Programming and Problem Solving

ELEC 330

Digital Systems Engineering

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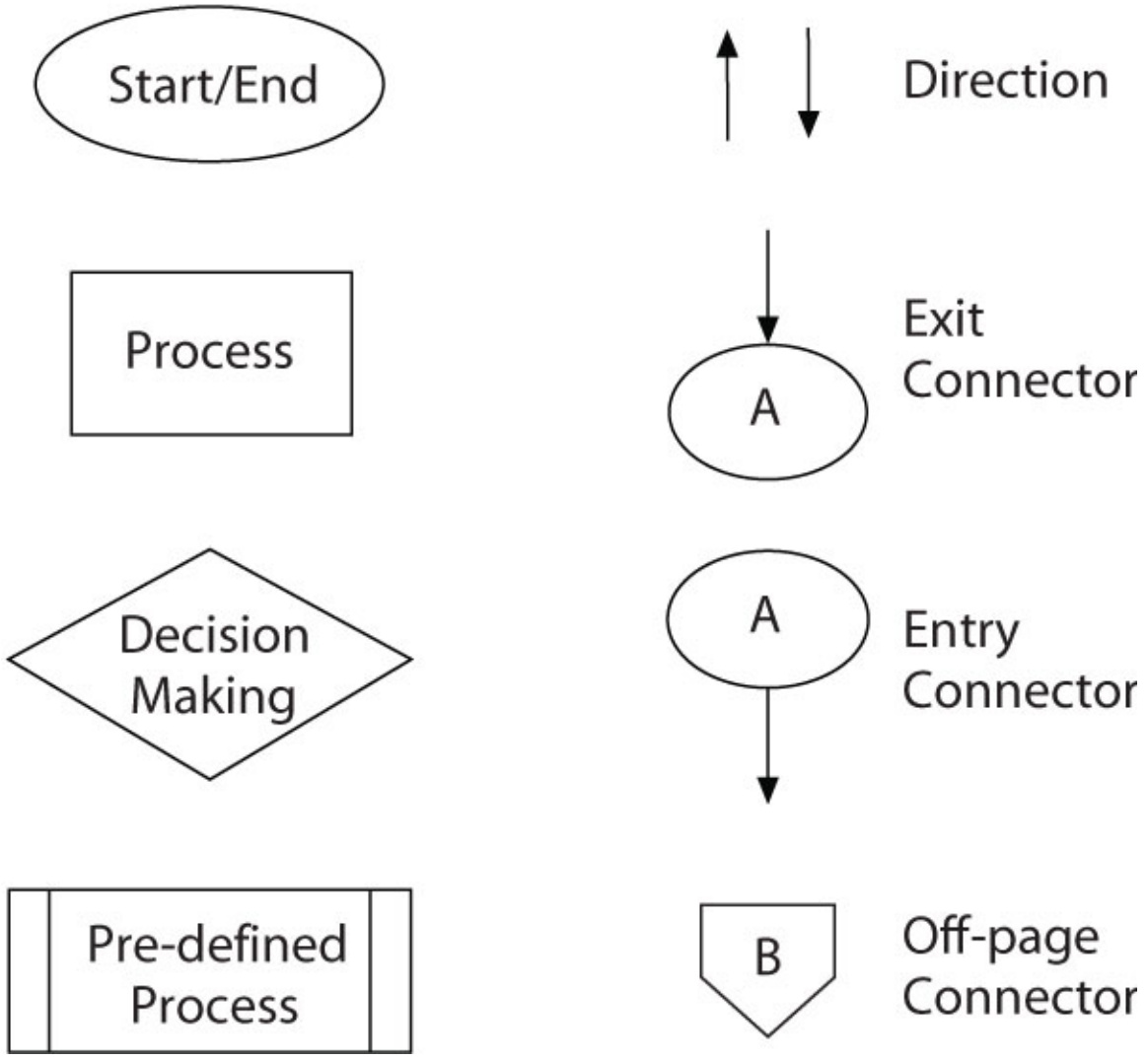
Images Courtesy of Ramesh Gaonkar and Delmar Learning

