

# Digital Systems Design and Laboratory

## [ 16. Sequential Circuit Design ]

Chung-Wei Lin

[cwlin@csie.ntu.edu.tw](mailto:cwlin@csie.ntu.edu.tw)

CSIE Department

National Taiwan University

# Sequential Logic Design

- ❑ Unit 11: Latches and Flip-Flops
- ❑ Unit 12: Registers and Counters
- ❑ Units 13--15: Finite State Machines
- ❑ Unit 16: Summary
  
- ❑ Designing a sequential circuit
  - Construct a state graph or state table (Unit 14)
  - Simplify it (Unit 15)
  - Derive flip-flop input equations and output equations (Unit 12)

# Outline

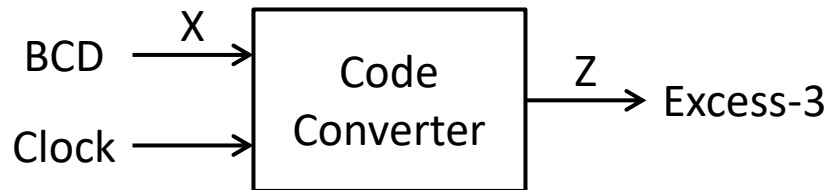
- ❑ **Design Example --- Code Converter**

- ❑ Design of Iterative Circuits

- ❑ Summary

# BCD to Excess-3 Conversion

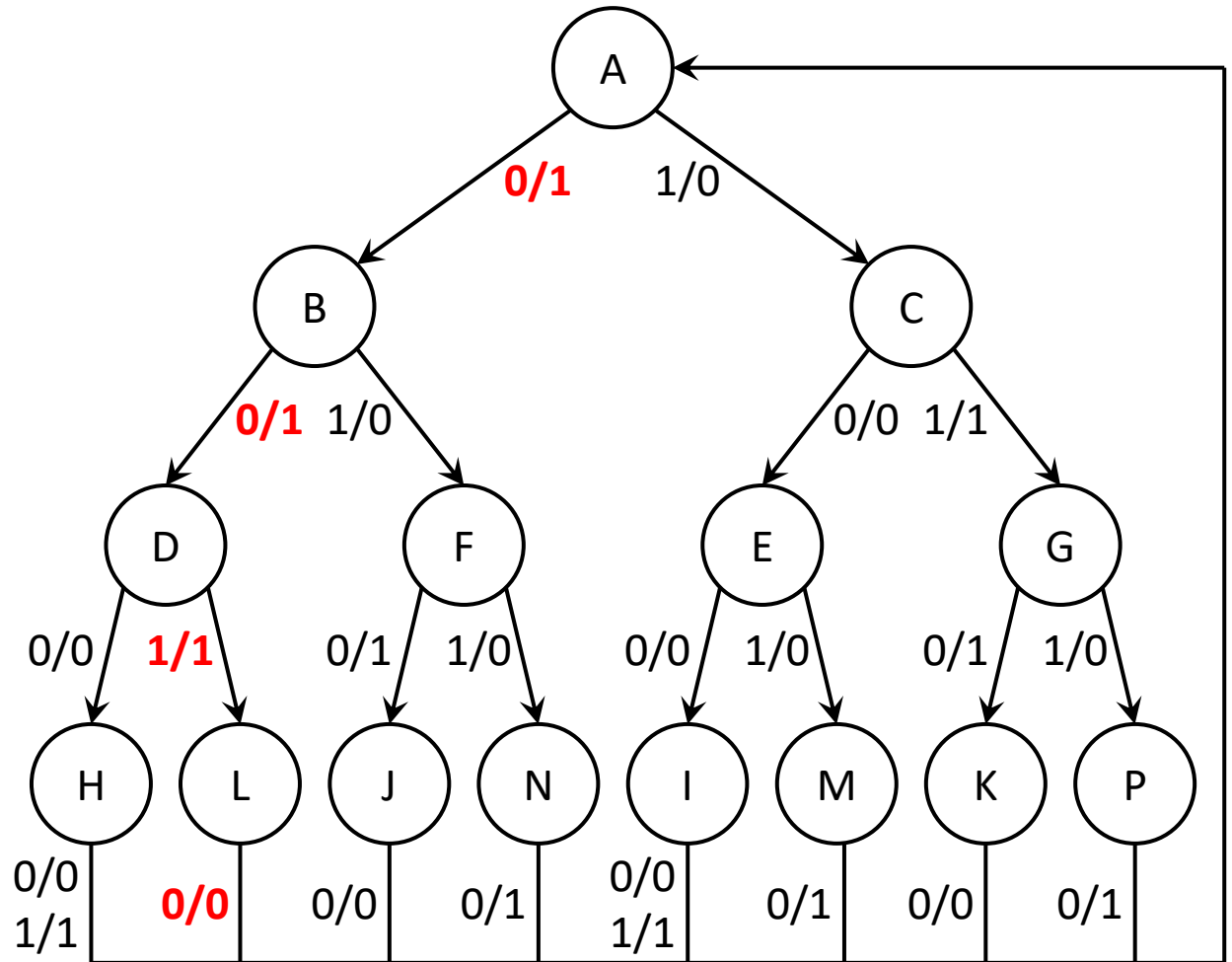
- ❑ Add 3 to BCD (0--9)
- ❑ Serial I/O with the LSB first
  - $X_0 \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_2 \rightarrow X_3$
  - $Z_0 \rightarrow Z_1 \rightarrow Z_2 \rightarrow Z_3$
- ❑ Reset to initial state after receiving 4 inputs



