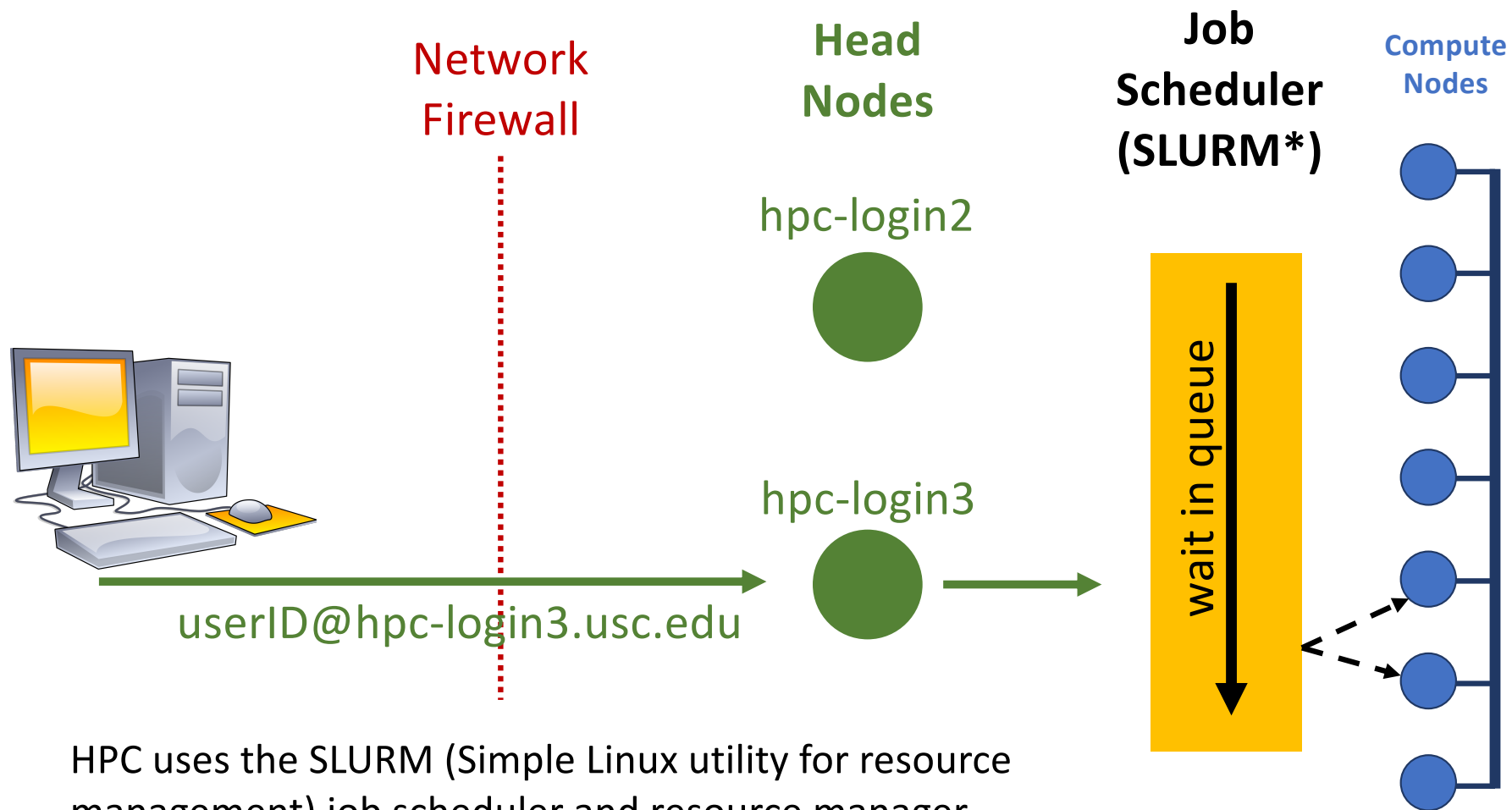


# Introduction to SLURM

Minhui Chen, Ph.D.

