

last time

anonymous feedback (1)

“I think you cut off people during their questions too much. It would be nice if students could finish their questions and get them answered correctly.”

anonymous feedback (2)

“I’m not sure if this applies to every single lab but at least for mine (330-445) the lab room feels insanely crowded. There often aren’t enough chairs for everyone and one of the TAs told me that a lot of people just don’t leave after their lab and stay for 2 or more lab sessions...I’m not really sure how this could be solved I just thought it was worth pointing out because the effect sort of compounds into later lab sessions since people who have a late lab and aren’t able to finish in lab don’t have as much time to work on it after lab class.”

aside on sudo

should have explained what sudo is

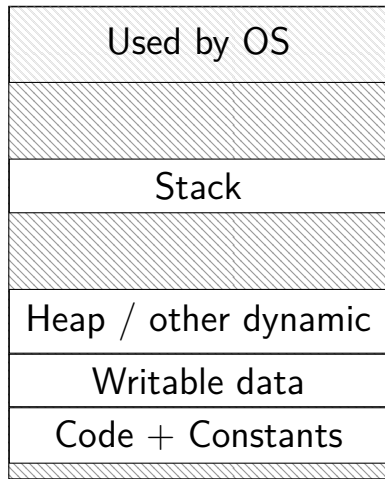
utility system admin configures to allow some people to run things with extra permissions

usually prompts for password first

trick: because set-user-ID program, program with if statements

kernel “delegates” decision to the program

program memory



0xFFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF

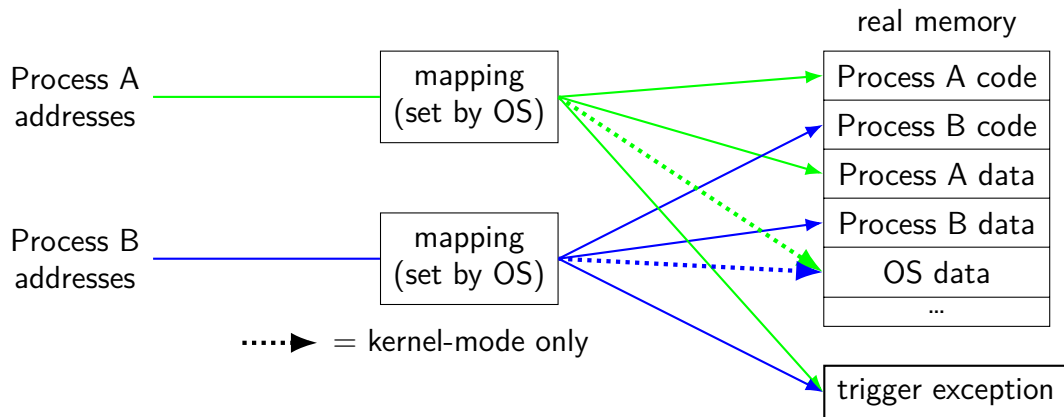
0xFFFF 8000 0000 0000

0x7F...

0x0000 0000 0040 0000

address spaces

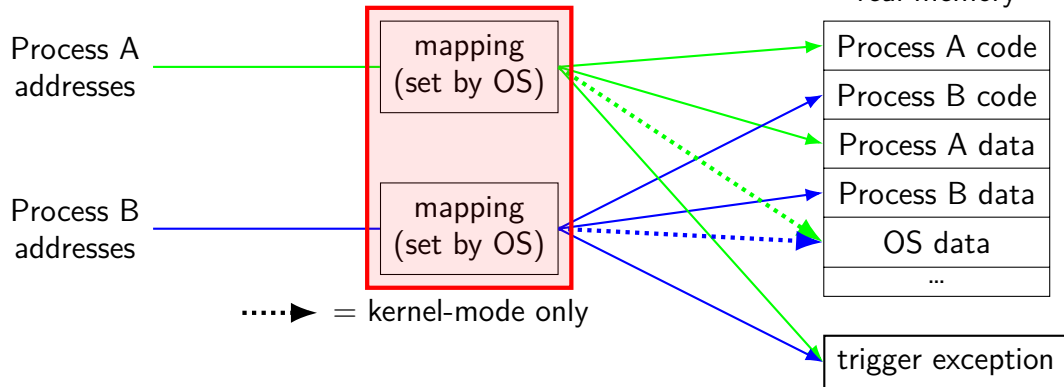
illusion of **dedicated memory**



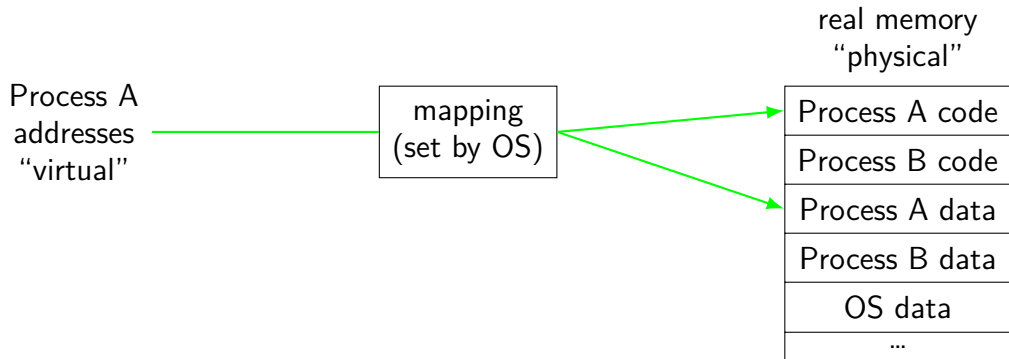
address spaces

illusion of **dedicated memory**

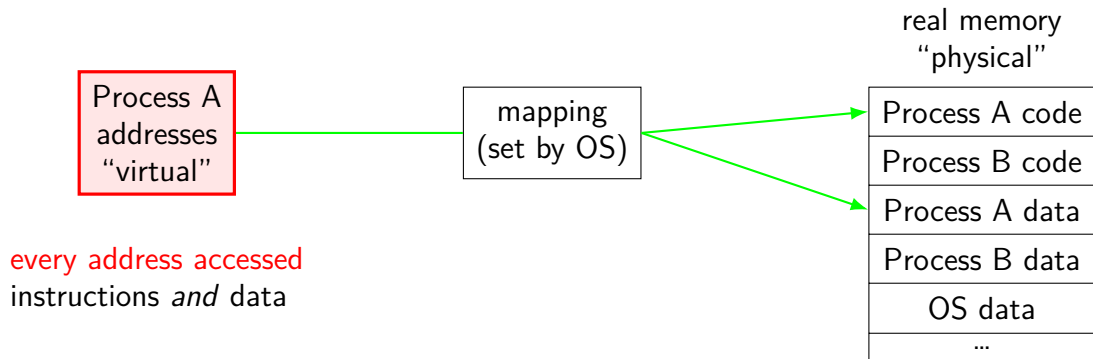
chose one during context switch



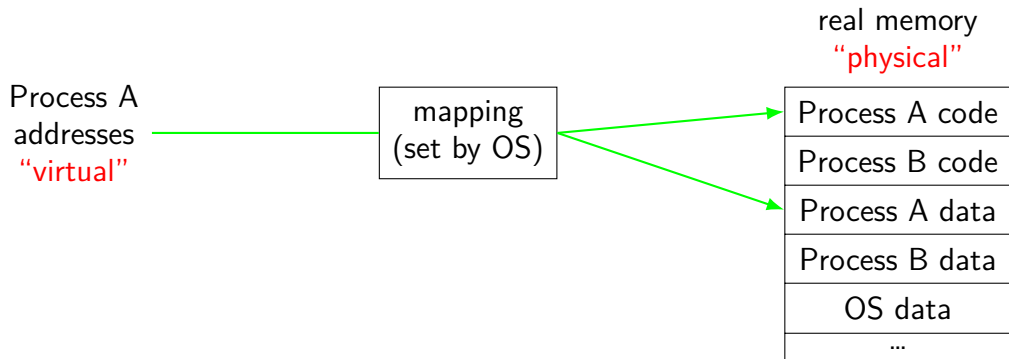
address translation



address translation

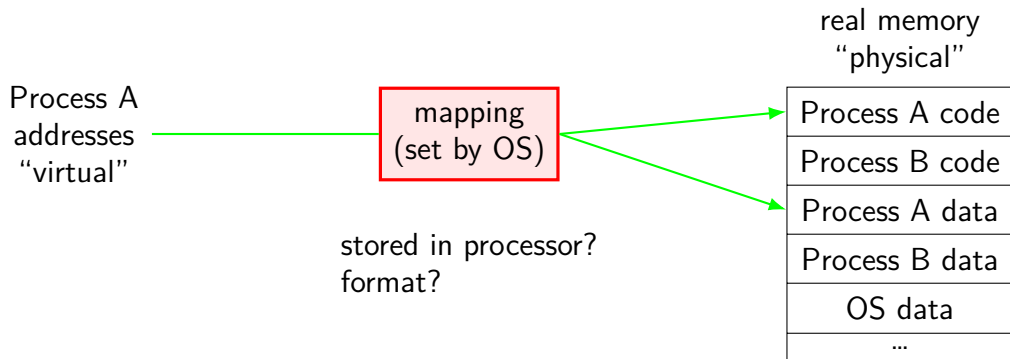


address translation

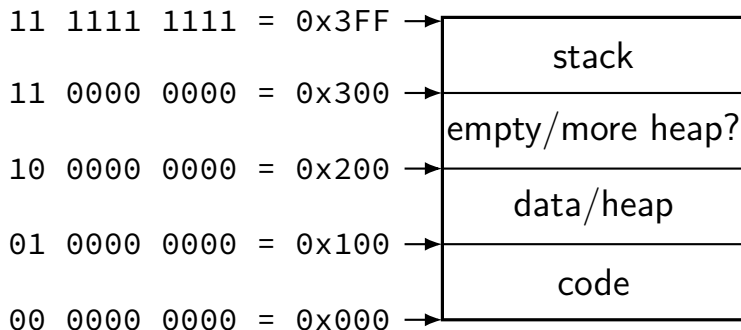


program addresses are 'virtual'
real addresses are 'physical'
can be different sizes!

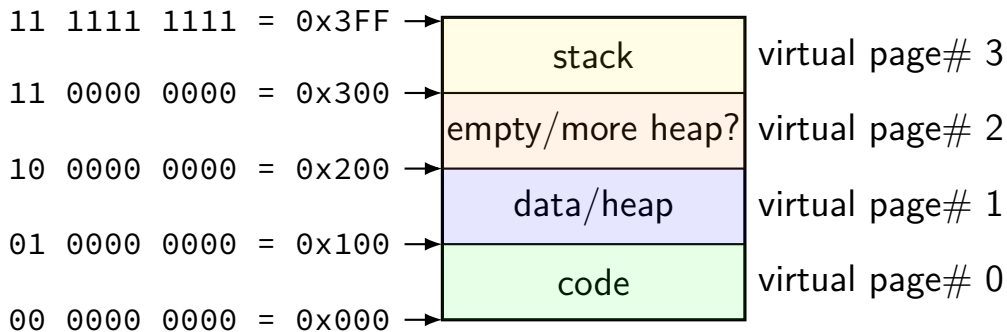
address translation



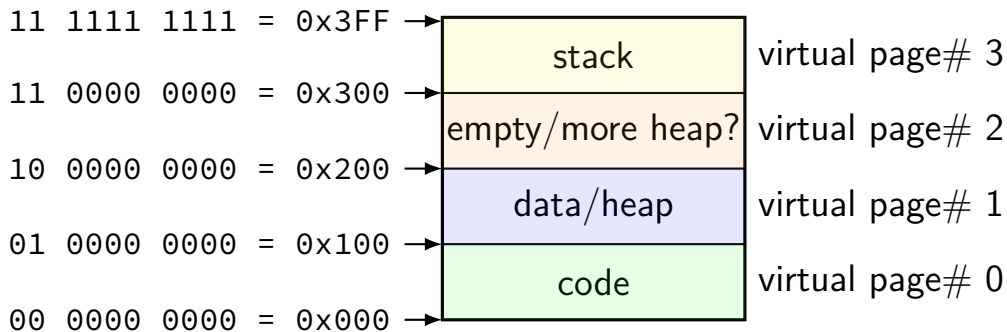
toy program memory



toy program memory

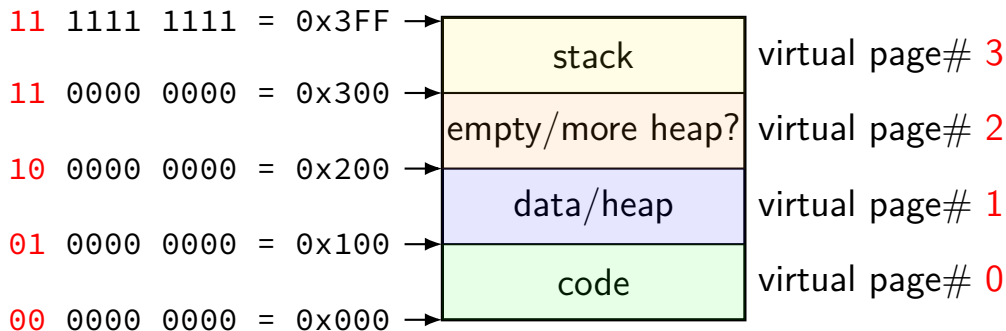


toy program memory



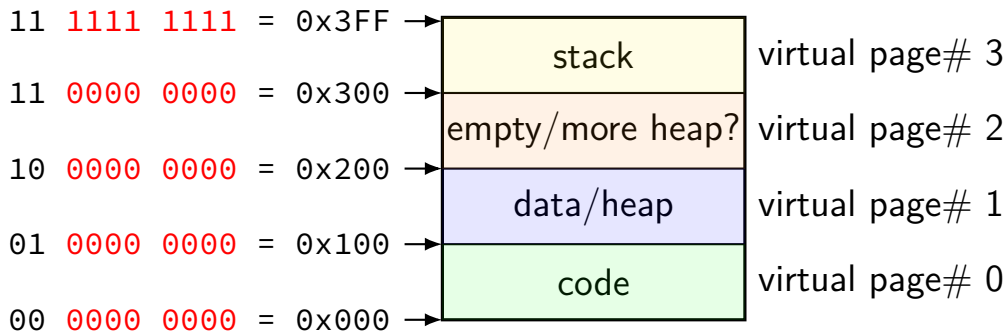
divide memory into **pages** (2^8 bytes in this case)
“virtual” = addresses the program sees

toy program memory



page number is upper bits of address
(because page size is power of two)

toy program memory



rest of address is called **page offset**

toy physical memory

program memory
virtual addresses

11 0000 0000 to 11 1111 1111
10 0000 0000 to 10 1111 1111
01 0000 0000 to 01 1111 1111
00 0000 0000 to 00 1111 1111

real memory
physical addresses

111 0000 0000 to 111 1111 1111
001 0000 0000 to 001 1111 1111
000 0000 0000 to 000 1111 1111

toy physical memory

program memory
virtual addresses

11 0000 0000 to 11 1111 1111
10 0000 0000 to 10 1111 1111
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real memory
physical addresses

