

Software Architecture Document
for
Warehouse Product Locating and Routing System (WPLRS)
Release

Prepared by Ahmet Aksakal(aaksakal@uci.edu)
Hao Chen(haoc19@uci.edu)
Kelvin Phan(kelvinhp@uci.edu)
Ziwen Ning(ziwenn1@uci.edu)

University of California, Irvine
EECS 221
Advanced Application of Algorithms

7 June 2019

Contents

Version History	ii
1 Front Matter	2
1.1 Glossary	2
2 Overview of System	3
2.1 Data Type and Structures	3
2.2 Software Components	4
2.3 Modules API	5
3 Installation	9
3.1 System Requirements	9
3.2 Setup and Configuration	9
3.3 Uninstalling	9
4 Packages, Modules, Interfaces	10
4.1 Packages	10
4.2 Data Structure/Class Details	10
5 Development Plan and Timeline	23
5.1 Task Division	23
6 Back Matter	24
6.1 Copyright	24
6.2 Error Messages	24
Index	25

Version History

Revision	Date	Author(s)	Description
1.0	12.04.2019	A. Aksakal, H. Chen, K. Phan, Z. Ning	Initial version
1.5	05.03.2019	A. Aksakal, H. Chen, K. Phan, Z. Ning	Alpha/Beta Pre-Check Version
2.0	05.10.2019	A. Aksakal, H. Chen, K. Phan, Z. Ning	<p>Beta Version</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Alpha to Beta Improvements:</i><ul style="list-style-type: none">– Map re-oriented to follow absolute North with origin (0,0) at bottom-left corner– User directions are more readable– Output errors resolved– Binary now available for installation• <i>Beta Features:</i><ul style="list-style-type: none">– Supports importing order lists of size 1,5, 10, and 15– Dynamic start location

2.5	05.24.2019	A. Aksakal, H. Chen, K. Phan, Z. Ning	<p>Beta v2 Version</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Beta to Beta v2 Improvements:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Made path directions consistent and more user friendly – Changed empty spaces character from '0' to '.' for improved visibility – Distances are only calculated once • <i>Beta Features:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Better than brute force performance – Supports manual input of order list – Supports loading input file into order list <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * User can request next unfulfilled order * User can request specific order number/line – Dynamic start and end locations
Release	06.07.2019	A. Aksakal, H. Chen, K. Phan, Z. Ning	<p>Release Version</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Beta to Release Improvements:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Improved error handling with exceptions for unloaded data, unavailable menu options, etc. – Test document includes input cases and covers wider range for chosen genetic algorithm • <i>Release Features:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Error handling without crashing, alerts user instead – Parallelized genetic algorithm for better performance – Timeout feature that limits time taken to compute path and calculate distances

Chapter 1

Front Matter

1.1 Glossary

- *Warehouse Terminology:*
 - **Item/Product:** a warehouse object that has attributes such as ID, name, quantity, and location inside the warehouse.
 - **Location:** an (x,y) coordinate pair representation of where a warehouse object based on a grid representation of the warehouse
 - **Order:** a compiled list of items/products that need to be retrieved from the warehouse to be sent out
- *Application Terminology:*
 - *Classes/Modules:*
 - * *Product:* class that represents items with ProductID, xLocation, yLocation, AccessN, AccessW, AccessS, AccessE
 - * *Inventory:* class responsible for tracking Products and determine paths based on product(s) inputted.
 - * *ComputePath:* class responsible for calculating paths for orders using selected algorithms
 - * *Order:* class responsible for importing orders and adding products to existing lists
 - * *Order List:* class responsible for list of orders and tracking fulfilled vs. unfulfilled orders
 - * *Path Finder:* module responsible for converting algorithm output to human readable directions

Chapter 2

Overview of System

2.1 Data Type and Structures

Basic Data Structure Definitions:

- *Array/List*: list of objects where each object has an index and associated data value
- *Dictionary*: group of objects where each object is made up of a key-value pair
- *Graph*: group of objects where each object is a node or vertex that is connected to other nodes via edges

Implemented Data Structures:

- *Inventory*: dictionary of items/products that tracks the location and availability, and accessibility of all products.
- *Distances*: graph of items/products that represents information about the distance between items.
- *Orders*: list of orders that tracks the products requested per order and the each order's fulfillment status
- *Path*: ordered list of products that represents the pickup order of items in an order.
- *Distances*: ordered list that records the cost of each pickup for an item in a Path