# Material

- <https://hpcc.usc.edu/gettingstarted/>
- <https://hpcc.usc.edu/support/documentation/slurm/>
- HPC Computing Workshops presentations in /home/rcf-proj/workshop/handouts
  - HPCNewUser\_20190531.pdf
  - HPCIntroHPC\_20190607.pdf
  - handy\_slurm\_commands\_201907.pdf
  - HPCAdvancedP1-20190726.pdf



HPC uses the SLURM (Simple Linux utility for resource management) job scheduler and resource manager. Jobs are scheduled based on order submitted, number & types of nodes requested and time required.

# Running on HPC: Easy as 1-2-3

## 1. Plan ahead

- Organize project directories
- Install software, transfer data
- Think about your job requirements
  - amount of memory
  - number of i/o files
  - size of data

## 2. Test interactively

- Use salloc/srun
  - test run commands
  - check paths, results
- Experiment with resource allocation
  - number cores (cpus)
  - amount of memory
- Start small!
  - *then* scale

## 3. Run remotely

- Create Slurm script  
e.g., myjob.slurm
- Submit job to queue  
`$sbatch myjob.slurm`
- Monitor your job  
`$squeue --user <uname>`
- Check results  
`$less slurm-<jobid>.out`

# Test your job interactively

- Slurm has a special job submission mode that allows you to access computing resources interactively
  - Example: request 1 processor/cpu/core for one hour  
`$ salloc --ntasks=1 --time=1:00:00`
  - You can test your program until the requested time expires  
`$ source /usr/usc/hello_usc/3.0/setup.sh`  
`$ hello_usc`
  - Extremely useful for compiling/debugging/testing your code and preparing job scripts

## 1. Request and wait for resources

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 ~]$ cd /home/rcf-proj/cc2/scripts/tutorial  
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ salloc --ntasks=1 --time=1:00:00  
salloc: Pending job allocation 5175112  
salloc: job 5175112 queued and waiting for resources
```

## 3. Test our program

```
[minhuic@hpc1119 tutorial]$ python3 hello_world.py
```

Hello world!

## 2. Get resources

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ salloc --ntasks=1 --  
time=1:00:00  
salloc: Pending job allocation 5175112  
salloc: job 5175112 queued and waiting for resources  
salloc: job 5175112 has been allocated resources  
salloc: Granted job allocation 5175112  
salloc: Waiting for resource configuration  
salloc: Nodes hpc1119 are ready for job  
----- Begin SLURM Prolog -----  
Job ID:      5175112  
Username:    minhuic  
Accountname: lc_cc2  
Name:        sh  
Partition:   quick  
Nodelist:    hpc1119  
TasksPerNode: 1  
CPUsPerTask: Default[1]  
TMPDIR:      /tmp/5175112.quick  
SCRATCHDIR:  /staging/scratch/5175112  
Cluster:     uschpc  
HSDA Account: false  
----- 2019-12-02 15:53:42 -----  
[minhuic@hpc1119 tutorial]$
```

# Submit a batch job

- Use a **job script** to submit a batch job to the cluster

1. Add SLURM computing resource requests
2. Add the commands you need to run your program
3. Submit your job to the queue by typing:

`$ sbatch hello_world.slurm`

## Example job script: hello\_world.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --ntasks=1      # 1 cpus
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=1g # RAM per cpu (strictly allocated)
#SBATCH --time=00:05:00 # 5 minutes
# Put the commands required to execute your job below this line
# This example runs the example script hello_world.py.

