IV D.C. ANALYSIS ; LOAD LINES

ALL THE COMMON Emiller Circuit

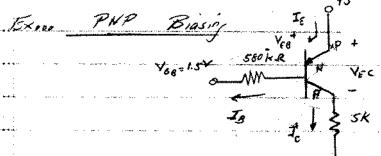
D'C Precevise Linear Model

Note: Since VBB > VBE (ON) - + VCE > VBE (ON) => Fur Netire Made

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ELEC 306 Lecture Notes

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FIND IB, IL, IF, YEC

VED= 0.6

R = 100

(2) I. - BIg - (0.5 pm)

9. KYL: -5V + YEC + IC 5K = 0 > YEC = 5 + (.5)(5) (2.5V

Note: ① The E-B junction is find braned since $V_{CC}-V_{BB} > 0.6 V$... ② The C-B junction is <u>reverse</u> brised since V_{EB} (open) $V_{BC} = (5-0.7) - (.5 \times 5) = 4.3-2.5 = 2.8$ V_{CC}

Thus transistor is in Linian Active mode.

oba: Vec = 2.5 > Vec (ON)

CAN'T BE

CAN'T have neg VCE in Common Emiller NPN. (Sce Characteristic curve)

on Transistor is not in Active Region

in Ic + BIB

Typica

So: Sct VCE = VCE (SAT) = 0.2

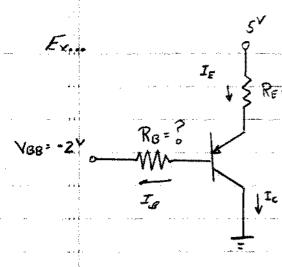
then: Ic = Ic (SAT) = VCC - VCF (SAT) 10-0.2 2.45 mA

RC 4k

and IE = I8 + Ic = 33.24A + 2.45 ma = 2.48 mA

Notes! 1 Typically VCECSAT) = constant and is given, this
is another preceives linear apparox of
the transister characteristic

(2) Ite = 0.0332 = 74 < B which is Expiral of solume him.



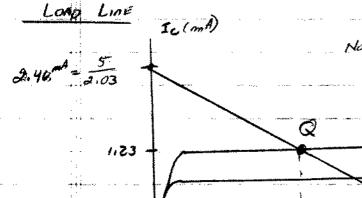
EC Loop KVL:
$$-5^{V} + I_{e} 2k + V_{ec} = 0$$

$$I_{e} = 5 - 2.5 = 1.25 \, \text{mA}$$

2.
$$I_c = \frac{B}{1+B}I_F = \left(\frac{60}{61}\right)1.25 = 1.23^{mA}$$

4. EB Loop KVL' -5 +
$$I_F 2K + V_{EB}(0N) + I_B R_B - 2 = 0$$

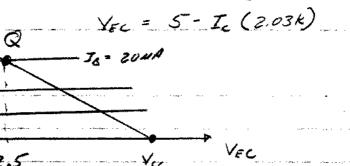
$$R_B = \frac{7 - 0.6 - 1.25(2)}{0.02 \text{ MA}} = \boxed{190 \text{ R}}$$



Note: from 1- obove

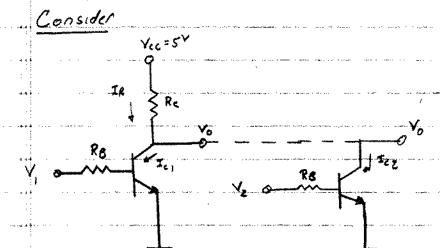
$$V_{FG} = 5^{V} - I_{F} 2k = 5^{V} - {61 \choose 60} I_{G} 2k$$

 $V_{FG} = 5^{-} I_{G} (2.03k)$



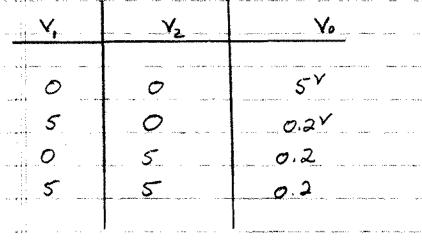
. E	X
Given:	Ro = 240-R Fino: curunto, Va, power dissopoted
	Vic: 12 9 12 5 5 K
mana tama ya wasa	Ves (on) = 0,7V
	Yes (sot) = 0.1 V 0 - M
	B = 75
	Re: 5-R
Constitution of March Comment and April 1	TO THE SECOND SE
	V==0: transister is 0.0, 1/2= 1c=0, 2/2 = 12"
(2)	$V_{7} = 12^{V}$: $I_{8} = \frac{V_{5} - V_{8} E(0 v)}{R_{8}} = \frac{12 \cdot 0.7}{240} = \frac{47.1}{240} mA$
	The state of the s
	uming Saturation:
n ana	Ic 3 Vec - Ver(SAT) = 12-0.1 2.38A
e k	in Ic ? A Large for most
	transistors. Would need
	2.38/0.0471 = 50.6 < BV a power transisted
**************************************	Vo = Vce (SAT) = 0.1 V
. . . .	power dissopphed in transistor = P = 60 Ves 1 60 Ves
***	= (2.38)(0.1) + (0.0471)(0.7)
	= 0.371*
	THE SEASON CONTROL OF THE SEASON OF THE SEASON CONTROL OF THE SEASON OF