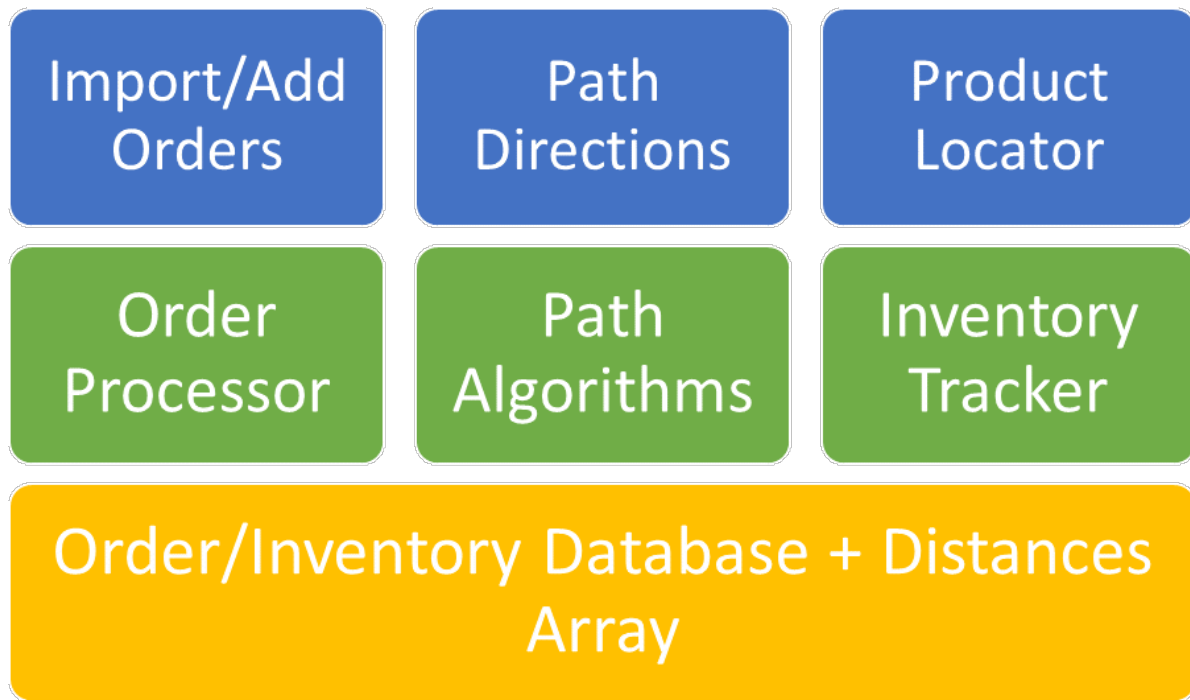


Figure 2.1: Displays key modules organized from top to bottom for front end to back end

2.2 Software Components

- **Front End(Blue):**

- *Menu*: interface that allows user to select importing inventory, displaying the map, showing the location of a product, computing path to a product, changing the start point, importing an order list, adding an order to a list, and calculating path for order.
- *Order Creation/Import*: interface that allows user to import orders and add to import lists. Also allows user to import lists of orders and get specific orders or next unfulfilled
- *Map Display*: interface that displays the current location of all products in the inventory

- **Algorithms and Functions(Green):**

- *Order Processor*: parses information from “Order Creation/Import” to import new orders or to process/prepare order to path calculation.
- *Path Algorithms*: takes information from order processor to calculate path for most efficient product pickup and outputs list of directions
- *Inventory Tracker*: tracks results of order processing in order to keep information about available products updated in “Inventory Database”. This information is displayed in the “Product Directory Interface”

- **Back End(Orange):**

- *Order/Inventory Database + Distances Array*: stores information about orders including relevant products. stores information about products including availability and accessibility. Distances array stores data about distance between products in a 2D array. Together, this information is used by other layers to perform necessary functions

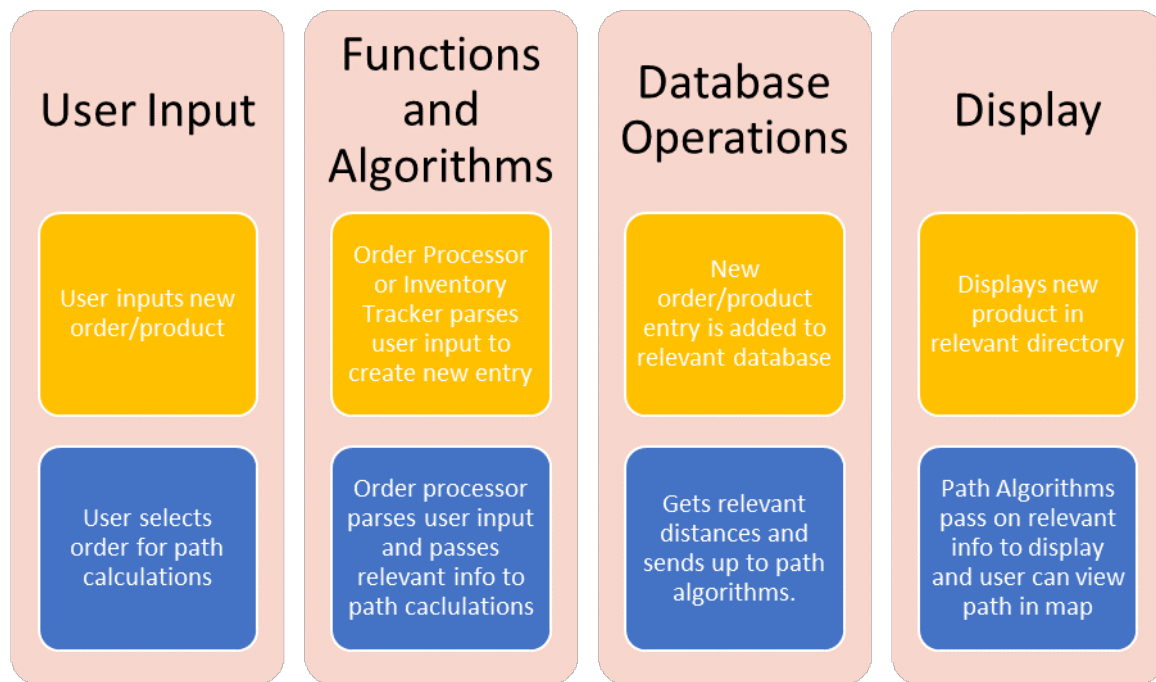


Figure 2.2: Displays 2 typical program flows for order/product creation(Gold) and path calculation(Blue)

