THE CITADEL THE MILITARY COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering

ELEC 318 Electromagnetic Fields

Exam #2 Review Problem Answers

1.
$$\begin{cases} 0 & A & r \leq a \\ 10(r-a) & A & a \leq r \leq b \\ 10(b-a) & A & r \geq b \end{cases}$$

- 2. 93.75 A
- 3. 100 A
- 4. $\frac{\pi J_0}{6} (b^4 a^4)$ (A)
- 5. $3.5 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$
- 6. 3.4Ω
- 7. (a) $33.95 \text{ m}\Omega$
 - (b) 265.1 A
 - (c) 2.386 kW
- 8. 0.84Ω
- 9. $13.26 \text{ m}\Omega$
- 10. $4t/\left[\pi\sigma(b^2-a^2)\right]$
- 11. $\pi/\lceil 2\sigma t \ln(b/a) \rceil$
- 12. $L/\{\pi[\sigma_1 a^2 + \sigma_2(b^2 a^2)]\}$
- 13. (a) $14 \text{ m}\Omega$
 - (b) $5.71 \text{ p}\Omega$
- 14. (a) $\frac{40}{\varepsilon_0 r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \frac{\text{nV}}{\text{m}}$
 - (b) $\frac{140}{r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \frac{\text{nC}}{\text{m}^2}$
- 15. $262.5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} \, \text{nC/m}^2$
- 16. 1.25
- 17. (a) $-20xyz\hat{\mathbf{x}} 10x^2z\hat{\mathbf{y}} 10(x^2y z)\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
 - (b) $_{-0.884xyz\hat{\mathbf{x}}-0.442x^2z\hat{\mathbf{y}}-0.442(x^2y-z)\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2}$

- (c) $-0.707xyz\hat{\mathbf{x}} 0.354x^2z\hat{\mathbf{y}} 0.354(x^2y z)\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2$
- (d) $-0.8854 yz + 0.4427 \text{ nC/m}^3$
- 18. (a) $90 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 4 \hat{\mathbf{y}} \text{ V/cm}$
 - (b) 31.1°
- 19. (a) $12.96 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + 25.92 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2$
 - (b) $181 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 83.8 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + 362 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
- 20. (a) $0.177\hat{\mathbf{x}} 0.106\hat{\mathbf{y}} + 0.212\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2$
 - (b) $10\hat{\mathbf{x}} 4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + 12\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
 - (c) 75.64°
- 21. 150.3 pC/m²
- 22. $20 \hat{y} \text{ nC/m}^2$
- 23. $1\hat{\mathbf{x}} 2\hat{\mathbf{y}} + 1000\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
- 24. (a) $r^2/2 \hat{\mathbf{r}} r \cos \phi \hat{\phi} + 3 \hat{\mathbf{z}} (V/m)$
 - (b) $8\varepsilon_0 \left(r^2/2 \mathbf{r} r\cos\phi \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} + 3 \,\hat{\mathbf{z}}\right) \left(C/m^2\right)$
- 25. $6\cos\theta \,\hat{\mathbf{R}} 3\sin\theta \,\hat{\mathbf{\theta}} \, (V/m)$
- 26. $\theta_1 = 71.6^{\circ}, \theta_2 = 78.7^{\circ}, \theta_3 = 81.9^{\circ}$
- 28. (a) $0.866 \,\hat{\mathbf{r}} 1.5 \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \,\text{V/m}$
 - (b) $13.78 \,\hat{\mathbf{r}} 23.87 \,\hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} \, \text{pC/m}^2$
 - (c) 171.52 pC/m^3
- 29. $157y^4 943y^2 + 30.4 \text{ kV}$
- 30. (a) $25z \, kV$
 - (b) $-25 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ kV/m}$
 - (c) $-332 \hat{z} \text{ nC/m}^2$
 - (d) $\pm 332 \text{ nC/m}^2$
- 31. -2.2 V, +3.3 V

32. (a)
$$-\frac{100}{R} + 150 \text{ V}$$

(b)
$$-\frac{100}{R^2}\hat{\mathbf{R}} \frac{V}{m}$$

33.
$$\begin{cases} a^{3} \rho_{0} / 3\varepsilon_{0} R & R \geq a \\ \frac{\rho_{0}}{6\varepsilon_{0}} \left(a^{2} - R^{2}\right) + \frac{\rho_{0}a^{2}}{3\varepsilon_{0}} & R < a \end{cases}$$

34. (a)
$$V_0 \left(1 + \frac{\rho_0 d}{2\varepsilon_0 V_0} z \right) \left(1 - \frac{z}{d} \right)$$

(b)
$$\frac{V_0}{d} \left\{ 1 - \frac{\rho_0 d^2}{2\varepsilon_0 V_0} \left(1 - 2\frac{z}{d} \right) \right\} \hat{\mathbf{z}}$$

35.
$$-8.05 \mu J$$

39. (a)
$$-\hat{\mathbf{r}} V_0 / \lceil r \ln(b/a) \rceil$$

(b)
$$\varepsilon \phi_0 h / \ln(b/a)$$

43.
$$4\pi / \frac{\varepsilon_1}{\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{c}} + \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{b}} + \frac{\varepsilon_3}{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}}$$

45.
$$\varepsilon_1 A_1/d + \varepsilon_2 A_2/d$$

46.
$$\frac{\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 A}{\varepsilon_2 d_1 + \varepsilon_1 d_2}$$

48.
$$\frac{Q}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \left[\frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2} + \frac{1}{r_3} - \frac{1}{r_4} \right], \text{ where}$$

$$r_1 = \sqrt{(x-a)^2 + (y-a)^2 + z^2} \quad r_2 = \sqrt{(x+a)^2 + (y-a)^2 + z^2}$$

$$r_3 = \sqrt{(x+a)^2 + (y+a)^2 + z^2} \quad r_4 = \sqrt{(x-a)^2 + (y+a)^2 + z^2}$$

49.
$$-0.109(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \hat{\mathbf{z}}) \text{ N}$$

50. (a)
$$32 \hat{\mathbf{y}} - 24 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$$