THE CITADEL
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL & COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Problem Solving

- Modular Design
  - Divide problem into various tasks
- Subroutines
  - Independent units that can be combined
- Flowchart
  - Graphical representation of processes (tasks)
  - Sequence to be followed

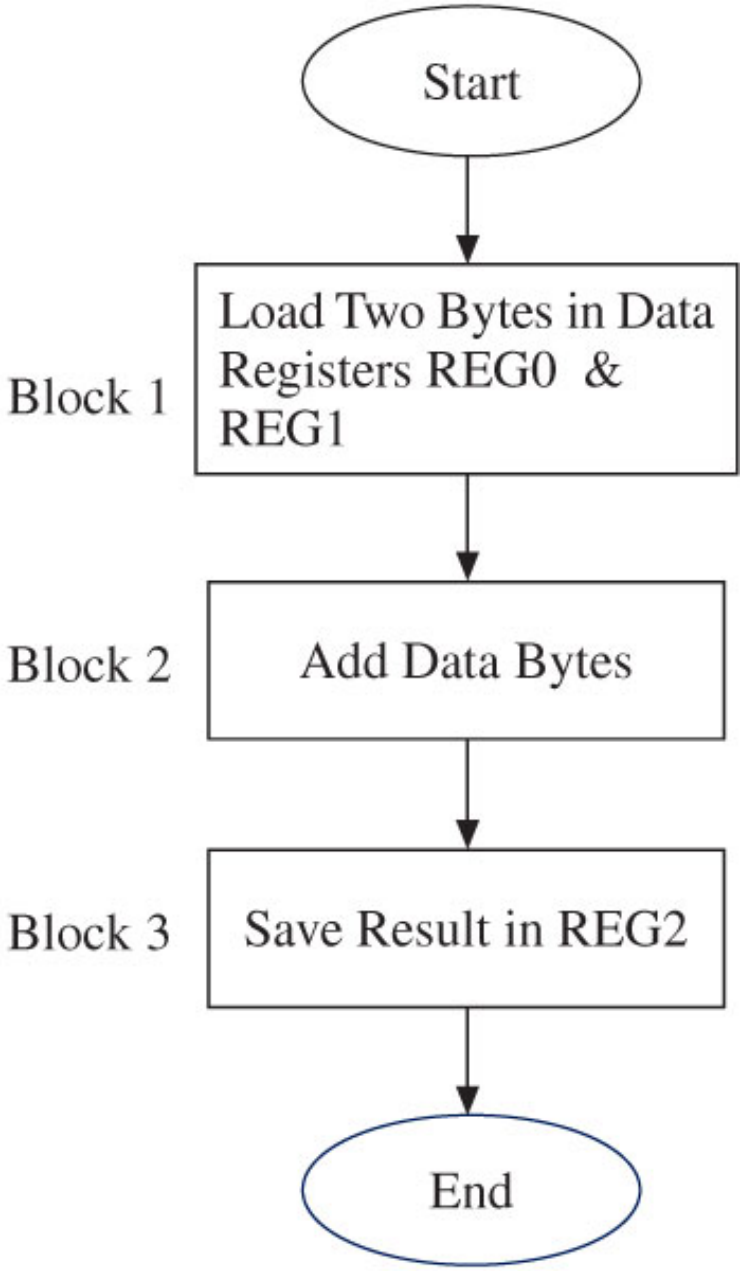
Flowcharting



Example 4.1

- Write instructions to load two bytes (37_H and 92_H) in data registers REG0 and REG1. Add the bytes and store the sum in REG2.
- Steps
  - Load two bytes in data registers REG0 and REG1
  - Add the bytes
  - Save the sum in data register REG2

Example 4.1


Start
Block 1
Load Two Bytes in Data Registers REG0 & REG1
Block 2
Add Data Bytes
Block 3
Save Result in REG2
End