2.3 Modules API

- **Product:**

- `get“Placeholder”()`: returns data related to text replacing “Placeholder”

- **Order:**

- `addOrder()`: add order to list
- `importOrder()`: read in file with list of orders

- **Distances:**

- `calculateDistances()`: calculates distance between all products in inventory to form weighted graph

- **ComputePath:**

- `run()`: uses distances value to run brute force, genetic, dynamic programming, or greedy algorithm to find shortest path

- **WPLRS:**

- `“Placeholder”isEmpty()`: returns if “Placeholder” is empty
- `set“Placeholder”()`: set “Placeholder” to value including setting start point, end point
- `get“Placeholder”()`: returns “Placeholder” including next order, specific order, and direction
- `add/import “Placeholder”()`: adds new “Placeholder” object to relevant class
- `display“Placeholder”()`: display “Placeholder” data according to UI such as map and directions

```

1 class WPLRS:
2
3     def __init__(self):
4         self.inventory = None
5         self.order = Order()

```



```

6         self.start_point = (0, 0)
7         self.end_point = (0, 0)
8         self.order_list = OrderList()
9
10        def importInventory(self, file_name):
11            self.inventory = Inventory(start_point=self.start_point,
12                                      end_point=self.end_point)
13            self.inventory.importItems(file_name)
14            print("\nDefault start point is (0, 0).")
15            print("Default end point is (0, 0).\n")
16            self.inventory.calculateDistances()
17
18        def inventoryIsEmpty(self):
19            return len(self.inventory.inventory) == 0
20
21        def displayInventory(self):
22            self.inventory.displayMap()
23
24        def displayPathInventory(self, paths, sequence):
25            self.inventory.displayPathMap(paths, sequence)
26
27        def importOrder(self, file_name):
28            self.order.importOrder(file_name)
29
30        def orderIsEmpty(self):
31            return len(self.order.id_list) == 0
32
33        @timeout_decorator.timeout(25, timeout_exception=StopIteration)
34        def computePath(self, order = []):
35            if not self.inventory:
36                print("\n\nInventory has not been imported yet.\n\n")
37                return None
38            computer = ComputePath(self.inventory.distance_array,
39                                  self.inventory.ID2Index)
40            if len(order) == 0:
41                order = self.order.id_list
42            if len(order) < 51:
43                algo = 'GA'
44            else:
45                algo = 'GREEDY'
46            sequence = computer.run(order, algo)
47            return sequence
48
49        def getPathBySequence(self, sequence):
50            curSource = -1 # Start point
51            paths = []
52            for productId in sequence:
53                if curSource == -1:
54                    path = self.inventory.getPathToProduct(productId)
55                    curSource = productId
56                else:
57                    path = self.inventory.getPathBetweenProduct(curSource, productId)
58                    curSource = productId
59                paths.append(path)
60            # From last item to end point:
61            end_point_ID = '-1'
62            path = self.inventory.getPathBetweenProduct(curSource, end_point_ID)
63            paths.append(path)
64            return paths
65
66        def getPathToProduct(self, productID):

```

```

67         return self.inventory.getPathToProduct(productID)
68
69     def getLocationByID(self, productID):
70         return self.inventory.getLocationByID(productID)
71
72     def setStartPoint(self, point):
73         if point == self.inventory.start_point:
74             print("\n\nThe given point is already the start point.\n\n")
75             return
76         if point in self.inventory.shelves:
77             print("\n\nStart point should not be on a shelf.\n\n")
78             return
79         self.start_point = point
80         if self.inventory:
81             self.inventory.setStartPoint(point)
82
83     def setEndPoint(self, point):
84         if point == self.inventory.end_point:
85             print("\n\nThe given point is already the end point.\n\n")
86             return
87         if point in self.inventory.shelves:
88             print("\n\nEnd point should not be on a shelf.\n\n")
89             return
90         self.end_point = point
91         if self.inventory:
92             self.inventory.setEndPoint(point)
93
94     def addOrder(self, productID):
95         if productID in self.inventory.inventory:
96             self.order.addOrder(productID)
97         else:
98             print("\n\nGiven ID is not in the inventory.")
99
100     def paths2Instrs(self, paths, order = []):
101         '''Get the user friendly instruction from a path list'''
102         instructions = []
103         if len(order) == 0:
104             item_ids = self.order.id_list
105         else:
106             item_ids = order
107         # Dictionary indicating where to turn
108         direct2turn = {('North', 'East'): 'Right', ('North', 'South'): 'Back', ('North', 'West'):
            'Left',
109             ('East', 'North'): 'Left', ('East', 'South'): 'Right', ('East', 'West'):
            'Back',
110             ('South', 'North'): 'Back', ('South', 'East'): 'Left', ('South', 'West'):
            'Right',
111             ('West', 'North'): 'Right', ('West', 'East'): 'Back', ('West', 'South'):
            'Left'}
112         # Each path has a bunch on coordinates. Starts with the first coordinate.
113         coord = paths[0][0] # Start point
114         next_coord = paths[0][1]
115         direction = 'North'
116         direction = self.getDirection(coord, next_coord, direction)
117         instructions.append("Start at {}".format(coord))
118         step_count = 0
119         for idx, path in enumerate(paths):
120             if len(path) == 1:
121                 instructions.append("Pick Up Item: {} at {}".format(item_ids[idx], next_coord))
122                 continue
123             for i, coord in enumerate(path[:-1]):