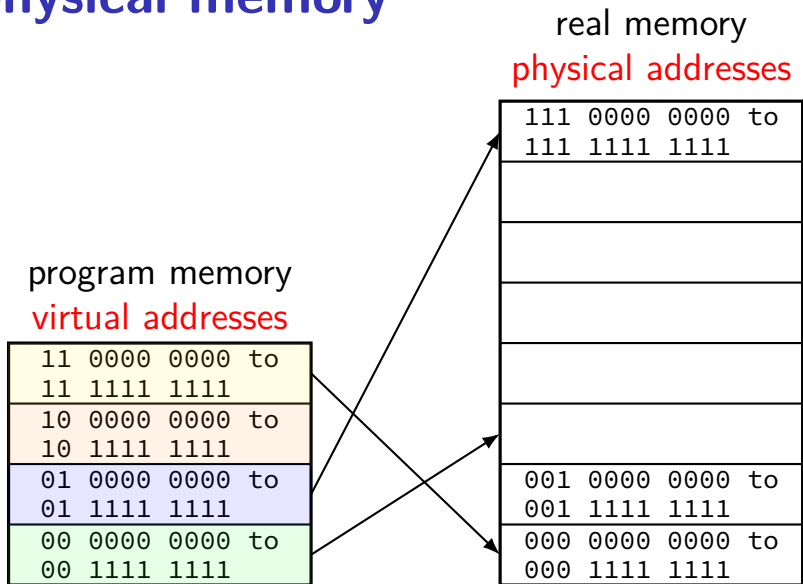
111 0000 0000 to 111 1111 1111
001 0000 0000 to 001 1111 1111
000 0000 0000 to 000 1111 1111

physical page 7

physical page 1

physical page 0

toy physical memory



toy physical memory

virtual page # physical page #

00	010 (2)
01	111 (7)
10	<i>none</i>
11	000 (0)

program memory

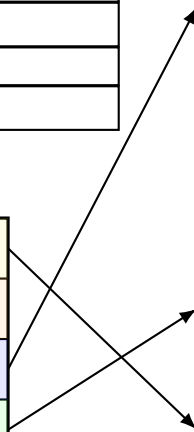
virtual addresses

11 0000 0000 to 11 1111 1111
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real memory

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toy physical memory

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program memory

virtual addresses

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00 0000 0000 to 00 1111 1111

page
table! real memory
physical addresses

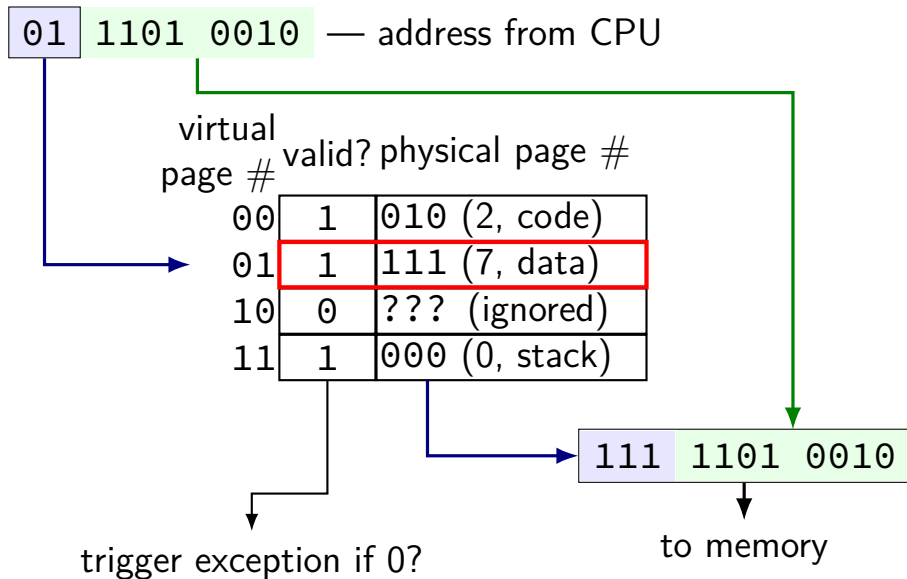
111 0000 0000 to 111 1111 1111
001 0000 0000 to 001 1111 1111
000 0000 0000 to 000 1111 1111

toy page table lookup

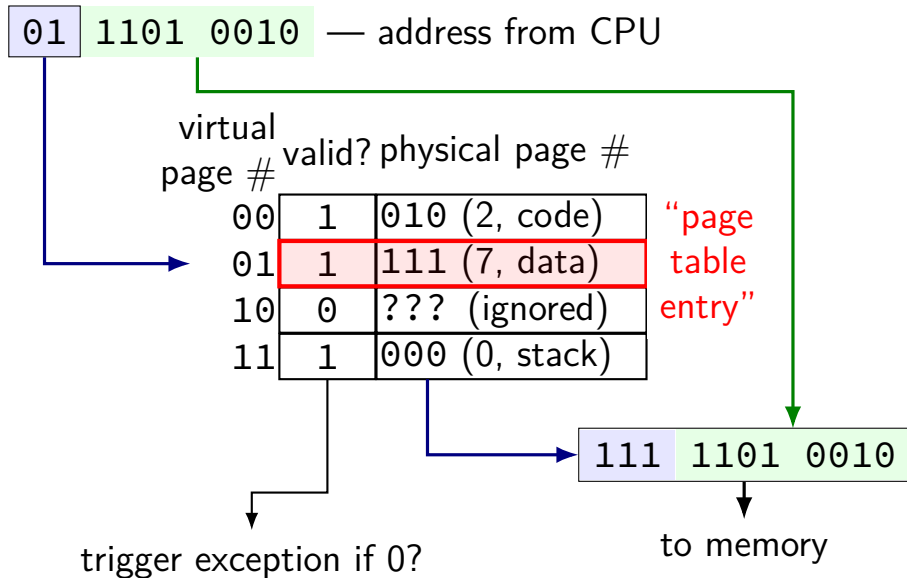
virtual
page # valid? physical page #

00	1	010 (2, code)
01	1	111 (7, data)
10	0	??? (ignored)
11	1	000 (0, stack)

toy page table lookup



toy page table lookup



t “virtual page number” |lookup

01 1101 0010 — address from CPU

virtual
page # valid? physical page #

00	1	010 (2, code)
01	1	111 (7, data)
10	0	??? (ignored)
11	1	000 (0, stack)

trigger exception if 0?

to memory

111 1101 0010

toy page table lookup

01 1101 0010 — address from CPU

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page # valid? physical page #

00	1	010 (2, code)
01	1	111 (7, data)
10	0	??? (ignored)
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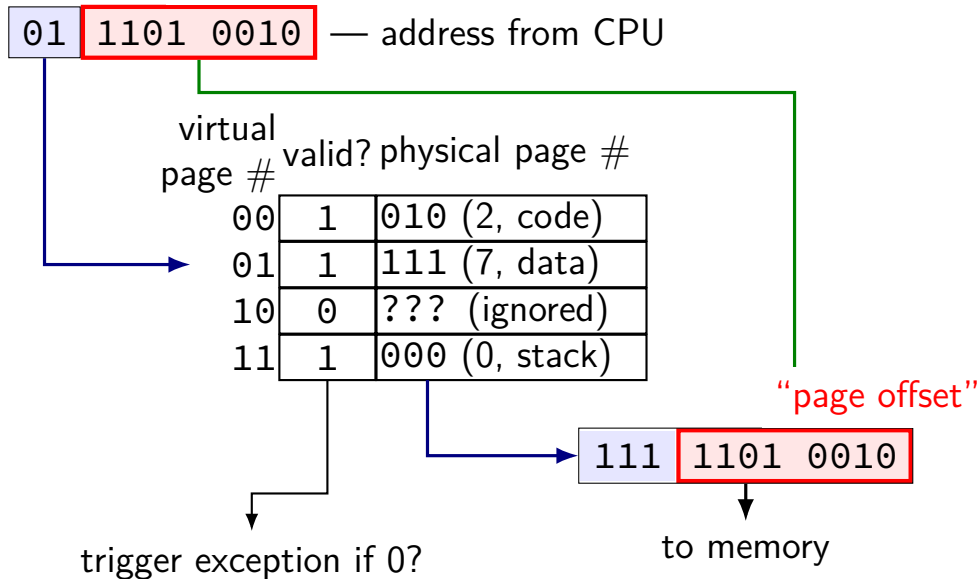
“physical page number”

111 1101 0010

trigger exception if 0?

to memory

toy pag "page offset" lookup



switching page tables

part of context switch is changing the page table

extra privileged instructions

switching page tables

part of context switch is changing the page table

extra privileged instructions

where in memory is the code that does this switching?

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extra privileged instructions

where in memory is the code that does this switching?

- probably have a page table entry pointing to it
- hopefully marked kernel-mode-only

switching page tables

part of context switch is changing the page table

extra **privileged instructions**

where in memory is the code that does this switching?

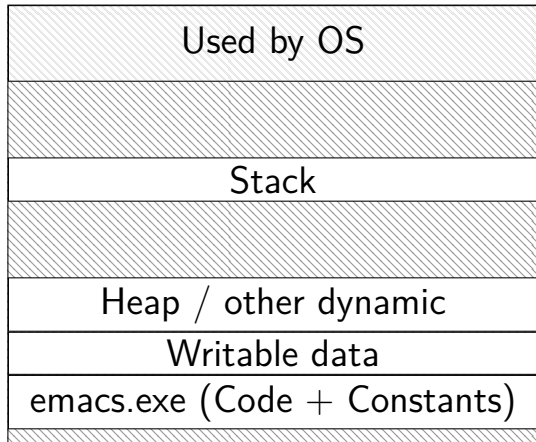
- probably have a page table entry pointing to it
- hopefully marked kernel-mode-only

code better not be modified by user program

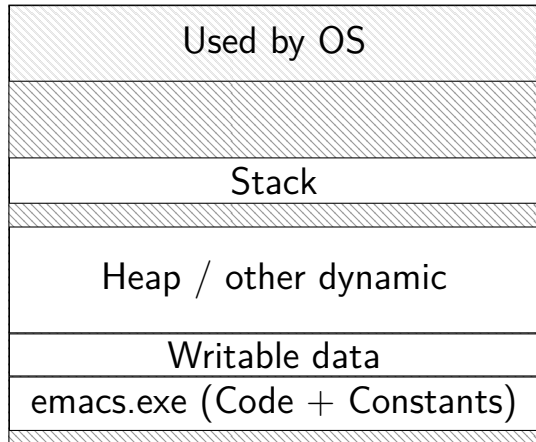
- otherwise: uncontrolled way to “escape” user mode

emacs (two copies)

Emacs (run by user mst3k)

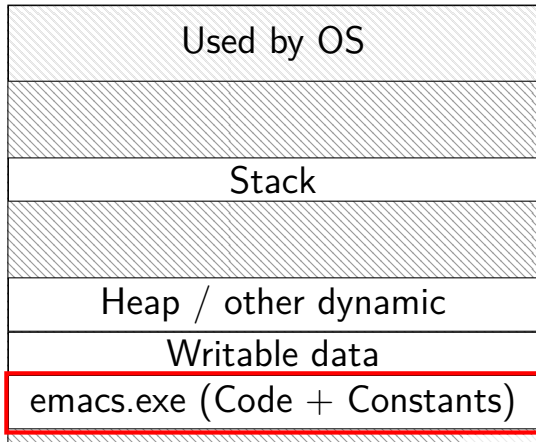


Emacs (run by user xyz4w)