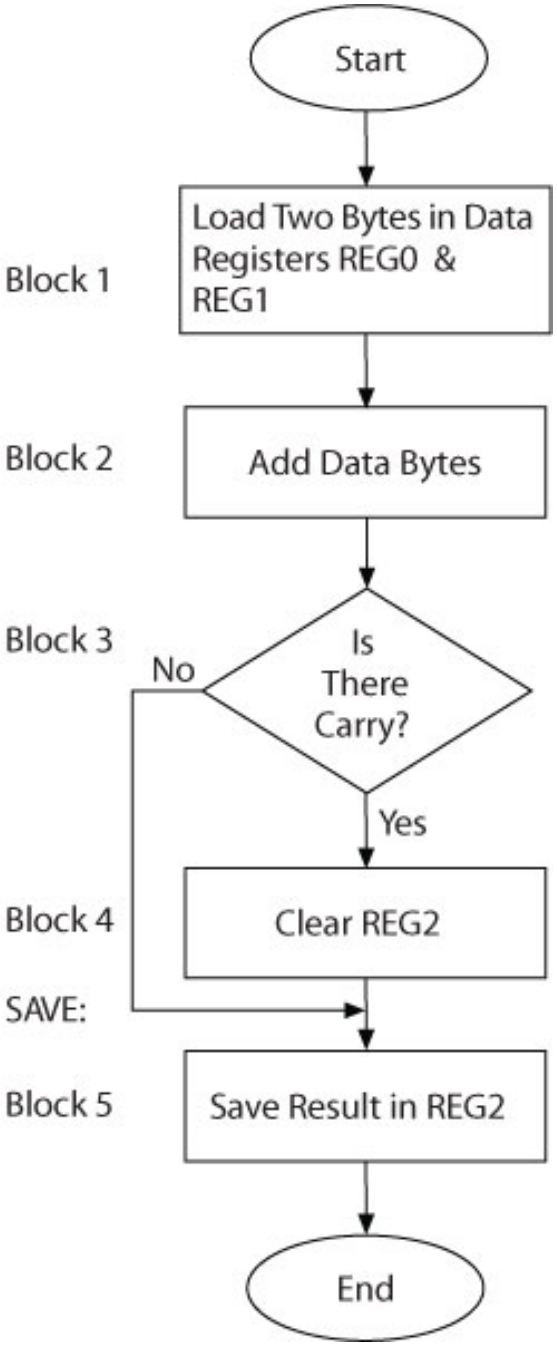
Assembly Language Programming

- Analyze the problem
- Draw a flowchart
- Convert the flowchart into mnemonics
- Look up Hex code and assign memory addresses
- Enter the Hex code into memory
- Execute the program
- Debug the program if necessary

Illustrative Program

- Addition With Carry Check
  - Write instructions to load two bytes ($F2_H$ and 32_H) in data registers REG0 and REG1 and add the bytes.
  - If the sum generates a carry, clear the data register REG2; otherwise, save the sum in REG2.

Illustrative Program



Assembly Language

Label	Opcode	Operand	Comments
START:	MOVLW	0xF2	;Load first byte in W
	MOVWF	REG0	;Save first byte in REG0
	MOVLW	0x32	;Load second byte in W
	MOVWF	REG1	;Save second byte in REG1
	ADDWF	REG0,W	;Add bytes and save sum in W
	BNC	SAVE	;Branch if no carry
	MOVLW	0	;Clear W
SAVE:	MOVWF	REG2	;Save sum in REG2
	SLEEP		;Power Down

Code Look-up?

Address	Hex	Label	Opcode	Operand
000020	0EF2	START:	MOVLW	0xF2
000022	6E00		MOVWF	REG0
000024	0E32		MOVLW	0x32
000026	6E01		MOVWF	REG1
000028	2400		ADDWF	REG0,W
00002A	E301		BNC	SAVE
00002C	0E00		MOVLW	0
00002E	6E02	SAVE:	MOVWF	REG2
000030	0003		SLEEP	

Execute the Program

- Hardware
  - MPLAB IDE
  - PICDEM™ 2 Plus Demo Board
  - Microchip PIC18F4520 MPU
  - MPLAB ICD2
- Simulation
  - PIC18 Simulator IDE
  - Microchip PIC18F452 MPU