```

```

124         next_coord = path[i+1]
125         next_direct = self.getDirection(coord, next_coord, direction)
126         if direction == next_direct:
127             step_count += 1
128             continue
129         else:
130             turn_direct = direct2turn[(direction, next_direct)]
131             instructions.append('Move Towards {}, For {} Steps, Until '.format(direction,
132                                     step_count) +
133                                 'You Reach Point {} and Turn {} to {} Direction.'.format(coord,
134                                                 turn_direct, next_direct))
135             step_count = 1 # Reset step count
136             direction = next_direct
137         if idx == len(paths) - 1:
138             instructions.append("Move Towards {}, For {} Steps and End Your Tour at
139                                 {}".format(direction, step_count, next_coord))
140         else:
141             instructions.append("Move Towards {}, For {} Steps, and Pick Up Item: {} at
142                                 {}".format(direction, step_count, item_ids[idx], next_coord))
143         step_count = 0
144     return instructions
145
146 def getDirection(self, first_pt, next_pt, direction):
147     if first_pt == next_pt:
148         return direction
149     is_north = next_pt == (first_pt[0], first_pt[1] + 1)
150     is_east = next_pt == (first_pt[0] + 1, first_pt[1])
151     is_south = next_pt == (first_pt[0], first_pt[1] - 1)
152     is_west = next_pt == (first_pt[0] - 1, first_pt[1])
153     if is_north:
154         return 'North'
155     elif is_east:
156         return 'East'
157     elif is_south:
158         return 'South'
159     elif is_west:
160         return 'West'
161     else:
162         raise ValueError("The Given Two Points Are NOT One Step From One Another!!")
163
164 def loadOrderList(self, file_name):
165     self.order_list.importOrderList(file_name)
166
167 def getNextOrder(self):
168     return self.order_list.nextOrder()
169
170 def getSpecificOrder(self, index):
171     return self.order_list.specificOrder(index)
172
173 def inputOrder(self, order_string):
174     self.order_list.inputOrder(order_string)
175
176 def orderListIsEmpty(self):
177     return len(self.order_list.order_list) == 0

```

Chapter 3

Installation

3.1 System Requirements

- Windows or Mac or Linux

3.2 Setup and Configuration

1. Open wplrs.zip included in submission
2. Extract wplrs.zip and change directory to wplrs/bin/dist/interactive
3. Run “interactive.exe”

3.3 Uninstalling

1. Remove wplrs and wplrs.zip directory

Chapter 4

Packages, Modules, Interfaces

4.1 Packages

4.2 Data Structure/Class Details

- **Interactive Class:**

- *Attributes:*

- * N/A

- *Methods:*

- * *run()*: Prints menu and parses user input. Handles errors at the front end by only enabling certain options once proper steps are followed. Also manages timeout for long duration functions

- *Critical Code:*

```

1  class Interactive:
2
3      def run(self):
4          self.printTitle()
5          imported = 0
6          while(1):
7              self.printOption()
8              inp = input("Please select an option: ")
9              print('')
10             if inp == '1': # Import the inventory.
11                 inventory_file_name = input("Please enter the inventory file you want to load: ")
12                 try:
13                     self.program.importInventory(inventory_file_name)
14                 except Exception:
15                     print("Cannot find the file\n")
16                     time.sleep(1)
17                     continue
18                 self.inventory_file_label = '<' + inventory_file_name + '>'
19                 print('\n')
20                 time.sleep(1)
21                 imported = 1
22             elif inp == '2': # Display the Map
23                 if not imported:
24                     print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
25                     time.sleep(1)
26                     continue

```

```

27         self.program.displayInventory()
28         print('\n')
29     elif inp == '3': # Learn the location of a product.
30         if not imported:
31             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
32             time.sleep(1)
33             continue
34         productID = input('Please enter a product ID: ')
35         (x, y) = self.program.getLocationByID(productID)
36         if x == -1 and y == -1:
37             print("\n\nGiven product ID is not in the inventory")
38         else:
39             print("\n\nPosition is (" + str(x) + ", " + str(y) + ")")
40             print('\n')
41             time.sleep(1)
42     elif inp == '4': # Compute the path to a product.
43         if not imported:
44             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
45             time.sleep(1)
46             continue
47         productID = input('Please enter a product ID: ')
48
49         (x, y) = self.program.getLocationByID(productID)
50         if x == -1 and y == -1:
51             print("\n\nGiven product ID is not in the inventory")
52             print('\n')
53             time.sleep(1)
54             continue
55
56         path = self.program.getPathToProduct(productID)
57         paths = []
58         paths.append(path)
59         print("Please follow this instruction to get the product:\n")
60         instrs = self.program.paths2Instrs(paths)
61         for instr in instrs:
62             print(instr)
63             time.sleep(0.25)
64         time.sleep(1)
65     elif inp == '5': # Change start point.
66         if not imported:
67             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
68             time.sleep(1)
69             continue
70         x = int(input("Please enter x coordinate: "))
71         y = int(input("Please enter y coordinate: "))
72         point = (x, y)
73         self.program.setStartPoint(point)
74         print('\n')
75         time.sleep(1)
76     elif inp == '6': # Change end point.
77         if not imported:
78             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
79             time.sleep(1)
80             continue
81         x = int(input("Please enter x coordinate: "))
82         y = int(input("Please enter y coordinate: "))
83         point = (x, y)
84         self.program.setEndPoint(point)
85         print('\n')
86         time.sleep(1)
87     elif inp == '7': # Import Order List.

