CS174a Project 3 Report - The Hospital

Task Division

Charles Weng

- Set up the JDBC and while loop through messages ResultSet
- UI for initial load database (database selection, user name)
- Updating patient information
- Debugged NULL table values and threw error messages for constraint violations
- Last two queries of Admin interface

Cameron McNair

- Prepared statements inside the Hospital class
- UI for initial load database (password field)
- UI for the three interfaces
- Viewing the patient information
- Viewing and editing Allergy information
- First two queries of Admin interface

Parts of Schemas that Changed Since Project 2

- Changed the primary key from a tuple of (LabTestResultId, PatientVisitId) to just PatientVisitId, because LabTestResults cannot exist without a patient visit
- We deleted some NOT NULL's due to the fact that some values can be NULL inside our table
- We added and moved some Foreign Key Constraints
- Moved Status inside our UML diagram to our Allergic To
- Added several more constraints like Unique, Foreign Key, etc.

How We Dealt With Constraints

- Constraints such as Primary Key Constraints are outputted to the console
- Foreign Key Constraints are outputted onto the stack trace

UML Diagram Activity PlanID Plan ScheduleDate GuardianNo Cameron Briggs-McNair PatientID Charles Weng GivenName Guardians Covers PatientRole FamilyName Provided_By GivenName FamilyName Address Patients City Suffix State Gender AuthorID Zip BirthTime AuthorTitle Assigned Author ProviderID AuthorFirstName xmlHealth AuthorLastName PayerID creation Insured_By date/time Visits ParticipatingRole Name InsuranceCompany abTestResultsId Purpose Described_By PolicyType PatientVisitId RelativeID La TestPerformedDa FamilyHistory LabTestReports Relationship LabTestType Age Status Diagnosis (TestResultValue Allergic_To AllergyID ReferenceRangeHig Substance ReferenceRangeLo Allergies Reaction

Final Schema Definitions

Formatted for easier readability!

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS guardians
      guardianno INT,
     firstname CHAR(100),
lastname CHAR(50),
phone CHAR(20),
address CHAR(100),
city CHAR(50),
state CHAR(20),
zip INT,
     PRIMARY KEY (guardianno)
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS insurancecompany
      payerid INT,
     name CHAR(50),
purpose CHAR(50),
     policytype CHAR(50),
     PRIMARY KEY (payerid)
  ) ;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS author
                           INT_{r}
     authorid
     authoritle CHAR(100)
      authorfirstname CHAR(50),
      authorlastname CHAR(50),
     participatingrole CHAR(50),
      PRIMARY KEY(authorid)
  ) ;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS labtestreports
     labtestresultsid INT, patientvisitid INT,
     labtestperformeddate DATETIME,
     \begin{array}{ll} \text{labtesttype} & \textit{CHAR} \text{(50),} \\ \text{testresultvalue} & \textit{INT,} \end{array}
     referencerangehigh CHAR(50), referencerangelow CHAR(50),
      PRIMARY KEY (labtestresultsid),
      UNIQUE(labtestresultsid, patientvisitid)
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS patient
      patientid
     patientrole
                                     INT,
     givenname
                                    CHAR (100),
      familyname
                                    CHAR (50),
      suffix
                                    CHAR (10),
      gender
                                    CHAR(8),
                    DATETIME,
      birthtime
      providerid
      xmlhealthcreationdatetime DATETIME,
      payerid
                                      INT_{r}
      PRIMARY KEY (patientid),
```