X Input (BCD)	Z Output (Excess-3)
$t_3 t_2 t_1 t_0$	$t_3 t_2 t_1 t_0$
0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0	0 1 0 1
0 0 1 1	0 1 1 0
0 1 0 0	0 1 1 1
0 1 0 1	1 0 0 0
0 1 1 0	1 0 0 1
0 1 1 1	1 0 1 0
1 0 0 0	1 0 1 1
1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0
Others	X X X X

# State Graph

X	Z
$t_3 t_2 t_1 t_0$	$t_3 t_2 t_1 t_0$
0 0 0 0	0 0 1 1
0 0 0 1	0 1 0 0
0 0 1 0	0 1 0 1
0 0 1 1	0 1 1 0
<b>0 1 0 0</b>	<b>0 1 1 1</b>
0 1 0 1	1 0 0 0
0 1 1 0	1 0 0 1
0 1 1 1	1 0 1 0
1 0 0 0	1 0 1 1
1 0 0 1	1 1 0 0
Others	X X X X



# State Table

Time	Input Sequence	Present State	Next State		Present Output	
			X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
$t_0$	Reset	A	B	C	1	0
$t_1$	$0_{\text{LSB}}$	B	D	F	1	0
	$1_{\text{LSB}}$	C	E	G	0	1
$t_2$	$00_{\text{LSB}}$	D	H	L	0	1
	$01_{\text{LSB}}$	E	I	M	1	0
	$10_{\text{LSB}}$	F	J	N	1	0
	$11_{\text{LSB}}$	G	K	P	1	0
$t_3$	$000_{\text{LSB}}$	H	A	A	0	1
	$001_{\text{LSB}}$	I	A	A	0	1
	$010_{\text{LSB}}$	J	A	-	0	-
	$011_{\text{LSB}}$	K	A	-	0	-
	$100_{\text{LSB}}$	L	A	-	0	-
	$101_{\text{LSB}}$	M	A	-	1	-
	$110_{\text{LSB}}$	N	A	-	1	-
	$111_{\text{LSB}}$	P	A	-	1	-

# State Reduction (1/3)

## □ Row matching

➤  $M \equiv N \equiv P$

➤  $H \equiv I \equiv J \equiv K \equiv L$

- Use don't cares

Time	Input Sequence	Present State	Next State		Present Output	
			X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
$t_0$	Reset	A	B	C	1	0
$t_1$	$0_{\text{LSB}}$	B	D	F	1	0
	$1_{\text{LSB}}$	C	E	G	0	1
$t_2$	$00_{\text{LSB}}$	D	H	L → H	0	1
	$01_{\text{LSB}}$	E	I → H	M	1	0
	$10_{\text{LSB}}$	F	J → H	N → M	1	0
	$11_{\text{LSB}}$	G	K → H	P → M	1	0
$t_3$	$000_{\text{LSB}}$	H	A	A	0	1
	$001_{\text{LSB}}$	I	A	A	0	1
	$010_{\text{LSB}}$	J	A	-	0	-
	$011_{\text{LSB}}$	K	A	-	0	-
	$100_{\text{LSB}}$	L	A	-	0	-
	$101_{\text{LSB}}$	M	A	-	1	-
	$110_{\text{LSB}}$	N	A	-	1	-
	$111_{\text{LSB}}$	P	A	-	1	-

