# Applied Statistical Methods - Solution 3

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## Problem 1: Linear Regression on Genomic Information

Use the following dataset which is also given in:

 $https://charlotte-ngs.github.io/asmss2022/data/asm\_flem\_genomic\_data.csv$ 

to estimate marker effects for the single loci using a linear regression model.

Animal	SNP G	SNP H	Observation
1	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_2$	510
2	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_1$	528
3	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_1$	505
4	$G_1G_1$	$H_2H_2$	539
5	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_1$	530
6	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_2$	489
7	$G_1G_2$	$H_2H_2$	486
8	$G_2G_2$	$H_1H_1$	485
9	$G_1G_2$	$H_2H_2$	478
10	$G_2G_2$	$H_1H_2$	479
11	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_2$	520
12	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_1$	521
13	$G_2G_2$	$H_1H_2$	473
14	$G_2G_2$	$H_1H_2$	457
15	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_1$	497
16	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_2$	516
17	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_2$	524
18	$G_1G_1$	$H_1H_2$	502
19	$G_1G_1$	$H_2H_2$	508
20	$G_1G_2$	$H_1H_2$	506

#### Solution

• Read the data using read.csv()

## dbl (2): Animal, Observation

```
##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
tbl_ex03p01_data
```

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 4
                     `SNP H`
##
      Animal `SNP G`
                                Observation
##
       <dbl> <chr>
                       <chr>
                                      <dbl>
##
   1
           1 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_2$
                                        510
##
           2 $G_1G_2$ $H_1H_1$
                                        528
##
           3 $G_1G_2$ $H_1H_1$
                                        505
## 4
           4 $G_1G_1$ $H_2H_2$
                                        539
## 5
           5 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_1$
                                        530
           6 $G_1G_2$ $H_1H_2$
                                        489
## 6
##
   7
           7 $G_1G_2$ $H_2H_2$
                                        486
                                        485
## 8
           8 $G_2G_2$ $H_1H_1$
           9 $G_1G_2$ $H_2H_2$
                                        478
## 9
## 10
          10 $G_2G_2$ $H_1H_2$
                                        479
## 11
          11 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_2$
                                        520
## 12
          12 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_1$
                                        521
## 13
          13 $G 2G 2$ $H 1H 2$
                                        473
          14 $G 2G 2$ $H 1H 2$
## 14
                                        457
## 15
          15 $G_1G_2$ $H_1H_1$
                                        497
## 16
          16 $G 1G 2$ $H 1H 2$
                                        516
          17 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_2$
                                        524
## 17
## 18
          18 $G_1G_1$ $H_1H_2$
                                        502
## 19
          19 $G_1G_1$ $H_2H_2$
                                        508
## 20
          20 $G_1G_2$ $H_1H_2$
                                        506
```

• Re-code the genotypes to numeric values

```
## # A tibble: 20 x 4
      Animal `SNP G` `SNP H` Observation
##
                        <dbl>
       <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
##
                <dbl>
##
    1
           1
                    2
                             1
                                        510
##
   2
           2
                             2
                                        528
                    1
##
   3
           3
                    1
                             2
                                        505
                    2
##
   4
           4
                             0
                                        539
##
    5
           5
                    2
                             2
                                        530
##
   6
           6
                                        489
                    1
                             1
           7
                                        486
##
  7
                    1
                             0
## 8
           8
                    0
                             2
                                        485
```

```
##
    9
             9
                                0
                                            478
                       1
## 10
            10
                       0
                                            479
                                1
## 11
            11
                       2
                                1
                                            520
                       2
## 12
                                2
                                            521
            12
## 13
            13
                       0
                                1
                                            473
                       0
## 14
           14
                                            457
                                1
## 15
           15
                       1
                                2
                                            497
## 16
            16
                       1
                                1
                                            516
## 17
           17
                       2
                                            524
                                1
                       2
## 18
            18
                                1
                                            502
## 19
            19
                       2
                                0
                                            508
## 20
                       1
                                            506
            20
                                1
```

• Fit the multiple regression to the data

```
lm_mult_reg_genomic <- lm(formula = Observation ~ `SNP G` + `SNP H`, data = tbl_ex03p01_data)</pre>
summary(lm_mult_reg_genomic)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observation ~ `SNP G` + `SNP H`, data = tbl_exO3p01_data)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    30
                                             Max
## -18.4643 -8.2468 -0.6883
                                3.9448
                                        26.9383
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                             7.476 62.252 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 465.425
  `SNP G`
                 23.318
                             3.861
                                     6.040 1.33e-05 ***
##
## `SNP H`
                  8.403
                             4.127
                                     2.036
                                              0.0577 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 12.8 on 17 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.691, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6546
## F-statistic: 19.01 on 2 and 17 DF, p-value: 4.621e-05
The marker-effects for the two loci correspond to
vec_coeff <- coefficients(lm_mult_reg_genomic)</pre>
cat("\nMarker Effect for locus G: ", vec_coeff["`SNP G`"], "\n")
## Marker Effect for locus G: 23.31818
```

#### Problem 2: Regression On Dummy Variables

## Marker Effect for locus H: 8.402597

cat("Marker Effect for locus H: ", vec\_coeff["`SNP H`"], "\n")

Use the dataset with the breeds assigned to every animal and find out the influence of the breed on the response variable body weight. The data is available from

```
## [1] "https://charlotte-ngs.github.io/asmss2022/data/asm_bw_flem.csv"
```

Start by fitting a linear model with Breed as the only factor in the model, hence ignore the independent

variables such as Breast Circumference, BCS and HEI.

#### Solution

• Read the data

