In [1]: from hamiltonian import HamiltonianSmall, Hamiltonian

```
In [2]: lih_small = HamiltonianSmall('LiH', 1.5) # this encoding uses reduction tec
        beh2_small = HamiltonianSmall('BeH2', 1.3) # this encoding uses reduction t
        # 4 qubits
        h2 jw 4 = Hamiltonian('H2 STO3g 4gubits', 'jw')
        h2 parity 4 = Hamiltonian('H2 STO3g 4qubits', 'parity')
        h2 bk 4 = Hamiltonian('H2 STO3g 4gubits', 'bk')
        # 8 qubits
        h2 jw = Hamiltonian('H2_6-31G_8qubits', 'jw')
        h2 parity = Hamiltonian('H2_6-31G_8qubits', 'parity')
        h2_bk = Hamiltonian('H2_6-31G_8qubits', 'bk')
        # 12 qubits
        lih_jw = Hamiltonian('LiH_STO3g_12qubits', 'jw')
        lih parity = Hamiltonian('LiH STO3g 12qubits', 'parity')
        lih_bk = Hamiltonian('LiH_STO3g_12qubits', 'bk')
        # 14 qubits
        h2o_jw = Hamiltonian('H2O_STO3g_14qubits', 'jw')
        h2o parity = Hamiltonian('H2O_STO3g_14qubits', 'parity')
        h2o bk = Hamiltonian('H2O STO3g 14qubits', 'bk')
        beh2 jw = Hamiltonian('BeH2 STO3g 14qubits', 'jw')
        beh2 parity = Hamiltonian('BeH2 STO3g 14qubits', 'parity')
        beh2 bk = Hamiltonian('BeH2 STO3g 14qubits', 'bk')
        # 16 qubits
        nh3 jw = Hamiltonian('NH3 STO3g 16qubits', 'jw')
        nh3 parity = Hamiltonian('NH3 STO3g 16qubits', 'parity')
        nh3 bk = Hamiltonian('NH3 STO3g 16qubits', 'bk')
        # 20 qubits
        c2 jw = Hamiltonian('C2 STO3g 20qubits', 'jw')
        c2 parity = Hamiltonian('C2 STO3g 20qubits', 'parity')
        c2 bk = Hamiltonian('C2 STO3g 20qubits', 'bk')
```

```
In [4]: %time h2 jw 4.pauli rep.ground()
        %time h2 jw.pauli rep.ground()
        %time lih_jw.pauli_rep.ground()
        %time energy, state = h2o_jw.pauli_rep.ground()
        # %time energy, state = nh3 jw.pauli rep.ground()                             # takes about 4 minutes
        CPU times: user 22.5 ms, sys: 4.19 ms, total: 26.7 ms
        Wall time: 23.2 ms
        CPU times: user 501 ms, sys: 26.2 ms, total: 528 ms
        Wall time: 418 ms
        CPU times: user 4.32 s, sys: 431 ms, total: 4.76 s
        Wall time: 2.61 s
        CPU times: user 22.3 s, sys: 2.39 s, total: 24.7 s
        Wall time: 10.8 s
In [5]: %time h2_jw_4.pauli_rep.ground(multithread=True)
        %time h2 jw.pauli rep.ground(multithread=True)
        %time lih_jw.pauli_rep.ground(multithread=True)
        %time energy, state = h2o_jw.pauli_rep.ground(multithread=True)
        # %time energy, state = ammonia jw.pauli rep.ground(multithread=True) # tak
        CPU times: user 49.7 ms, sys: 50.7 ms, total: 100 ms
        Wall time: 318 ms
        CPU times: user 182 ms, sys: 79.8 ms, total: 262 ms
        Wall time: 462 ms
        CPU times: user 1.42 s, sys: 254 ms, total: 1.67 s
        Wall time: 949 ms
        CPU times: user 22.7 s, sys: 3.7 s, total: 26.4 s
        Wall time: 4.74 s
        Variance formula
```

```
Var[v] = \sum_{\text{Oarrow.} \text{Rarrow}} f_{\beta}(\text{Qarrow}, \text{Rarrow}) \alpha_{\text{Qarrow}} \alpha_{\text{Rarrow}} \text{tr}(\rho \text{Qarrow}, \text{Rarrow}) - \text{tr}(\rho H_0)^2
```

```
In [6]: ham = h2_jw_4
    energy, state = ham.pauli_rep.ground()
    β = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_uniform()
    %time ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β)

    CPU times: user 22.9 ms, sys: 2.99 ms, total: 25.9 ms
    Wall time: 3.25 ms

Out[6]: 1.9710775636478903

In [7]: print("ell_1: ", ham.pauli_rep.variance_ell_1(energy))
    ell 1: 2.493466775932121
```

```
In [8]: # this code is from an old idea, which ultimately did not work well.

β = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_pnorm(1)
print("1_norm: ", ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β))

β = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_pnorm(2)
print("2_norm: ", ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β))

β = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_pnorm('infinity')
print("max_norm: ", ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β))
```

