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Department of CSE

UCS 2501 Computer Networks ASSIGNMENT 2

Simulation of allocating segment number based on the number of bytes transmitted and its acknowledgment number $(Q.\ no-12)$

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PROBLEM STATEMENT

The problem statement is to simulate the allocation of the segment number based on the number of bytes transmitted through the data packet by the sender and its corresponding acknowledgment number sent by the receiver in response to the data packet.

In network communication, data is divided into packets for transmission, and each packet is assigned a sequence number for identification. The sender is responsible for packaging the data into these packets, while the receiver acknowledges the receipt of each packet by specifying an acknowledgment number. This project simulates the dynamic allocation of sequence numbers based on the size of the transmitted data packets and displaying the segment number of the data packet and the acknowledgment numbers provided by the receiver. This simulation would help in understanding and optimizing the communication process, ensuring reliable and efficient data transfer between sender and receiver in a networked environment.

TERMINOLOGIES:

Sequence Number : A unique identifier assigned to each packet or segment of data transmitted over a network.

Segment Number : Segments are portions of a message or data stream that are divided for transmission over a network by the transport layer. Each segment is assigned a unique identifier, typically a sequence number, to facilitate the proper assembly and ordering of the data at the receiver end.

Acknowledgment Number: It is a number sent by receiver indicating the next sequence number the receiver is expecting to receive.

METHOD IMPLEMENTED

To simulate the required segment and acknowledgment numbers, **Transmission Control Protocol** (**TCP**) is used which is a Connection – oriented protocol which is reliable of the packet delivery. It was implementer using socket programming.

In the solution implemented, the **sender** initiates the communication by sending a connection request packet to the receiver. The sender assigns a sequence number to this packet, and upon receiving an acknowledgment from the receiver with the acknowledgment number for the sent sequence number, the sender considers the connection established and sends a final acknowledgment to the receiver with the MSS.

The segment number of each packet is determined based on the Maximum Segment Size (MSS) parameter. The sender sends the data packets with the sequence number entered by the user. The segment number of the respective packet is determined as below:

Segment Number = Sequence Number – Starting sequence number

Maximum Segment Size (MSS)

The sender awaits acknowledgment from the receiver, and in case of a timeout, the packet is resent.

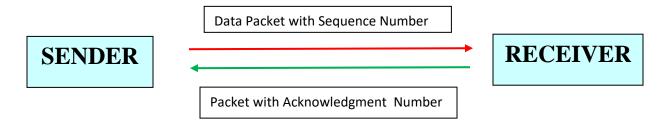
On the **receiver** side, the acknowledgment number is set in response to the received data packet, indicating the next expected sequence number i.e.:

Acknowledgment Number = Sequence Number of Packet received + 1

The acknowledgment is sent back to the sender, confirming the successful receipt of the data packet and need of the packets. The receiver also has a mechanism to handle timeouts and resends acknowledgments when necessary. This dynamic interaction between sender and receiver, along with the allocation of segment numbers, emulates a basic data transfer protocol with error handling and reliable communication.

TOPOLOGY

For this problem there is no specific topology. It just aims at simulating the transmission of data packets between a sender and a receiver and based on the number of bytes transmitted, the segment number and acknowledgment numbers are determined.



Example of Segment Numbers:

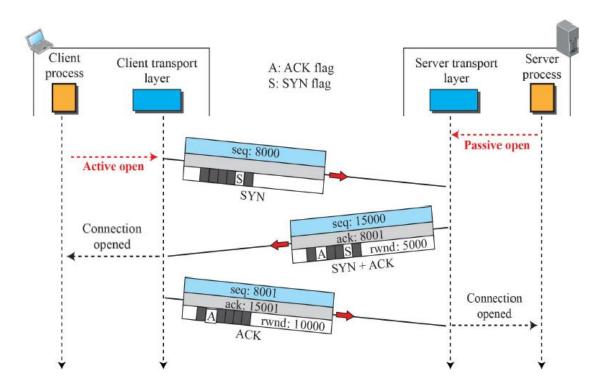
Segment 1 ==> sequence number: 10,010 (range: 10,010 to 11,009)

