or just using the batch feature allows a user to process a great deal of data efficiently.

i. Below is a sample input file for Single-Chain PDB files:

```
$num of jobs
0.00
3.00
9
20 3 2 1.0
/working/directory1/
Description1 reference PDB file1.pdb
residues cartesian1.txt
residues dist1.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
/working/directory2/
Description2 reference_PDB_file2.pdb
residues_cartesian2.txt
residues_dist2.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
Line 1 specifies the $num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch
Line 2 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 = none
Line 3 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow \text{values beyond } [3.0]
Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 5 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 3 = top three modes
Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters
Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one
Line 9 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String) for job one
Line 10 specifies the Distance residue list (String) for job one
Line 11 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one
Line 11 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinates matrix (integer) for job one
Line 12 is a separator line between sets of job parameters
Line 13 specifies the working directory (String) for job two
Line 14 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two
Line 14 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two
Line 15 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String) for job two
Line 16 specifies the Distance residue list (String) for job two
Line 17 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job two
```

Warning:

Both the read PDB file flag and the Multi flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be > zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

For Cartesian subsets containing N residues, you must NOT request more than 3N modes.

For Distance subsets containing N residues, you must NOT request more than N(N-1)/2 modes.

Line 17 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinates matrix (integer) for job two

ii. Below is a sample input file for Multi-Chain PDB files:

Differences from Single-Chain analysis shown highlighted in amber

```
$num_of_jobs
0.00
3.00
      1 2 A B 795
3 2 1.0
                                         151
20
             *****************
/working/directory1/
Description1 reference_PDB_file1.pdb
residues cartesian1.txt
residues_dist1.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
                 ***************
/working/directory2/
Description2 reference_PDB_file2.pdb
residues cartesian2.txt
residues dist2.txt
original PDB Coordinates.txt 0
Notes:
Line 1 specifies the $num_of_jobs (integer) for the batch
Line 2 specifies the percent (double) of frames to remove from the data: 0 \rightarrow None
Line 3 specifies the z-cutoff (double) for adjusting outliers: 0 \rightarrow values beyond [3.0]
Line 4 Token 1 specifies whether to read PDB files (0 or 1) \rightarrow 0 = no
Line 4 Token 2 specifies if the PDB files are Multi Chain (0 or 1) \rightarrow 1 = yes
Line 4 Token 3 specifies the number of chains \rightarrow (2);
Line 4 Token 4 specifies the first chain ID \rightarrow (A);
Line 4 Token 5 specifies the second chain ID \rightarrow (B);
Line 4 Token 6 specifies the number of residues in chain A \rightarrow (795);
Line 4 Token 7 specifies the number of residues in chain B \rightarrow (151);
Line 4 Token 8 specifies the offset of Chain A \rightarrow (0);
Line 4 Token 9 specifies the offset of Chain B \rightarrow (0);
Line 5 Token 1 specifies the number of Cartesian (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 20
Line 5 Token 2 specifies the number of Distance (integer) modes to process \rightarrow 0 = none
Line 5 Token 3 specifies the number of Cartesian modes to Visualize(integer) \rightarrow 2 = top two modes
Line 5 Token 4 specifies the scale factor for the visualizations (double) \rightarrow 1.0 = default value
Line 6 is a separator line between the batch parameters and the job parameters
Line 7 specifies the working directory (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job one
Line 8 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job one
Line 9 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String) for job one
Line 10 specifies the Distance residue list (String) for job one
Line 11 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job one
Line 11 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinates matrix (integer) for job one
Line 12 is a separator line between sets of job parameters
Line 13 specifies the working directory (String) for job two
Line 14 Token 1 specifies the job description (String) for job two
Line 14 Token 2 specifies the reference PDB (String) for job two
Line 15 specifies the Cartesian residue list (String) for job two
Line 16 specifies the Distance residue list (String) for job two
Line 17 Token 1 specifies the coordinate matrix (String) for job two
Line 17 Token 2 specifies the reference column in the coordinates matrix (integer) for job two
```

Warning:

The read PDB file flag MUST be set to ZERO.

The multi flag must be set to ONE; This tells JED to perform the analysis on MULTI Chain PDBs.

The number of cPCA modes MUST be > zero.