```

```

88         if not imported:
89             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
90             time.sleep(1)
91             continue
92     list_name = input("Please enter the file you want to import: ")
93     try:
94         self.program.importOrder(list_name)
95     except Exception:
96         print("Cannot find the file\n")
97         time.sleep(1)
98         continue
99     print('\n')
100    time.sleep(1)
101    elif inp == '8': # Add Order to the List
102        if not imported:
103            print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
104            time.sleep(1)
105            continue
106        productID = input("Please enter the product ID: ")
107        self.program.addOrder(productID)
108        print('\n')
109    elif inp == '9': # Calculate shortest path with the order list
110        # algo = input("Please enter the algorithm you want to use: (BRUTEFORCE / DP /
111        # GREEDY)\n")
112        if not imported:
113            print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
114            time.sleep(1)
115            continue
116        if self.program.orderIsEmpty():
117            print("Please import order file with option [7] or input products manually
118            with option [8] first.")
119            time.sleep(1)
120            continue
121        try:
122            sequence = self.program.computePath()
123        except Exception:
124            sequence = self.program.order.id_list
125            print("The execution time is over the timeout.\n")
126        paths = self.program.getPathBySequence(sequence)
127        print("The optimal sequence is the following: ")
128        print(sequence)
129        print('\n')
130
131        print("Please follow this instruction to get the products:")
132        instrs = self.program.paths2Instrs(paths)
133        for instr in instrs:
134            print(instr)
135            time.sleep(0.1)
136
137        self.program.displayPathInventory(paths, sequence)
138        time.sleep(1)
139    elif inp == '10': # Input Order Manually
140        if not imported:
141            print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
142            time.sleep(1)
143            continue
144        input_order = input("Please enter the order that you want to input manually:")
145        self.program.inputOrder(input_order)
146        time.sleep(1)
147    elif inp == '11': # Load Order List
148        if not imported:

```

```

147         print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
148         time.sleep(1)
149         continue
150     order_list_file_name = input("Please enter the order list file you want to load:
    ")
151     try:
152         self.program.loadOrderList(order_list_file_name)
153     except Exception:
154         print("Cannot find the file\n")
155         time.sleep(1)
156         continue
157     self.order_list_file_label = '<' + order_list_file_name + '>'
158     time.sleep(1)
159
160     elif inp == '12': # Get next order from Order List
161         if not imported:
162             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
163             time.sleep(1)
164             continue
165         if self.program.orderListIsEmpty():
166             print("Please import the order list with option [11] or input order manually
                with option [10] first.")
167             time.sleep(1)
168             continue
169         (cur_index, cur_order) = self.program.getNextOrder()
170         if cur_index == -1:
171             print("The order list are all fulfilled.\n")
172             time.sleep(1)
173         else:
174             print("Order to fulfill: Order " + ("%04d" % (cur_index + 1)) + "\n")
175             output_products = ""
176             for cur_product in cur_order:
177                 output_products += cur_product + " "
178             print("Items: " + output_products + "\n")
179             try:
180                 sequence = self.program.computePath(cur_order)
181             except Exception:
182                 sequence = cur_order
183                 print("The execution time is over the timeout.\n")
184             paths = self.program.getPathBySequence(sequence)
185             print("The optimal sequence is the following: ")
186             print(sequence)
187             print('\n')
188
189             print("Please follow this instruction to get the products:")
190             instrs = self.program.paths2Instrs(paths, cur_order)
191             for instr in instrs:
192                 print(instr)
193                 time.sleep(0.1)
194
195             self.program.displayPathInventory(paths, sequence)
196             time.sleep(1)
197
198     elif inp == '13': # Get specific order from Order List
199         if not imported:
200             print("Please import the inventory with option [1] first.")
201             time.sleep(1)
202             continue
203         if self.program.orderListIsEmpty():
204             print("Please import the order list with option [11] or input order manually
                with option [10] first.")

```



```

205         time.sleep(1)
206         continue
207     order_index = int(input("Please enter the order's index that you want to
        access:"))
208     (flag, cur_order) = self.program.getSpecificOrder(order_index - 1)
209     if flag == -1:
210         print("The index is out of range.\n")
211         time.sleep(1)
212     elif flag == 0:
213         print("The order of this index is fulfilled.\n")
214         time.sleep(1)
215     else:
216         print("Order to fulfill: Order " + ("%04d" % order_index) + "\n")
217         output_products = ""
218         for cur_product in cur_order:
219             output_products += cur_product + " "
220         print("Items: " + output_products + "\n")
221         try:
222             sequence = self.program.computePath(cur_order)
223         except Exception:
224             sequence = cur_order
225         print("The execution time is over the timeout.\n")
226         paths = self.program.getPathBySequence(sequence)
227         print("The optimal sequence is the following: ")
228         print(sequence)
229         print('\n')
230
231         print("Please follow this instruction to get the products:")
232         instrs = self.program.paths2Instrs(paths, cur_order)
233         for instr in instrs:
234             print(instr)
235             time.sleep(0.1)
236
237         self.program.displayPathInventory(paths, sequence)
238         time.sleep(1)
239
240
241
242     elif inp == '0':
243         print("\n\nTHANK YOU FOR USING WPLRS!!\n\n")
244         time.sleep(1)
245         break
246     else:
247         print("Invalid Option!\n")
248         time.sleep(1)
249         print("Please input a number between 1 and 13.\n\n")
250         time.sleep(1)

```

• Product Class:

– Attributes:

- * ID(Unique Long Value): unique ID for product that is autogenerated
- * Name(String): Human readable ID for product
- * Description(String): details about product
- * Location(Coordinate): tuple coordinate (x,y) value for location
- * Accessibility(Array for Cardinal Directions): Bit array for cardinal directions where '0' is not accessible from that direction and '1' means it is accessible from that direction