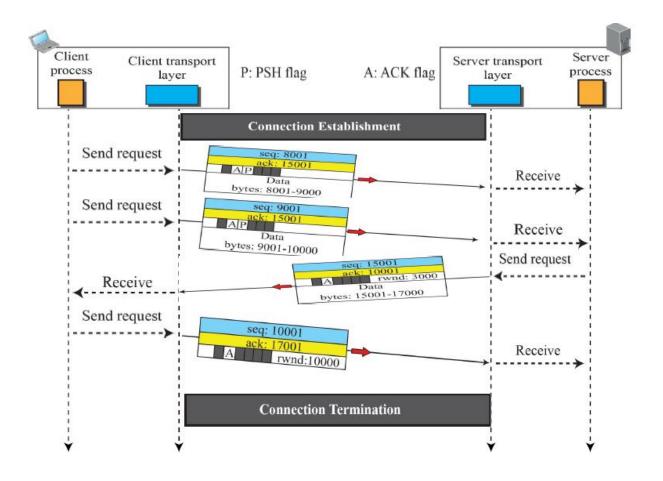
Segment 2 ==> sequence number: 11,010 (range: 11,010 to 12,009)

Segment 3 ==> sequence number: 12,010 (range: 12,010 to 13,009)

Example of a TCP Transmission with sequence numbers and Acknowledgment numbers :

CONNECTION ESTABLISHMENT





Example:

Maximum Segment Size: 1000

Sequence Number : 4001 (Sent 4001 to 5000 bytes)

Acknowlegment Number: 5001

SOURCE CODE

SENDER FILE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <poll.h>
#define TIME OUT 10
#define PORT 8080
#define MAX BUFFER SIZE 1024
struct DataPacket
       int MSS;
                                    // Maximum segment size
       int seq no;
       int ack no;
       int connected;
       char type;
};
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
    int clientSocket, seg no = 0, seg size = 0, seg sent = 0, time = 0,
starting seq = 0;
    struct sockaddr in serverAddr, clientAddr;
    struct DataPacket Packet;
    socklen t addrSize = sizeof(clientAddr);
    ssize t bytes received = 0, bytes sent = 0;
    // Creating the socket :
    clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    if (clientSocket == -1)
        perror("Error in creating socket.");
        exit(EXIT FAILURE);
    }
    serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serverAddr.sin addr.s addr = inet addr(argv[1]);
    serverAddr.sin port = htons(PORT);
    // Connecting to the receiver :
```

```
connect(clientSocket, (struct sockaddr
*) &serverAddr, sizeof (serverAddr));
   printf("Connected to the receiver...\n");
   // Sending and Receiving the HandShake packet for Connection
establishment for Data Transfer :
   printf("\nEnter the Segment size : ");
   scanf("%d", &Packet.MSS);
   seg size = Packet.MSS;
   printf("Enter the sequence number of handshaking : ");
   scanf("%d", &Packet.seq_no);
   seq sent = Packet.seq no;
   Packet.type = 'E';
   bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
                    // Regesting for data transfer
   printf("\nSequence number : %d\n", seq sent);
   Packet.connected = 0;
   /*---- CONNECTION
ESTABLISHMENT ------
* /
   while (!Packet.connected)
             struct pollfd poll fd;
             poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
             poll fd.events = POLLIN;
             time = TIME OUT * 1000;
             int poll_result = poll(&poll fd, 1, time);
             if (poll result == -1)
                    perror("Poll error");
                    exit(EXIT FAILURE);
             else if (poll result == 0)
                    printf("Timeout occurred.\n");
                    exit(-1);
             }
             else
                    if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
                        bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
                        alarm(0);
              if (Packet.type == 'E' && Packet.ack no == seq sent + 1)
      // Received acknowlegment for the request for transfer
```