1_norm: 60.38753187541104 2_norm: 22.36573743732807 max norm: 13.643445555482327

Variance optimisation (method=diagonal)

This is not the correct optimisation. However it

- · gives good results;
- · is quicker than the full optimisation problem;
- is convex (so local minimums are global);
- · does not need access to the Hartree-Fock bitstring for the encoding.

Diagonal minimisation asks us to find $\{\beta_{i,P}\}$ in order to minimise:

$$\sum_{\text{Oarrow}} \alpha_{\text{Qarrow}}^2 \prod_{i \in \text{Supp}(\text{Qarrow})} \beta_{i,Q_i}^{-1} \quad \text{subject to} \quad \beta_{i,X} + \beta_{i,Y} + \beta_{i,Z} = 1 \,\forall i, \qquad \beta_{i,P} \geq 0$$

And we have an implementation using Lagrange multipliers

```
In [9]: \beta = \text{ham.pauli\_rep.local\_dists\_optimal('diagonal', 'scipy')}
print(ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, \beta))
```

1.8555808969284264

```
In [10]: \beta = \text{ham.pauli\_rep.local\_dists\_optimal('diagonal', 'lagrange')} print(ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, \beta))
```

1.855583049884943

```
In [11]: # time comparison lih_jw has 12 qubits

ham = lih_jw
%time β_scipy = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_optimal('diagonal', 'scipy')
%time β_lagrange = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_optimal('diagonal', 'lagrange'
energy, state = ham.pauli_rep.ground(multithread=True)
var_scipy = ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β_scipy)
var_lagrange = ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β_lagrange)
discrepancy = abs(var_scipy - var_lagrange)
print("discrepancy between variances: ", discrepancy)

CPU times: user lmin 9s, sys: 9.1 s, total: lmin 18s
Wall time: 13.2 s
CPU times: user 2.35 s, sys: 83.1 ms, total: 2.43 s
```

Variance optimisation (method=mixed)

discrepancy between variances: 4.931720457079791e-05

This is the full optimisation problem. It requires access to the Hartree-Fock bitstring m or bitstring_HF so that the HF state reads $\frac{1}{2^n} \bigotimes_{i=1}^n (I + m_i Z)$

In the JW encoding these are:

- H2 = 1010 (on four qubits)
- H2 = 10001000

Wall time: 1.86 s

- LiH = 100000100000
- H2O = 111110011111100
- BeH2 = 11100001110000
- NH3 = 11111000111111000 You can retrieve them by calling Hamiltonian.read_bitstring_HF()

Consider the set of influential pairs:

$$\mathcal{I}_{comp} = \{(\Qarrow, \Rarrow) \mid \text{ for all } i, \text{ either } Q_i = R_i, \text{ or } \{Q_i, R_i\} = \{I, Z\}\}$$

Then the cost function to optimise will be:

$$\operatorname{cost}(\{\beta_i\}_{i=1}^n) = \sum_{\substack{\text{\Qarrow}, \\ Rarrow \in \mathcal{I}_{\operatorname{comp}}}} \alpha_{\substack{\text{\Qarrow}, \\ Qarrow}} \alpha_{\substack{\text{\Rarrow} \\ i \mid Q_i = R_i \neq I}} \beta_{i,Q_i}^{-1} \prod_{i \mid Q_i \neq R_i} m_i$$

Warning, the small Hamiltonians don't follow the pattern because they use other reduction techniques

```
In [12]: ham = h2_jw
bitstring_HF = ham.read_bitstring_HF()
β = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_optimal('mixed', 'scipy', bitstring_HF=bitstr
print(ham.pauli_rep.variance_local(energy, state, β))
```