PIC18 Simulator IDE

- Integrated Development Environment
  - Editing
  - Assembling
  - Linking
  - Downloading
  - Executing
  - Simulation
  - Debugging

Using an Assembler

- Assembly Language Programs
  - Program in Mnemonics
  - Assembler Directives
  - Comments
- Assembly Language Statements (4 fields)
  - Label
  - Opcode
  - Operand (data, register, or memory address)
  - Comment

Assembly Language Format

Label	**Opcode**	**Operand**	**Comment**
START:	MOVLW	0xF2	;Load F2H in W
↑	↑	↑	↑
Tab	Tab	Tab	Semicolon

Assembler Directives

- #INCLUDE Include resources from library
- ORG Origin
- EQU Equate
- DB Data byte
- END End of assembly

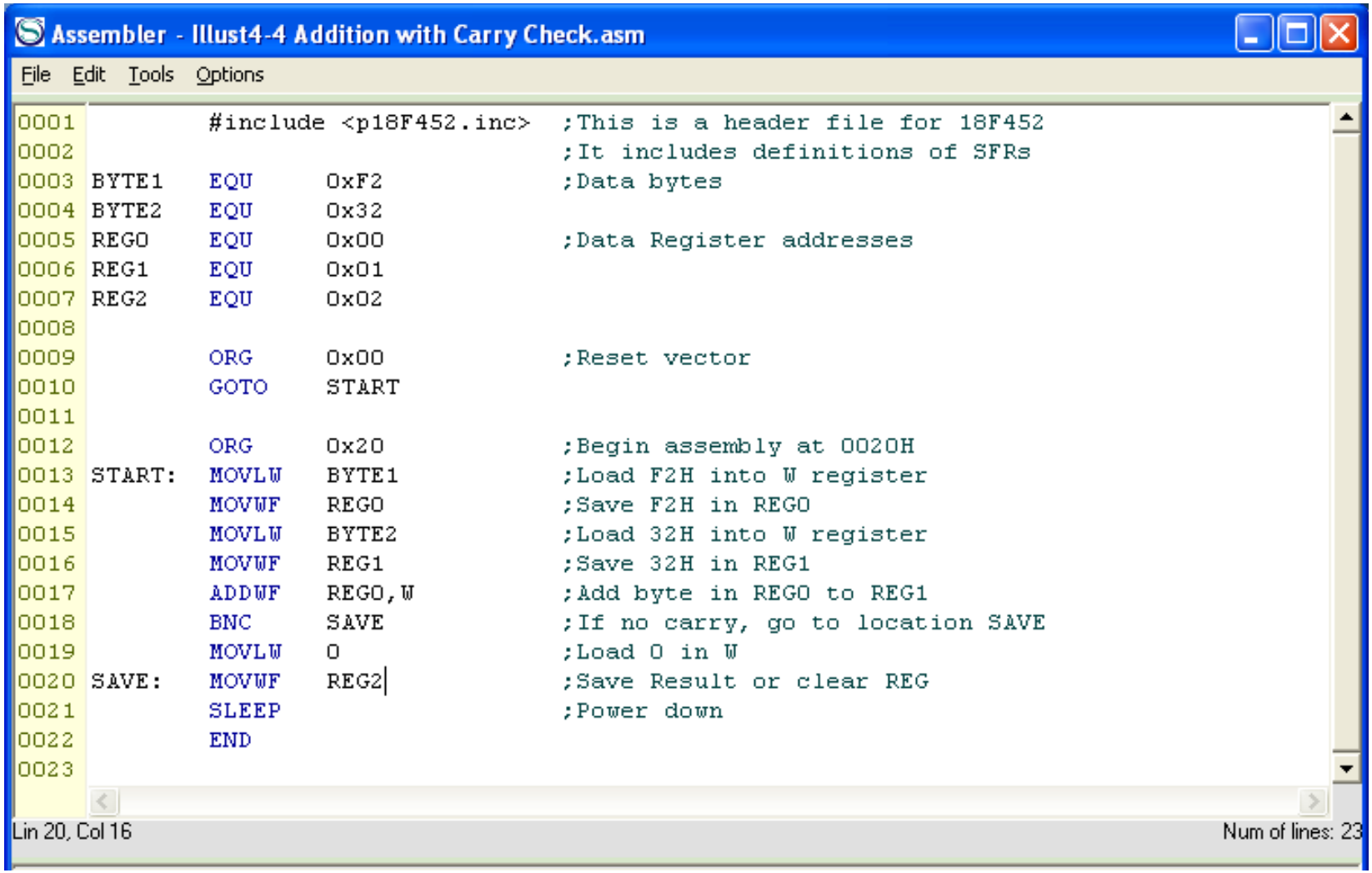
Radix Formats

Type	Format
Hexadecimal	0x4F H’4F’ 4F 4FH
Decimal	D’100’
Binary	B’10011000’
ASCII	‘Susan’ A’Susan’

PIC18 Simulator IDE

- Editor
  - Assembler
- Debugger
  - Breakpoint Manager
  - Watch Variables
- Simulator
  - Run and Step
- I/O Modules
  - LED Board
  - 7-Segment Display
  - Keypad Matrix

Assembler (Editor)



Understanding the List File

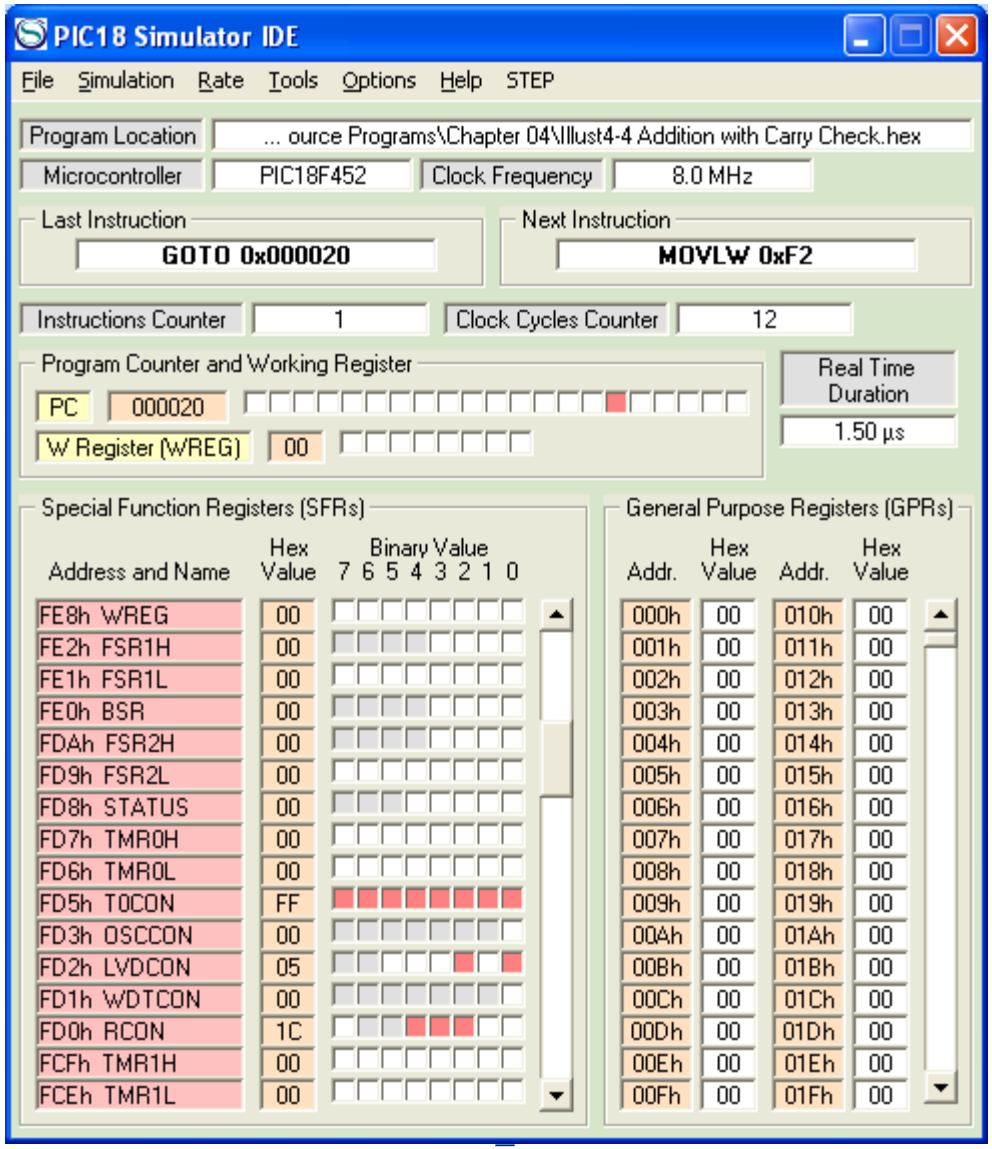
- List file generated primarily for documentation
- Includes seven columns
  - Line numbers
  - Memory addresses where binary code is stored
  - Hex code
  - Contents of source file
    - Labels
    - Opcode
    - Operands
    - Comments

