

A discrete-time system has  $y[-1] = 0$  and is given by

$$y[n] - y[n-1] = x[n].$$

(a) (5 points) Determine the impulse response  $h[n]$ . [*Hint: Use the recursive approach.*]

Note that  $y[n] - y[n-1] = x[n] \implies h[n] - h[n-1] = \delta[n]$ .

Also,  $h[n] = h[n-1] + \delta[n]$  and  $h[n-1] = h[n] - \delta[n]$ .

For  $n < 0$ ,

$$h[-1] = y[-1] = 0$$

$$h[-2] = h[-1] - \delta[-1] = 0 - 0 = 0$$

$$h[-3] = h[-2] - \delta[-2] = 0 - 0 = 0$$

$$h[-4] = h[-3] - \delta[-3] = 0 - 0 = 0$$

$\vdots$

$$h[n] = 0.$$

Therefore,

For  $n \geq 0$ ,

$$h[0] = h[-1] + \delta[0] = 0 + 1 = 1$$

$$h[1] = h[0] + \delta[1] = 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$h[2] = h[1] + \delta[2] = 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$h[3] = h[2] + \delta[3] = 1 + 0 = 1$$

$\vdots$

$$h[n] = 1.$$

$$h[n] = u[n].$$

(b) (1 point) This system is

A. **an LTI system, since  $y[-1] = 0$ .**

B. not an LTI system.

(c) (1 point) This system is

A. an FIR system.

B. **an IIR system, since  $h[n] \neq 0$  for  $0 \leq n < \infty$ .**

(d) (1 point) This system

A. is memoryless.

B. **has memory, since  $h[n] \neq 0$  for  $0 \leq n < \infty$ .**

(e) (1 point) This system is

A. **causal, since  $h[n] = 0$  for  $n < 0$ .**

B. non-causal.

(f) (1 point) This system is BIBO

A. stable.

B. **unstable, since  $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |h[n]| = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 = \infty$ .**