# State Reduction (2/3)

## □ Row matching

➤  $E \equiv F \equiv G$

Time	Input Sequence	Present State	Next State		Present Output	
			X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
$t_0$	Reset	A	B	C	1	0
$t_1$	$0_{\text{LSB}}$	B	D	$F \rightarrow \text{E}$	1	0
	$1_{\text{LSB}}$	C	E	$G \rightarrow \text{E}$	0	1
$t_2$	$00_{\text{LSB}}$	D	H	H	0	1
	$01_{\text{LSB}}$	E	H	M	1	0
	$10_{\text{LSB}}$	F	H	M	1	0
	$11_{\text{LSB}}$	G	H	M	1	0
$t_3$	$000_{\text{LSB}}$	H	A	A	0	1
	$001_{\text{LSB}}$	I	A	A	0	1
	$010_{\text{LSB}}$	J	A	-	0	-
	$011_{\text{LSB}}$	K	A	-	0	-
	$100_{\text{LSB}}$	L	A	-	0	-
	$101_{\text{LSB}}$	M	A	-	1	-
	$110_{\text{LSB}}$	N	A	-	1	-
	$111_{\text{LSB}}$	P	A	-	1	-



# State Reduction (3/3)

□ 7 states

Time	Present State	Next State		Present Output	
		X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
$t_0$	A	B	C	1	0
$t_1$	B	D	E	1	0
	C	E	E	0	1
$t_2$	D	H	H	0	1
	E	H	M	1	0
$t_3$	H	A	A	0	1
	M	A	-	1	-

# State Assignment

## ❑ To simplify the next state functions

➤ (B,C), (D,E), (H,M) should be adjacent

## ❑ To simplify the output functions

➤ (A,B,E,M), (C,D,H) should be adjacent

		Q <sub>1</sub>	
		0	1
Q <sub>2</sub> Q <sub>3</sub>	00	A	B
	01		C
	11	H	D
	10	M	E

Time	Present State	Next State		Present Output	
		X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
t <sub>0</sub>	A	B	C	1	0
t <sub>1</sub>	B	D	E	1	0
	C	E	E	0	1
t <sub>2</sub>	D	H	H	0	1
	E	H	M	1	0
t <sub>3</sub>	H	A	A	0	1
	M	A	-	1	-

	Q <sub>1</sub> Q <sub>2</sub> Q <sub>3</sub>	Next State		Present Output	
		X = 0	X = 1	X = 0	X = 1
A	000	100	101	1	0
B	100	111	110	1	0
C	101	110	110	0	1
D	111	011	011	0	1
E	110	011	010	1	0
H	011	000	000	0	1
M	010	000	XXX	1	X
-	001	XXX	XXX	X	X

# Choose Flip-Flops and Derive Equations

❑ Choose D flip-flops

❑ Derive flip-flop input & output equations (by K-maps)

➤  $D_1 = Q_1^+ = Q_2'$

➤  $D_2 = Q_2^+ = Q_1$

➤  $D_3 = Q_3^+ = Q_1Q_2Q_3 + X'Q_1Q_3' + XQ_1'Q_2'$

➤  $Z = X'Q_3' + XQ_3$

	$Q_1Q_2Q_3$	Next State		Present Output	
		$X = 0$	$X = 1$	$X = 0$	$X = 1$
A	000	100	101	1	0
B	100	111	110	1	0
C	101	110	110	0	1
D	111	011	011	0	1
E	110	011	010	1	0
H	011	000	000	0	1
M	010	000	XXX	1	X
-	001	XXX	XXX	X	X