Assembler Listing

```
0001 ---------------------------------------------
0002 PIC ASSEMBLER LISTING
0003 Line    Address Opcode  Instruction
0004 ---------------------------------------------
0005 0001    000000          ;Line removed by MPASMWIN preprocessor:         #include <p18F452.inc>
0006 0002    000000                                                  ;It includes definitions of SFRs
0007 0003    000000          BYTE1   EQU     0xF2            ;Data bytes
0008 0004    000000          BYTE2   EQU     0x32
0009 0005    000000          REG0    EQU     0x00            ;Data Register addresses
0010 0006    000000          REG1    EQU     0x01
0011 0007    000000          REG2    EQU     0x02
0012 0008    000000
0013 0009    000000                  ORG     0x00            ;Reset vector
0014 0010    000000  EF10            GOTO    START
0015 0010    000002  F000
0016 0011    000004
0017 0012    000004                  ORG     0x20            ;Begin assembly at 0020H
0018 0013    000020  0EF2    START:  MOVLW   BYTE1           ;Load F2H into W register
0019 0014    000022  6E00            MOVWF   REG0            ;Save F2H in REG0
0020 0015    000024  0E32            MOVLW   BYTE2           ;Load 32H into W register
0021 0016    000026  6E01            MOVWF   REG1            ;Save 32H in REG1
0022 0017    000028  2400            ADDWF   REG0,W          ;Add byte in REG0 to REG1
0023 0018    00002A  E301            BNC     SAVE            ;If no carry, go to location SAVE
0024 0019    00002C  0E00            MOVLW   0               ;Load 0 in W
0025 0020    00002E  6E02    SAVE:   MOVWF   REG2            ;Save Result or clear REG
0026 0021    000030  0003            SLEEP                   ;Power down
0027 0022    000032                  END
0028 ---------------------------------------------
0029 Number of errors = 0
0030
```

