

SEASONS

- 4 PARTS

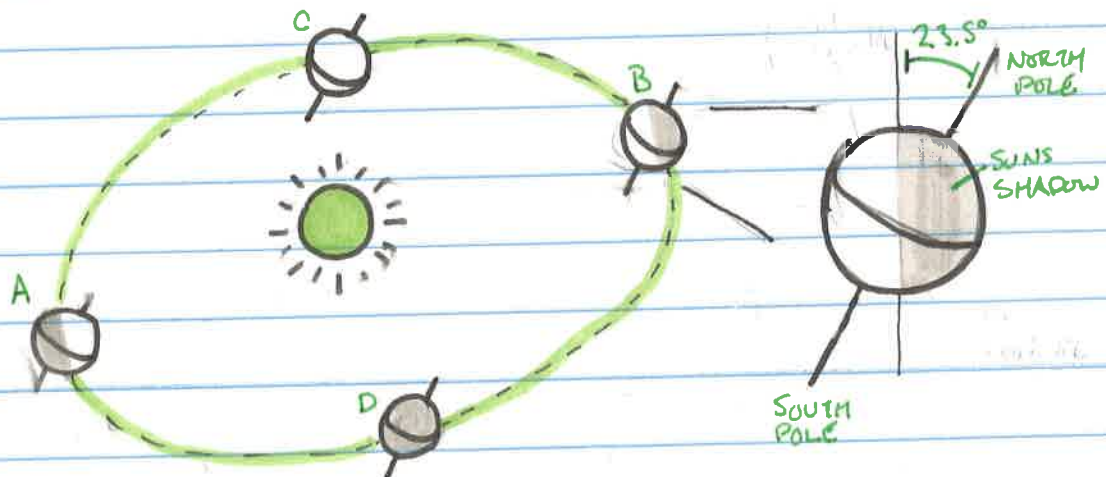
- ↳ ROTATION OF THE EARTH (SPIN)
- ↳ REVOLUTION OF THE EARTH (ORBIT)
- ↳ ROTATION OF THE MOON
- ↳ REVOLUTION OF THE MOON

- ROTATION OF THE EARTH PROVIDES

- ↳ DAYS AND NIGHT CYCLES (24 HRS)
- ↳ APPARENT MOTION OF THE STARS

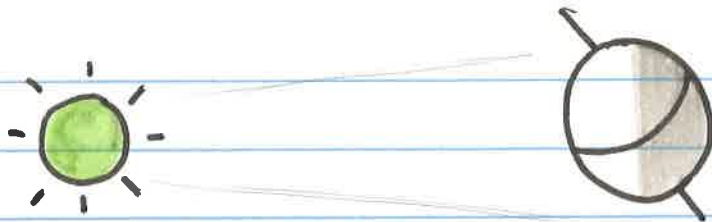
- REVOLUTION OF THE EARTH PROVIDES

- ↳ THE YEAR CYCLE (365.25 DAYS)
- ↳ CAUSES SEASONS



A: NORTHERN HEMISPHERE GETTING MORE SUN
MEANS SUMMER. SOUTH IS WINTER

B: SOUTH GETS MORE SUN SO ITS SUMMER
THERE AND WINTER NORTH



- AS YOU CAN SEE ABOVE, THE NORTHERN HEMISPHERE GET MORE SUN, WHICH MAKES IT HOTTER. THIS IS SUMMER. THE SOUTHERN HEMISPHERE GETS LESS LIGHT, WHICH PUTS IT IN WINTER.

- THE TILT OF THE EARTH CAUSES SEASONS
 ↳ MORE TILT LEADS TO MORE EXTREME SEASONS

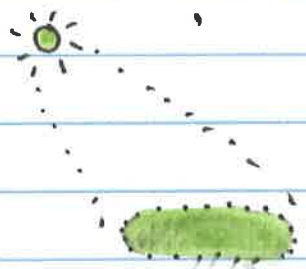
- ANOTHER ASPECT IS THE ANGLE OF SUNLIGHT

SUMMER



- SUN HIGH IN SKY
- SUN LIGHT IS DIRECT
- MORE LIGHT COVERS SMALL SURFACE
- HOT

WINTER



- SUN LOW IN SKY
- SUNLIGHT IS INDIRECT + DIFFUSED
- SAME LIGHT COVERS LARGE SURFACE
- COLD

— | IMPORTANT DATES | —

SPRING EQUINOX:

- ↳ MARCH - NORTHERN HEMISPHERE
- ↳ DAY + NIGHT ARE EQUAL

SUMMER SOLSTICE:

- ↳ JUNE - NORTHERN HEMISPHERE
- ↳ LONGEST DAY OF THE YEAR

FALL EQUINOX:

- ↳ SEPTEMBER - NORTHERN HEMISPHERE
- ↳ DAY + NIGHT ARE EQUAL

WINTER SOLSTICE:

- ↳ DECEMBER - NORTHERN HEMISPHERE
- ↳ SHORTEST DAY OF THE YEAR