– Methods:

- * *getID()*: Returns ID of the product
- * *getName()*: Returns Name of the product
- * *getDescription()*: Returns Description of the product
- * *getLocation()*: Returns Location of the product
- * *getAccessibility()*: Returns Accessibility of the product
- * *setName(name)*: Modifier method for updating the name of the product
- * *setDescription(description)*: Modifier method for updating the Description of the product
- * *setLocation(loc)*: Modifier method for updating the Location of the product
- * *setAccessibility(Accessibility)*: Modifier method for updating the Accessibility of the product

– *Critical Code:*

```

1  class Product:
2
3      def __init__(self,
4                  ID=None,
5                  name=None,
6                  description=None,
7                  location=None,
8                  accessibility=None):
9      self.ID = ID # ID of the product
10     self.name = name # string -> Human Readable form of the product ID
11     self.description = description # string -> description of the product
12     self.location = location # [(x,y)] tuple -> location of the product
13     self.accessibility = accessibility # 2D array -> accessibility matrix
14
15     def getID(self):
16         '''Returns ID of the product'''
17         return self.ID
18
19     def getName(self):
20         '''Returns name of the product'''
21         return self.name
22
23     def getDescription(self):
24         '''Returns description of the product'''
25         return self.description
26
27     def getLocation(self):
28         '''Returns location of the product'''
29         return self.location
30
31     def getAccessibility(self):
32         '''Returns accessibility of the product'''
33         return self.accessibility
34
35     def setName(self, name):
36         '''Sets the name of the product'''
37         self.name = name
38         print("Name of the product has been successfully set!")
39
40     def setDescription(self, description):
41         '''Sets the description of the product'''
42         self.description = description
43         print("Description of the product has been successfully set!")
44
45     def setLocation(self, location):
46         '''Sets the location of the product'''
47         self.location = location
48         print("Location of the product has been successfully set!")

```

```

49
50     def setAccessibility(self, accessibility):
51         '''Sets the accessibility of the product'''
52         self.accessibility = accessibility
53         print("Accessibility of the product has been successfully set!")

```

• Order Class:

– Attributes:

- * ID(Unique Long Value): unique ID for order

– Methods:

- * *addOrder(self, ID)*: add existing product ID to current order list
- * *importOrder(self, filename)*: import list of product IDs and add them to current order list

– Critical Code:

```

1  class Order:
2
3      def __init__(self, id_list=[]):
4          self.id_list = id_list
5
6      def addOrder(self, ID):
7          '''Adds the given ID to the order list'''
8          if ID not in self.id_list:
9              self.id_list.append(ID)
10             print("Given ID has been successfully added to the order")
11         else:
12             print("Given product is already in the order list!")
13
14     def importOrder(self, file_name):
15         '''Gets the product ID list from the given file'''
16         if file_name.endswith('.txt'):
17             self._importfromtxt(file_name)
18         elif file_name.endswith('.csv'):
19             # self._importfromcsv(file_name) # TODO: implement import from csv
20             raise ValueError("Import from csv is not implemented yet!")
21         else:
22             raise ValueError("Invalid file type is given!")
23
24     def _importfromtxt(self, file_name):
25         '''Imports the order list from a txt file, each line one product ID'''
26         file_path = os.path.join(os.path.join(os.getcwd(),
27                                             'order_lists'),
28                                 file_name)
29         with open(file_path, 'r') as f:
30             file_contents = f.read().split('\n')
31         for line in file_contents:
32             if line:
33                 self.id_list.append(line)
34         print("Order list has been successfully imported from the given file.")

```

• Order List Class:

– Attributes:

- * curIndex
- * fulfilled: list that tracks whether order associated with index has been filled
- * order list: list of orders

– Methods:

- * *inputOrder(self, order string)*: add new order to existing order list
- * *importOrderList(self,filename)*: import list of orders from a file
- * *nextOrder(self,filename)*: retrieves next order from list that has not been fulfilled
- * *specificOrder(self,index)*: retrieves order associated with passed index

— *Critical Code:*

```

1  class OrderList:
2
3      def __init__(self):
4          self.curIndex = -1
5          self.fulfilled = []
6          self.order_list = []
7
8      def importOrderList(self, file_name):
9          if file_name.endswith('.txt'):
10             self._importfromtxt(file_name)
11          elif file_name.endswith('.csv'):
12             # self._importfromcsv(file_name) # TODO: implement import from csv
13             raise ValueError("Import from csv is not implemented yet!")
14          else:
15             raise ValueError("Invalid file type is given!")
16
17      def _importfromtxt(self, file_name):
18          self.order_list = []
19          self.fulfilled = []
20          self.curIndex = -1
21          file_path = os.path.join(os.path.join(os.path.dirname(os.path.abspath(__file__)),
22                                             'order_lists'),
23                                  file_name)
24          with open(file_path, 'r') as f:
25              orders = f.read().strip().split('\n')
26
27          for order in orders:
28              products = order.strip().split('\t')
29              self.order_list.append(products)
30              self.fulfilled.append(0)
31          print("\nOrder list has been successfully loaded from the given file.")
32
33      def inputOrder(self, order_string):
34          products = order_string.strip().split('\t')
35          self.order_list.append(products)
36          self.fulfilled.append(0)
37          print("\nThe new order has been successfully added to the order list.")
38
39      def nextOrder(self):
40          if self.curIndex >= len(self.order_list):
41              return (-1, [])
42
43          self.curIndex += 1
44          while self.fulfilled[self.curIndex] == 1:
45              self.curIndex += 1
46          self.fulfilled[self.curIndex] = 1
47          return (self.curIndex, self.order_list[self.curIndex])
48
49      def specificOrder(self, index):
50          if index >= len(self.order_list):
51              return (-1, [])
52          if self.fulfilled[index] == 1:
53              return (0, self.order_list[index])
54          self.fulfilled[index] = 1