/opt/anaconda3/envs/qiskit18/lib/python3.8/site-packages/scipy/optimize/_hessian_update_strategy.py:183: UserWarning: delta_grad == 0.0. Check if the approximated function is linear. If the function is linear better results can be obtained by defining the Hessian as zero instead of using quasi-Newton approximations.

warn('delta_grad == 0.0. Check if the approximated '

-108.82360846362083

Variance after LDF grouping

We should use 1-norm sampling for κ

$$\text{Var}[v] = \left(\sum_{k=1}^{n_c} \frac{1}{\kappa_k} \sum_{\text{\Qarrow,\Narrow} \in C^{(k)}} \alpha_{\text{\Qarrow}} \alpha_{\text{\Rarrow}} \prod_{i \in \text{\supp(\Qarrow\Rarrow)}} \langle \text{\Qarrow\Rarrow} \rangle \right) - \langle \alpha_{\text{\Qarrow}} \alpha_{\text{\Rarrow}} \alpha_{\text$$

```
In [13]: from var import variance_ldf, kappa_lnorm #kappa_uniform
```

```
In [14]: ldf = ham.ldf()
    kappa = kappa_1norm(ldf)
    energy_tf = ham.pauli_rep.energy_tf(energy)
    variance_ldf(ldf, state, kappa, energy_tf)
```

Out[14]: -108.81078810508258

Benchmarking

```
In [15]: def variances dict(ham, \beta diag=None, \beta mix=None):
             pr = ham.pauli rep
              dic = \{\}
              energy, state = pr.ground(multithread=True)
             print("energy :", energy)
              # ell 1
             var = pr.variance_ell_1(energy)
              print("ell 1: ", var)
             dic['ell 1'] = var
              # LDF with 1-norm sampling
              ldf = ham.ldf()
             kappa = kappa_lnorm(ldf)
              energy_tf = pr.energy_tf(energy)
             var = variance_ldf(ldf, state, kappa, energy_tf)
             print("ldf 1norm: ", var)
             dic['ldf_1norm'] = var
              # uniform
             \beta_uniform = pr.local_dists_uniform()
             var = pr.variance_local(energy, state, \beta_uniform, multithread=True)
              print("uniform: ", var)
              dic['uniform'] = var
              # optimal (diagonal)
              if \beta diag is not None:
                  var = pr.variance local(energy, state, \beta diag, multithread=True)
                  print("optimal diagonal: ", var)
                  dic['optimal diag'] = var
              # optimal (mixed)
              if \beta mix is not None:
                  var = pr.variance_local(energy, state, \beta_{mix}, multithread=True)
                  print("optimal mixed: ", var)
                  dic['optimal mix'] = var
              return dic
         from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
         def variances graph(variances):
             num variances = len(variances)
             x = range(num variances)
             height = list(variances.values())
             plt.bar(x, height)
             plt.xticks(x, list(variances.keys()), rotation=20)
             plt.title(title)
             plt.show()
```

```
In [16]: variances_ALL = {}
beta_optimal_ALL = {}
```

```
In [17]: import time
```

```
In [18]: def benchmarking(name, ham, title):
             bitstring HF = ham.read_bitstring HF()
             time 0 = time.time()
             β diag = ham.pauli_rep.local_dists_optimal('diagonal', 'lagrange')
             time_1 = time.time()
             print("β diag found. Time taken: ", time 1-time 0)
             \beta mix = ham.pauli rep.local dists optimal('mixed', 'scipy', bitstring H
             time_2 = time.time()
             print("β_mix found. Time taken: ", time_2-time_1)
             beta optimal ALL[name] = {'diagonal': \beta diag, 'mixed': \beta mix}
             variances ALL[name] = variances dict(ham, \beta diag=\beta diag, \beta mix=\beta mix)
             time 3 = time.time()
             print("Variances calculated. Time taken: ", time_3-time_2)
             print("=====")
             print(title)
             print("=====")
             print(variances ALL[name])
             print("=====")
             variances_graph(variances_ALL[name])
```

```
In [19]: name = 'h2_jw_4'
ham = h2_jw_4
title = "Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 4 qubit
benchmarking(name, ham, title)
```