Lin 30, Col 0 Num of lines: 30

Executing a Program

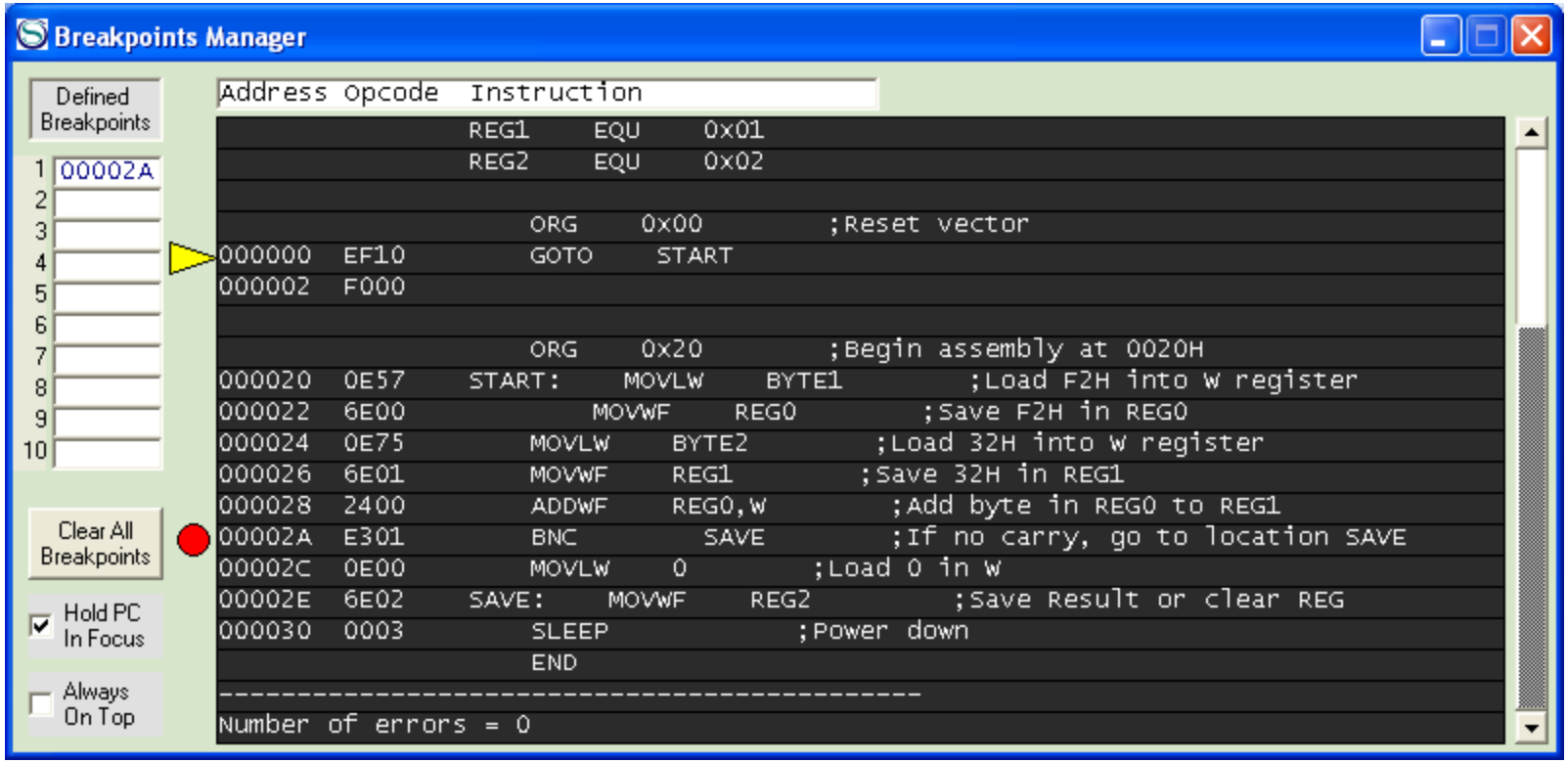


Debugging a Program

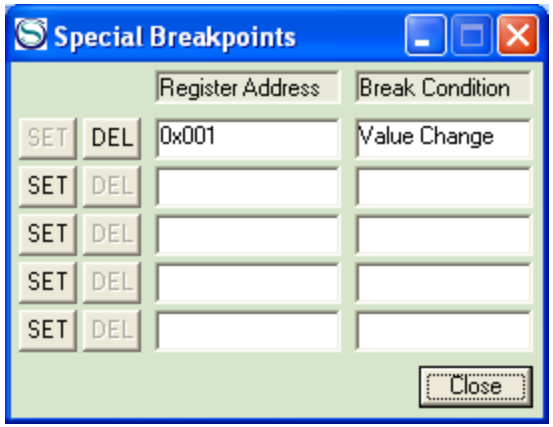
- Single-step technique
  - Execute one instruction at a time
  - Observe registers for expected results
- Breakpoint technique
  - Execute a group of instructions
  - Observe registers for expected results

