

These **remarks** are to answer how close does Qnet come to RMSF.

Qnet is the linear combination of all weighted square cPCA modes from HPCA.

Vnet is the linear combination of all weighted square cPCA modes from JED

From JED we typically plot normalized squared eigenvectors given as (normalized V^2).
we typically plot weighted squared eigenvectors as $\text{Lamda} * (\text{normalized } V^2)$.

Lambda = eigenvalue of the corresponding eigenvector.

When Qnet is compared to RMSF we notice that at N- and C- termini: $Qnet \gg RMSF$.

Why?

Answer, because RMSF \Rightarrow **root** mean squared fluctuation.

To get agreement, we must take **sqrt**(Qnet).

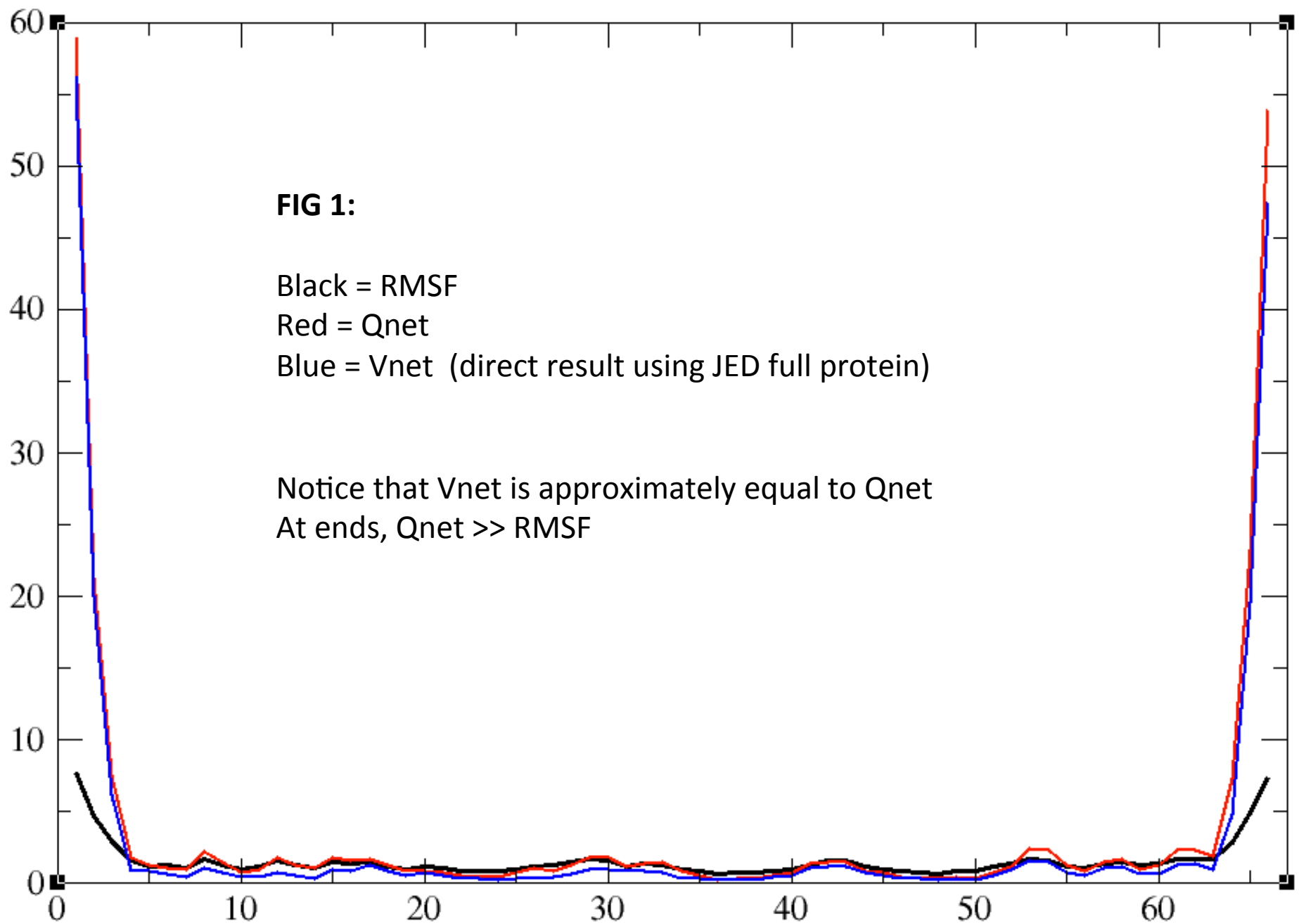


FIG 2: (zoomed in version of Fig. 1)

