

L 29 Worksheet

Charles Richardson

1. a. $z = 6 - x^2 - y^2$

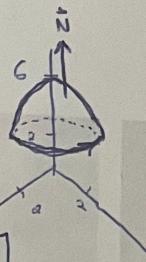
$$z = 2$$

~~N pointing z+~~

$$\Gamma(t) = \langle 2\cos t, 2\sin t, 2 \rangle$$

$$t: 0 \rightarrow 2\pi$$

$$z > 0$$



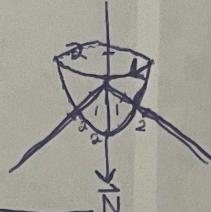
$$2 = 6 - x^2 - y^2$$

$$4 = x^2 + y^2$$

b. $z = 2x^2 + 2y^2 - 2$

$$z = 2$$

N pointing z-



$$2 = 2x^2 + 2y^2 - 2$$

$$4 = 2x^2 + 2y^2$$

$$2 = 2x^2 + y^2$$

$$\Gamma(t) = \langle \sqrt{2} \cos t, \sqrt{2} \sin t, 2 \rangle$$

$$t: 2\pi \rightarrow 0$$

2. $F = \langle y, -x, 0 \rangle$

$$l = x^2 + y^2$$



$$\Gamma(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t, 1 \rangle \quad t: 2\pi \rightarrow 0$$

$$\Gamma'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$z = x^2 + y^2$$

$$z = 1$$

\vec{N} points to $z-$

$$\text{aii. } f(t) = \langle \sin t, -\cos t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\text{aiii. } 2\pi$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \sin t, -\cos t, 0 \rangle \cdot \langle -\sin t, \cos t, 0 \rangle dt \\ & - \int_0^{2\pi} -\sin^2 t - \cos^2 t = \int_0^{2\pi} -1 dt = \int_0^{2\pi} dt = 2\pi \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Curl}(F) = \nabla \times F = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ D_x & D_y & D_z \\ y & -x & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0\hat{i} + 0\hat{j} - 1\hat{k} = -2\hat{k} = \langle 0, 0, -2 \rangle$$

Non-necessary values

Non-necessary rates

$$\text{b. i. } \langle 0, 0, -2 \rangle$$

$$\iint_S \text{curl } F \cdot \hat{n} dS = \iint_R \text{curl } F \cdot \langle -k_x, -k_y, 1 \rangle dA \Rightarrow \langle -k_x, -k_y, 1 \rangle = \langle \dots, \dots, 1 \rangle$$

$$f(x, y) = -2$$

$$\text{b. ii A. } f(x, y) = -2$$

$$\text{b. ii B. } -2\pi$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} -2 dy dx = -2(\pi r^2) = -2\pi$$