B. Digital Logic



For V, =0, Q1 is cutoff, LB=0, LC=0, Yo= VCC=5V

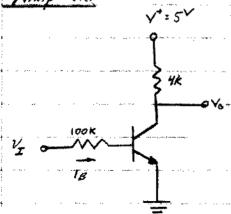
How add a second transistor: 2 input NOR GATE

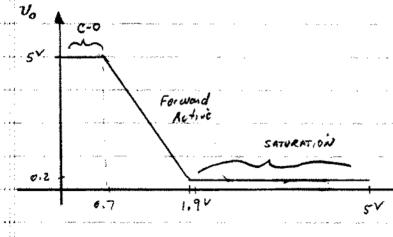


V ,	V_2	Vo	Ig	Q.	Gz
0	0	5	0	In: Ic, = 0	Tax= Liz=0
5	0	0.2	5-0.2 = 4.8mA	$I_{81} = \frac{5 - 0.7}{204} = 0.215^{mA}$ $I_{61} = I_{R} = 4.5^{mA}$	Taz= tiz=0
0	5	0,2	4.8 mo A	$I_{a_i} = I_{c_i} = 0$	Zo2 = 0.215 m/
5	5	0.2	4.8 mA	$I_{01} = 0.215^{-mh}$ $I_{01} = \frac{I_{01}}{2} = 2.4^{mh}$	Icz = 4.8 md Ioz = 0.215 md Icz = 4.8 md

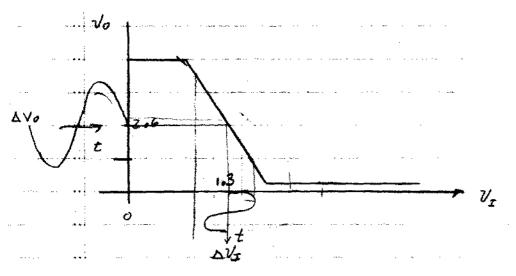
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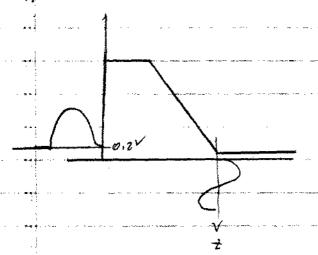


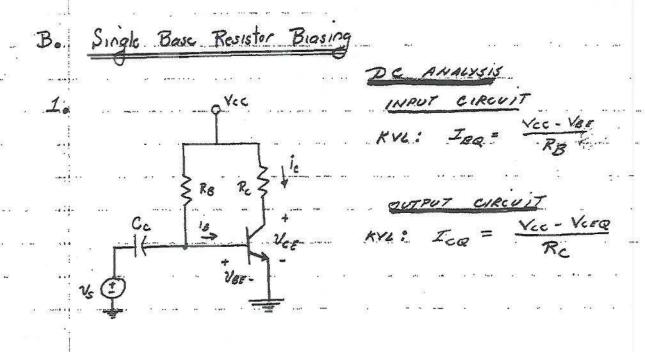




AC Analysis







Exora Consider Vcc = 12 Yeron = 0.7 R= 6KR, Re=1.13MR

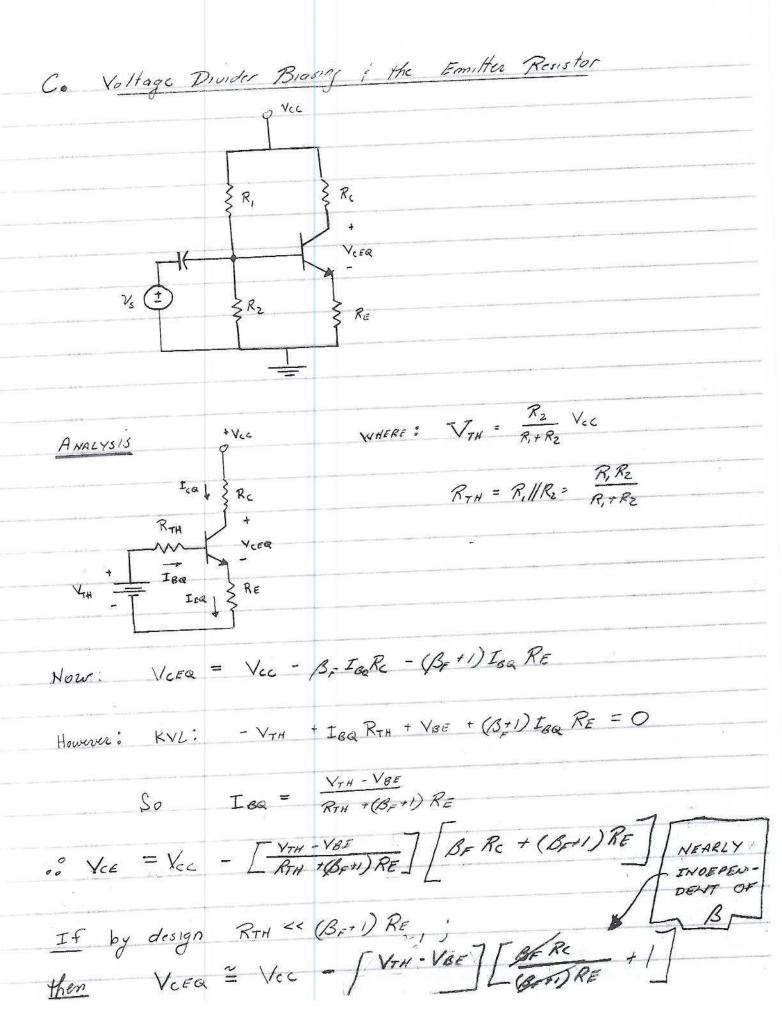
then for $\beta_F = 100$: $T_{eQ} = V_{eC} - V_{BF}(on) = 12 - 0.7 = 10 \mu A$

