## Vim Notes

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May 27, 2018

## Vim:

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h =←
k =↑
l =→
j =↓
x = delete letter
i = insert ch. at cursor
A = append text
:wq = quit and save a file
:q! = quit without saving
dw = delete a word
d$ = delete until the end of the line
d = delete operator + <motion>
```

- w = until the start of the next word (Excluding the first character)
- e = to the end of the current word (Including the last word)
- \$ = to the end of the line (Including the last character)
- d = delete the whole line

## Pressing just the motion keys will move to that position A number before the action will repeat it that many times.

For example,

0 (#) = moves to the start of the line

<d> <number > < motion >

dd = delete whole line

u = undo last command

U = fix whole line

p = put deleted text

r<Letter> = replace letter at cursor with <Letter>

ce = change until the end of the word

c < number > < motion >

CTRL + G = "Display File" and list line number etc...

G = to move to a certain line # in a file

or

<#>G

```
gg = Move to the START OF THE FILE
G = Move to the END OF THE FILE
/<PHRASE> = To search for the specified phrase.
To search for the same phrase again: n
Opposite direction: N
To search in the backward direction: ?
To go back = Control + O \Leftarrow repeat to go further
Control + I = goes forward
% = find matching ), ], }
Press % to switch to the staring/ending symbol
:s/old/new/g = substitute "old" with "new".
(changes"old" \rightarrow "new" forcurrentline)
/g = current line
:#, #s/old/new/g = #,# are line numbers
:%s/old/new/g = change every occurrence of "old" to "new" in the whole file
:%s/old/new/gc = change every occurrence in the whole file (with a prompt)
:!, :!Is, :!dir = followed by ANY external command
:!ls, dir = list current directory
:w <FILENAME? = save a new file with the name as <FILENAME>
MS-DOS = !del TEST
UNIX = !rm TEST
v = highlight text and enter Visual Mode
E.g. Man! Oh man!
d = delete
:w Bam = saves highlighted text into a new file: Bam
:r <FILENAME> = insert contents of a file. (Can also pipe out file output)
:r!ls = prints out the current file directory
o = open a line under the cursor and places you in INSERT mode
O = open a line above the cursor and places you in INSERT mode
a = append text after the cursor
R = replace more than one character
R123 \rightarrow 479
y = copy
p = paste
```

## 1 Miscellaneous Tips

You can ignore case:

:set ic

highlight

:set hls

:set incsearch

nohls = to disable highlight

ignore case for one search command:

oll/ignore

?

fn + F1 or :help

Vim StartUp Scripts with .vimrc MS-WINDOWS: e \$VIM/\_vimrc

<u>UNIX</u>: e /.vimrc Read examples:

:r \$VIMRUNTIME/vimrc/\_example.vim

Command-Line Completion:

- First, make sure that vim is not in compatible mode
   set nocp
- 2. See what files exist in the current directory:

!ls or :!dir

- 3. Type the start of the command: :e
- **4.** CTRL + D  $\rightarrow$  to show available commands
- 5.  $TAB \rightarrow to \ autocomplete \ a \ command$