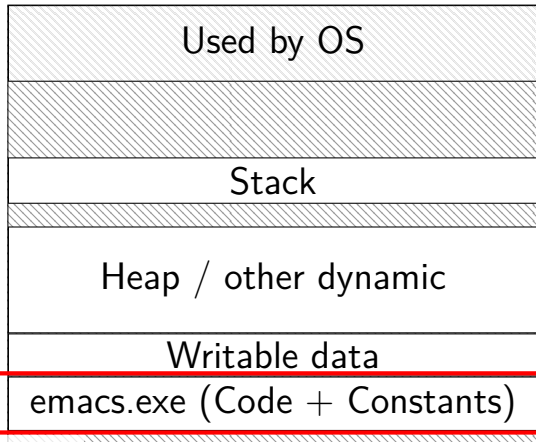


emacs (two copies)

Emacs (run by user mst3k)



Emacs (run by user xyz4w)



same data?

two copies of program

would like to only have one copy of program

what if mst3k's emacs tries to modify its code?

would break process abstraction:

“illusion of own memory”

typical page table entries

solution: same idea as kernel-only bit

page table entry will have more **permissions bits**

can read?

can write?

can execute?

checked by MMU like valid/kernel bit

page table (logically)

virtual page #	valid?	kernel?	write?	exec?	physical page #
0000 0000	0	0	0	0	00 0000 0000
0000 0001	1	0	1	0	10 0010 0110
0000 0010	1	0	1	0	00 0000 1100
0000 0011	1	0	0	1	11 0000 0011
...					
1111 1111	1	0	1	0	00 1110 1000

on virtual address sizes

virtual address size = size of pointer?

often, but — sometimes part of pointer not used

example: typical x86-64 only use 48 bits

rest of bits have fixed value

virtual address size is amount used for mapping

address space sizes

amount of stuff that can be addressed = address space size
based on number of unique addresses

e.g. 32-bit virtual address = 2^{32} byte virtual address space

e.g. 20-bit physical addressss = 2^{20} byte physical address space

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what if my machine has 3GB of memory (not power of two)?

not all addresses in physical address space are useful

most common situation (since CPUs support having a lot of memory)

exercise: page counting

suppose 32-bit virtual (program) addresses

and each page is 4096 bytes (2^{12} bytes)

how many virtual pages?

exercise: page counting

suppose 32-bit virtual (program) addresses

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how many virtual pages?

exercise: page table size

suppose 32-bit virtual (program) addresses

suppose 30-bit physical (hardware) addresses

each page is 4096 bytes (2^{12} bytes)

page table entries have physical page #, valid bit, kernel-mode bit

how big is the page table (if laid out like ones we've seen)?

exercise: page table size

suppose 32-bit virtual (program) addresses

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how big is the page table (if laid out like ones we've seen)?

issue: where can we store that?

exercise: address splitting

and each page is 4096 bytes (2^{12} bytes)

split the address 0x12345678 into page number and page offset:

exercise: address splitting

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split the address 0x12345678 into page number and page offset:

page tables in memory

where can processor store megabytes of page tables? **in memory**

page table entry layout

valid (bit 15)	kernel (bit 14)	physical page # (bits 4–13)	unused (bit 0-3)
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physical memory

addresses	bytes
0x00000000-1	00000000 00000000
...	
0x00010000-1	00000000 00000000
0x00010002-3	10100010 01100000
0x00010004-5	10000010 11000000
0x00010006-7	10110000 00110000
...	
0x000101FE-F	10001110 10000000
0x00010200-1	10100010 00111010

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...			
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physical memory

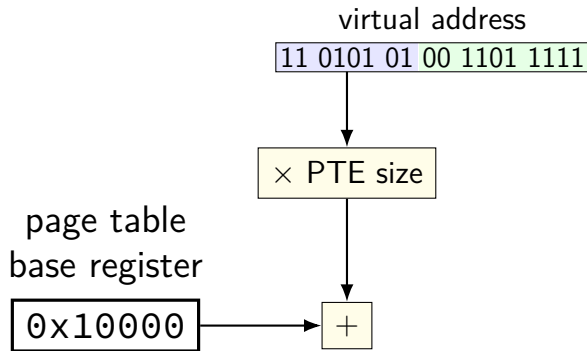
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memory access with page table

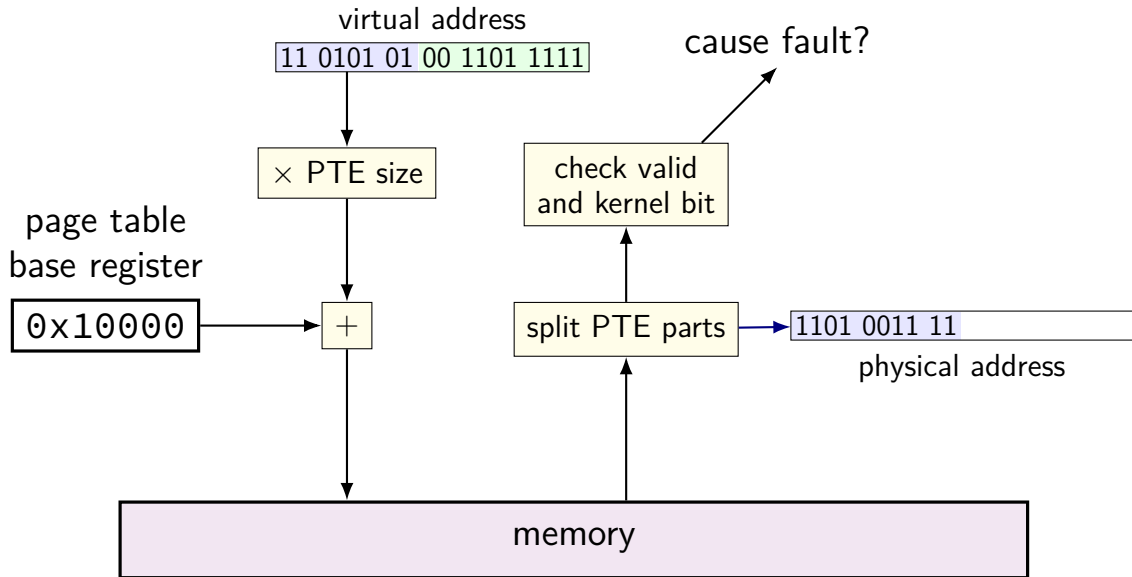
virtual address

11	0101	01	00	1101	1111
----	------	----	----	------	------

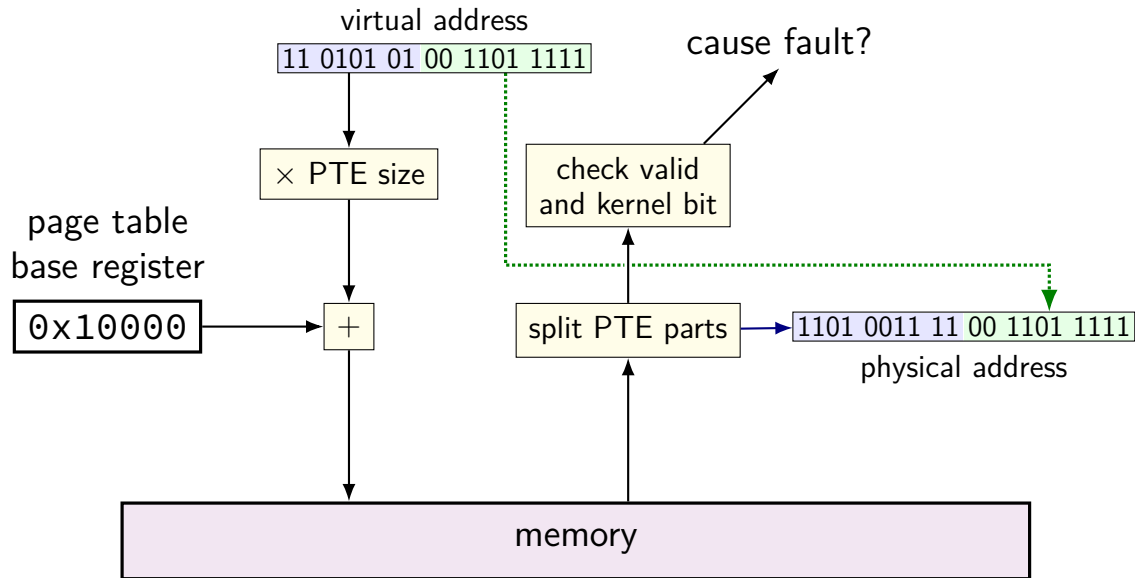
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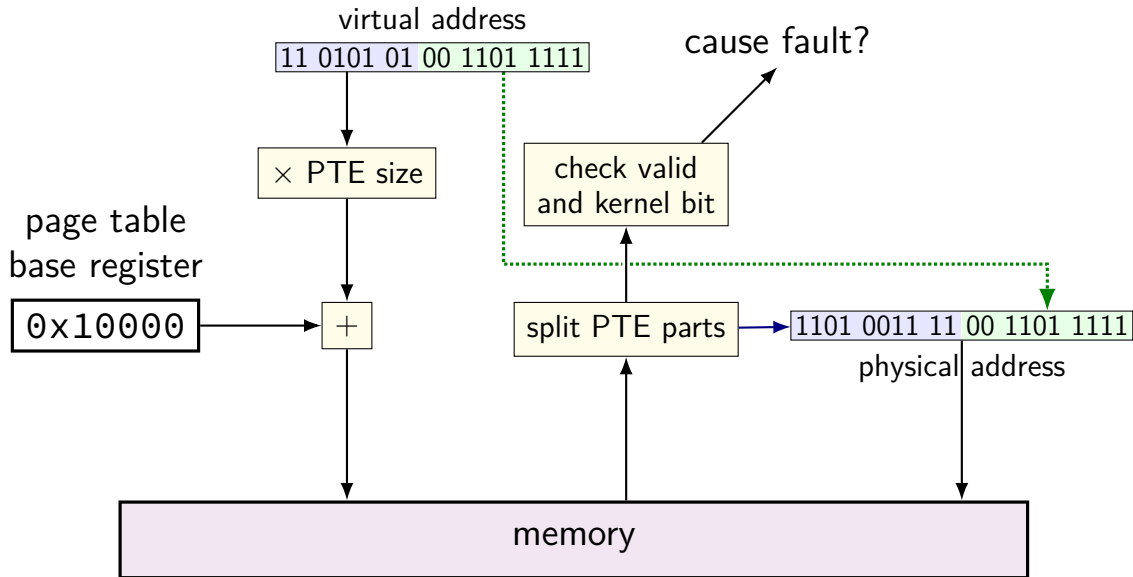
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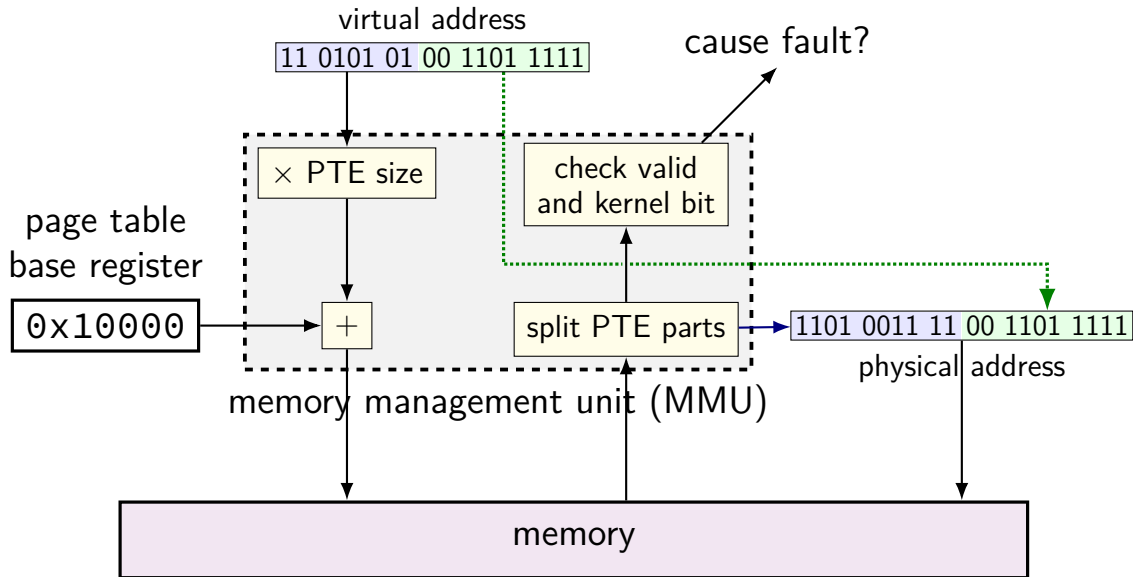
memory access with page table