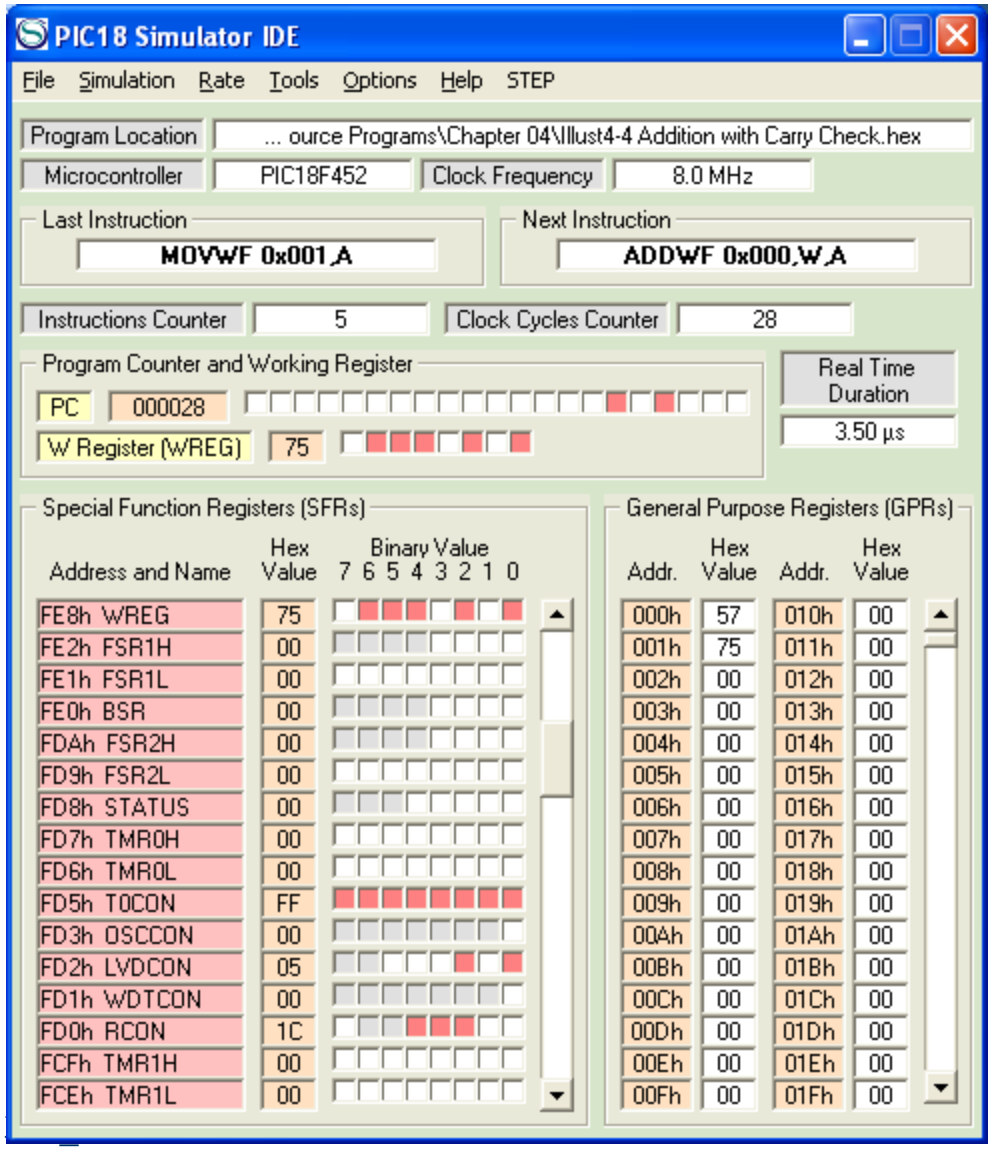
Breakpoint Manager

- Simulation automatically switches to step-by-step mode when reaching a breakpoint



Special Breakpoints





- Switch to step-by-step when the value of a register has changed or equals a predefined value