```

```
55         return (1, self.order_list[index])
```

- **Path Finder Class:**

- *Attributes:*
 - * None
- *Methods:*
 - * *paths2Instrs(paths, item_ids)*: converts inputted paths to human readable instructions
- *Critical Code:*

```
1 def paths2Instrs(paths, item_ids):
2     '''Get the user friendly instruction from a path list'''
3     # Dictionary indicating where to turn
4     direct2turn = {('North', 'East'): 'Right', ('North', 'South'): 'Back', ('North', 'West'):
5         'Left',
6         ('East', 'North'): 'Left', ('East', 'South'): 'Right', ('East', 'West'):
7         'Back',
8         ('South', 'North'): 'Back', ('South', 'East'): 'Left', ('South', 'West'):
9         'Right',
10        ('West', 'North'): 'Right', ('West', 'East'): 'Back', ('West', 'South'):
11        'Left'}
12
13    # Each path has a bunch on coordinates. Starts with the first coordinate.
14    coord = paths[0][0] # Start point
15    next_coord = paths[0][1]
16    direction = 'North'
17    direction = getDirection(coord, next_coord, direction)
18    print("Start at {}".format(coord))
19    step_count = 0
20    for idx, path in enumerate(paths):
21        if len(path) == 1:
22            print("Pick Up Item: {} at {}".format(item_ids[idx], next_coord))
23            continue
24        for i, coord in enumerate(path[:-1]):
25            next_coord = path[i+1]
26            next_direct = getDirection(coord, next_coord, direction)
27            if direction == next_direct:
28                step_count += 1
29                continue
30            else:
31                turn_direct = direct2turn[(direction, next_direct)]
32                print('Move Towards {}, For {} Steps, Until '.format(direction, step_count) +
33                    'You Reach Point {} and Turn {} to {} Direction.'.format(coord,
34                        turn_direct, next_direct))
35                step_count = 1 # Reset step count
36                direction = next_direct
37        if idx == len(paths) - 1:
38            print("Move Towards {}, For {} Steps and End Your Tour at {}".format(direction,
39                step_count, next_coord))
40        else:
41            print("Move Towards {}, For {} Steps, and Pick Up Item: {} at {}".format(direction,
42                step_count, item_ids[idx], next_coord))
43        step_count = 0
```

- **Inventory:** dictionary of items/products that tracks the location and availability, and accessibility of all products. Details:
 - *Key:* Product ID
 - *Value:* Product Object

- *Methods:*
 - * *addItem(item)*: adds item to Inventory dictionary
 - Input: Product object with requisite Name, Description, Location, and accessibility
 - Output: Code indicating success or error
 - * *removeItem(ID)*: removes item from Inventory dictionary
 - Input: Product ID number
 - Output: Code indicating success or error
 - * *getItem(ID)*: gets item from Inventory dictionary
 - Input: Product ID number
 - Output: Associated Product or error
 - * *importItems(filename)*: parses file and adds products to Inventory
 - Input: CSV or txt file of products with each column representing a required attribute of a Product
 - Output: Number of products successfully added and number that failed
 - * *getPathtoProduct(productID)*: based off productID, calculates path to the indicated product if product is in inventory
 - Input: ProductID
 - Output: Path to product as list of coordinates with directions
 - * *getLocationByID(productID)*: returns product's location
 - Input: ProductID
 - Output: Coordinate location of product
- **Distances:** graph of items/products that represents information about the distance between items
 - *Vertices:* Products
 - *Edges:* Distance between Products
 - *Inventory:* The given inventory of the warehouse
 - *Methods:*
 - * *calculateDistances(Inventory)*: calculates distances between all Products in an Inventory
 - Input: Inventory object representing Products in a warehouse
 - Output: 2D array representing distances between all Products
 - * *traverse(source_point, destination_point)*: Calculates distance between given two points. This is a helper function for calculating the distances between all products in the warehouse.
 - Input: Source and Destination Point
 - Output: The distance between input points or error indicating that the product cannot be reached.
- **ComputePath Class:**
 - *Methods:*
 - * *parallel(self, order list)*: runs parallel genetic algorithms on list of orders in order to calculate shortest paths
 - * *evaluation, crossover, Mutation, etc.*: helper functions to perform genetic algorithm. Details on algorithm performance and parameters included in test document "Final Release Test Document.pdf"
 - *
 - *Critical Code:*

```

1     def evaluation(self):
2         best_score=self.Fitness(self.best)
3         for life in self.lives:
4             score = self.Fitness(life)