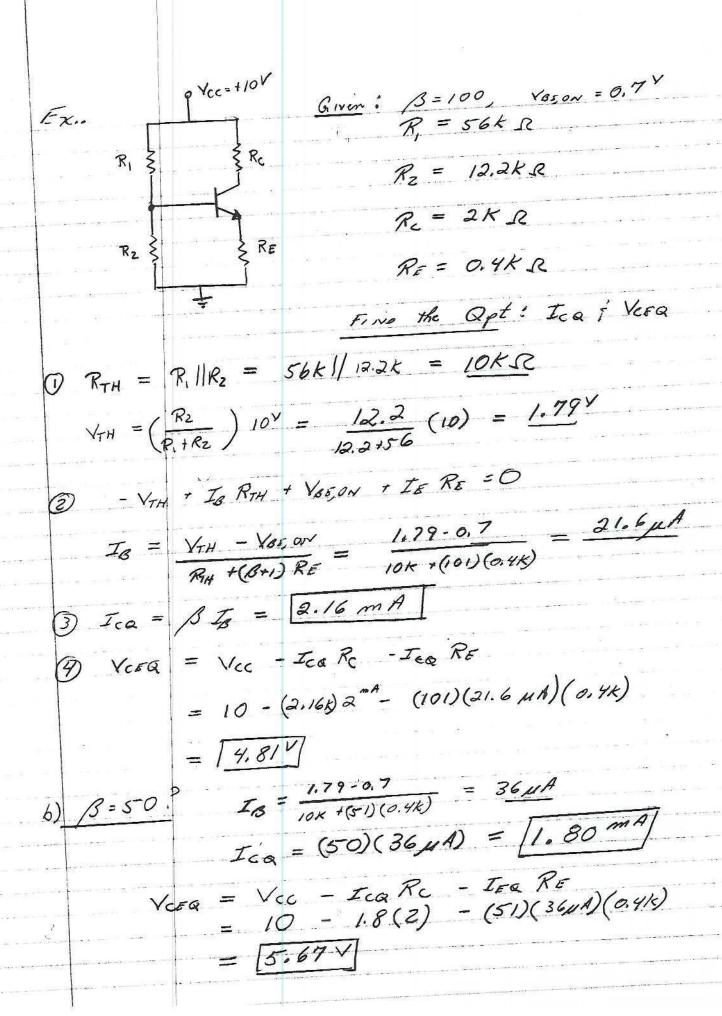
YCER = VCC - BF IB RC = 12 - (100) (104A) (6K) = 6V

for B= 50'

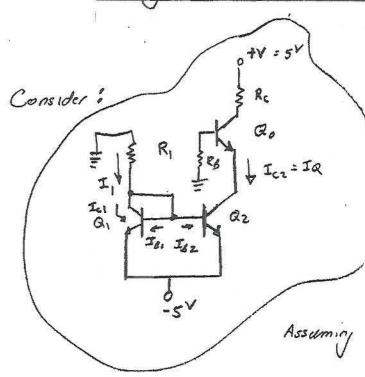
VLEQ = 12 - (50) (10HA) (6K) = 9V

50% & Br , 50% & Vera





D. Integrated Circuit BIASING



$$R_{i}-Q_{i} Loop$$

$$O = I, R_{i} + V_{BE(ON)} + V^{-}$$

$$I_{i} = -(V^{-} + V_{BE}(ON))$$

$$R_{i}$$

Assuming Q, : Qz are identical:

$$I_{cz} = I_a = \frac{I_1}{1 + \frac{3}{8}}$$

$$I_{i} = -\frac{(V^{-} + V_{BECON})}{R_{i}} = -\frac{(-5 + 0.7)}{10k} = 0.43 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{cs} = \left(\frac{I_1}{1 + \frac{3}{6}}\right) = \frac{0.43^{mA}}{(1 + \frac{3}{6}s_0)} = \frac{0.413^{mA}}{(1 + \frac{3}{6}s_0)}$$