



Decision Making Statements

Some times in Programming Languages we need to make some decisions and based on these decisions we will execute the next block of code.

Decision-making statements in programming languages decide the direction of the flow of program execution.

In Python, if-else elif statement is used for decision making.

It is also called control flow statements, conditional statements.



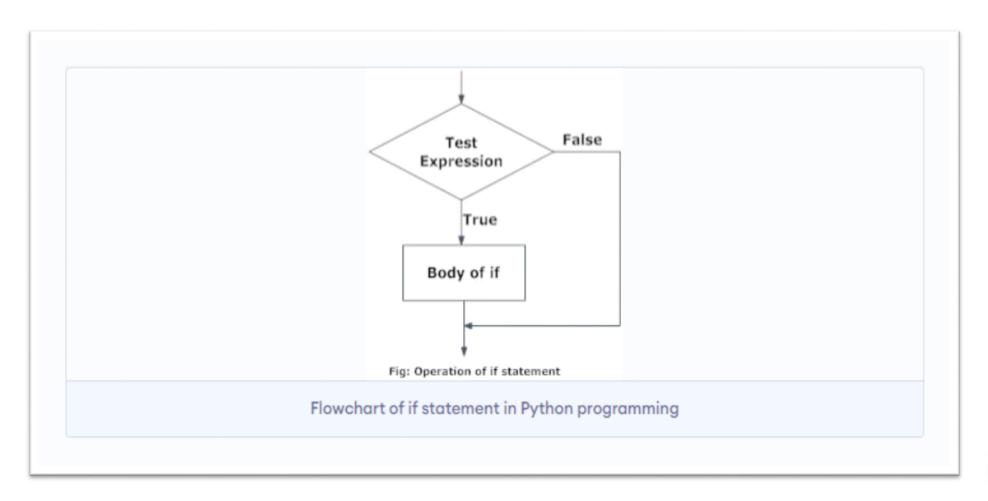
if statement

<u>if statement</u> is the most simple decision-making statement. It is used to decide whether a certain statement or block of statements will be executed or not i.e if a certain condition is true then a block of statement is executed otherwise not.

if test expression: statement(s)



Python if Statement Flowchart





else statement

We can use the *else* statement with *if* statement to execute a block of code when the condition is false.

if test expression:

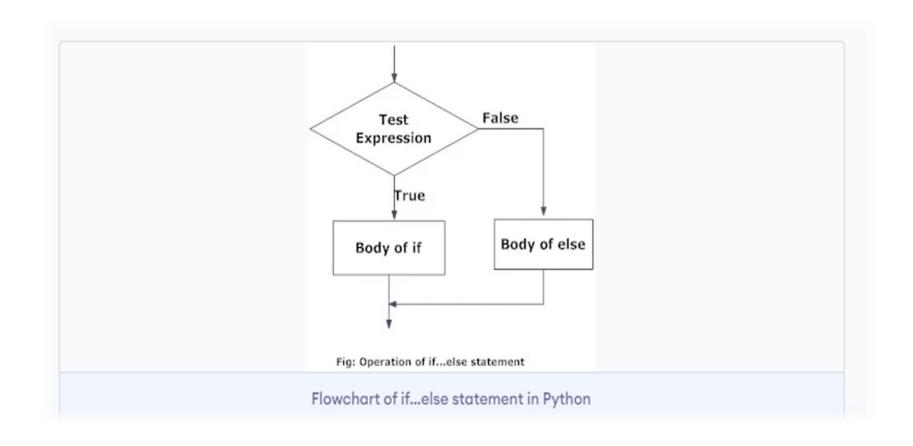
Body of if

else:

Body of else



Python if..else Flowchart





Python if...elif...else Statement

The elif is short for else if. It allows us to check for multiple expressions. If the condition for if is False, it checks the condition of the next elif block and so on. If all the conditions are False, the body of else is executed.

Only one block among the several if...elif...else blocks is executed according to the condition. The if block can have only one else block. But it can have multiple elif blocks.

if test expression:

Body of if

elif test expression:

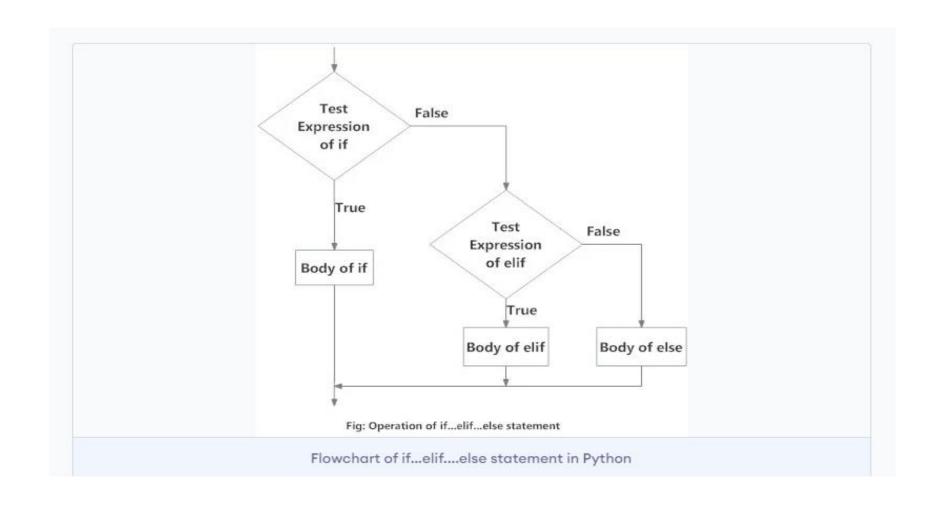
Body of elif

else:

Body of else



Flowchart of if..elif..else





Loops

Python programming language provides the following types of loops to handle looping requirements.

- 1. For loop
- 2. While loop

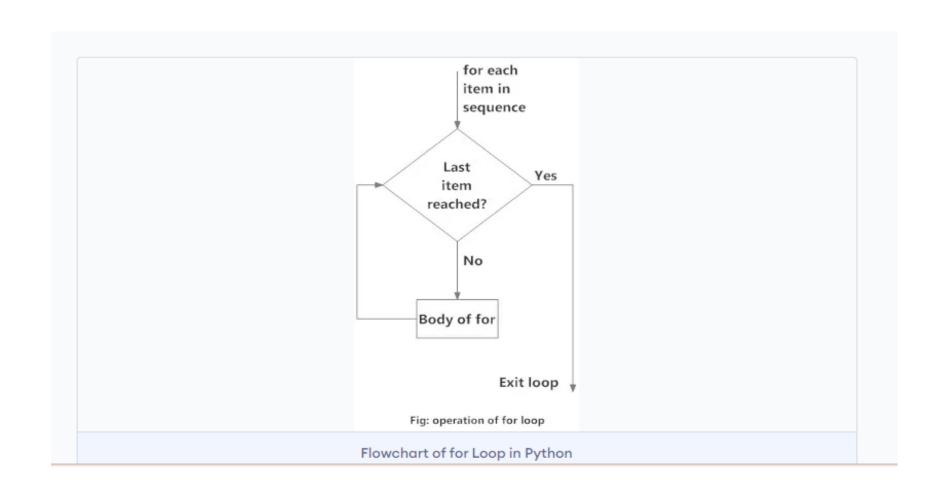


Python for loop

The for loop in Python is used to iterate over a sequence (<u>list</u>, <u>tuple</u>, <u>string</u>) or other iterable objects. Iterating over a sequence is called traversal.



Flow chart for loop





While loop

The while loop in Python is used to iterate over a block of code as long as the test expression (condition) is true.

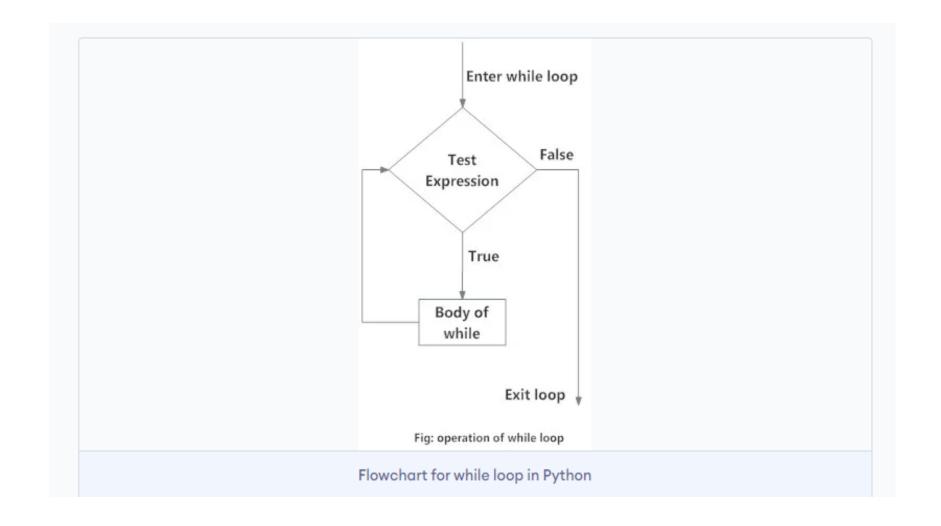
We generally use this loop when we don't know the number of times to iterate beforehand.

while test_expression:

Body of while



Flowchart







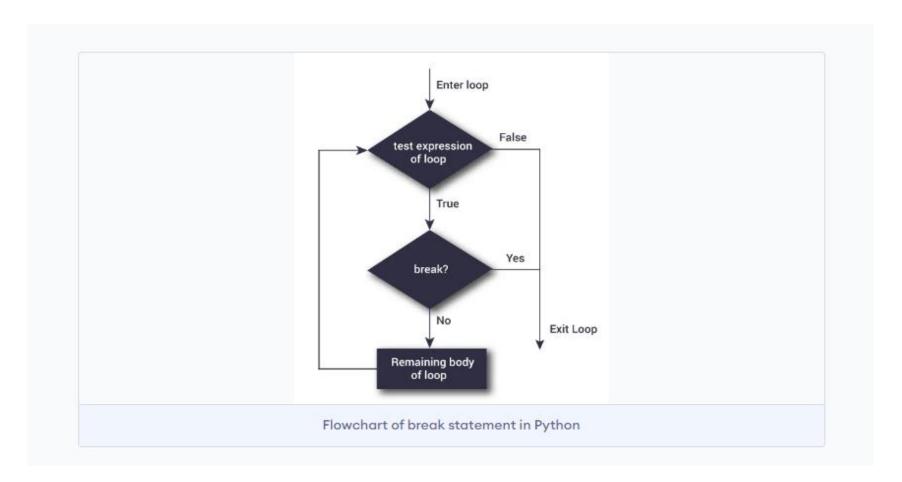
Python break statement

The break statement terminates the loop containing it. Control of the program flows to the statement immediately after the body of the loop.

If the break statement is inside a nested loop (loop inside another loop), the break statement will terminate the innermost loop.

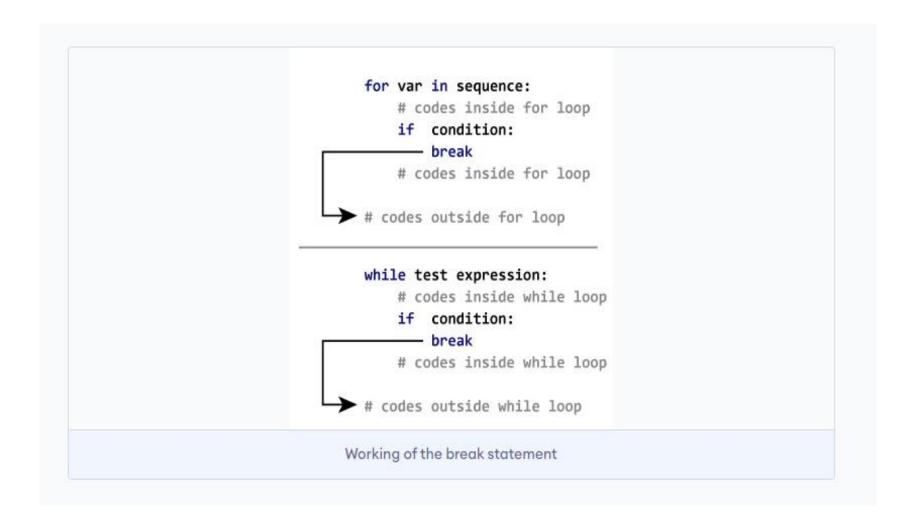


Flowchart





Working of break with for and while loop



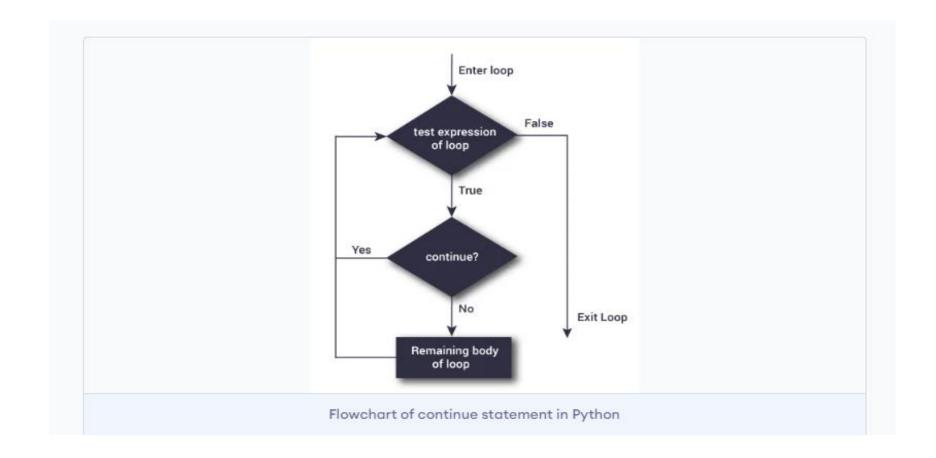


Python continue statement

The continue statement is used to skip the rest of the code inside a loop for the current iteration only. Loop does not terminate but continues on with the next iteration.



Flow chart





Working of continue with for and while loop

```
for var in sequence:
        # codes inside for loop
         if condition:
           — continue
         # codes inside for loop
     # codes outside for loop
     while test expression:
         # codes inside while loop
         if condition:
            -continue
         # codes inside while loop
     # codes outside while loop
How continue statement works in python
```





Assignments:

- Write a python code to print table of 5,6,7
- Write a python code to print the even numbers from 1 to 20
- Write a python code to print odd numbers from 1 to 20
- Write a python code to print reverse numbers from 50 to



Thank You