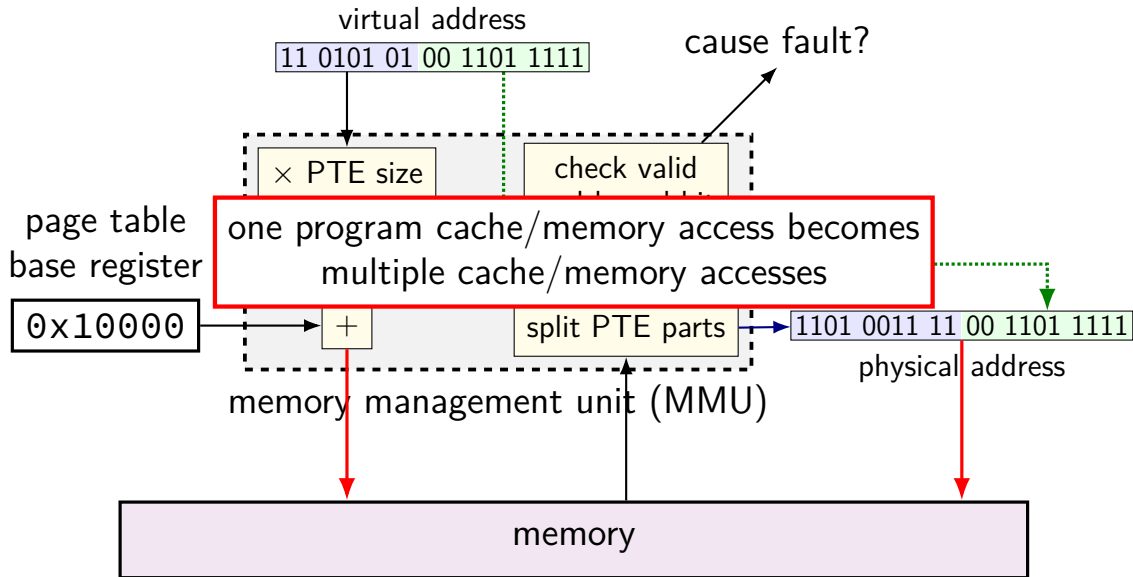
memory access with page table



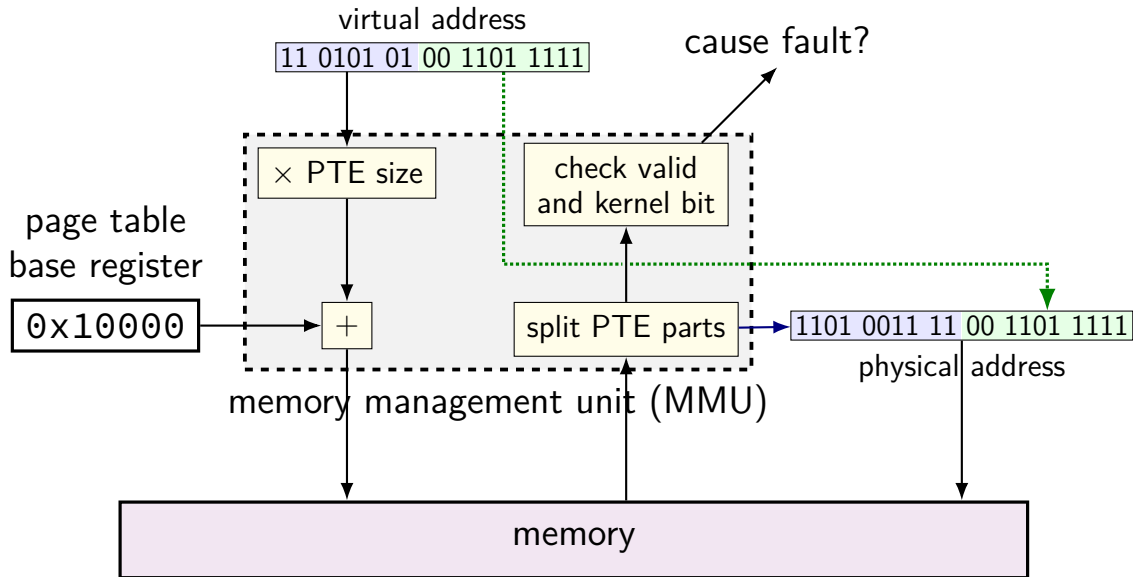
memory access with page table



memory access with page table



memory access with page table



exercise setup

5-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical addresses, 8-byte pages

page table

virtual page #	valid?	physical page #
00	1	010
01	1	111
10	0	000
11	1	000

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

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0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
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physical addresses	bytes
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0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

phys. page 0

phys. page 1

exercise

5-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical addresses, 8-byte pages

(virtual addresses) 0x18 = ???; 0x03 = ???; 0x0A = ???; 0x13 = ???

page table

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0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

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0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

exercise

5-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical addresses, 8-byte pages

(virtual addresses) $0x18 = ?$; $0x03 = ???$; $0x0A = ???$; $0x13 = ???$

page table

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$0x10-3$	1A 2A 3A 4A
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$0x34-7$	CB 0B CB 0B
$0x38-B$	DC 0C DC 0C
$0x3C-F$	EC 0C EC 0C

exercise

5-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical addresses, 8-byte pages

(virtual addresses) 0x18 = ; 0x03 = ; 0x0A = ???; 0x13 = ???

page table

virtual page #	valid?	physical page #
00	1	010
01	1	111
10	0	000
11	1	000

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
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0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

1-level example

6-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 other bits;

page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x31

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	F4 F5 F6 F7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
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0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

0x31 = 11 0001

PTE addr:

$0x20 + 6 \times 1 = 0x26$

PTE value:

0xF6 = 1111 0110

PPN 111, valid 1

$M[111\ 001] = M[0x39]$

→ 0x0C

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0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
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1-level example

6-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 other bits;

page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x12

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
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0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

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0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
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0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

0x12 = 01 0010

PTE addr:

$0x20 + 2 \times 1 = 0x22$

PTE value:

0xD2 = 1101 0010

PPN 110, valid 1

$M[110 \ 010] = M[0x32]$

→ 0xBA

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0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

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0x34-7	CB 0B CB 0B
0x38-B	DC 0C DC 0C
0x3C-F	EC 0C EC 0C

0x12 = 01 0**010**

PTE addr:

$0x20 + 2 \times 1 = 0x22$

PTE value:

0xD2 = 1101 0010

PPN 110, valid 1

$M[110 \text{ } 010] = M[0x32]$

→ 0xBA

exercise: 64-bit system

my desktop: 39-bit physical addresses; 48-bit virtual addresses

4096 byte pages

exercise: 64-bit system

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4096 byte pages



top 16 bits of 64-bit addresses not used for translation

exercise: 64-bit system

my desktop: 39-bit physical addresses; 48-bit virtual addresses

4096 byte pages

exercise: how many page table entries? (assuming page table like shown before)

exercise: how large are physical page numbers?

exercise: 64-bit system

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exercise: 64-bit system

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4096 byte pages

exercise: how many page table entries? (assuming page table like shown before)

exercise: how large are physical page numbers?

page table entries are 8 bytes (room for expansion, metadata)

trick: power of two size makes table lookup faster

would take up 2^{39} bytes?? (512GB??)

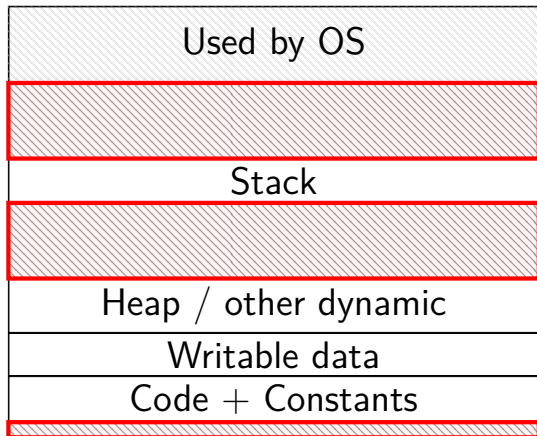
huge page tables

huge virtual address spaces!

impossible to store PTE for every page

how can we save space?

holes



most pages are **invalid**

saving space

basic idea: don't store (most) invalid page table entries

use a data structure other than a flat array

want a map — lookup key (virtual page number), get value (PTE)

options?

saving space

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hashtable

actually used by some historical processors

but never common

saving space

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options?

hashtable

actually used by some historical processors
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tree data structure

but not quite a search tree

search tree tradeoffs

lookup usually implemented in hardware

- lookup should be simple

- solution: lookup splits up address bits (no complex calculations)

lookup should not involve many memory accesses

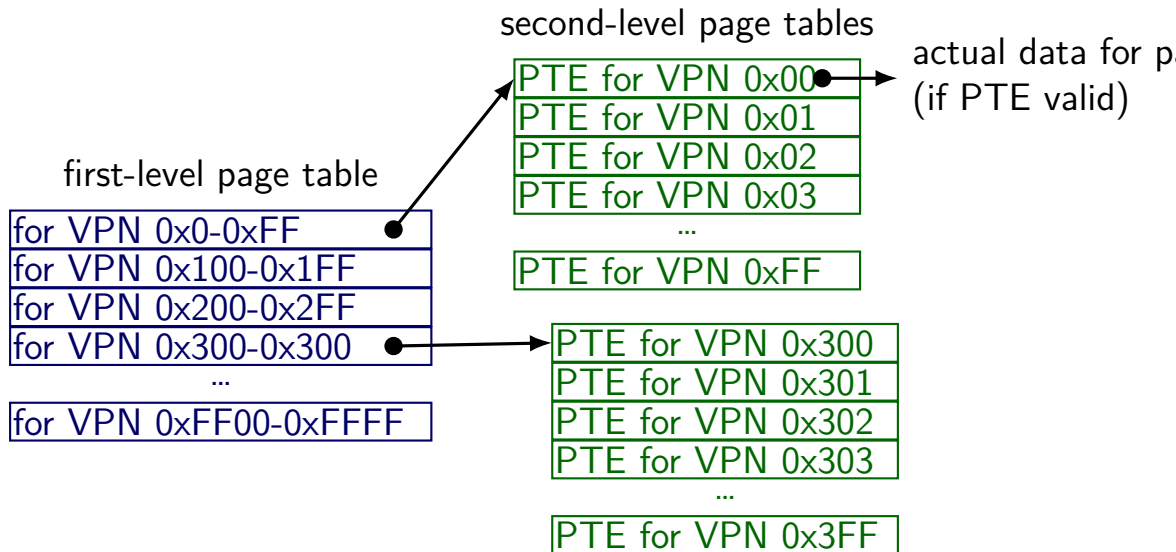
- doing two memory accesses is already very slow

- solution: tree with many children from each node

- (far from binary tree's left/right child)

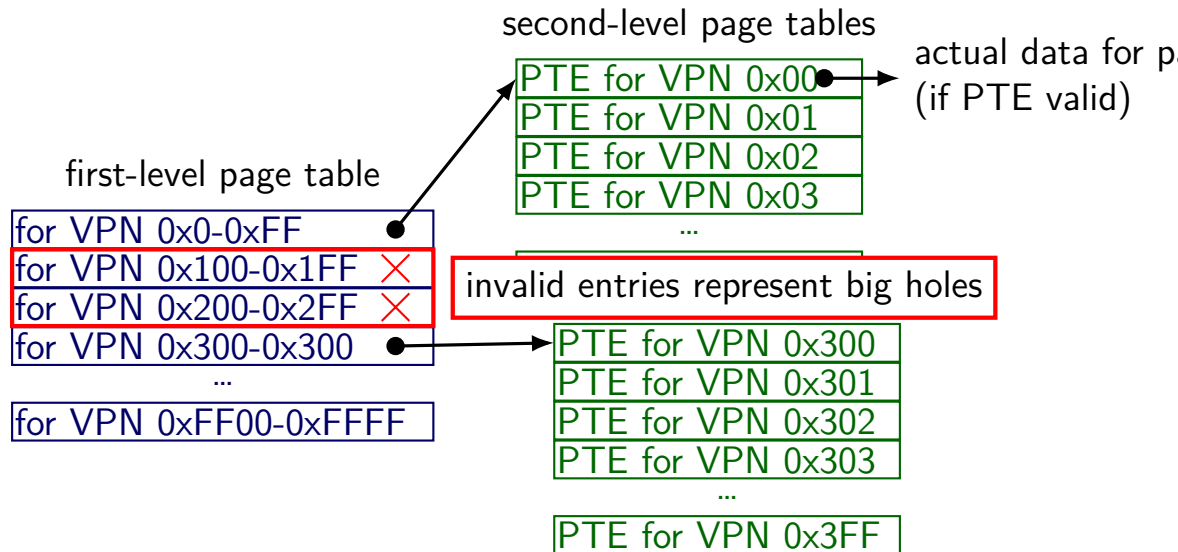
two-level page tables

two-level page tables for 65536 pages (16-bit VPN; 256 entries/table)



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two-level page tables

two-level page tables for 65536 pages (16-bit VPN: 256 entries/table)

first-level page table				
VPN range		valid	kernel write	physical page # (of next page table)
0x0000-0x00FF	1	0	1	0x22343
0x0100-0x01FF	0	0	1	0x00000
0x0200-0x02FF	0	0	0	0x00000
0x0300-0x03FF	1	1	0	0x33454
0x0400-0x04FF	1	1	0	0xFF043
...
0xFF00-0xFFFF	1	1	0	0xFF045

first-level page table for VPN 0x000-0x00FF
first-level page table for VPN 0x100-0x10FF
first-level page table for VPN 0x200-0x20FF
first-level page table for VPN 0x300-0x30FF
...