```
printf("Acknowlegment received : %d\n",
Packet.ack no);
                            Packet.ack no = Packet.seq no + 1;
                            Packet.seq no = seq sent + 1;
                           bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
                                   // Sending the acknowlegment for
receiver's packet
                           printf("Acknowlegment sent :
%d\n", Packet.ack no);
                            struct pollfd poll fd;
                            poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
                           poll fd.events = POLLIN;
                            int poll result = poll(&poll fd, 1, TIME OUT
* 1000);
                            if (poll_result == -1)
                                   perror("Poll error");
                                   exit(EXIT FAILURE);
                            else if (poll result == 0)
                                   printf("Timeout occurred.\n");
                                   exit(-1);
                            }
                            else
                                   if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
                                          bytes received =
read(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
                                          if (Packet.connected == 1)
                                                 printf("\nConnection
Established for Data Transfer....\n");
                                                 break;
                                   }
                            }
   }
TRANSFER ------
____*/
  // Displaying the segment number after getting packet number from user
  printf("\nEnter the starting packet's sequence number : ");
  scanf("%d",&starting_seq);
```

```
Packet.seq no = starting seq;
   seq sent = Packet.seq no;
   Packet.type = 'D';
   seg no = ((Packet.seq no - starting seq)/seg size)+1;
   printf("\nSequence number : %d.\n", Packet.seq no);
   printf("Segment Number : %d.\n", seg no);
   bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
       // Sending a data Packet
   sleep(2);
    while (1)
           struct pollfd poll fd;
           poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
           poll fd.events = POLLIN;
           time = TIME OUT * 1000;
           int poll_result = poll(&poll_fd, 1, time);
           if (poll result == -1)
               perror("Poll error");
               exit(EXIT FAILURE);
           else if (poll_result == 0)
               printf("\nTimeout occurred. Resending the packet.\n");
               printf("Sequence number : %d\n", seq sent);
              bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
               continue;
           else
               if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
                      bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
                      alarm(0);
                      if (bytes received <= 0)</pre>
                          printf("Connection closed by receiver.\n");
                          break;
                      if (Packet.type != 'D')
                             printf("Connection terminated by
receiver.\n");
                              exit(-1);
                      if (Packet.ack no == seq sent + seg size)
       // Acknowlegment received
                              Packet.type = 'D';
```