The number of dPCA modes MUST be > zero.

There must be a Cartesian residue list specified.

There must be a Distance residue list specified.

For Cartesian subsets containing **N** residues, you must NOT request more than **3N** modes.

For Distance subsets containing **N** residues, you must NOT request more than **N(N-1)/2** modes.

Remember that the format of the residue list file is <u>TWO</u> columns for Multi Chain Analysis: **Chain ID, residue number** while for Single Chain Analysis, the file has <u>ONE</u> column: **residue number**.

If number of cPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Cartesian residue list file!

If number of dPCA modes > 0, then there must be a Distance residue list file!

VI. Additional Types of Analysis

A. Pooling Data:

It is often useful to pool trajectory statistics. This can be done in JED by combining coordinate files and then performing the usual analysis. To combine the coordinate files, there is a utility program called **JED_Pool_Data.java** that will combine multiple matrices into one. Of courses, the number of <u>rows</u> in the coordinate files must match. The matrices to combine are specified by an input file called **pool.txt** that the user must construct correctly.

Below is a sample pool.txt file:

```
1
3
/output/directory/
/path/to/first/matrix/matrix_1.txt
/path/to/first/matrix/matrix_2.txt
/path/to/first/matrix/matrix_3.txt

Notes:
```

Line #1 specifies the number of jobs (integer) \rightarrow 1

Then for each job you must specify the following:

Line #2 specifies the number of matrices to combine (integer) \rightarrow 3

Line #3 specifies the output directory (string)

Line #4 specifies the path to the first matrix (String)

Line #5 specifies the path to the second matrix (String)

Line #6 specifies the path to the third matrix (String)

B. Subspace Analysis:

Once JED Driver has been run on multiple trajectories as well as pooled trajectories, an analysis can be done to compare how similar the essential subspaces derived from those trajectories are to each other. JED contains a program called **Subspace_Analysis.java** along with 3 driver programs that perform those functions. The core program takes as input two matrices of eigenvectors derived from PCA (or NMA, ANM, etc.). The matrices must have the same number of rows and columns, meaning the vectors being compared come from the same vector space and that the subspaces have the same dimensions. For example, in an analysis of lysozyme you might choose to process 20 cPCA modes while examining 10 different experimental conditions plus pooled data. As long as all the subsets in the analysis are the same then all the 20 dimensional subspaces can be compared.

Like most of the JED programs, the subspace analysis program driver reads an input file called **SSA.txt** to obtain runtime information. This file must be constructed properly by the user to perform the analysis. The three driver programs are **SSA_Driver.java**, **FSSA_Driver.java**, and **FSSA_Iterated_Driver.java** and are different in how much analysis is requested. The SSA_Driver gives full outputs for non-iterated subspace comparison including both log files and individual flat files. The FSSA_Driver is a light-weight version with only RMSIP and PA output in the log files. The Iterated version performs a recursive variation of the above where all equidimensional subspaces are compared up to the size that was provided, for example, from 1 to 20 by step-size 1 for a 20 column input file.

ALL three drivers use the same input file, only the outputs are different.

Below is a sample subspace_analysis.txt file:

LINE 2: Output_Directory (string ending in "/" or "\\")

The format for the file shown below is:

LINE 1: Number of Jobs (integer)

```
LINE 3: Batch Decription (string)
FOR EACH JOB:
Description (string)
Directory1 (string ending in "/" or "\\")
                                        Name1 (string)
Directory2 (string ending in "/" or "\\")
                                        Name2 (string)
/output/directory/
Single_Combo_SSA
All-vs-A
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        all combo SS 75 top 20 eigenvectors.txt
                                        1a6n_combo_SS_75_top_20_eigenvectors.txt
/Users/physicslabs/
All-vs-B
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        all combo SS 75 top 20 eigenvectors.txt
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        1wit_combo_SS_75_top_20_eigenvectors.txt
All-vs-A+B
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        all combo SS 75 top 20 eigenvectors.txt
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        1ubq_combo_SS_75_top_20_eigenvectors.txt
All-vs-A B
/Users/physicslabs/
                                        all_combo_SS_75_top_20_eigenvectors.txt
                                        1ypi_combo_SS_75_top_20_eigenvectors.txt
/Users/physicslabs/
```

It is possible to specify hundreds of comparisons when using the driver input file, but please construct the input file carefully... Just one typo in a list of one thousand comparisons \rightarrow CRASH.

