ELEC-313

Lab 8: Bipolar Junction Transistor Characterization

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Date Performed: November 13, 2013 Partners: Charles Pittman

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1 Objective

The objective is to plot the output characteristic of a common-emmitter transistor circuit, and use it to determine the current gain and output conductance.

2 Equipment

Transistor: 2N7000 Power supply: HP E3631A Function generator: HP 33120 Multimeter: HP 34401A Oscilloscope: Agilent 54622D Capacitors: $0.1\,\mu\text{F}$ Resistors: $100\,\Omega$, $300\,\Omega$, $470\,\Omega$, $1\,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ (x2) $33\,\mathrm{k}\Omega$, $100\,\mathrm{k}\Omega$ (x2)

3 Schematics

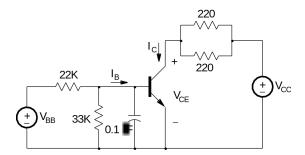


Figure 1: Common-emitter transistor circuit

4 Procedure

- 1. Construct the circuit of Figure 1. Use the $+6\,\mathrm{V}$ power supply for V_{BB} and the $+25\,\mathrm{V}$ supply for V_{CC} . Be sure to keep the connection distance between the capacitor and the transistor short. Use the HP multimeter to measure the base current (I_B) on the source side of the capacitor and Fluke multimeters to measure the collector voltage and current (V_{CE}) and I_C .
- 2. Adjust V_{BB} so that base current (I_B) is $20 \,\mu\text{A}$.
- 3. Adjust V_{CC} from 0.5 1.5 V in 0.25 V steps, then from 2 20 V in 2 V steps.
- 4. At each step measure the collector current, I_C , and the collector-to-emitter voltage, V_{CE} . If I_B has drifted, readjust V_{BB} before recording the values of I_C and V_{CE} .

5. Adjust V_{BB} for a base current of 50 μ A, 80 μ A, and 100 μ A. Repeat steps 3 and 4 at each I_B value.

5 Results

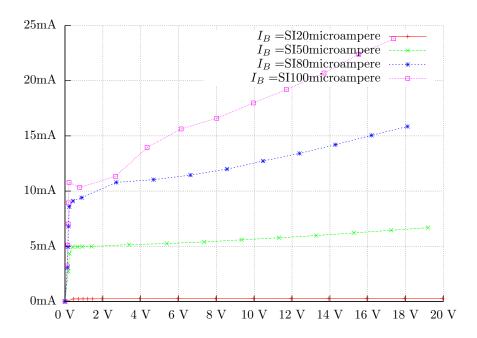


Figure 2: V_{CE} vs. I_C

6 Conclusion

7 Equations

$$h_{oe} \approx \frac{1}{r_o} = \frac{\Delta i_C}{\Delta v_{CE}} \tag{1}$$