```
printf("\nAcknowlegment number :
%d.\n", Packet.ack no);
                              printf("\nEnter the data to be sent : ");
                              scanf("%d", &Packet.seq_no);
                              seq sent = Packet.seq no;
                              seg no = ((Packet.seq no -
starting seq)/seg size)+1;
                              printf("\nSequence number :
%d.\n", Packet.seq no);
                              printf("Segment Number : %d.\n", seg_no);
                              bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
                              // Sending the data packet
                      else
               // Send requested packet
                      {
                              Packet.type = 'D';
                              printf("\nAcknowlegment number :
%d.\n",Packet.ack no);
                              seq sent = Packet.ack no;
                              Packet.seq no = seq sent;
                              seg_no = ((Packet.seq_no -
starting seq)/seg size)+1;
                              printf("\nSequence number :
%d.\n", Packet.seq no);
                              printf("Segment Number : %d.\n", seg no);
                              bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
               }
       }
    // Closing the socket :
    close(clientSocket);
   return 0;
}
```

RECEIVER FILE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <poll.h>
#define TIME OUT 10
#define PORT 8080
#define MAX BUFFER SIZE 1024
struct DataPacket
       int MSS;
                                    // Maximum segment size
       int seq no;
       int ack no;
       int connected;
       char type;
};
int main()
    int serverSocket, clientSocket, seq no = 0, ack no = 0, seg size = 0,
ack_sent = 0, time = 0, connected = 0;
    struct sockaddr in serverAddr, clientAddr;
    struct DataPacket Packet;
    socklen t addrSize = sizeof(clientAddr);
    ssize t bytes received = 0, bytes sent = 0;
    // Creating the socket :
    serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
    if (serverSocket == -1)
        perror("Error in creating socket.");
        exit(EXIT FAILURE);
    }
    serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
    serverAddr.sin addr.s addr = INADDR ANY;
    serverAddr.sin port = htons(PORT);
    // Binding of the socket :
```

```
if (bind(serverSocket, (struct sockaddr*)&serverAddr,
sizeof(serverAddr)) == -1)
       perror("Error in binding the socket.");
       exit(-1);
   // Listen for incoming connections :
   if (listen(serverSocket, 5) == -1)
       perror("Error in listening for senders.");
       exit(-1);
   printf("Server listening on port %d for the senders ...\n", PORT);
   // Accept the connection from the client :
   clientSocket = accept(serverSocket, (struct sockaddr*)&clientAddr,
&addrSize);
   if (clientSocket == -1)
       perror("Error in accepting connection.");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
   printf("Connection accepted.\n");
   // Receiving and Sending the HandShake packet for Connection
establishment for Data Transfer :
   bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
   if (bytes received <= 0)
      printf("Connection closed by sender.\n");
       exit(-1);
   Packet.connected = 0;
   /*---- CONNECTION
ESTABLISHMENT -----
   while (!Packet.connected)
          if (Packet.type == 'E')
             // Received request for transfer
             printf("Sequence number received : %d\n", Packet.seq no);
             Packet.ack no = Packet.seq no + 1;
             ack_sent = Packet.ack_no;
```

```
printf("Enter a sequence number for handshaking: ");
               scanf("%d", &Packet.seq_no);
               seg size = Packet.MSS;
               bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
               // Sending acknowlegment for transfer
               printf("Acknowlegement sent : %d\n", ack sent);
               struct pollfd poll fd;
               poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
               poll fd.events = POLLIN;
               time = TIME_OUT * 1000;
               int poll result = poll(&poll fd, 1, time);
               if (poll result == -1)
                       perror("Poll error");
                       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
               else if (poll_result == 0)
                       printf("\nTimeout occurred. NO acknowlegment
Received.\n");
                      exit(-1);
               }
               else
                       if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
                             bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
                              time = TIME OUT * 1000;
                              if (bytes received <= 0)</pre>
                                     printf("Connection closed by
sender.\n");
                                     exit(-1);
                              }
                              if (Packet.type == 'E')
                                     // Checking if acknowleged ?
                                     if (Packet.seq no == ack sent)
                                             // YES
                                             printf("\nAcknowlegement
received : %d\n", Packet.ack no);
                                             printf("\nConnection
Established for Data Transfer....\n");
                                             Packet.connected = 1;
                                             bytes sent =
write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
                                             sleep(5);
                                             break;
                                     }
                              }
```

```
}
    }
   // Displaying the acknowledement number after receiving the data:
    struct pollfd poll fd;
    poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
    poll fd.events = POLLIN;
    time = TIME OUT * 1000;
    int poll_result = poll(&poll_fd, 1, time);
    if (poll result == -1)
        perror("Poll error");
        exit(EXIT FAILURE);
    else if (poll result == 0)
        printf("Timeout occurred.\n");
       exit(-1);
    else
        if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
               bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
               if (bytes received <= 0)</pre>
                      printf("Connection closed by sender.\n");
                      exit(-1);
               }
               Packet.ack no = Packet.seq no + seg size;
               ack sent = Packet.ack no;
               printf("\nSequence number : %d\n", Packet.seq no);
               printf("Acknowlegment sent : %d\n", Packet.ack no);
               bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
               sleep(2);
// Waiting for the sender to send the data
    while (1)
       struct pollfd poll_fd;
```

```
poll fd.fd = clientSocket;
    poll_fd.events = POLLIN;
    time = TIME OUT * 1000;
    int poll result = poll(&poll fd, 1, time );
    if (poll result == -1)
        perror("Poll error");
       exit(EXIT FAILURE);
    else if (poll result == 0)
       printf("\nTimeout occurred. Resending the Acknowlegment.\n");
       printf("Acknowlegment sent : %d\n", ack sent);
       bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet, sizeof(Packet));
    else
        if (poll fd.revents & POLLIN)
              bytes received = read(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
              alarm(0);
              if (bytes received <= 0)
                  printf("Connection closed by sender.\n");
                  break;
              if (Packet.type != 'D')
                      printf("Connection terminated by sender.\n");
                      exit(-1);
               }
                                                                   //
              if (Packet.seq no == ack sent)
Received the packet
                      Packet.ack no = Packet.seq no + seg size;
                      ack sent = Packet.ack no;
                      Packet.type = 'D';
                      printf("\nSequence number : %d\n", Packet.seq no);
                      printf("Acknowlegment sent : %d\n", Packet.ack no);
                      bytes sent = write(clientSocket, &Packet,
sizeof(Packet));
    }
    // Closing the sockets :
```

```
close(clientSocket);
   close(serverSocket);
   return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