APPENDIX

3

8

8.648

A. Sample JED Log file:

```
Java Essential Dynamics
Job Description: Single cPCA dPCA Viz
Working directory: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Single\\
Output directory: C:\\Users\\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Single\\JED_Results_Single_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/
Performing cPCA: 20 modes.
Performing dPCA: 3 modes.
Performing mode visualization on top 2 cPCA modes
Alpha carbon coordinates were obtained from file:
C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Single\\original_PDB_coordinates.txt
The number of residues read: 151
The number of conformations read: 2001
The dimension of the coordinates matrix is: 453 by 2001
The transformed PDB coordinates were obtained by quaternion least-squares alignment.
PDB reference file is 1A6N.pdb
Reference conformation (column) in the coordinate matrix: 0
Residue list for Cartesian subset: residues.txt
Number of residues in Cartesian subset: 81
The transformed data was trimmed by removing 10.0 percent of the samples based on conformation RMSD.
The coordinates were 'conditioned' by adjusting outliers with Z-scores beyond 3.0 to their mean value.
Condition number of the covariance matrix (Q): 52,101,318,291,300,056
LOG of the Q Condition Number: 17
Trace of 0: 69
Condition number of the correlation matrix (R): 35,505,888,101,013,780
LOG of the R Condition Number: 17
Trace of R: 243
PDB file with B-factors replaced by residue RMSDs: Single_cPCA_dPCA_Viz_SS_81.pdb
Number of residues in distance subset: 12
The coordinates were 'conditioned' by adjusting outliers with Z-scores beyond |3.0| to their mean value.
Condition number of the distance Covariance matrix (Q_dist): 80,427,675
LOG of Q_dist: 8
Trace of Q_dist: 2
Condition number of the distance Correlation matrix (R dist): 183,847
LOG of R dist: 5
Trace of R dist: 66
MEANs and STD DEVs for the residue distances:
Res1
               Res2
                               Mean
                                                      Std Dev
1
                2
                               3.780
                                                      0.004
1
                3
                               6.388
                                                      0.245
1
                4
                               9.460
                                                      0.425
1
                5
                               11.239
                                                      0.242
                               9.326
1
                6
                                                      0.284
                7
1
                               9.790
                                                      0.511
1
                8
                               13.292
                                                      0.427
1
                9
                               13.982
                                                      0.305
1
                10
                               13.117
                                                      0.431
1
                11
                               15.209
                                                      0.647
1
                12
                               17.872
                                                      0.479
                               3.808
2
                3
                                                      0.005
2
                4
                               6.632
                                                      0.067
2
                5
                               7.994
                                                      0.080
2
                6
                               5.818
                                                      0.115
2
                7
                               6.416
                                                      0.145
2
                8
                               9.854
                                                      0.134
2
                9
                               10.503
                                                      0.138
2
                10
                               9.922
                                                      0.150
2
                11
                               12,086
                                                      0.152
2
                12
                               14.519
                                                      0.149
3
                4
                               3.783
                                                      0.009
3
                5
                               5.308
                                                      0.010
3
                6
                               5.113
                                                      0.011
3
                7
                               6.309
                                                      0.011
```

0.012

3	9	10.012	0.012
3	10	10.692	0.012
3	11	12.367	0.012
3	12	14.171	0.014
4	5	3.804	0.004
4	6	5.409	0.005
4	7	5.070	0.003
4	8	6.172	0.005
4	9	8.766	0.006
4	10	9.846	0.006
4	11	10.448	0.006
4	12	12.007	0.008
5	6	3.784	0.003
5	7	5.458	0.004
5	8	5.064	0.003
5	9	6.444	0.004
5	10	8.797	0.005
5	11	10.033	0.006
5	12	10.526	0.006
6	7	3.809	0.006
6	8	5.357	0.006
6	9	5.167	0.004
6	10	6.341	0.006
6	11	8.741	0.007
6	12	9.919	0.007
7	8	3.823	0.005
7	9	5.407	0.006
7	10	4.992	0.003
7	11	6.075	0.004
7	12	8.364	0.007
8	9	3.815	0.004
8	10	5.431	0.004
8	11	5.248	0.004
8	12	5.868	0.005
9	10	3.806	0.005
9	11	5.620	0.005
9	12	5.210	0.004
10	11	3.777	0.004
10	12	5.545	0.005
11	12	3.787	0.006