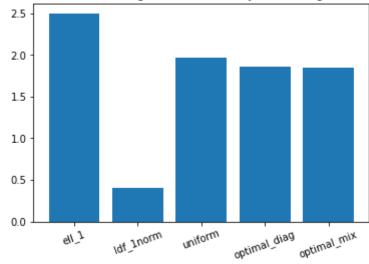
 $\beta_{\rm diag}$ found. Time taken: 0.008041143417358398 $\beta_{\rm mix}$ found. Time taken: 0.0512387752532959 energy: -1.857275030202382 ell 1: 2.4934667759321205 ldf 1norm: 0.40181970806913103 uniform: 1.9710775636478912 optimal diagonal: 1.8555830498849448 optimal mixed: 1.85465624251245 Variances calculated. Time taken: 1.537532091140747 =====

Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 4 qubits

{'ell_1': 2.4934667759321205, 'ldf_1norm': 0.40181970806913103, 'unifor
m': 1.9710775636478912, 'optimal_diag': 1.8555830498849448, 'optimal_mi
x': 1.85465624251245}

=====

Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 4 qubits



```
In [20]: name = 'h2_jw'
ham = h2_jw
title = "Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 8 qubit
benchmarking(name, ham, title)
```

 β diag found. Time taken: 0.29004907608032227

/opt/anaconda3/envs/qiskit18/lib/python3.8/site-packages/scipy/optimize/_hessian_update_strategy.py:183: UserWarning: delta_grad == 0.0. Check if the approximated function is linear. If the function is linear better results can be obtained by defining the Hessian as zero instead of using quasi-Newton approximations.

warn('delta grad == 0.0. Check if the approximated '

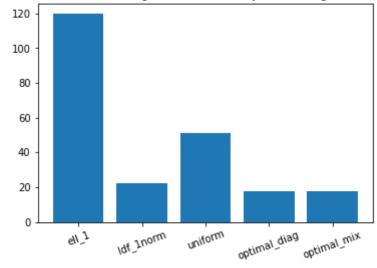
```
\beta\_\text{mix} found. Time taken: 19.799096822738647 energy: -1.860860555520756 ell 1: 119.67906001905912 ldf lnorm: 22.259477922991145 uniform: 51.399820213875834 optimal diagonal: 17.741947811137166 optimal mixed: 17.457190704104455 Variances calculated. Time taken: 2.2279322147369385
```

Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 8 qubits

{'ell_1': 119.67906001905912, 'ldf_1norm': 22.259477922991145, 'uniform': 51.399820213875834, 'optimal_diag': 17.741947811137166, 'optimal_mix': 17.457190704104455}

=====

Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 8 qubits



```
In [21]: name = 'lih_jw'
ham = lih_jw
title = "Variances for various algorithms on LiH in JW encoding over 12 qub
benchmarking(name, ham, title)
```

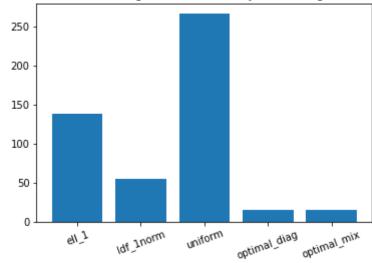
 β_{diag} found. Time taken: 1.984928846359253 β_{mix} found. Time taken: 248.5241379737854 energy: -8.908299431473665 ell 1: 138.38018090986623 ldf lnorm: 54.15086386372376 uniform: 265.6353233020801 optimal diagonal: 14.792751908498898 optimal mixed: 14.87757644953169 Variances calculated. Time taken: 17.072442054748535 =====

Variances for various algorithms on LiH in JW encoding over 12 qubits

{'ell_1': 138.38018090986623, 'ldf_1norm': 54.15086386372376, 'uniform':
265.6353233020801, 'optimal_diag': 14.792751908498898, 'optimal_mix': 14.
87757644953169}

=====

Variances for various algorithms on LiH in JW encoding over 12 qubits



```
In [22]: name = 'h2o_jw'
ham = h2o_jw
title = "Variances for various algorithms on H2O in JW encoding over 14 qub
benchmarking(name, ham, title)
```

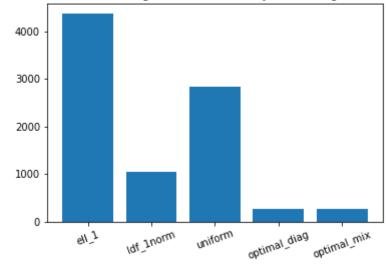
 β_{-} diag found. Time taken: 4.18767786026001 β_{-} mix found. Time taken: 1064.8798830509186 energy: -83.59943020533808 ell 1: 4363.497773126062 ldf lnorm: 1041.823501346878 uniform: 2839.03946821896 optimal diagonal: 257.5439313165558 optimal mixed: 254.14108178948788 Variances calculated. Time taken: 152.60770511627197