$Q_2Q_3$ \ $Q_1$	0	1
00	A	B
01		C
11	H	D
10	M	E

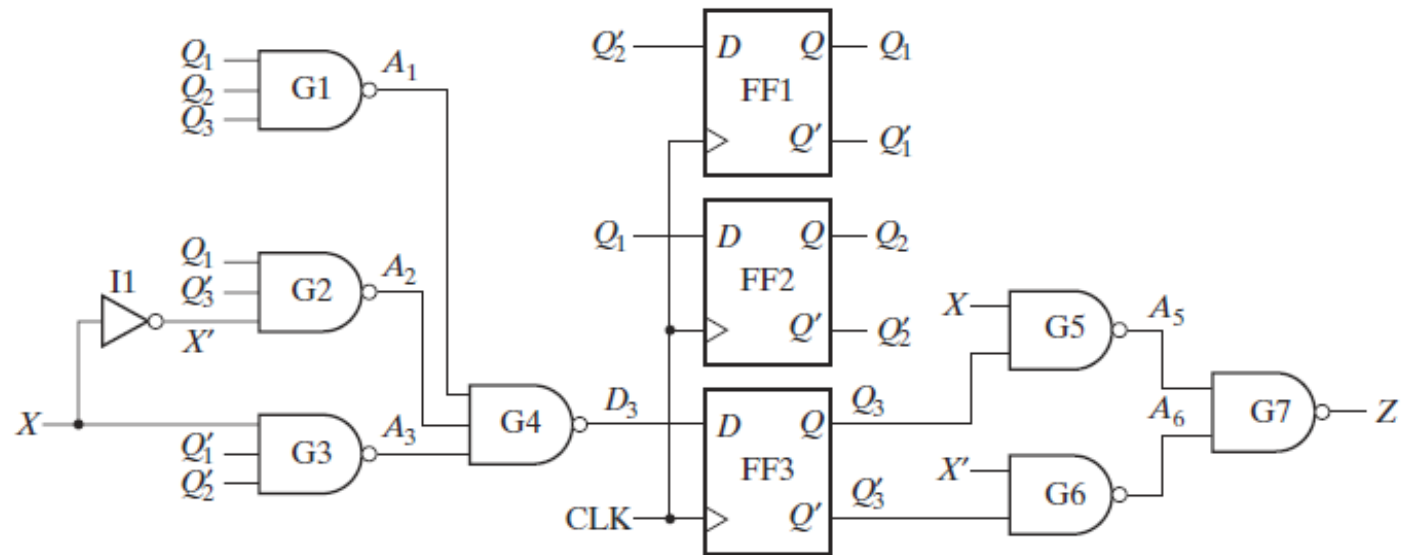
$Q_2Q_3$ \ $XQ_1$	00	01	11	10
00	1	1	0	0
01	X	0	1	X
11	0	0	1	1
10	1	1	0	X

$Z$

# Circuit Realization

**FIGURE 16-4**  
Code Converter  
Circuit

© Cengage Learning 2014



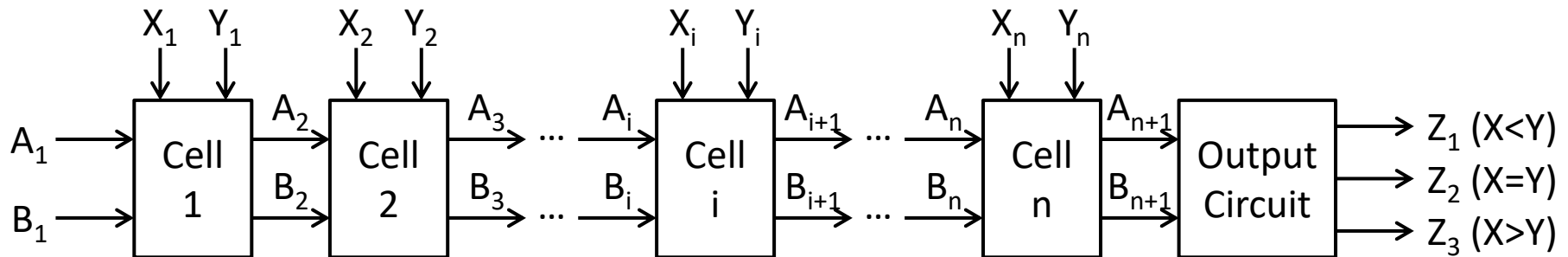
# Outline

- ❑ Design Example --- Code Converter
- ❑ **Design of Iterative Circuits**
- ❑ Summary

# Sequential Comparator

## ❑ Iterative circuit for comparing binary numbers

- $X = X_1X_2X_3...X_n$
- $Y = Y_1Y_2Y_3...Y_n$
- Time:  $t_1t_2t_3...t_n$
- $X_1$  and  $Y_1$ : most significant bits



# State Table and State Assignment

Present State	Next State				Output		
	$X_i Y_i = 00$	01	11	10	$Z_1$	$Z_2$	$Z_3$
$(X=Y) S_0$	$S_0$	$S_2$	$S_0$	$S_1$	0	1	0
$(X>Y) S_1$	$S_1$	$S_1$	$S_1$	$S_1$	0	0	1
$(X<Y) S_2$	$S_2$	$S_2$	$S_2$	$S_2$	1	0	0

$A_i B_i$	$A_{i+1} B_{i+1}$				Output		
	$X_i Y_i = 00$	01	11	10	$Z_1$	$Z_2$	$Z_3$
$(X=Y) S_0$	00	10	00	01	0	1	0
$(X>Y) S_1$	01	01	01	01	0	0	1
$(X<Y) S_2$	10	10	10	10	1	0	0

# Choose Flip-Flops and Derive Equations

- Choose D flip-flops

- Derive flip-flop input equations and output equations

  - (By the Karnaugh maps)

