## THE CITADEL THE MILITARY COLLEGE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

## **Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering**

## **ELEC 318 Electromagnetic Fields**

## **Exam #2 Review Problem Answers**

	( 0 A	$r \leq a$
1.	$\begin{cases} 10(r-a) & A \end{cases}$	$a \le r \le b$
	10(b-a) A	$r \ge b$

- 2. 93.75 A
- 3. 100 A
- 4.  $\frac{\pi J_0}{6} (b^4 a^4)$  (A)
- 5.  $3.5 \times 10^7 \text{ S/m}$
- 6.  $3.4 \Omega$
- 7. (a)  $33.95 \text{ m}\Omega$ 
  - (b) 265.1 A
  - (c) 2.386 kW
- 8.  $0.84 \Omega$
- 9.  $13.26 \text{ m}\Omega$
- 10.  $4t/\left[\pi\sigma\left(b^2-a^2\right)\right]$
- 11.  $\pi/[2\sigma t \ln(b/a)]$
- 12.  $L/\{\pi \left[\sigma_1 a^2 + \sigma_2 (b^2 a^2)\right]\}$
- 13. (a)  $14 \text{ m}\Omega$ 
  - (b) 5.71 p $\Omega$
- 14. (a)  $\frac{40}{\varepsilon_0 r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} \frac{\text{n V}}{\text{m}}$ 
  - (b)  $\frac{140}{r}\hat{\mathbf{r}} \frac{nC}{m^2}$
- 15.  $262.5 \hat{\mathbf{x}} \text{ nC/m}^2$
- 16. 1.25
- 17. (a)  $-20xyz\hat{\mathbf{x}} 10x^2z\hat{\mathbf{y}} 10(x^2y z)\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$ 
  - (b)  $_{-0.884 \, xyz \hat{\mathbf{x}} 0.442 \, x^2 z \hat{\mathbf{y}} 0.442 \, (x^2 \, y z) \hat{\mathbf{z}} \, \text{nC/m}^2}$

- (c)  $_{-0.707 \text{ xyz} \hat{\mathbf{x}} 0.354 \text{ x}^2 \text{z} \hat{\mathbf{y}} 0.354 (\text{x}^2 \text{y} \text{z}) \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2}$
- (d)  $-0.8854 \text{ yz} + 0.4427 \text{ nC/m}^3$
- 18. (a) 90  $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$  4  $\hat{\mathbf{y}}$  V/cm
  - (b) 31.1°
- 19. (a)  $12.96 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 6 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + 25.92 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2$ 
  - (b)  $181 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 83.8 \hat{\mathbf{y}} + 362 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
- 20. (a)  $0.177\hat{\mathbf{x}} 0.106\hat{\mathbf{y}} + 0.212\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ nC/m}^2$ 
  - (b)  $10\hat{\mathbf{x}} 4\hat{\mathbf{y}} + 12\hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
  - (c) 75.64°
- 21.  $150.3 \text{ pC/m}^2$
- 22.  $20 \hat{y} \text{ nC/m}^2$
- 23.  $1 \hat{\mathbf{x}} 2 \hat{\mathbf{v}} + 1000 \hat{\mathbf{z}} \text{ V/m}$
- 24. (a)  $r^2/2 \hat{\mathbf{r}} \rho \cos \phi \hat{\phi} + 3 \hat{\mathbf{z}} (V/m)$ 
  - (b)  $8\varepsilon_0 (r^2/2 \mathbf{r} \rho \cos \phi \hat{\phi} + 3 \hat{z}) (C/m^2)$
- 25.  $6\cos\theta \hat{\mathbf{R}} 3\sin\theta \hat{\mathbf{\theta}} (V/m)$
- **26.**  $\theta_1 = 71.6^{\circ}, \, \theta_2 = 78.7^{\circ}, \, \theta_3 = 81.9^{\circ}$
- 28. (a)  $0.866 \hat{\mathbf{r}} 1.5 \hat{\boldsymbol{\phi}} V/m$ 
  - (b)  $13.78 \hat{\mathbf{r}} 23.87 \hat{\phi} pC/m^2$
  - (c)  $171.52 \text{ pC/m}^3$
- 29.  $157y^4 943y^2 + 30.4 \text{ kV}$
- 30. (a)  $25z \, kV$ 
  - (b)  $-25 \hat{z} kV/m$
  - (c)  $-332 \hat{z} nC/m^2$
  - (d)  $\pm 332 \text{ nC/m}^2$
- 31. -2.2 V, +3.3 V

32. (a) 
$$-\frac{100}{R} + 150 \text{ V}$$

(b) 
$$-\frac{100}{R^2}\hat{\mathbf{R}} \cdot \frac{\mathbf{V}}{\mathbf{m}}$$

33. 
$$\begin{cases} a^{3} \rho_{0} / 3 \varepsilon_{0} R & R \geq a \\ \frac{\rho_{0}}{6 \varepsilon_{0}} (a^{2} - R^{2}) + \frac{\rho_{0} a^{2}}{3 \varepsilon_{0}} & R < a \end{cases}$$

34. (a) 
$$V_0 \left(1 + \frac{\rho_0 d}{2\varepsilon_0 V_0} z\right) \left(1 - \frac{z}{d}\right)$$

(b) 
$$\frac{V_0}{d} \left\{ 1 - \frac{\rho_0 d^2}{2 \varepsilon_0 V_0} \left( 1 - 2 \frac{z}{d} \right) \right\} \hat{\boldsymbol{z}}$$

35. 
$$-8.05 \mu J$$

39. (a) 
$$-\hat{\mathbf{r}} V_0 / [r \ln(b/a)]$$

(b) 
$$\varepsilon \phi_0 h / \ln (b/a)$$

43. 
$$4\pi / \frac{\varepsilon_1}{\frac{1}{d} - \frac{1}{c}} + \frac{\varepsilon_2}{\frac{1}{c} - \frac{1}{b}} + \frac{\varepsilon_3}{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{1}{a}}$$

45. 
$$\varepsilon_1 A_1/d + \varepsilon_2 A_2/d$$

46. 
$$\frac{\varepsilon_1 \varepsilon_2 A}{\varepsilon_2 d_1 + \varepsilon_1 d_2}$$

48. 
$$\frac{\varrho}{4\pi\varepsilon_{0}} \left[ \frac{1}{r_{1}} - \frac{1}{r_{2}} + \frac{1}{r_{3}} - \frac{1}{r_{4}} \right], \text{ where}$$

$$r_{1} = \sqrt{(x-a)^{2} + (y-a)^{2} + z^{2}} \qquad r_{2} = \sqrt{(x+a)^{2} + (y-a)^{2} + z^{2}}$$

$$r_{3} = \sqrt{(x+a)^{2} + (y+a)^{2} + z^{2}} \qquad r_{4} = \sqrt{(x-a)^{2} + (y+a)^{2} + z^{2}}$$

49. 
$$-0.109(\hat{\mathbf{x}} + \hat{\mathbf{y}} + \hat{\mathbf{z}})$$
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50. (a) 
$$32 \hat{y} - 24 \hat{z} V/m$$

- (b) 0
- 51. (a) upward
  - (b) to the left