Variances for various algorithms on H2O in JW encoding over 14 qubits

{'ell_1': 4363.497773126062, 'ldf_1norm': 1041.823501346878, 'uniform': 2
839.03946821896, 'optimal_diag': 257.5439313165558, 'optimal_mix': 254.14
108178948788}

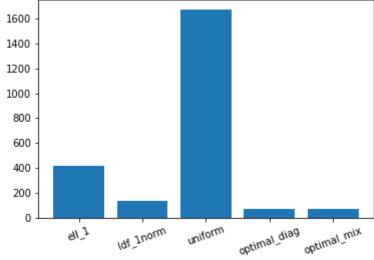
=====

Variances for various algorithms on H2O in JW encoding over 14 qubits



```
In [24]: name = 'beh2_jw'
         ham = beh2 jw
         title = "Variances for various algorithms on BeH2 in JW encoding over 14 qu
         benchmarking(name, ham, title)
         \beta diag found. Time taken: 2.3394269943237305
         \beta mix found.
                       Time taken: 644.2576398849487
         energy: -19.045049602808028
         ell 1: 418.2697172297552
         ldf 1norm: 135.4290971990617
         uniform: 1670.0146708893778
         optimal diagonal: 67.59976246292501
         optimal mixed: 67.48962329524991
         Variances calculated. Time taken: 66.65773487091064
         Variances for various algorithms on BeH2 in JW encoding over 14 qubits
         {'ell 1': 418.2697172297552, 'ldf lnorm': 135.4290971990617, 'uniform': 1
         670.0146708893778, 'optimal_diag': 67.59976246292501, 'optimal_mix': 67.4
         8962329524991}
```

Variances for various algorithms on BeH2 in JW encoding over 14 qubits



```
In [23]: # mac book pro is too weak for this!
    #name = 'nh3_jw'
    #ham = nh3_jw
    #title = "Variances for various algorithms on NH3 in JW encoding over 16 qu
In []:
In []:
```

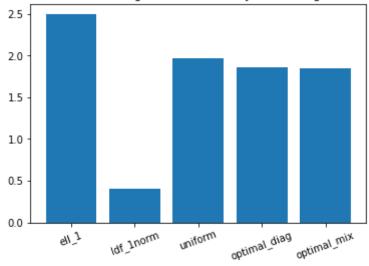
=====

```
In [29]: def save_variances_graph(variances, title, name):
    num_variances = len(variances)
    x = range(num_variances)
    height = list(variances.values())

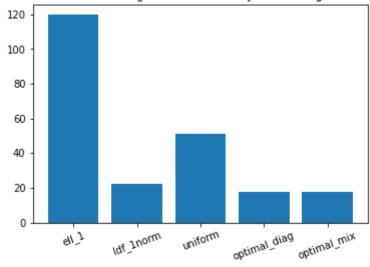
plt.bar(x, height)
    plt.xticks(x, list(variances.keys()), rotation=20)
    plt.title(title)

file = '../images/5algos_jw_encoding/{}'.format(name)
    plt.savefig(file, dpi=300)
    plt.show()
```

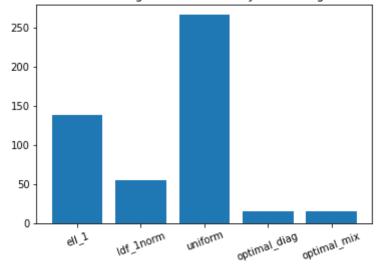
Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 4 qubits



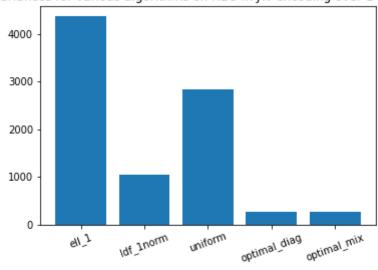
Variances for various algorithms on H2 in JW encoding over 8 qubits



Variances for various algorithms on LiH in JW encoding over 12 qubits



Variances for various algorithms on H2O in JW encoding over 14 qubits



Variances for various algorithms on BeH2 in JW encoding over 14 qubits

