

$$b^{(0)} = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

where $(X^T X)^{-}$ is
a generalized inverse
of $(X^T X)$

Generalized Inverse

For matrix A , the matrix G is a generalized inverse, if

$$AGA = A$$
$$(AGA)^T = A^T$$

Special case
where A^{-1}
 $\Rightarrow G = A^{-1}$

$$A \cdot G \cdot A = A \cdot A^{-1} \cdot A$$

$$= A$$

System of equations: $Ax = y \rightarrow$ right hand side
 \downarrow
 unknowns

(Normal equations: $\underbrace{(X^T X)}_A \underbrace{b^0}_x = \underbrace{X^T y}_y$)

with G being a generalised inverse of $(X^T X)$