Black = RMSF

Red = Qnet

Blue = Vnet (direct result using JED full protein)

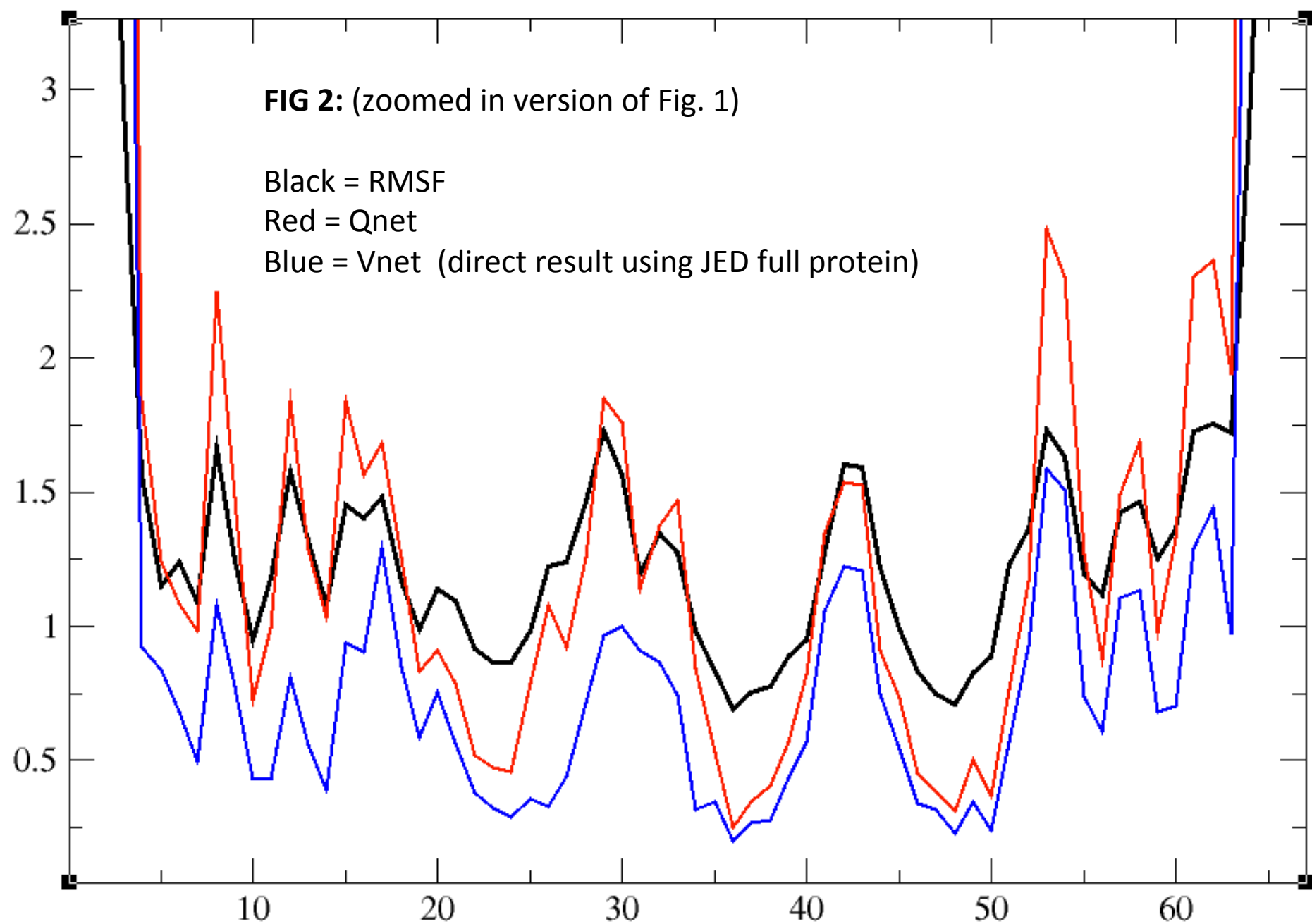


FIG 3: (taking square roots of Qnet and Vnet)

Black = RMSF

Red = $\sqrt{\text{Qnet}}$

Blue = $\sqrt{\text{Vnet}}$

Notice that indeed $\sqrt{\text{Qnet}} < \text{RMSF}$ everywhere.