PTE for VPN 0x303
...
PTE for VPN 0x3FF

two-level page tables

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0x0400-0x04FF	1	1	0	0xFF043
...
0xFF00-0xFFFF	1	1	0	0xFF045

first-level page table for VPN 0x00-0xFF

for VPN 0x100-0x1FF

for VPN 0x200-0x2FF

for VPN 0x300-0x3FF

...

for VPN 0xFF00-0xFFFF

PTE for VPN 0x303

...

PTE for VPN 0x3FF

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first-level page table for VPN 0x000-0x00FF
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two-level page tables

two-level page tables for 65536 pages (16-bit VPN: 256 entries/table)

first-level page table

for VPN 0x0-0xFF	
for VPN 0x100-0x1FF	×
for VPN 0x200-0x2FF	×
for VPN 0x300-0x300	
...	
for VPN 0xFF00-0xFFFF	

a second-level page table

VPN	valid	kernel	write	physical page # (of data)
0x300	1	1	0	0x42443
0x301	1	1	0	0x4A9DE
0x302	1	1	0	0x5C001
0x303	0	0	0	0x00000
0x304	1	1	0	0x6C223
...
0x3FF	0	0	0	0x00000

PTE for VPN 0x303

...

PTE for VPN 0x3FF

two-level page tables

two-level page tables for 65536 pages (16-bit VPN: 256 entries/table)

first-level page table

for VPN 0x0-0xFF	
for VPN 0x100-0x1FF	×
for VPN 0x200-0x2FF	×
for VPN 0x300-0x300	
...	
for VPN 0xFF00-0xFFFF	

a second-level page table

VPN	valid	kernel	write	physical page # (of data)
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0x301	1	1	0	0x4A9DE
0x302	1	1	0	0x5C001
0x303	0	0	0	0x00000
0x304	1	1	0	0x6C223
...
0x3FF	0	0	0	0x00000

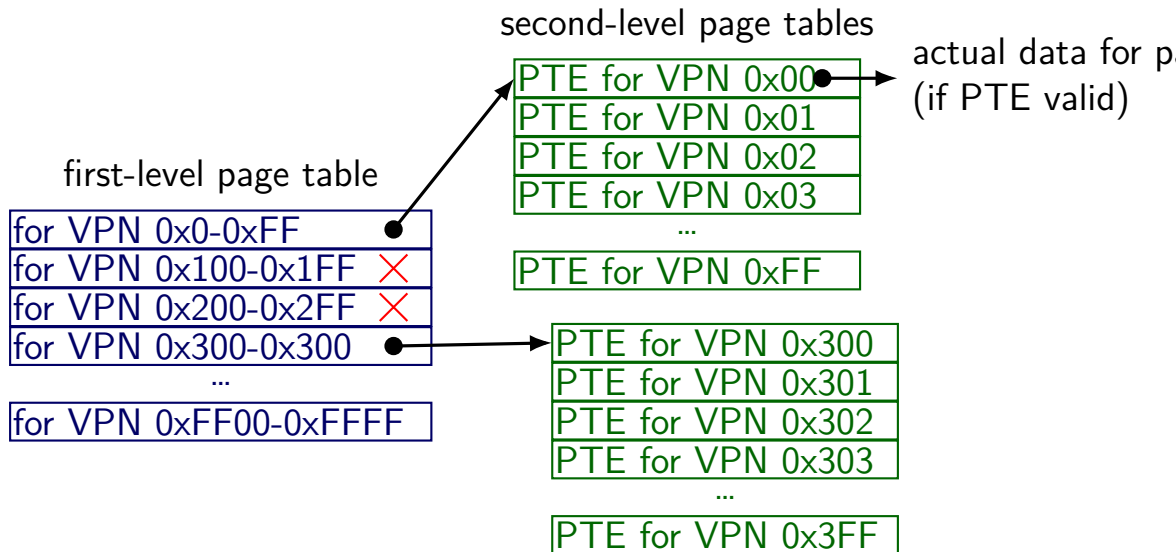
PTE for VPN 0x303

...

PTE for VPN 0x3FF

two-level page tables

two-level page tables for 65536 pages (16-bit VPN; 256 entries/table)



two-level page table lookup

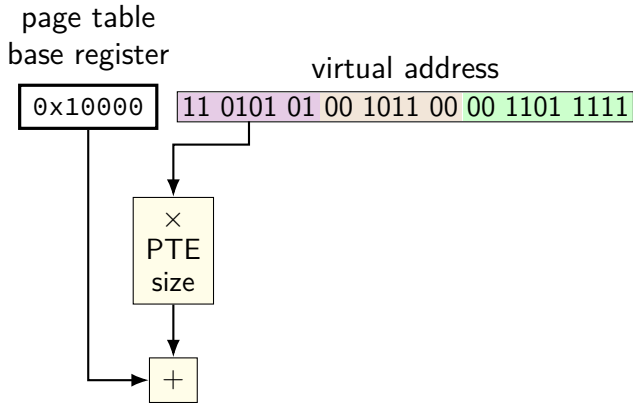
virtual address

11 0101 01 00 1011 00	00 1101 1111
-----------------------	--------------

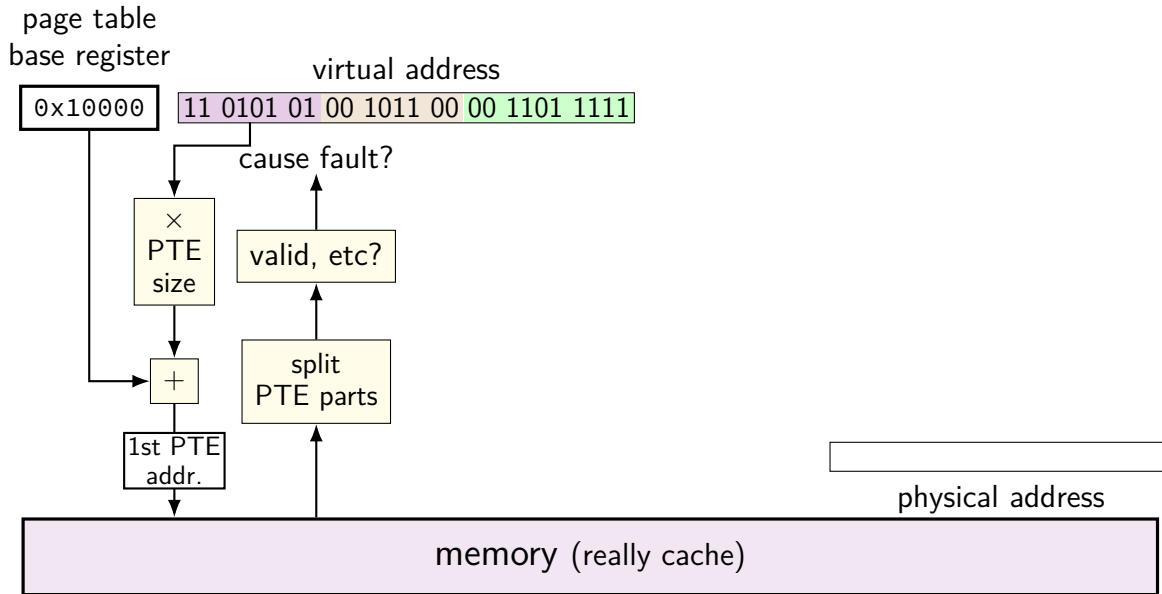
VPN — split into two parts (one per level)