# Sleep for 200s, so we have time to catch the job running.
sleep 200

# Run program
python3 hello_world.py
```

Specify interpreter: bash shell

SLURM options

Job commands.  
Lines beginning with # are annotations.

# Job monitoring

- **squeue**: view information about queued jobs

\$ **squeue -u <user>**

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 gprs]$ squeue -u minhuic
```

JOBID	PARTITION	NAME	USER	ST	TIME	NODES	NODELIST(REASON)
<b>5179183</b>	conti	gprs.Qx.	minhuic	R	1:17:39	1	hpc3936
5179186	conti	gprs.Qx.	minhuic	R	1:17:39	1	hpc3936

Column **ST** displays the job status

- **PD (pending)** job is queued and waiting to be executed
- **R (running)** job is currently running
- **CD (completed)** job has completed

- **scancel**: cancel jobs

\$ **scancel <job\_id>**



## 1. Submit batch job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 ~]$ cd /home/rcf-proj/cc2/scripts/tutorial
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ sbatch hello_world.slurm
Submitted batch job 5179893
```

## 2. View job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ squeue -u minhuic
JOBID PARTITION  NAME  USER ST  TIME  NODES NODELIST(REASON)
5179893  quick hello_wo minhuic PD   0:00   1 (Resources)
```

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ squeue -u minhuic
JOBID PARTITION  NAME  USER ST  TIME  NODES NODELIST(REASON)
5179893  quick hello_wo minhuic R    0:17   1 hpc3688
```

## 3. Check results

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ cat slurm-5179893.out
----- Begin SLURM Prolog -----
Job ID:      5179893
Username:    minhuic
Accountname: lc_cc2
Name:        helloUSC.slurm
Partition:   quick
Nodelist:    hpc3688
TasksPerNode: 8
CPUsPerTask: Default[1]
TMPDIR:      /tmp/5179893.quick
SCRATCHDIR:  /staging/scratch/5179893
Cluster:     uschpc
HSDA Account: false
----- 2019-12-02 22:48:43 -----

Hello world!
```

# Slurm sbatch options

Syntax	Meaning
<u>--account=&lt;account&gt;</u>	Which account to charge cpu time
<u>--partition=&lt;partition_name&gt;</u>	Which partition to submit to, for condo owners
<u>--ntasks=&lt;amount&gt;</u>	Number of CPUs to use <span>Also check --cpus-per-task</span>
<u>--mem_per_cpu=&lt;amount&gt;</u>	RAM per CPU <span>Should be --mem-per-cpu</span>
<u>--gres=gpu:&lt;GPU_TYPE&gt;:&lt;amount&gt;</u>	Type and number of GPU to request
<u>--time=&lt;amount&gt;</u>	How long job will run
<u>--constraint=&lt;attribute&gt;</u>	Node property to request (avx, IB, xeon)
<u>--mail-user=&lt;email&gt;</u>	Where to send email alerts
<u>--mail-type=&lt;BEGIN   END   FAIL   QUEUE   ALL&gt;</u>	When to send email alerts
<u>--output=&lt;out_file&gt;</u>	Name of output file
<u>--error=&lt;error_file&gt;</u>	Name of error file
<u>--job-name=&lt;job_name&gt;</u>	Job name
For more details see <a href="https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html">https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html</a>	

# Slurm queues/partitions

- There are 4 default queues in the general (public) partition

- A partition is automatically selected for you based on wall time and node count
- Each partition has different constraints

Queue Name	Maximum Wall Time	Max Node Count	Max Jobs/ User
main	24 hours	99	10
quick	2 hours	4	10
large	24 hours	256	1
long	336 hours	1	1
largemem (must request)	336 hours (14 days)	1	1
scavenge (must request)	168 hours (7 days)	500 cores	200

