

Summary of Publications

Charlie Street

1. Charlie Street, Bruno Lacerda, Michal Staniaszek, Manuel Mühlig, and Nick Hawes. “Context-Aware Modelling for Multi-Robot Systems Under Uncertainty”. In: *Proceedings of the 21st International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS)*. 2022.

Formal task-level models of multi-robot behaviour are fundamental to planning, simulation, and model checking techniques. However, existing multi-robot models such as multi-agent Markov decision processes (MDPs) are invalidated by strong assumptions which fail to capture execution-time behaviour and limit their predictive power, such as simplistic duration models or synchronisation constraints. In this paper we propose a novel *multi-robot Markov automaton* (MA) formulation which models asynchronous multi-robot execution in continuous time. MA extend MDPs by separating instantaneous decision making from stochastic action durations. We capture robot dynamics, i.e. the behaviour of the controller and motion planner, using *phase-type distributions* (PTDs) over action durations. Further, the duration and outcome of robot actions is dependent on the precise spatiotemporal situation in which they are executed, which we refer to as the *context*. Contexts allow us to model the effects of environmental dynamics and robot interactions on robot action execution, where we fit a PTD for each context an action is executed in. Within CONVINCER, contexts can capture human presence within a museum, which affects a robotic guide’s navigation performance, or the state of a living room a robotic vacuum cleaner is operating in. We also present a scalable discrete-event simulator which yields realistic statistics over execution-time robot behaviour by sampling through the multi-robot MA. Within CONVINCER, our simulator could be used alongside statistical model checking techniques to verify robot behaviour, or to rapidly evaluate contingency plans during execution. Empirically, we demonstrate that our MA formulation can accurately predict the task-level behaviour of a multi-robot system simulated in Gazebo.

2. Charlie Street, Bruno Lacerda, Manuel Mühlig, and Nick Hawes. “Multi-Robot Planning Under Uncertainty with Congestion-Aware Models”. In: *Proceedings of the 19th International Conference on Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems (AAMAS)*. 2020.

Multi-robot systems must be able to maintain performance when robots get delayed during execution. For mobile robots, one source of delays is *congestion*. Congestion occurs when robots deployed in shared physical spaces interact, as robots present in

the same area simultaneously must manoeuvre to avoid each other. Congestion can adversely affect navigation performance, and increase the duration of navigation actions. In this paper, we present a multi-robot planning framework which utilises learnt probabilistic models of how congestion affects navigation duration. Central to our framework is a *probabilistic reservation table* (PRT) which summarises robot policies as continuous-time Markov chains (CTMCs), capturing the effects of congestion. To plan, we solve a sequence of single-robot MDPs, where transition probabilities and rates are obtained from the probabilistic reservation table using CTMC model checking techniques. Though we focus on congestion, by considering learnt duration models during planning we synthesise multi-robot behaviour that is robust to previously observed, but not explicitly modelled, sources of delay. We demonstrate the scalability and performance of our framework with experiments on synthetic data and simulated robot behaviour. This planning framework could be applied directly to the CONVINCE use cases. For example, we can model the continuous-time behaviour of museum visitors in the PRT, similar to robots. A robotic tour guide can then reason over the human congestion during planning, and plan to take routes which trade off between exhibits visited and travel time. Moreover, for dual-arm assembly robots, each arm can reason over the effect the other arm has on its picking and placing actions.

3. Charlie Street, Sebastian Pütz, Manuel Mühlig, Nick Hawes, and Bruno Lacerda. “Congestion-Aware Policy Synthesis for Multirobot Systems”. In: *IEEE Transactions on Robotics* (2021).

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