```
s_ex03p02_data_path <- "https://charlotte-ngs.github.io/asmss2022/data/asm_bw_flem.csv"
tbl_ex03p02_data <- readr::read_csv(file = s_ex03p02_data_path)</pre>
## Rows: 10 Columns: 6
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): Breed
## dbl (5): Animal, Breast Circumference, Body Weight, BCS, HEI
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
tbl_ex03p02_data
## # A tibble: 10 x 6
      Animal `Breast Circumference` `Body Weight`
##
                                                     BCS
                                                           HEI Breed
       <dbl>
##
                              <dbl>
                                             <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
##
   1
           1
                                176
                                               471
                                                     5
                                                           161 Angus
##
   2
           2
                                177
                                               463
                                                     4.2
                                                           121 Angus
##
   3
           3
                                178
                                               481
                                                     4.9
                                                           157 Simmental
           4
##
   4
                                179
                                               470
                                                     3
                                                           165 Angus
##
  5
           5
                                179
                                               496
                                                     6.8
                                                           136 Simmental
##
  6
           6
                                180
                                               491
                                                     4.9
                                                           123 Simmental
##
  7
           7
                                181
                                               518
                                                     4.4
                                                           163 Limousin
##
   8
           8
                                182
                                               511
                                                     4.4
                                                           149 Limousin
## 9
           9
                                                           143 Limousin
                                183
                                               510
                                                     3.5
## 10
          10
                                184
                                               541
                                                     4.7
                                                           130 Limousin
  • Fit a linear model including breed as a factor
lm_reg_dummy_bw_breed <- lm(formula = `Body Weight` ~ Breed, data = tbl_ex03p02_data)</pre>
summary(lm_reg_dummy_bw_breed)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = `Body Weight` ~ Breed, data = tbl_ex03p02_data)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
                                             Max
## -10.0000 -7.5000 -0.1667
                                2.7500 21.0000
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                   468.000
                                6.097 76.758 1.68e-11 ***
## (Intercept)
## BreedLimousin
                    52,000
                                8.066
                                        6.447 0.000351 ***
## BreedSimmental
                    21.333
                                8.623
                                        2.474 0.042575 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

## Residual standard error: 10.56 on 7 degrees of freedom

```
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8597, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8196
## F-statistic: 21.44 on 2 and 7 DF, p-value: 0.001035
```

#### **Problem 3: Estimable Function**

Use the matrix vector-notation to setup the model for a regression on dummy variable with the data on breeds and body weight as used in Problem 2. The aim of this problem is to find the estimable functions used in the output of lm().

The model is given by

## Delimiter: ","

6

$$y = Xb + e$$

Setup the least squares normal equations. Find a solution for  $b^0$  and construct the estimable function that is used in the output lm().

#### Solution

• Define elements of least squares normal equations

The required elements are the vector  $\mathbf{y}$  and the matrix  $\mathbf{X}$ . The are defined as follows

## chr (1): Breed
## dbl (5): Animal, Breast Circumference, Body Weight, BCS, HEI

##

## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.

## i Specify the column types or set `show\_col\_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.

In a first step, the records in our dataframe are sorted according to their breed.

```
tbl_ex03p03_data <- tbl_ex03p03_data[order(tbl_ex03p03_data$Breed),]
tbl_ex03p03_data</pre>
```

## # A tibble: 10 x 6 ## Animal `Breast Circumference` `Body Weight` **BCS** HEI Breed ## <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> ## 1 176 471 1 5 161 Angus ## 2 2 177 463 4.2 121 Angus 4 ## 3 179 470 3 165 Angus 7 ## 4 181 518 4.4 163 Limousin ## 5 8 182 511 4.4 149 Limousin ## 6 9 183 510 3.5 143 Limousin 10 ## 7 541 130 Limousin 184 4.7 ## 8 3 178 481 4.9 157 Simmental 9 5 136 Simmental ## 179 496 6.8

180

After the sorting process, the elements of the least squares normal equation can be extracted.

491

4.9

123 Simmental

```
vec_y <- tbl_ex03p03_data$`Body Weight`
mat_X <- model.matrix(lm(`Body Weight` ~ 0 + Breed, data = tbl_ex03p03_data))
attr(mat_X, "assign") <- NULL
attr(mat_X, "contrasts") <- NULL
colnames(mat_X) <- NULL
rownames(mat_X) <- NULL
mat_X <- cbind(matrix(1,nrow = nrow(mat_X), ncol = 1), mat_X)
mat_X</pre>
```

```
##
          [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4]
##
    [1,]
             1
                   1
                        0
                              0
    [2,]
##
             1
                   1
                        0
                              0
##
    [3,]
             1
                   1
                        0
                              0
##
    [4,]
             1
                   0
                        1
                              0
    [5,]
##
             1
                   0
                        1
                              0
   [6,]
##
             1
                   0
##
    [7,]
             1
                   0
                        1
                              0
##
    [8,]
             1
                   0
                        0
                              1
##
   [9,]
             1
                   0
                        0
                              1
## [10,]
             1
                              1
```

Which corresponds to

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 463 \\ 470 \\ 518 \\ 511 \\ 510 \\ 541 \\ 481 \\ 496 \\ 491 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $\lceil 471 \rceil$ 

- Find a solution for  $\mathbf{b}^0$
- Construct the estimable function. As a hint, assume the missing factor level in the output of lm() to be zero.