```
ashu@root:~/Desktop$ ./c 127.0.0.1
SENDER Connected to the receiver...
         Enter the Segment size : 1000
         Enter the sequence number of handshaking : 100
         Sequence number : 100
         Acknowlegment received : 101
         Acknowlegment sent : 201
         Connection Established for Data Transfer....
         Enter the starting packet's sequence number : 1001
         Sequence number : 1001.
         Segment Number : 1.
         Acknowlegment number : 2001.
         Enter the data to be sent : 2001
         Sequence number : 2001.
         Segment Number : 2.
         Acknowlegment number : 3001.
         Enter the data to be sent : 3001
         Sequence number : 3001.
         Segment Number : 3.
         Acknowlegment number : 3001.
         Sequence number : 3001.
         Segment Number : 3.
         Acknowlegment number : 4001.
         Enter the data to be sent : 8001
         Sequence number : 8001.
         Segment Number : 8.
         Timeout occurred. Resending the packet.
         Sequence number : 8001
         Acknowlegment number : 4001.
         Sequence number : 4001.
```

```
Sequence number: 4001.
Segment Number: 4.

Acknowlegment number: 5001.

Enter the data to be sent: 5001

Sequence number: 5001.

Segment Number: 5.

Acknowlegment number: 6001.

Enter the data to be sent: ^C

ashu@root:~/Desktop$
```

RECEIVER

```
ashu@root:~/Desktop$ ./s
Server listening on port 8080 for the senders ...
Connection accepted.
Sequence number received : 100
Enter a sequence number for handshaking : 200
Acknowlegement sent : 101
Acknowlegement received : 201
Connection Established for Data Transfer....
Sequence number : 1001
Acknowlegment sent : 2001
Sequence number : 2001
Acknowlegment sent : 3001
Timeout occurred. Resending the Acknowlegment.
Acknowlegment sent : 3001
Sequence number : 3001
Acknowlegment sent : 4001
Timeout occurred. Resending the Acknowlegment.
Acknowlegment sent : 4001
Sequence number : 4001
Acknowlegment sent : 5001
Sequence number : 5001
Acknowlegment sent : 6001
Connection closed by sender.
ashu@root:~/Desktop$ S
```

LEARNING OUTCOME

- Learnt about sequence numbers, segment numbers, acknowledgment numbers.
- Learnt to simulate the transmission of data packets with sequence number from sender and with acknowledgment number from the receiver using Socket programming.
- Learnt to set timer for the TCP transmission.
- Learnt how TCP ensures reliability using the numbers for packets and the timers.
- Learnt about retransmission mechanism in case of timeout.

README FILE

https://github.com/charu210703/CN_project_Q12_segment_acknowledgement_number/commit/951af82060edeed27d07a9de50bb57e879e85c50

GITHUB LINK

https://github.com/charu210703/CN_project_Q12_segment_acknowledgement_number_