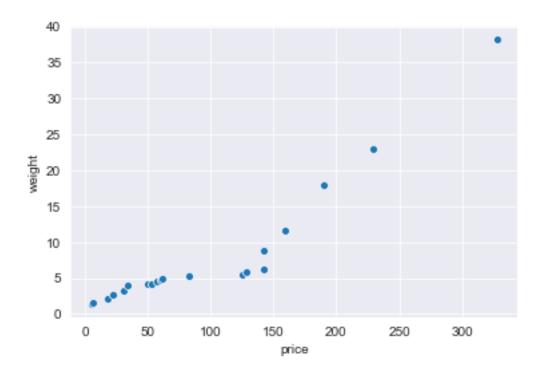
homework_one

October 22, 2018

```
0.1 1.(a)
In [4]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
       price = np.array([5.89, 49.59, 59.98, 159, 17.99, 56.99, 82.75, 142.19, 31, 125.5,
                 4.5, 22, 52.9, 61, 33.5, 328, 128, 142.19, 229, 189.4])
        weight = np.array([1.4, 1.5, 2.2, 2.7, 3.2, 3.9, 4.1, 4.1, 4.6, 4.8,
                  4.9, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8, 6.2, 8.9, 11.6, 18, 22.9, 38.2])
        quartile = np.array([25, 50, 75])
       price_q1, price_median, price_q3 = np.percentile(price, quartile)
        weight_q1, weight_median, weight_q3 = np.percentile(weight, quartile)
       print("price Q1, MEDIAN, Q3 =", price_q1, price_median, price_q3)
       print("weight Q1, MEDIAN, Q3 =", weight_q1, weight_median, weight_q3)
price Q1, MEDIAN, Q3 = 32.875 60.489999999999 142.19
weight Q1, MEDIAN, Q3 = 3.7249999999999 4.85 6.875
0.2 	 1.b
In [5]: #
        data = np.column_stack((sorted(price), sorted(weight)))
       df = pd.DataFrame(data, columns=["price", "weight"])
        # Q-Q
        sns.set_style("darkgrid")
        sns.scatterplot(x="price", y="weight", data=df, sizes=80)
```

Out[5]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x117c8a668>



0.3 1.(c)

weight [1.0, 1.0244565217391304, 1.1956521739130435, 1.3179347826086958, 1.440217391304348, 1.

0.4 1.(d)

```
In [7]: from scipy.stats import pearsonr
    print("pearson", pearsonr(price, weight)[0])
```

```
pearson 0.5363070272140884
In [8]: print("pearson", np.corrcoef(price, weight)[0, 1])
pearson 0.5363070272140884
0.5 2.(a)
  x1, x4, x3, x5, x2;
  x1, x4, x3, x5, x2;
  x1, x4, x3, x5, x2;
  x1, x3, x4, x2, x5;
In [9]: #
      x = np.array([1.4, 1.6])
      dataset = np.array([[1.5, 1.7],
               [2, 1.9],
               [1.6, 1.8],
               [1.2, 1.5],
                [1.5, 1.0]
      euc_dist = [np.linalg.norm(x-data) for data in dataset]
      print(":", euc_dist)
      man_dist = [np.linalg.norm(x-data, ord=1) for data in dataset]
      print(":", man_dist)
      sup_dist = [np.linalg.norm(x-data, ord=np.inf) for data in dataset]
      print(":", sup_dist)
      cos_dist = [float(np.dot(x, data))/(np.linalg.norm(x)*np.linalg.norm(data)) for data is
      print(":", cos_dist)
: [0.14142135623730948, 0.6708203932499369, 0.28284271247461906, 0.22360679774997896, 0.608276
```

: [0.999991391443956, 0.9957522612528874, 0.9999694838187877, 0.9990282349375618, 0.9653633930938349375618, 0.9957522612528874, 0.9999694838187877, 0.99990282349375618, 0.965363393093838187877, 0.999969483818787, 0.9999694838187877, 0.999969483818787, 0.999969483818787, 0.999969483818787, 0.99996948381878, 0.999969483818787, 0.999969483818787, 0.999969483818787, 0.99996948381878, 0.9999694838187, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.999969487, 0.99996948, 0.9999694, 0.999969487, 0.99996948, 0.99996948, 0.99996948, 0.9999694, 0.999969487, 0.9999694, 0.99996