Sets of structures were generated to animate each of the top 2 cPCA modes using both Q and R PCA methods. MODE AMPLITUDE: 1.000

Analysis completed: 2013-12-16 02:25:55

B. Sample PDB READ Log file:

1A6N.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000001.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000002.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000003.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000004.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000005.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000006.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000007.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000008.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000009.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000010.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000011.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000012.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000013.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000014.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000015.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000016.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000017.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000018.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000019.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000020.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000021.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000022.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000023.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000024.pdb 1A6N_froda_00000025.pdb

C. Sample Single Chain PDB Residue List file:

D. Sample Multi Chain PDB Residue List file:

Α

A B

В

В

В

B B

B B B

В

В

В

В

В

В

В

В

В

В

В

24

25 1

2

3 4

5

6 7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

E. Sample SSA Log File: Top_COV_Eigenvectors Rows: 45 Cols: 3 Top_CORR_Eigenvectors Rows: 45 Cols: 3 Projections file written to: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_projections_dim_3.txt Cumulative overlaps 1 --> 2 file written to: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_CO_1_2_dim_3.txt Cumulative overlaps 2 --> 1 file written to: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_CO_2_1_dim_3.txt Principle Angles file written to: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_PA_dim_3.txt Cosine Products file written to: C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_Cosine_Products_dim_3.txt <u>Vectorial</u> sums of angles file written to: dPCA_Viz_Vector_sums_of_Angles_dim_3.txt The absolute projections of each vector in subspace 1 with each vector in subspace 2 are: 0.52 0.07 0.76 0.69 0.31 0.47 0.37 0.70 0.06 The cumulative overlaps CO_3 for each vector in subspace 1 with all the vectors in subspace 2 are: Vector 1 0.919 Vector 2 0.890 0.797 Vector 3 The cumulative overlaps CO_3 for each vector in subspace 2 with all the vectors in subspace 1 are: Vector 1 0.820 Vector 2 0.936 Vector 3 0.850 The RMSIP score is 0.870 The principle angles (in degrees) are: PA1 6 P₂ 21 P_A3 31 The cosine products (in degrees) are: CP1 6 CP2 30 CP3 51 The <u>vectorial</u> sums of angles (in degrees) are: VS1 6 VS2 22 VS3 38

Maximum possible angle between two subspaces of this dimension is 90 degrees

Analysis completed: 2013-12-16 02:15:05

E. Sample FSSA Iterated Log File:

Principle Angle Spectra file written to:

C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_
dPCA_Viz_PA_Spectra.txt

RMSIPs file written to:

C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_
dPCA_Viz_RMSIPs.txt

RMSIPs:

Dim 1 0.758 Dim 2 0.839 Dim 3 0.870

The PA spectra for the range of subspaces are:

29 0 0 14 32 0 6 21 31

Analysis completed: 2013-12-16 02:15:05

E. Sample Random SSA Log File:

Average RMSIPs file written to:

C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_
dPCA Viz avg random RMSIPs.txt

Average PAs file written to:

C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_avg_random_PAs.txt

Average COs file written to:

C:\\Users\\Charles\\workspace\\JED_1.0\\JED_Test\\Multi\\JED_results_Multi_cPCA_dPCA_Viz/dPCA/SSA/Multi_cPCA_ dPCA_Viz_avg_random_COs.txt

RMSIP Std Devs file written to:

The dimension of the vector space is 45

SS_DIM avg_RMSIP std_dev

 1
 0.883
 0.094

 2
 0.647
 0.069

 3
 0.557
 0.064

The <u>avg</u> random PA spectra for the range of subspaces are:

27 0 0 26 71 0 25 61 75

The \underline{avg} random CO scores for the range of subspaces are:

 0.794
 0.000
 0.000

 0.803
 0.176
 0.000

 0.810
 0.242
 0.156

Analysis completed: 2013-12-16 02:15:05