

CS548 HW 5: Domain Driven Architecture – Clinic Domain

DOMAIN LOGIC

1. Add a new patient to the clinic

edu.cs548.PatientDAO

- **public** Long addPatient(String name, Date dob, **int** age)

2. Retrieve a patient aggregate from the system, given the **primary key** for the patient.

edu.cs548.PatientDAO

-> **public** Patient getPatientByDbId(**long** id) **throws** PatientExn

3. Delete a patient aggregate from the system, given the **primary key** for the patient.

edu.cs548.PatientDAO

-> **public void** deletePatientByPrimaryKey(**long** id) **throws** PatientExn

Since the JPA annotation specify that the relationship between treatment and patient is @OneToMany(cascade = CascadeType.*REMOVE*, mappedBy = "patient"), the treatments aggregate to this patient will be removed.

4. Retrieve a patient aggregate from the system, given the **patient identifier** for the patient.

edu.cs548.PatientDAO

-> **public** Patient getPatientByPatientId(**long** pid) **throws** PatientExn

5. Given a patient's name and birthday, retrieve a list of patient aggregates with that identifying information from the system.

edu.cs548.PatientDAO

-> **public** List<Patient> getPatientByNameDob(String name, Date dob)

6. Add a provider to a clinic

edu.cs548.ProviderDAO

Overload methods to add a provider:

public void addProvider(Provider provider) **throws** ProviderExn

or

public void addProvider(**long** npi, String name) **throws** ProviderExn;

7. Return all providers with a given name.

1.

Edu.cs548.ProviderDAO

```
public List<Provider> getProviderByName(String name) throws ProviderExn
```

2.

Edu.cs548.ProviderDAO

```
public Provider getProviderByNpi(long npi) throws ProviderExn
```

8. Delete the provider entity

Edu.cs548.ProviderDAO

```
public void deleteProvider(Provider provider) throws ProviderExn
```

however, the treatment entities associated with the provider entity is not deleted since:

```
@OneToMany(mappedBy = "provider") //this provider is the field in Treatment
```

```
@OrderBy
```

```
private List<Treatment> treatments;
```

9. Add a treatment for a patient.

Edu.cs548.Provider

```
public Long addTreatment (Treatment t)
```

10. A. Return a List of treatment identifiers with these operations:

Edu.cs548.Patient

```
public List<Long> getTreatmentIds()
```

B. Visit a particular treatment.

Edu.cs548.Patient

```
public void visitTreatment(long tid, ITreatmentVisitor visitor) throws  
TreatmentExn
```

11. edu.cs548.Provider

a. Return a list of treatments (id) associated with this provider

```
public List<Long> getTreatmentIds()
```

b. Return a list of treatments (id) administered to a patient supervised by that provider.

```
public List<Long> getTreatmentIds(Patient patient)
```

c. Visit a treatment by the treatment id

```
public void visitTreatment(long tid, ITreatmentVisitor visitor) throws  
TreatmentExn
```

d. Delete a treatment

```
public void deleteTreatment(long tid) throws TreatmentExn
```

Initializing DAOs

The Clinigateway object can be used to initialize a ProviderDAO or a PatientDAO. However, EntityManager is thread unsafe, so, by now a thread cannot hold both a ProviderDAO and a PatientDAO at the same time for safe reason. So, this protocol might need to be updated may be in the following assignment according to the requirements. But the EntityManagerFactory is thread safe though.

```
public class ClinicGateway implements IClinicGateway{

    @Override
    public IPatientFactory getPatientFactory() {
        return new PatientFactory();
    }

    private EntityManagerFactory emf;
    @Override
    public IPatientDAO getPatientDAO() {
        EntityManager em = emf.createEntityManager();
        return new PatientDAO(em);
    }

    public ClinicGateway(){
        //bootstrap
        emf = Persistence.createEntityManagerFactory("ClinicDomain");
        //the name can be found in persistence.xml
    }

    @Override
    public IProviderDAO getProviderDAO() {
        EntityManager em = emf.createEntityManager();
        return new ProviderDAO(em);
    }
}
```

TreatmentDAO aggregated in PatientDAO will be initialized in the constructor of PatientDAO:

```
public PatientDAO(EntityManager em){
    this.em = em;
    this.treatmentDAO = new TreatmentDAO(em);
}
```

TreatmentDAO aggregated in ProviderDAO will be initialized in the constructor of ProviderDAO:

```
public ProviderDAO(EntityManager em){  
    this.em = em;  
    this.treatmentDAO = new TreatmentDAO(em);  
}
```