Similarly: $\sqrt{\text{Vnet}} < \text{RMSF}$ everywhere.

Notice that $\sqrt{\text{Vnet}} < \sqrt{\text{Qnet}} < \text{RMSF}$

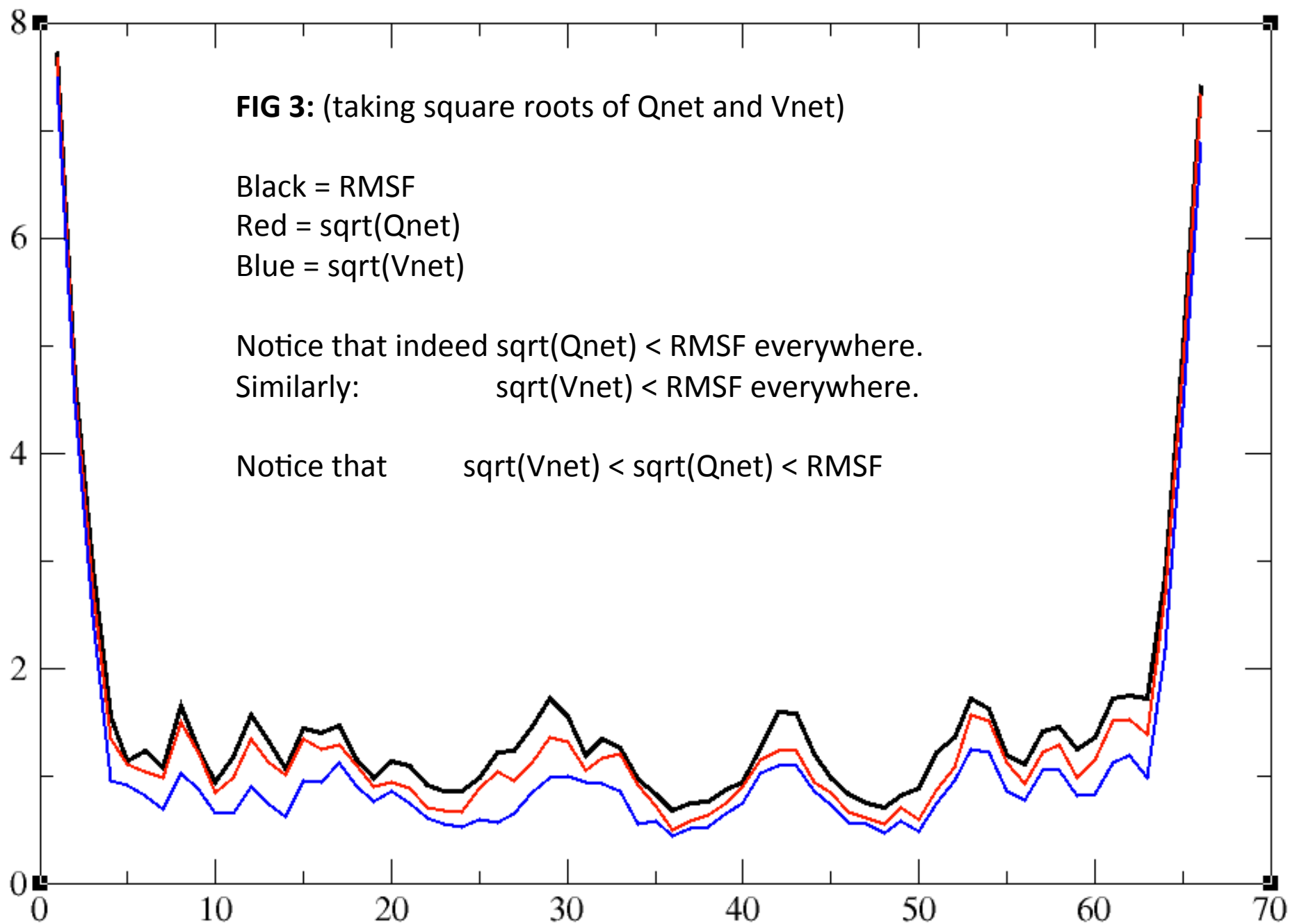


FIG 4: (zoomed in version of Fig. 3)

Black = RMSF

Red = $\sqrt{Q_{\text{net}}}$

Blue = $\sqrt{V_{\text{net}}}$

Most of the underestimate is coming from high frequency noise.
As such, this is roughly a constant for most of the residues.