this example: parts equal sized — common, but not required

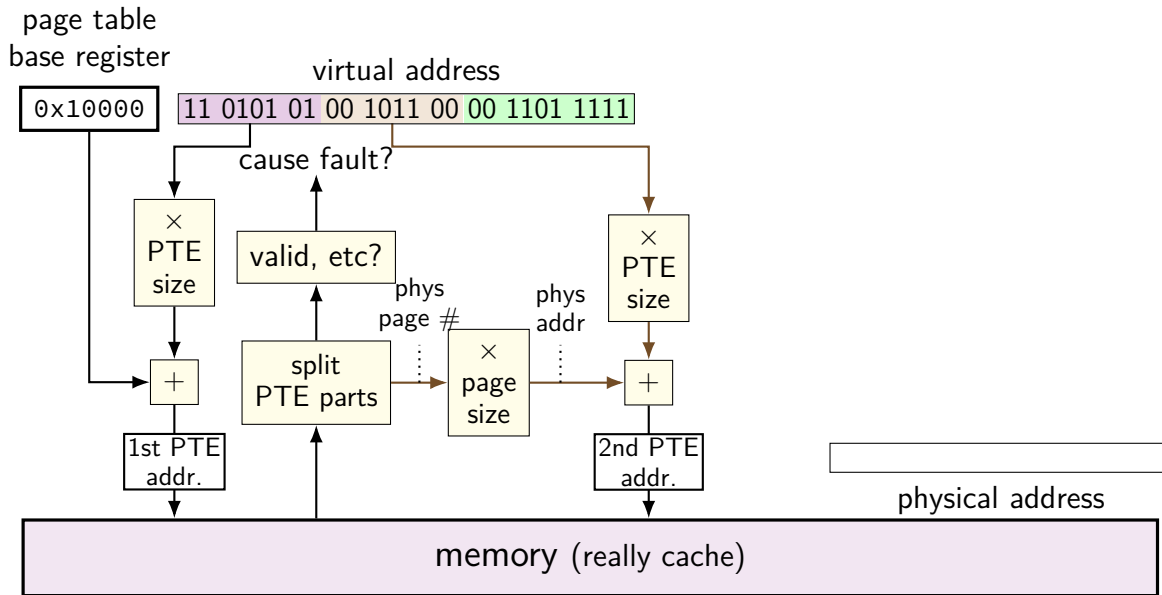
two-level page table lookup



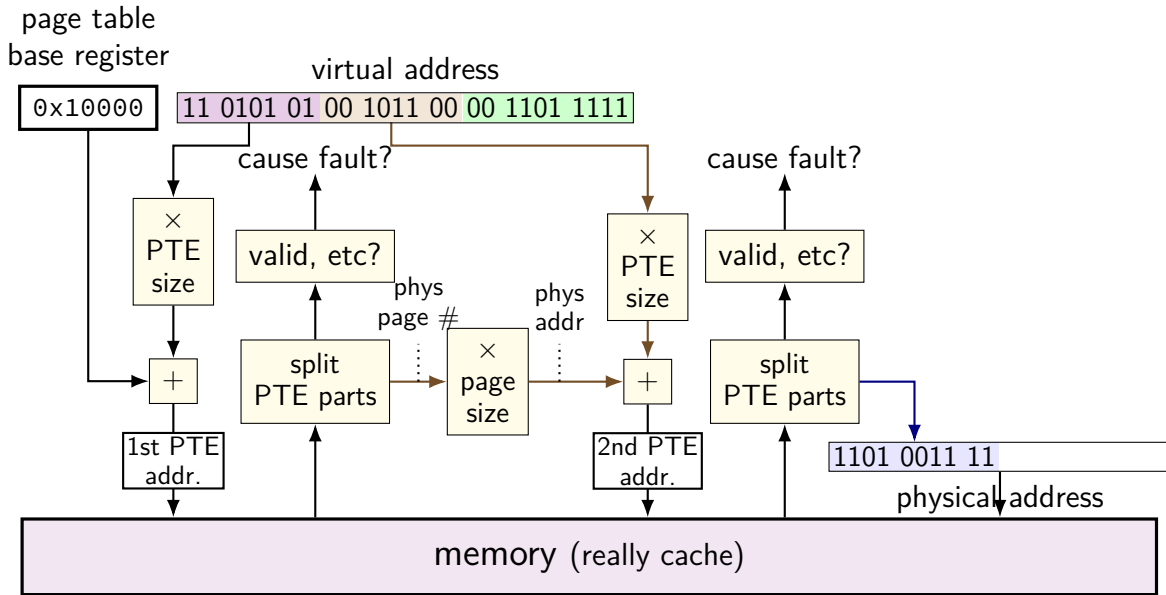
two-level page table lookup



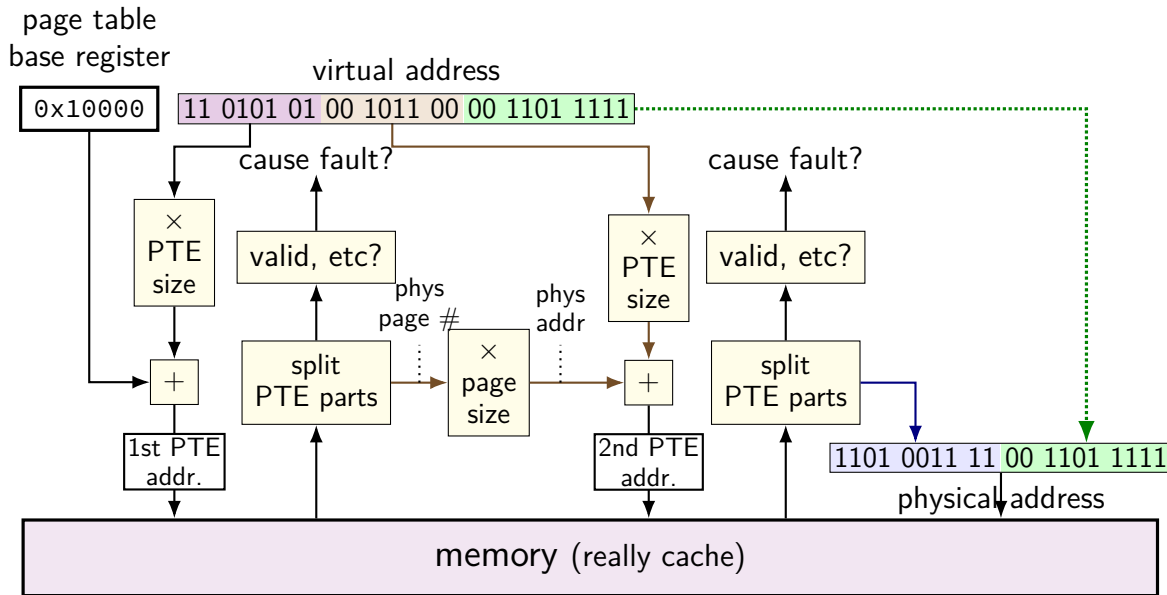
two-level page table lookup



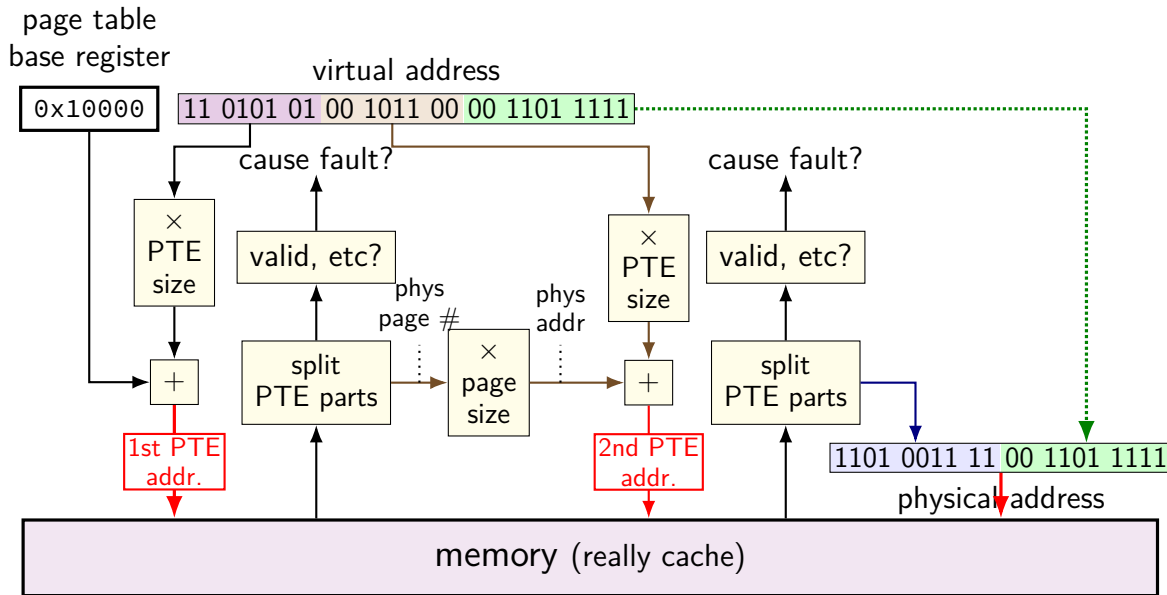
two-level page table lookup



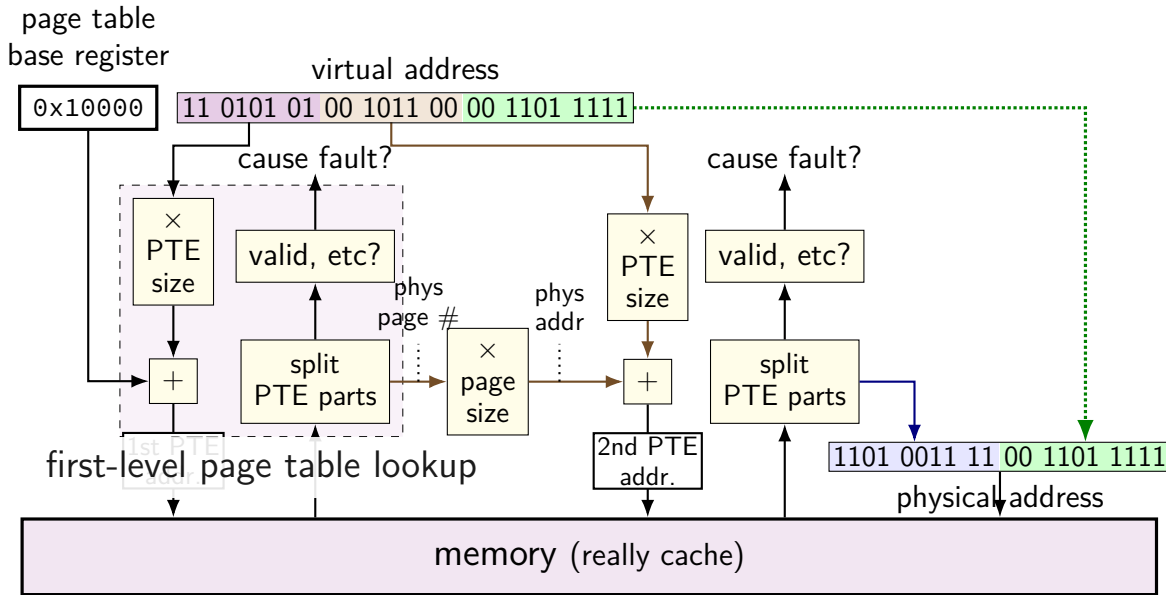
two-level page table lookup



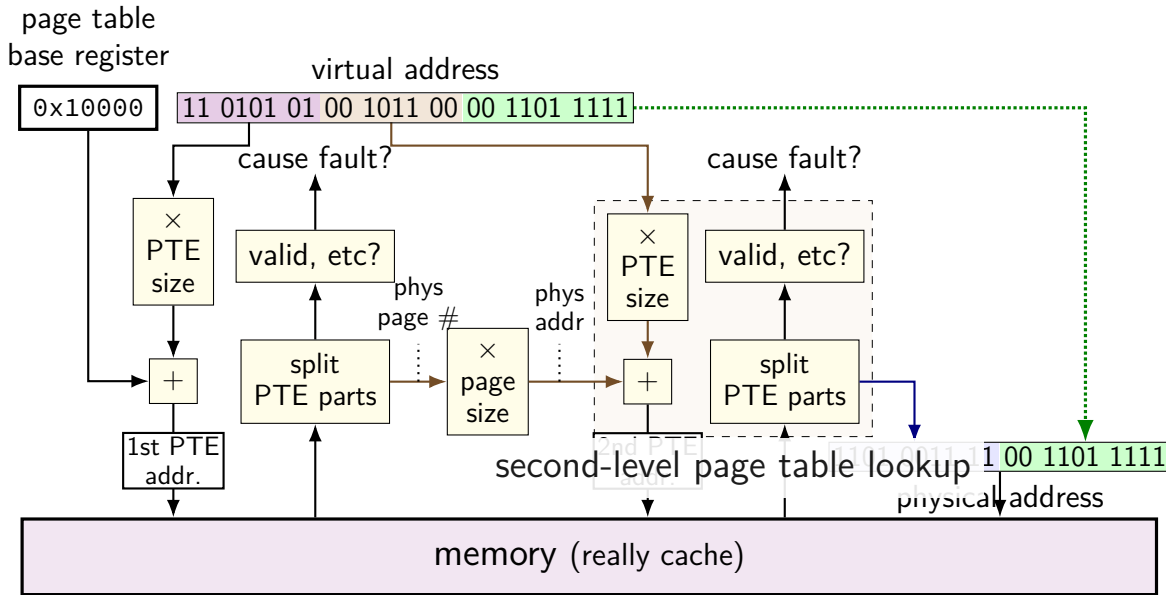
two-level page table lookup



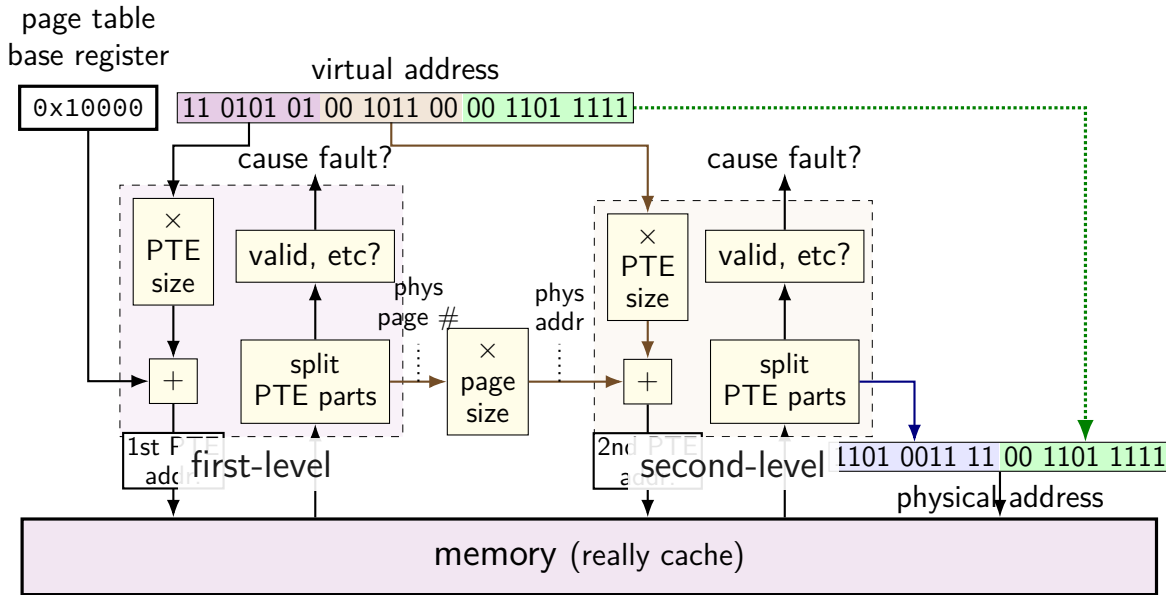
two-level page table lookup



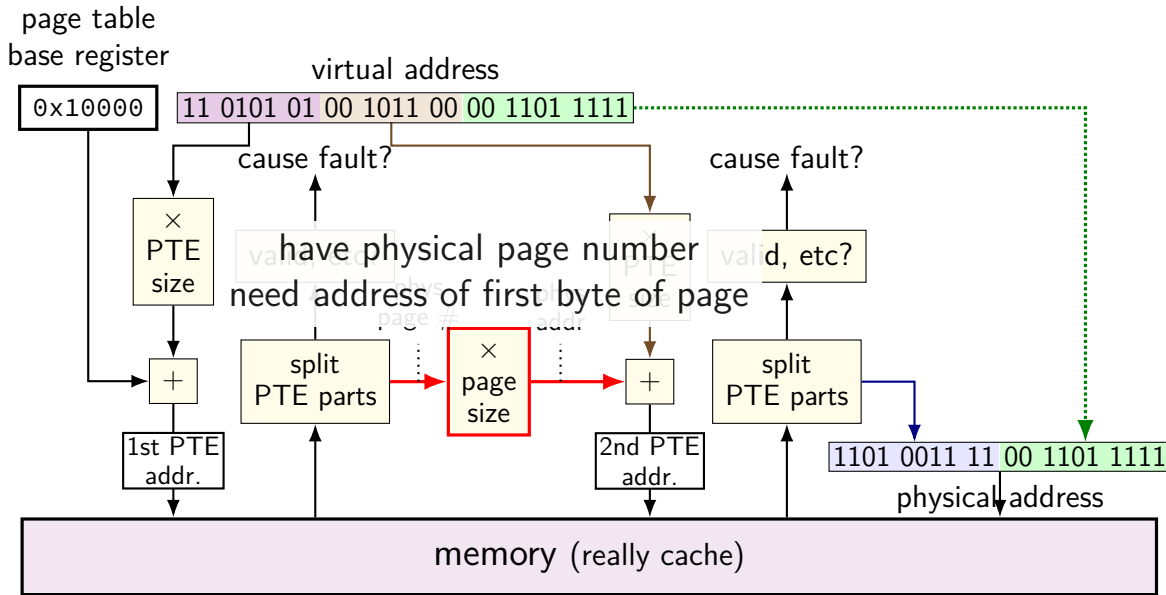
two-level page table lookup



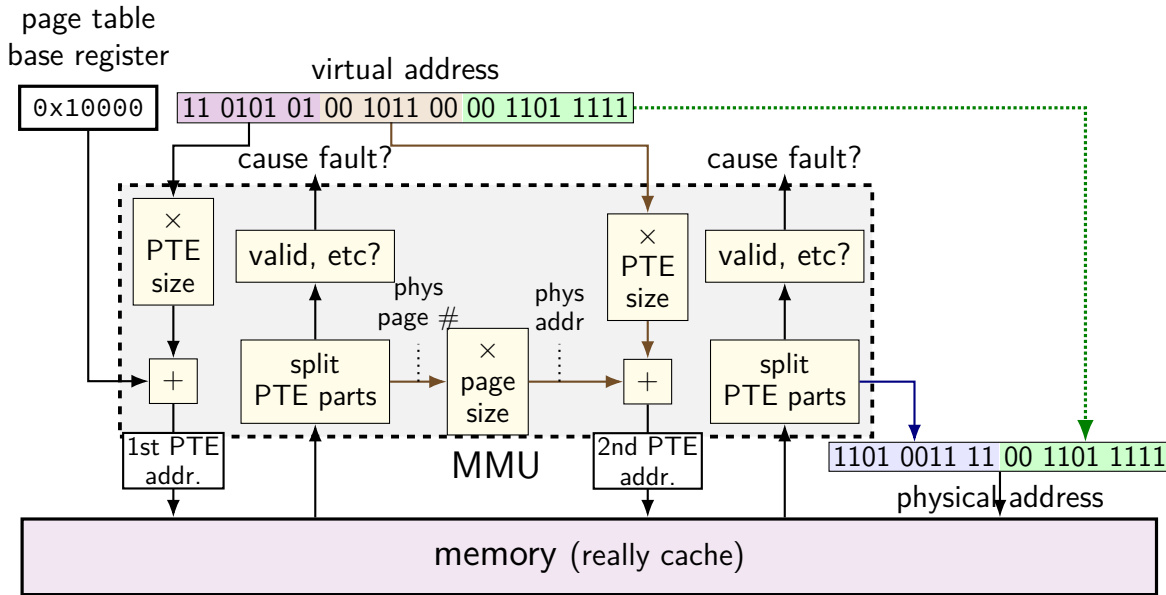
two-level page table lookup



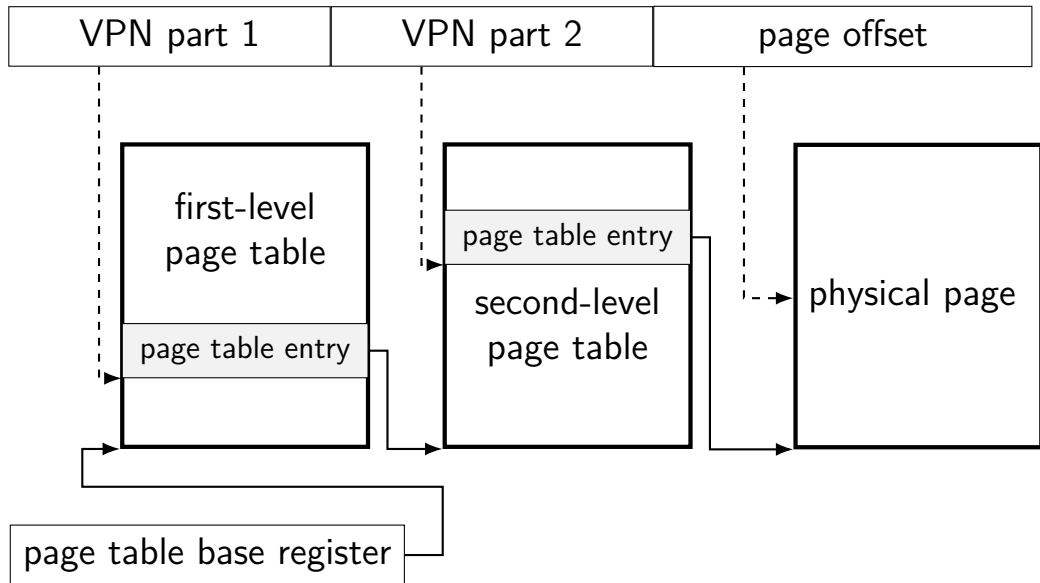
two-level page table lookup



two-level page table lookup



another view



multi-level page tables

VPN split into pieces for each level of page table

top levels: page table entries point to next page table

usually using physical page number of next page table

bottom level: page table entry points to destination page

validity and permission checks at each level

x86-64 page table splitting

48-bit virtual address

12-bit page offset (4KB pages)

36-bit virtual page number, split into four 9-bit parts

page tables at each level: 2^9 entries, 8 bytes/entry
deliberate choice: each page table is one page

note on VPN splitting

textbook labels it 'VPN 1' and 'VPN 2' and so on

these are parts of the virtual page number

(there are not multiple VPNs)

2-level example

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE

page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused

page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x131

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
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0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
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0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level example

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x131

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level example

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x131

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level example

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x131

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level example

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x20; translate virtual address 0x131

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level splitting

9-bit virtual address

6-bit physical address

8-byte pages \rightarrow 3-bit page offset (bottom bits)

9-bit VA: 6 bit VPN + 3 bit PO

6-bit PA: 3 bit PPN + 3 bit PO

8 entry page tables \rightarrow 3-bit VPN parts

9-bit VA: 3 bit VPN part 1; 3 bit VPN part 2

2-level exercise (1)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x0FB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (1)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x0FB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (1)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x0FB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (1)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x0FB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (1)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x0FB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (2)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused;
page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x109

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 5A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (3)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x00B

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (3)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x00B

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (3)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x00B