```
FOREIGN KEY (patientrole) REFERENCES guardians (quardianno),
     FOREIGN KEY (payerid) REFERENCES insurancecompany (payerid)
 );
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS assigned
     patientid INT,
     authorid INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (patientid, authorid),
     FOREIGN KEY (patientid) REFERENCES patient (patientid),
     FOREIGN KEY (authorid) REFERENCES author (authorid)
 ) ;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS familyhistory
 (
    relativeid INT,
    relationship CHAR(50),
     age
                  INT
     diagnosis
                 CHAR (100)
     PRIMARY KEY (relativeid)
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS describedby
  (
    patientid INT
    relativeid INT,
     PRIMARY KEY (patientid, relativeid),
     FOREIGN KEY (patientid) REFERENCES patient (patientid),
    FOREIGN KEY (relativeid) REFERENCES familyhistory (relativeid)
 ) ;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS allergies
  (
     allergyid INT,
     patientid INT NOT NULL,
     substance CHAR(50),
    reaction CHAR(50),
     status
              CHAR (20)
    PRIMARY KEY(allergyid),
    FOREIGN KEY (patientid) REFERENCES patient (patientid)
 ) ;
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS plan
  (
     planid
                 INT,
     activity
                 CHAR (50)
    scheduledate DATETIME
                INT NOT NULL,
    patientid
     PRIMARY KEY (planid),
     FOREIGN KEY (patientid) REFERENCES patient (patientid)
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS visits
  (
     patientvisitid INT,
     patientid
                      INT
    labtestresultsid INT,
    PRIMARY KEY (patientvisitid),
    FOREIGN KEY (patientid) REFERENCES patient (patientid),
     FOREIGN KEY (labtestresultsid) REFERENCES labtestreports (labtestresultsid)
  ) ;
```

Queries Used

Note: '?' represents things that can be replaced depending on other factors in a query

Patient

- Update Patient set GivenName = ?, FamilyName = ?, Suffix = ?, Gender = ?, Birthtime = ?, ProviderID = ?, PayerID = ? where PatientID = ?
- select * from (Patient join Guardians on Patient.PatientRole = Guardians.GuardianNo)
 where PatientId = ?
- select * from Patient where PatientID = ?

Doctor

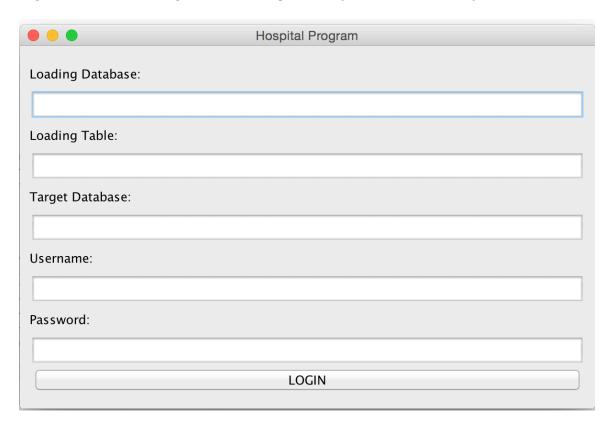
- Update Allergies set Substance = ?, Reaction = ?, Status = ? where PatientID = ?
- select * from Allergies where PatientID = ?
- select * from Plan where PatientID = ?

Administrator

- select count(*) from (SELECT distinct(substance) from allergies where substance is not null group by substance) a
- select distinct(substance), count(*) from allergies where substance is not null group by substance
- select PatientID, count(*) from allergies group by PatientID having count(*) > 1
- select count(*) from (select a.PatientID, count(*) from allergies a group by a.PatientID having count(*) > 1) AS MultiAllergy
- select * from Plan pl, Patient pt where pl.PatientID = pt.PatientID and DATE(pl.ScheduleDate) = DATE(CURDATE())
- select a.AuthorID, a.AuthorTitle, a.AuthorFirstName, a.AuthorLastName, a.ParticipatingRole from Author a where a.AuthorID in (select AuthorID from Assigned group by AuthorID having count(*) > 1)

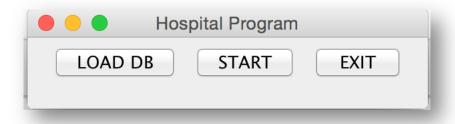
UI Description

Login Screen - Initial login screen that preloads your database into your code



Main Menu

- Loads the DB given and puts it into our DB
- Start our Java Program that allows to edit and change info about Patients
- Exit exits our Main Menu



Interface Selection Menu – Choose Patient, Doctor, or Admin UI

Choose your interface:
Enter 'patient', 'doctor', or 'administrator' Cancel OK

Patient and Doctor Interfaces – Figure 1 => Enter Patient ID

Figure 2 => View, Edit, Exit a Patient's Info

Figure 3 => View

Figure 4 => Edit

Figure 1.



Figure 2.



Figure 3.

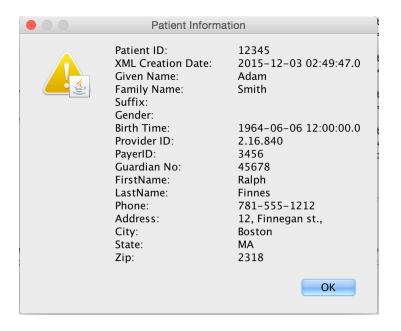
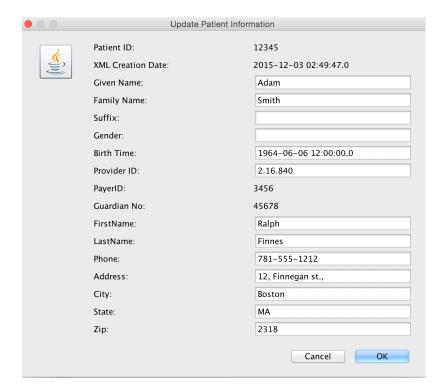


Figure 4.



Admin Interface – Figure 1 => Four different types of views we can choose from

Figure 2 => Querying for counts of allergies of each

Figure 3 => Patients with multiple Allergies

Figure 4 => Plans for today

Figure 5 => Authors with multiple patients assigned

Figure 1.

Choose your action
Enter 'allergyCounts', 'patientAllergies', 'plans', or 'authors':
Cancel

Figure 2.

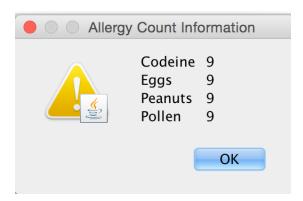


Figure 3.

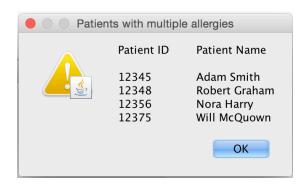
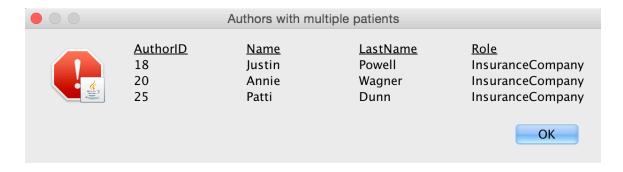


Figure 4.



Figure 5.



Classes and Methods Implemented

Classes	Methods
MainMenu	MainMenu constructor – set up our UI
	resetFrame - logic for loading db vs ui
	doInterface - choosing between admin,
	patient, doctor
	main – main thread where our ui is
	running
Hospital	Hospital constructor – loading db stuff
	into our own database
	notNull - if null for primary keys we
	don't insert into certain ones of our table
PatientInterface	PatientInterface – Choosing between
	view and edit patient info
DoctorInterface	DoctorInterface – choosing between
	viewing allergy counts and allergy info
	for each patient
AdminInterface	AdminInterface – combined querying
	and selections on admin
Patient	Patient – place where all the queries are
	made
Doctor	Doctor – place where all allergy queries
	are made