

Foreign and International Materials (foreignrefs.dtx)

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The selection of reference types defined here is very much incomplete. To the extent it is necessary, use **verbatim**.

engdebate: An English parliamentary debate

Key Parameters:

vol, **rep**, **page**, **cite**: The locator information for the debate. The reporter should include the House of Parliament abbreviated.

engstat: An English statute

This supports both modern statutes that are arranged by section numbers, and historical statutes that are reported in *Statutes of the Realm*. Note the difference in **page** for each.

Key Parameters:

name: The name of the statute.

year: The year of enactment. The year is assumed to be part of the name, appended to the name after a comma as is conventional for U.K. statutes.

regnal: The regnal year specification.

chapter, **number**: The chapter number of the statute.

vol, **rep**: The volume and code name for codified statute publications (primarily “Stat. Realm”).

page: If **rep** is given, then this parameter should receive the page number in the reporter for the statute. Otherwise, it should receive a section number of the statute if any.

Pin cites given in citation items will use the pin cite joining algorithm given in `pages.dtx`.

engcommand: A command paper in England

Key Parameters:

instauth: The government department issuing the paper.
name: Title of the paper.
year: Year the paper was issued.
number: The command paper number. This must be prefixed with the appropriate “Command” abbreviation that identifies the series, as is conventional in U.K. practice.

foreignconst: A foreign constitution

Key Parameters:

name: The name of the constitution. A translation may be given in square brackets.
page: A pin cite for the part of the constitution being cited.

treaty: A treaty or international agreement

Key Parameters:

name, inline: The full and short names for this reference, as described with regard to statute names in `statrefs.dtx`.
countries: Countries that are parties to the treaty. They will be abbreviated. The names should be separated with en dashes. Countries need not be named for large multilateral treaties.
year: Date the treaty was signed. Use qualifiers “done” or “opened for signature” if there is no single signing date.
vol, rep, page, cite: Locator information for the treaty, if available.

eucase: A European Union case

Key Parameters:

name, inline: The full and short names of the case.
docket: The number of the case.
vol, rep, page, cite: Locator information for the case.
court: The court issuing the decision.
year: The year of decision.

unresolution: A U.N. resolution

Key Parameters:

name: The name of the resolution.
number: The serial number of the resolution, with the body and abbreviation for the resolution (e.g., “G.A. Res. 123”).
type: The institution issuing the document control number, default “U.N.”

intdoc: The international institution control number, typically containing slashes.

year: The date of the document.

intdoc: A U.N. or international document

Typically these are reports.

Key Parameters:

author, instauth: The author of the document. The institutional author will be separated from the human author, with the latter placed in a parenthetical.

name: Title of the document.

type: The institution issuing the document control number, default “U.N.”

intdoc: The international institution control number, typically containing slashes.

year: The date of the document.

```
\def\hi@intdoc@personauth#1{%  
  \hi@parens@add{\hi@paren@preparedby}{\noexpand\hi@fn@sig{prepared by} #1}%  
}
```

frcase: A French case

Key Parameters:

court: The name of the court.

number: The decision number.

year: The year of decision.

rep, page: The locator information for the decision.

frstat: A French statute

Key Parameters:

number: The law number.

year: The year of enactment.

rep: The statutory compilation.

pubyear: The year of publication of the statutory compilation.

page: The page in the compilation.