## typical buffer overflow pattern

cause program to write past the end of a buffer that somehow causes different code to run (usually code the attacker wrote)

### why buffer overflows?

for a long time, most common vulnerability common results in arbitrary code execution

related to other memory-management vulnerabilities which usually also result in arbitrary code execution

#### network worms and overflows

worms that connect to vulnerable servers:

Morris worm included some buffer overflow exploits

Morris worm: first self-replicating malware in mail servers, user info servers

2001: Code Red worm that spread to web servers (running Microsoft IIS)

#### overflows without servers

bugs dealing with corrupt files:

Adobe Flash (web browser plugin)

PDF readers

web browser JavaScript engines

image viewers

movie viewers

decompression programs

•••

## simpler overflow

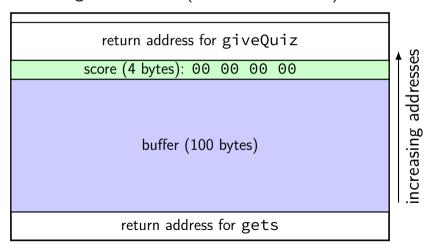
```
struct QuizQuestion questions[NUM QUESTIONS];
int giveQuiz() {
    int score = 0;
    char buffer[100];
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_QUESTIONS; ++i) {</pre>
        gets(buffer);
        if (checkAnswer(buffer, &questions[i])) {
            score += 1;
    return score;
```

### simpler overflow

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## simpler overflow: stack

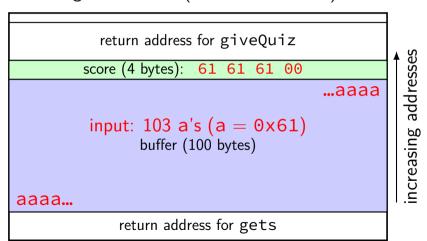
highest address (stack started here)



lowest address (stack grows here)

## simpler overflow: stack

highest address (stack started here)



lowest address (stack grows here)

### exercise: stack layout

```
GradeAssignment:
  pusha
         %rbp
         %rbx
  pushq
  xorl
         %ebx, %ebx
  suba
        $72, %rsp
       8(%rsp), %rbp
  leag
for loop:
         %rbp, %rdi
 movq
 call
          gets
 movl
          %ebx, %esi
         %rbp, %rdi
 mova
 call
         GradeAnswer
          24(%rsp), %rdi
  lead
          %eax, (%rdi,%rbx,4)
  movl
  incq
          %rbx
          $10, %rbx
  cmpq
          for loop
  jne
```

Process

call.

```
int GradeAssignment(FILE *in) {
  int scores[10]; char buffer[16];
  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) {
    gets(buffer);
    scores[i] =
        GradeAnswer(buffer, i);
  }
  Process(scores);
}</pre>
```

exercise: how many bytes after buffer[0] is the first byte of scores[0]?

### exercise: stack layout

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}</pre>
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exercise: how many bytes after buffer[0] is the first byte of scores[0]? answer: 16

#### exercise: overflow?

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exercise: if input into buffer is 50 copies of the character '1' what is value of scores[0]?

#### exercise: overflow?

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```

exercise: if input into buffer is 50 copies of the character '1' what is value of scores[0]? answer: 0x31313131

# backup slides