## Semiconductors Equation Sheet

Classical Variable Quantum operator 
$$\begin{array}{cccc} x & \to & x \\ f(x) & \to & f(x) \\ p(x) & \to & \frac{\hbar}{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ E & \to & -\frac{\hbar}{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \end{array}$$

$$< Q_{op} > = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \Psi^* Q_{op} \Psi dx$$

$$(\Delta x)(\Delta P_x) \ge \frac{\hbar}{2}, \qquad (\Delta E)(\Delta t) \ge \frac{\hbar}{2}$$

$$f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E - E_f)/kT}}$$

$$n_o = \int_{E_c}^{\infty} f(E)N(E)dE,$$
  $p_o = \int_{-\infty}^{E_v} [1 - f(E)]N(E)dE$ 

## At Equilibrium:

$$n_o p_o = n_i^2, E_g(Si) = 1.15 eV$$

$$n_o = n_i e^{(E_f - E_i)/kT},$$
  $p_o = n_i e^{(E_i - E_f)/kT},$   $n_i = \sqrt{N_c N_v} e^{-E_g/2kT},$ 

$$J = I/A$$
  $\vec{\varepsilon} = \frac{V}{\ell}$ 

n-type:  

$$\overline{J_n = qn\mu_n \vec{\varepsilon}} = Q_n v_n = qnv_n$$

$$J_{Total_n} = J_{n_{n_o}} + J_{p_{n_o}}$$

$$\sigma_n = q\mu_n n$$

$$q\phi_{B_n} = q\phi_{F_n} = kT \ln \frac{n_{n_o}}{n_i} \approx kT \ln \frac{N_D^+}{n_i}$$

$$\frac{\text{p-type:}}{J_p = qp} I_p \vec{\varepsilon} = Q_p v_p = qp v_p$$

$$J_{Total_p} = J_{p_{p_o}} + J_{n_{p_o}}$$

$$\sigma_p = q \mu_p p$$

$$q \phi_{B_p} = q \phi_{F_p} = kT \ln \frac{p_{p_o}}{n_i} \approx kT \ln \frac{N_A^-}{n_i}$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Velocity} = v = \mu \vec{\varepsilon} \text{ for } \vec{\varepsilon} < \varepsilon_c, \qquad v = v_{sat} \approx v_h \text{ for } \vec{\varepsilon} \geq \varepsilon_c \\ & \rho = R * \frac{A}{\ell}, \qquad \rho = \frac{1}{\sigma} \\ & kT|_{T_0} = kT|_{300K} * \frac{T_0}{300K} \end{split}$$

## Constants:

$$\overline{h = 6.626} \times 10^{-34} m^2 kg/s$$

$$h = \frac{h}{2\pi} = 1.055 \times 10^{-31} Js/rad$$

$$m^* = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} kg$$

$$q = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$kT|_{T=300K} \approx 0.026 eV$$

$$n_i(Si)|_{300K} = 1.5 \times 10^{10} cm^{-3}$$

$$v_{th} = \text{Thermal Velocity} \approx 10^7 cm/sec$$

$$\vec{\varepsilon}_c = \text{critical field} = 10^4 V/cm$$

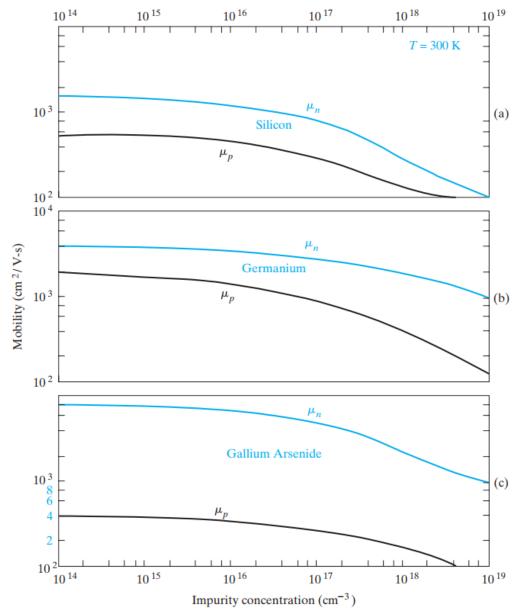


Figure 3–23 Variation of mobility with total doping impurity concentration ( $N_a + N_d$ ) for Ge, Si, and GaAs at 300 K.

Figure 3–17
Intrinsic carrier
concentration
for Ge, Si, and
GaAs as a
function of inverse
temperature. The
room temperature
values are marked
for reference.