```

```
5         if score > best_score:
6             self.best = life
7             best_score = score
8
9     def crossover(self, parent1, parent2):
10         left = random.randint(1, len(parent1) - 2)
11         right = random.randint(left, len(parent1) - 2)
12         newgene = collections.deque()
13         newgene.extend(parent1[left:right])
14         point = 0
15         for g in parent2[1:-1]:
16             if g not in parent1[left:right]:
17                 if point < left:
18                     newgene.appendleft(g)
19                     point += 1
20                 else:
21                     newgene.append(g)
22         newgene.appendleft(0)
23         newgene.append(len(parent1)-1)
24         self.crossCount += 1
25         return list(newgene)
26
27     def Mutation(self, gene):
28         newg = gene
29         left = random.randint(1, len(gene) - 2)
30         right = random.randint(1, len(gene) - 2)
31         newg[left], newg[right] = newg[right], newg[left]
32         self.mutationCount += 1
33         #print(gene)
34         return list(newg)
35
36     def select(self):
37         index = random.randint(0, len(self.lives)-1)
38         life = self.lives[index]
39         return life
40
41     def Child(self):
42         parent1 = self.select()
43         rate = random.random()
44         if rate < self.crossRate:
45             parent2 = self.select()
46             gene = self.crossover(parent1, parent2)
47         else:
48             gene = parent1
49         # ra = random.random()
50         # if ra < self.mutationRate:
51         #     gene = self.Mutation(gene)
52         return gene
53
54     def next_generation(self):
55         self.evaluation()
56         newLives = []
57         newLives.append(self.best)
58         while len(newLives) < self.num_of_life:
59             newLives.append(self.Child())
60         self.lives[:] = newLives
61         self.generation += 1
62
63     def New_distance(self, lifes):
64         new_distance = 0.0
65         for i in range(0, self.geneLength - 1):
```

```

66         index1, index2 = self.ID2Index[self.order[lifes[i]]],
        self.ID2Index[self.order[lifes[i + 1]]]
67         new_distance+=self.distance[index1][index2]
68     return new_distance
69
70 def Fitness(self, life):
71     return 1.0/self.New_distance(life)
72
73 def GA(self,order_list,q):
74     dis=0
75     n=1500
76     self.order = ['000'] + order_list + ['-1']
77     self.geneLength=len(self.order)
78     while n > 0:
79         self.next_generation()
80         dis = self.New_distance(self.best)
81         n -= 1
82     res=[]
83     for i in self.best:
84         res.append(self.order[i])
85     q.put(res[1:-1])
86     q.put(dis)
87
88 def RGA(self,oder_list,L,NUM,q):
89     self.lives=L
90     self.num_of_life=NUM
91     self.best=L[-1]
92     self.GA(oder_list,q)
93
94 def initialpopulation(self,num, geneLength, q):
95     lives = []
96     while len(lives) < num:
97         temp = [x for x in range(1, geneLength + 1)]
98         random.shuffle(temp)
99         gene = [0] + temp + [geneLength + 1]
100         if gene not in lives:
101             lives.append(gene)
102     q.put(lives)
103
104 def parallel(self, order_list):
105     length = len(order_list)
106     num = 1
107     if len(order_list) <= 5:
108         for i in range(1, len(order_list) + 1):
109             num = num * i
110     else:
111         num = 500
112     s1 = mp.Queue()
113     s2 = mp.Queue()
114     st1 = mp.Process(target=self.initialpopulation, args=(num, length, s1,))
115     st2 = mp.Process(target=self.gre, args=(order_list, s2,))
116     st1.start()
117     st2.start()
118     st1.join()
119     st2.join()
120     st1.terminate()
121     st2.terminate()
122     lives = list(s1.get())
123     best_gre = list(s2.get())
124     a = int(len(lives) / 2)
125     l1 = lives[:a] + [best_gre]

```



```
126         l2 = lives[a:] + [best_gre]
127         q1 = mp.Queue()
128         q2 = mp.Queue()
129         p1 = mp.Process(target=self.RGA, args=(order_list, l1, num/2, q1,))
130         p2 = mp.Process(target=self.RGA, args=(order_list, l2, num/2, q2,))
131         p1.start()
132         p2.start()
133         p1.join()
134         p2.join()
135         res1 = q1.get()
136         dis_1 = q1.get()
137         res2 = q2.get()
138         dis_2 = q2.get()
139         if dis_1 < dis_2:
140             print(res1, dis_1)
141             return res1
142         else:
143             print(res2, dis_2)
144             return res2
```

Chapter 5

Development Plan and Timeline

5.1 Task Division

- **Documentation: Kelvin Phan**
 - Update Documentation and make poster
 - Compile application
 - (**DEADLINE: This should be done by next week Thursday. (June 6, 11:59pm)**
- **Algorithm Team: Ahmet Aksakal and Hao Chen:**
 - Update UI for easier to read text directions
 - (**DEADLINE: This should be done by next week Thursday. (June 6, 11:59pm)**
- **Algorithm Team: Ahmet Aksakal and Hao Chen:**
 - Parallelize genetic algorithm
 - Run varied test cases
- **Review Team: Ziwen Ning:**
 - Debug program
 - Add Error handling
 - (**DEADLINE: This should be done by next week Sunday. (June 6, 11:59pm)**

Chapter 6

Back Matter

6.1 Copyright

Copyright 2019 6 Figure Solutions

Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at

<http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0>

Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied. See the License for the specific language governing permissions and limitations under the License.

6.2 Error Messages

- *Cannot find file:* file used to import orders is an invalid file or is unreadable
- *Please import inventory with option [1] first :* prompts user to load inventory file before using related functions
- *Execution time is over the timeout:* Route calculation has gone over execution time limit of 1 minute
- *Please import order list with option [11] first or input order manually with option [10] :* prompts user to load order file before using related functions
- *All orders are fulfilled :* alerts user that all orders have been filled
- *Does Not Exist:* object with ID does not exist in its relevant database/structure

Index

ComputePath Class, 19

Distances, 19

Interactive Class, 10

Inventory, 18

Order Class, 16

Order List Class, 16

Path Finder Class, 18

Product Class, 14