- $A_{i+1} = A_i + X_i'Y_iB_i'$

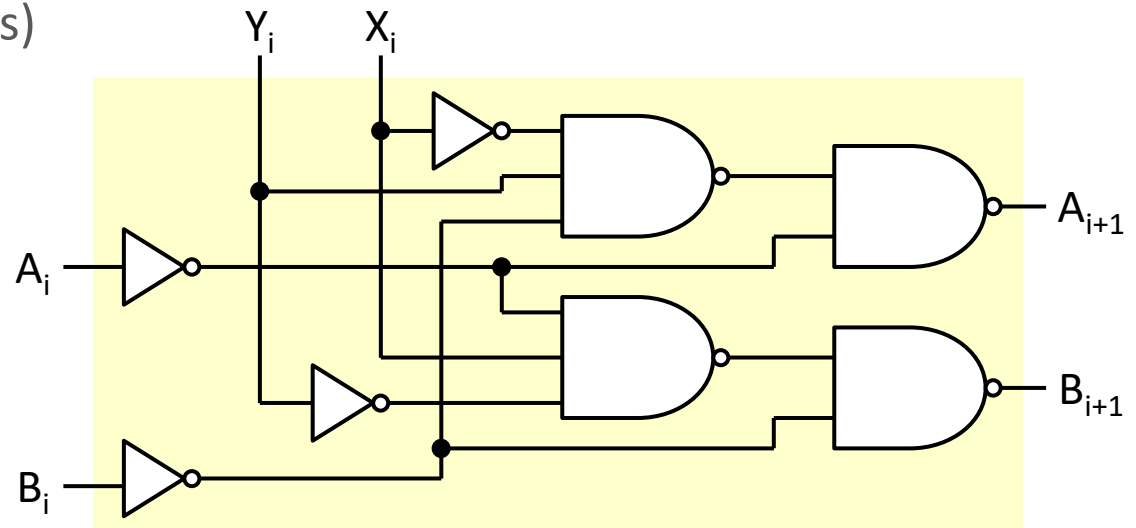
- $B_{i+1} = B_i + X_iY_i'A_i'$

- Output circuit

- $Z_1 = A_{n+1}$

- $Z_2 = A'_{n+1}B'_{n+1}$

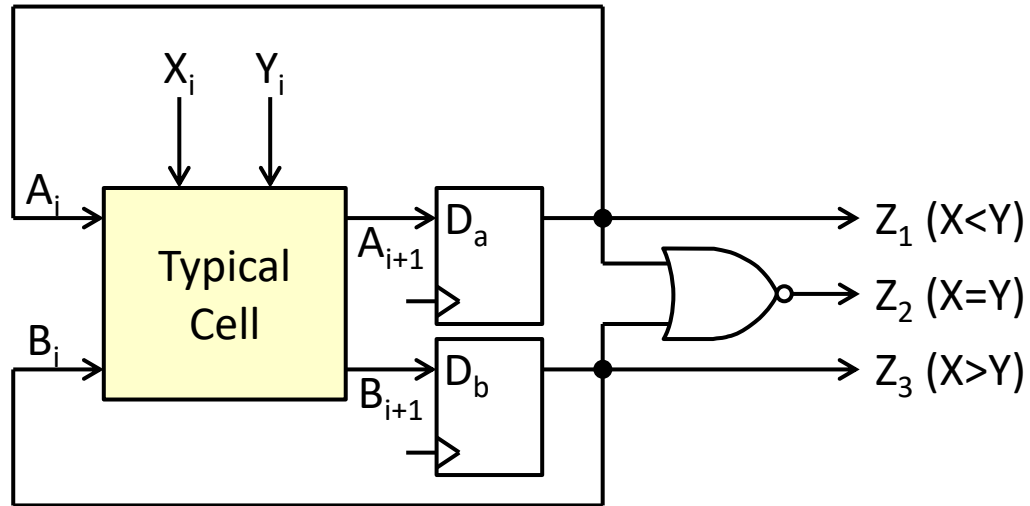
- $Z_3 = B_{n+1}$



Typical Cell



# Circuit Realization



# Outline

- Design Example --- Code Converter
- Design of Iterative Circuits
- **Summary**

# Summary

- ❑ Problem statement
- ❑ "Initial" state graph and table generation
  - Unit 14
- ❑ State reduction
  - Unit 15
- ❑ State assignment
  - Unit 15
- ❑ Choice of flip-flops
  - Unit 11
- ❑ Derivation of flip-flop input equations and output equations
  - Unit 12
- ❑ Circuit realization and timing chart

# Q&A