- Partition **conti**: privately owned nodes

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --partition=conti
#SBATCH --account=lc_dvc
#SBATCH --ntasks=1
#SBATCH --mem-per-cpu=10G
#SBATCH --time=100:00:00
```

# Parallel jobs

- Job arrays
  - Job Arrays let you reuse a job script
- srun
  - Slurm's srun utility can launch parallel processes
  - `srun <command>` will launch `<command>` on all "tasks"
- Example script: count # of SNPs in a file
  - The dataset itself is split to 22 chromosomes, and our script will count the number in each chromosome simultaneously using `job arrays` or `srun`

# Job arrays

## Example script: job\_array.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --partition=conti
#SBATCH --account=lc_dvc
#SBATCH --job-name=CountingSNPsJobArray
#SBATCH --output=%x_%A_%a.out # %x %A %a represent jobname jobid
jobarrayindex
#SBATCH --error=%x_%A_%a.err
#SBATCH --array=1-22 # specify array arrange

# script to count number of SNPs per chromosome in HapMap3 (/home/rcf-
proj/cc2/datasets/public/hapmap3/hapmap3_r1_hg19_fwd.MERGED.qc.poly
.bim)

# define variable chr(omosome)
chr=$SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID
# define output file name for each chromosome
outfile=$(printf "chr%02d.job_array.txt" $chr)

# Sleep for 200s, so we have time to catch the job running.
#sleep 200
# grep -P "^${chr}\t": extract out lines (SNPs) on chromosome $chr
# wc -l: count the number of lines (SNPs)
grep -P "^${chr}\t" /home/rcf-
proj/cc2/datasets/public/hapmap3/hapmap3_r1_hg19_fwd.MERGED.qc.poly
.bim | wc -l > $outfile
```

## 1. Submit batch job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 ~]$ cd /home/rcf-proj/cc2/scripts/tutorial
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ sbatch job_array.slurm
Submitted batch job 5273662
```

## 2. View job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ squeue -u minhuic
```

JOBID	PARTITION	NAME	USER	ST	TIME	NODES	ODELIST(REASON)
5273662_1	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	0:54	1	hpc3936
5273662_2	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	0:54	1	hpc3937
5273662_3	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	0:54	1	hpc3937
...							
5273662_21	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	0:54	1	hpc3803
5273662_22	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	0:54	1	hpc3804

## 3. Check results

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ ls
chr01.job_array.txt ... chr22.job_array.txt
CountingSNPsJobArray_5273662_1.err
CountingSNPsJobArray_5273662_1.out
...
CountingSNPsJobArray_5273662_22.err
CountingSNPsJobArray_5273662_22.out
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ cat chr01.job_array.txt
130057
```

srun

## Example script: srun.slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
#SBATCH --partition=conti
#SBATCH --account=lc_dvc
#SBATCH --job-name=CountingSNPsSRUN
#SBATCH --output=slurm.%x.%j.out # %x %j represent jobname jobid
#SBATCH --error=slurm.%x.%j.err
#SBATCH --ntasks=22 # 22 tasks (processes)

# script to count number of SNPs per chromosome in HapMap3 (/home/rcf-
proj/cc2/datasets/public/hapmap3/hapmap3_r1_hg19_fwd.MERGED.qc.poly.bim)

# Sleep for 200s, so we have time to catch the job running.
#sleep 200
# use for loop to iterate 22 chromosomes
# grep -P "^${chr}\t": extract out lines (SNPs) on chromosome $chr
# wc -l: count the number of lines (SNPs)
# srun -n1 -N1 <command>: request for 1 node 1 task to run the <command>
# '&' character at the end of the srun command let the command run in the background
for chr in {1..22}
do
    outfile=$(printf "chr%02d.srun.txt" $chr)
    srun -n1 -N1 grep -P "^${chr}\t" /home/rcf-
proj/cc2/datasets/public/hapmap3/hapmap3_r1_hg19_fwd.MERGED.qc.poly.bim | wc -l > $outfile &
done
# wait for all running processes to finish
wait
```

## 1. Submit batch job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 ~]$ cd /home/rcf-proj/cc2/scripts/tutorial  
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ sbatch srun.slurm  
Submitted batch job 5274520
```

## 2. View job

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ squeue -u minhuic
```

JOBID	PARTITION	NAME	USER	ST	TIME	NODES	ODELIST(REASON)
5274520	conti	Counting	minhuic	R	3:02	2	hpc[3559,3797]

## 3. Check results

```
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ ls  
chr01.srun.txt ... chr22.srun.txt  
slurm.CountingSNPsSRUN.5274520.err  
slurm.CountingSNPsSRUN.5274520.out  
[minhuic@hpc-login3 tutorial]$ cat chr01.srun.txt  
130057
```