

The document title

The document subtitle

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Abstract

The text written under a heading “Abstract” is treated specially by the template.

Introduction

First, note the YAML block header which precedes the Markdown document. This replaces `\author`, `\date`, and others.

- I can cite things in a BibTeX file from the YAML block using the `[@bibtex_key]`: [\[1\]](#)
 - Note that the citation style format can be changed in the compile flags or Nix flake.
 - However, Pandoc also supports [Citation Style Language](#) data JSON, which is much cleaner. Note that Zotero can export CSL data.
 - I can even use [CiTO vocabulary](#) using `[@cito_prop:bibtex_key]`: [\[1\]](#)
- I can write comments with `<!-- like this -->`:
- I can reference a footnote with `blah[^footnote]`: blah¹

¹This is the text of the footnote.

- I can write code with three backticks:

```
print("code works like this")
```

```
<!--
```

- Inline equations mode (with `tex_math_double_backslash` extension)
`\\(\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x\\): \\(\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x\\)`
- Display equations mode `\\[\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x \\]: \\[\int x^2 \, \mathrm{d}x\\] ->`
- Figures generated from Nix inputs can be included by their derivation's name `![Include a generated figure](graphviz.svg){#fig:label}`:

Include a generated figure

- I can reference images like this `[@fig:label]` or `[Fig. @fig:label]:`
`fig. ??` or `Fig. ??`
- See [pandoc-crossref](#), which can also reference tables and equations.
- One can use `(@)` `item` or `(@label)` `item` to create a numbered list without stating the numbers explicitly, as in traditional Markdown.

(1) First, ...

(2) Second, ...

- Then one can use `@label` to refer to the number of a specific item:
2

- `[Small caps]{.smallcaps}`: SMALL CAPS
- `[Underline]{.underline}`: Underline
- Raw `\LaTeX`: $\text{L}^{\text{A}}\text{T}_{\text{E}}\text{X}$
- Raw `<button>HTML</button>`: HTML

- Emoji like (with emoji extension) `:smile:: :smile:`
- See the [Pandoc manual](#) and [pandoc-lua-filters](#) for more extensions.

Term 1 Definition 1

Term 2 with *inline markup* Definition 2

`{ some code, part of Definition 2 }`

Third paragraph of definition 2.

I can get a new page with `\newpage`:

References

- [1] C. Collberg and T. A. Proebsting, “Repeatability in computer systems research,” *Communications of the ACM*, vol. 59, no. 3, pp. 62–69, 2016.

Post reference stuff