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (4)

9-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 8 byte pages, 1 byte PTE
page tables 1 page; PTE: 3 bit PPN (MSB), 1 valid bit, 4 unused
page table base register 0x08; translate virtual address 0x1CB

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	1C 2C 3C 4C

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 D1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 D5 D6 D7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (5)

10-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 16 byte pages, 2 byte PTE

page tables 1 page; PTE: 2 bit PPN (MSB of first byte), 1 valid bit, rest unused

page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x376

physical
addresses bytes

0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

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page tables 1 page; PTE: 2 bit PPN (MSB of first byte), 1 valid bit, rest unused

page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x376

physical
addresses bytes

0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

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0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
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0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
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0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
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addresses bytes

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0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

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page tables 1 page; PTE: 2 bit PPN (MSB of first byte), 1 valid bit, rest unused

page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x376

physical
addresses bytes

0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (5)

10-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 16 byte pages, 2 byte PTE

page tables 1 page; PTE: 2 bit PPN (MSB of first byte), 1 valid bit, rest unused

page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x376

physical addresses	bytes
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
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0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical addresses	bytes
0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

2-level exercise (5)

10-bit virtual addresses, 6-bit physical; 16 byte pages, 2 byte PTE

page tables 1 page; PTE: 2 bit PPN (MSB of first byte), 1 valid bit, rest unused

page table base register 0x10; translate virtual address 0x376

physical
addresses bytes

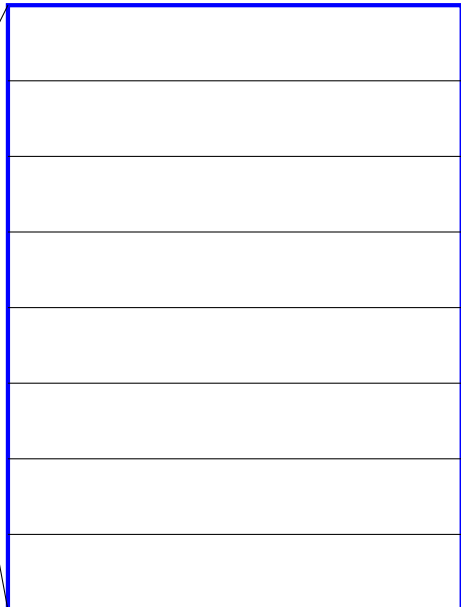
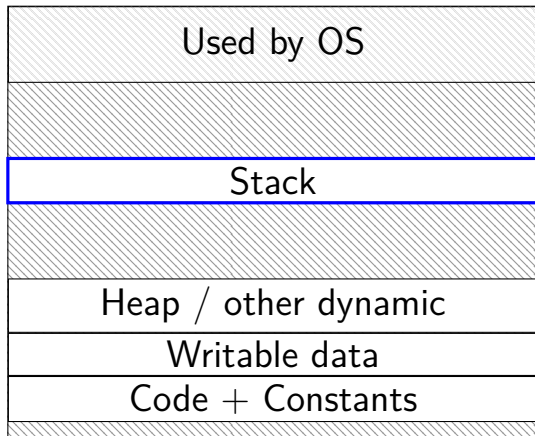
0x00-3	00 11 22 33
0x04-7	44 55 66 77
0x08-B	88 99 AA BB
0x0C-F	CC DD EE FF
0x10-3	1A 2A 3A 4A
0x14-7	1B 2B 3B 4B
0x18-B	1C 2C 3C 4C
0x1C-F	AC BC DC EC

physical
addresses bytes

0x20-3	D0 E1 D2 D3
0x24-7	D4 E5 D6 E7
0x28-B	89 9A AB BC
0x2C-F	CD DE EF F0
0x30-3	BA 0A BA 0A
0x34-7	DB 0B DB 0B
0x38-B	EC 0C EC 0C
0x3C-F	FC 0C FC 0C

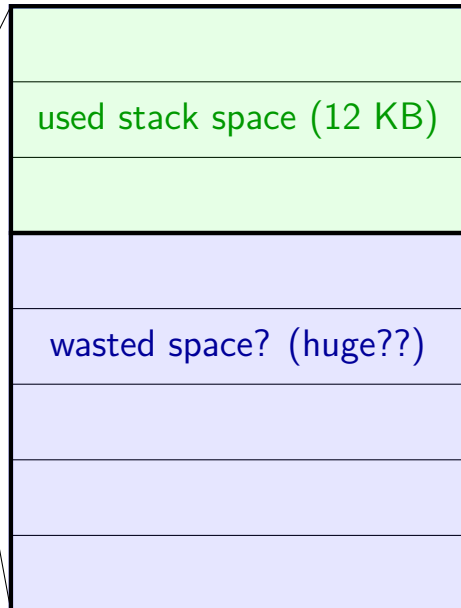
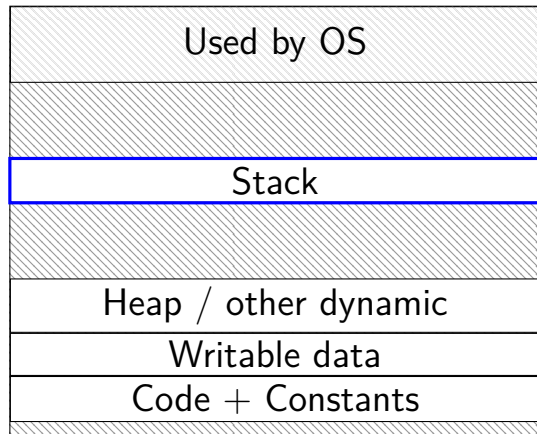
space on demand

Program Memory



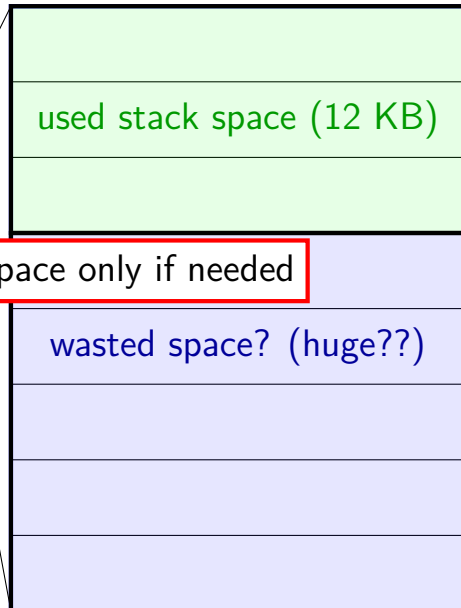
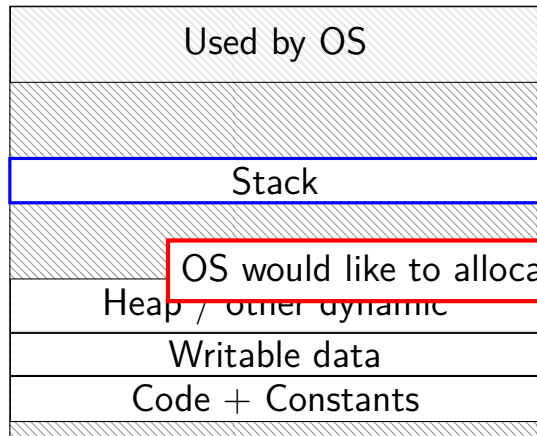
space on demand

Program Memory



space on demand

Program Memory



OS would like to allocate space only if needed

allocating space on demand

%rsp = 0x7FFFC000

```
...  
// requires more stack space  
A: pushq %rbx  
  
B: movq 8(%rcx), %rbx  
C: addq %rbx, %rax  
...
```

VPN

```
...  
0x7FFFB  
0x7FFFC  
0x7FFFD  
0x7FFFE  
0x7FFFF  
...
```

valid? physical
page

valid?	physical page
...	...
0	---
1	0x200DF
1	0x12340
1	0x12347
1	0x12345
...	...

allocating space on demand

%rsp = 0x7FFFC000

```
...  
// requires more stack space  
A: pushq %rbx  
   → page fault!  
B: movq 8(%rcx), %rbx  
C: addq %rbx, %rax  
...
```

