## set theory

SET: COLLECTION OF THINGS / ELEMENTS

R: SET OF REAL NUMBERS

Q: SET OF RATIONAL NUMBERS

Z: SET OF INTEGERS { ..., -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, ... }

Z SET OF POSITIVE INTEGERS {0,1,2...}

N: SET OF NONZERO POSITIVE INTEGERS { 1,2,...}

## - OPERATIONS -

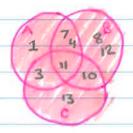
A: CARDINALITY: # OF ELEMENTS IN A

AUB: UNION: ELEMENTS CONTAINED IN AT LEAST ONE SET

ANB: INTERSECTION: ELEMENTS CONTAINED IN BOTH SETS

AB: DIFFERENCE: ELEMENTS IN A, NOT IN B

ADB: SYMMETRIC DIFFERENCE: ELEMENTS IN EXACTLY ONE OF A OR B (XOR)



A= {1,3,4,7,113 B= {4,7,8,11,0,123 C= {3,10,11,123