VPN

```
...  
0x7FFFB  
0x7FFFC  
0x7FFFD  
0x7FFFE  
0x7FFFF  
...
```

valid? physical
page

valid?	physical page
...	...
0	---
1	0x200DF
1	0x12340
1	0x12347
1	0x12345
...	...

pushq triggers exception
hardware says “accessing address 0x7FFBFF8”
OS looks up what’s should be there — “stack”

allocating space on demand

%rsp = 0x7FFFC000

```
...  
// requires more stack space  
A: pushq %rbx restarted  
B: movq 8(%rcx), %rbx  
C: addq %rbx, %rax  
...
```

VPN	valid?	physical page
...
0x7FFFB	1	0x200D8
0x7FFFC	1	0x200DF
0x7FFFD	1	0x12340
0x7FFFE	1	0x12347
0x7FFFF	1	0x12345
...

in exception handler, OS allocates more stack space
OS updates the page table
then returns to retry the instruction

allocating space on demand

note: the space doesn't have to be initially empty

only change: load from file, etc. instead of allocating empty page

loading program can be merely creating empty page table

everything else can be handled in response to page faults

no time/space spent loading/allocating unneeded space

mmap

Linux/Unix has a function to “map” a file to memory

```
int file = open("somefile.dat", O_RDWR);

// data is region of memory that represents file
char *data = mmap(..., file, 0);

// read byte 6 from somefile.dat
char seventh_char = data[6];

// modifies byte 100 of somefile.dat
data[100] = 'x';
// can continue to use 'data' like an array
```

swapping almost mmap

access mapped file for first time, read from disk
(like swapping when memory was swapped out)

write “mapped” memory, write to disk eventually
(like writeback policy in swapping)
use “dirty” bit

extra detail: other processes should see changes
all accesses to file use **same physical memory**

Linux maps: list of maps

```
$ cat /proc/self/maps
```

```
00400000-0040b000 r-xp 00000000 08:01 48328831 /bin/cat
0060a000-0060b000 r--p 0000a000 08:01 48328831 /bin/cat
0060b000-0060c000 rw-p 0000b000 08:01 48328831 /bin/cat
01974000-01995000 rw-p 00000000 00:00 0 [heap]
```

```
7f60c718b000-7f60c7490000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7490000-7f60c7490000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7640000-7f60c7640000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7840000-7f60c7840000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7850000-7f60c7850000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7850000-7f60c7850000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7850000-7f60c7850000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7a30000-7f60c7a30000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7a70000-7f60c7a70000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7a70000-7f60c7a70000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7a70000-7f60c7a70000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7f60c7a70000-7f60c7a70000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7ffc5d2b0000-7ffc5d2b0000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7ffc5d3b0000-7ffc5d3b0000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7ffc5d3b0000-7ffc5d3b0000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
7ffc5d3b0000-7ffc5d3b0000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

```
ffffffffff0000-ffffffffff0000 r--p 00000000 08:01 77483660 /usr/lib/locale/locale-archive
```

PCB contains list of struct `vm_area_struct` with:
(shown in this output):

virtual address start, end

permissions

offset in backing file (if any)

pointer to backing file (if any)

(not shown):

info about sharing of non-file data ...

swapping

early motivation for virtual memory: **swapping**

using disk (or SSD, ...) as the next level of the memory hierarchy
how our textbook and many other sources presents virtual memory

OS allocates **program space on disk**
own mapping of virtual addresses to location on disk

DRAM is a cache for disk

swapping

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DRAM is a cache for disk

swapping versus caching

“cache block” \approx physical page

fully associative

every virtual page can be stored in any physical page

replacement/cache misses managed by the OS

normal cache hits happen in hardware

hardware's page table lookup

common case that needs to be very fast

swapping components

“swap in” a page — exactly like allocating on demand!

- OS gets page fault — invalid in page table
- check where page actually is (from virtual address)
- read from disk
- eventually restart process

“swap out” a page

- OS marks as invalid in the page table(s)
- copy to disk (if modified)

HDD/SDDs are slow

HDD reads and writes: milliseconds to tens of milliseconds

- minimum size: 512 bytes

- writing tens of kilobytes basically as fast as writing 512 bytes

SSD reads and writes: hundreds of microseconds

- designed for writes/reads of kilobytes (not much smaller)

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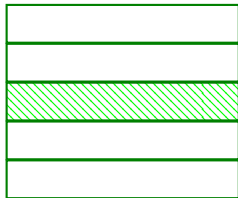
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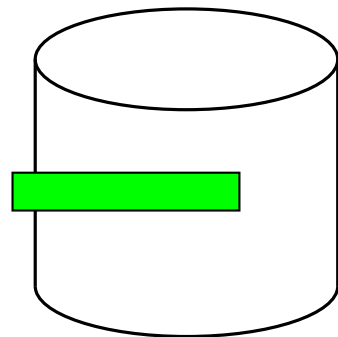
swapping timeline

program A pages



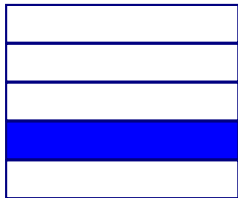
...

page fault



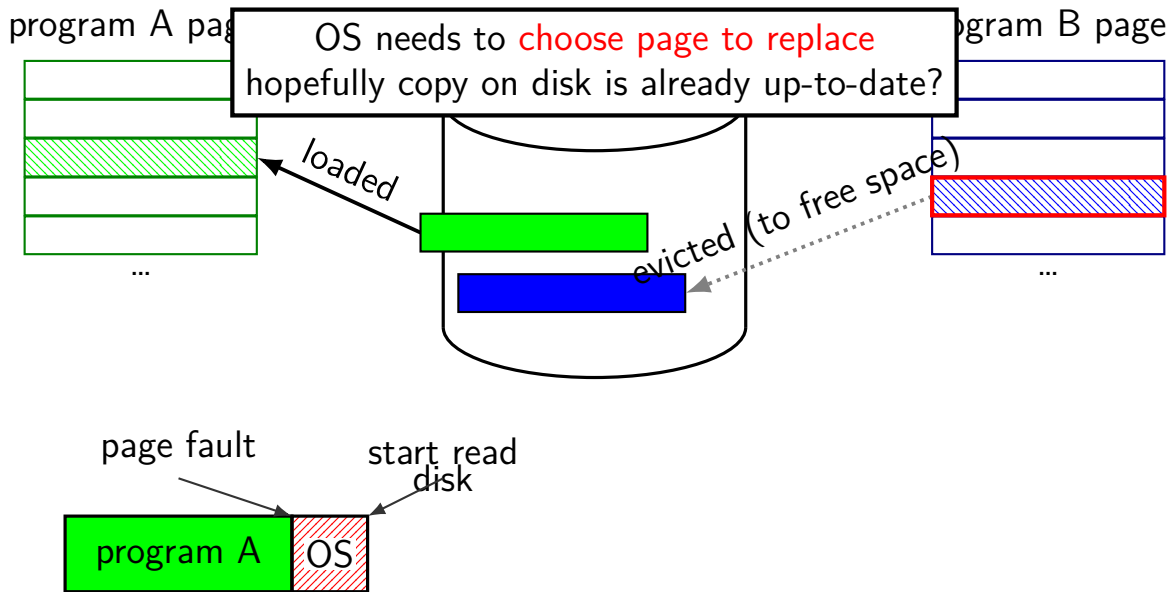
disk

program B page

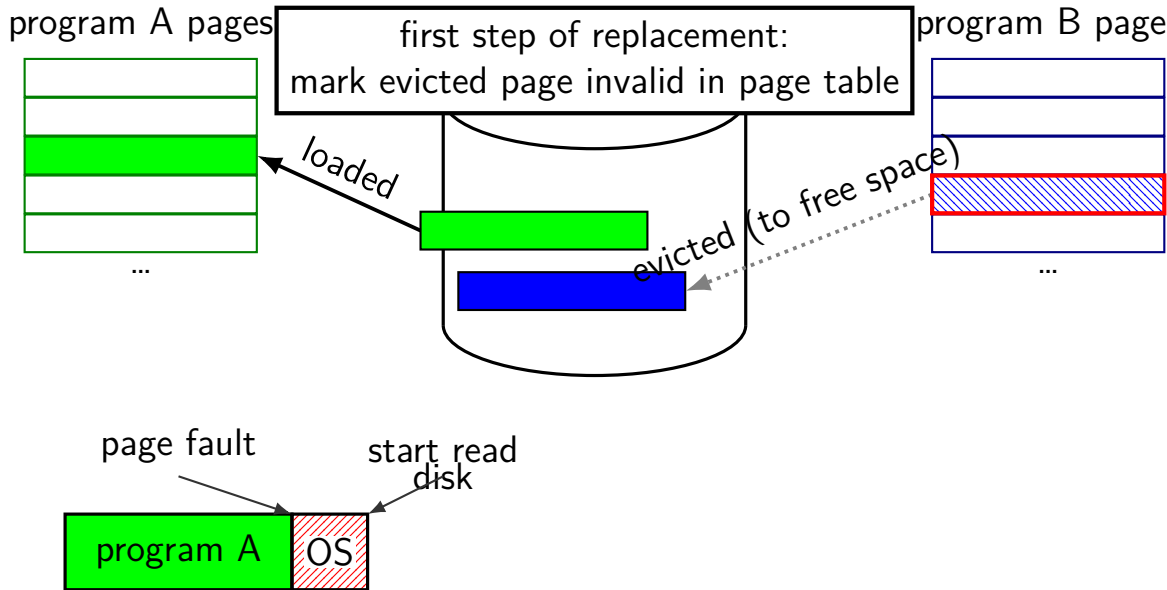


...

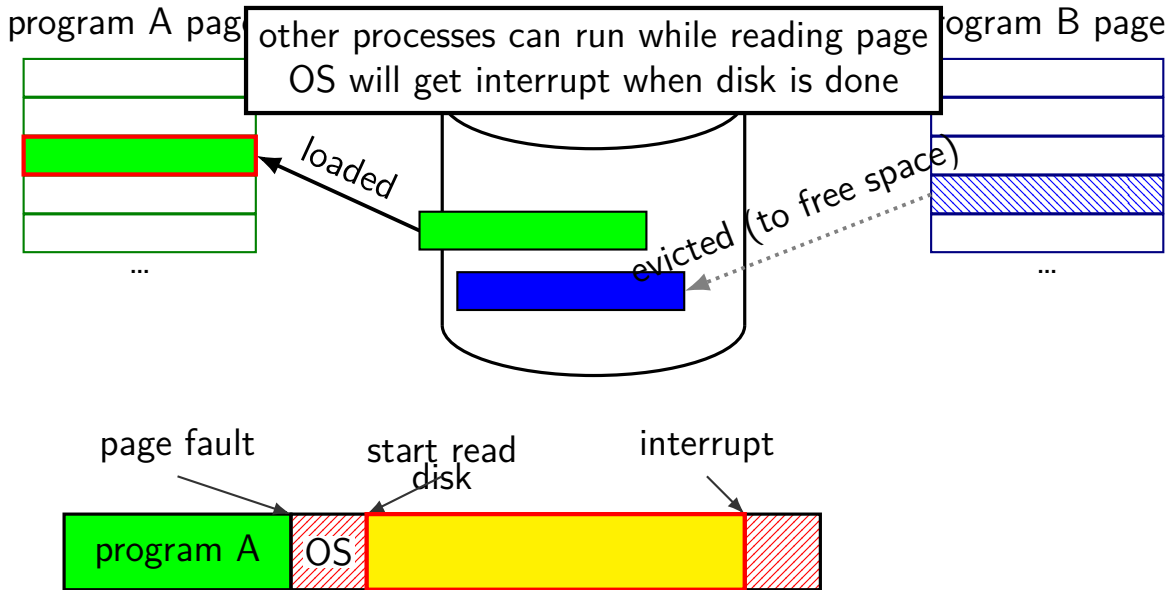
swapping timeline



swapping timeline

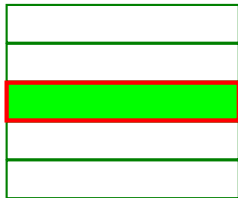


swapping timeline



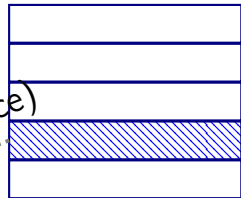
swapping timeline

program A pages



process A's page table updated
and restarted from point of fault

program B page



loaded

evicted (to free space)

page fault

start read
disk

interrupt



page tricks generally

deliberately make program trigger page/protection fault

but don't assume page/protection fault is an error

have separate data structures represent logically allocated memory

e.g. “addresses 0x7FFF8000 to 0x7FFFFFFFFF are the stack”
might talk about Linux data structures later (book section 9.7)

page table is for the hardware and not the OS

hardware help for page table tricks

information about the address causing the fault

- e.g. special register with memory address accessed

- harder alternative: OS disassembles instruction, look at registers

(by default) rerun faulting instruction when returning from exception

precise exceptions: no side effects from faulting instruction or after

- e.g. `pushq` that caused did not change `%rsp` before fault

- e.g. instructions reordered after faulting instruction not visible

backup slides