

Deshpande_Charudatta_Python Tutorial

January 4, 2018

```
In [28]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from collections import Counter
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

0.1 Class Activity 1: Getting Started

Write down the grade calculation code in the following cell.

```
In [29]: #TODO Add Grade Calculation Code here
grade = 'F'
marks = int(input('Enter your marks '))
if marks > 90:
    grade = 'A'
elif marks > 80 and marks < 91:
    grade = 'B'
else:
    grade = 'F'
print('Marks = %d, Grade = %s' % (marks, grade))
```

```
Enter your marks 98
Marks = 98, Grade = A
```

0.2 Class Activity 2: List

```
In [30]: lst=[1,2,2,4,5,6]
```

```
In [31]: def mean_lst(lst):
    return np.mean(lst)
def mode_lst(lst):
    return Counter(lst).most_common()[0][0]
```

```
In [32]: def custom_mean(lst1):
    # Add Your Code here
    sum1=0
    for k in lst1:
```

```

        sum1+=k
    return sum1/len(lst1)

```

```

In [33]: a=mean_lst(lst)
        b=custom_mean(lst)
        print (a,b)
        mean_lst(lst)==custom_mean(lst)

```

3.333333333333 3.3333333333333335

Out[33]: True

0.3 Class Activity 3 : Mode of a List

```

In [34]: def custom_mode(lst1):
        #TODO Add Your Code here
        counts_dict={}
        for k in lst1:
            if k in counts_dict:
                counts_dict[k]+=1
            else:
                counts_dict[k]=1
        max_count=0
        max_key=-1
        for k in counts_dict:
            if counts_dict[k]>=max_count:
                max_key=k
                max_count=counts_dict[k]
        return max_key

```

```

In [35]: custom_mode(lst)

```

Out[35]: 2

```

In [36]: mode_lst(lst)

```

Out[36]: 2

```

In [37]: mode_lst(lst)==custom_mode(lst)

```

Out[37]: True

```

In [38]: s=pd.Series([1,2,3])
        s

```

```

Out[38]: 0    1
        1    2
        2    3
        dtype: int64

```

1 Class Activity 4: Classes

```
In [39]: class CustomClass:
        #Add Code here
        def __init__(self):
            print ('Constructor Called')

        def factorial(self, n):
            result=1
            for i in range(1,n+1):
                # print i
                result=result*i
            return result
        def permutations(self,n,r):
            return self.factorial(n)/float(self.factorial(n-r))
        def combinations(self,n,r):
            return self.factorial(n)/float(self.factorial(n-r)*self.factorial(r))

c=CustomClass()
c.factorial(5)
```

Constructor Called

Out[39]: 120

```
In [40]: c=CustomClass()
```

Constructor Called

```
In [41]: c.factorial(5)==120
```

Out[41]: True

```
In [42]: c.permutations(5,3)==60
```

Out[42]: True

```
In [43]: c.combinations(5,3)==10
```

Out[43]: True

1.1 Class Activity 5: Plotting Pop

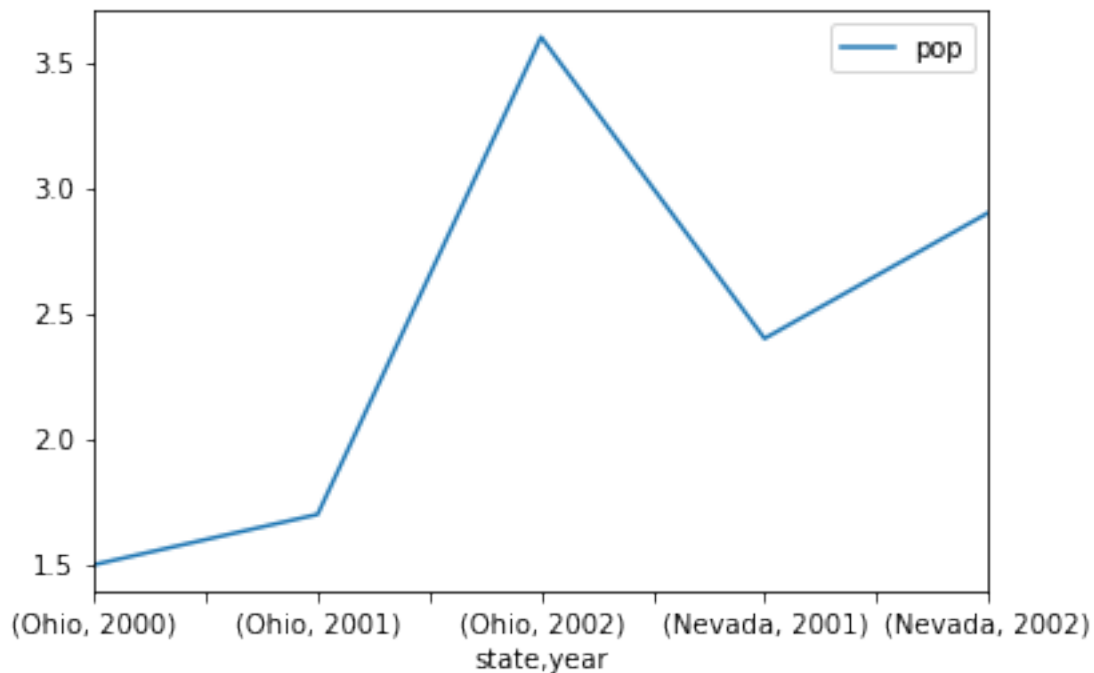
```
In [44]: #TODO : Add your code here
        s=pd.Series([1,2,3])
        s
        s[s<3]
        s.apply(lambda x:x+1)
        dict1={'A':3.5,'B':3,'C':2.5}
```

```

s1=pd.Series(dict1)
s1
data={'state':['Ohio','Ohio','Ohio','Nevada','Nevada'],
      'year':[2000,2001,2002,2001,2002],
      'pop':[1.5,1.7,3.6,2.4,2.9]}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
# df['pop'].plot()
df2=df.set_index(['state','year'])
df2[['pop']].plot()

```

Out[44]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x235e15a79e8>



1.2 Regression Code

```

In [45]: import scipy.stats as stats
import statsmodels.api as sm
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.array(range(20))
y = 3 + 0.5 * x + 2 * np.random.randn(20)
#plot the data
plt.plot(x, y, 'bo')
plt.show()

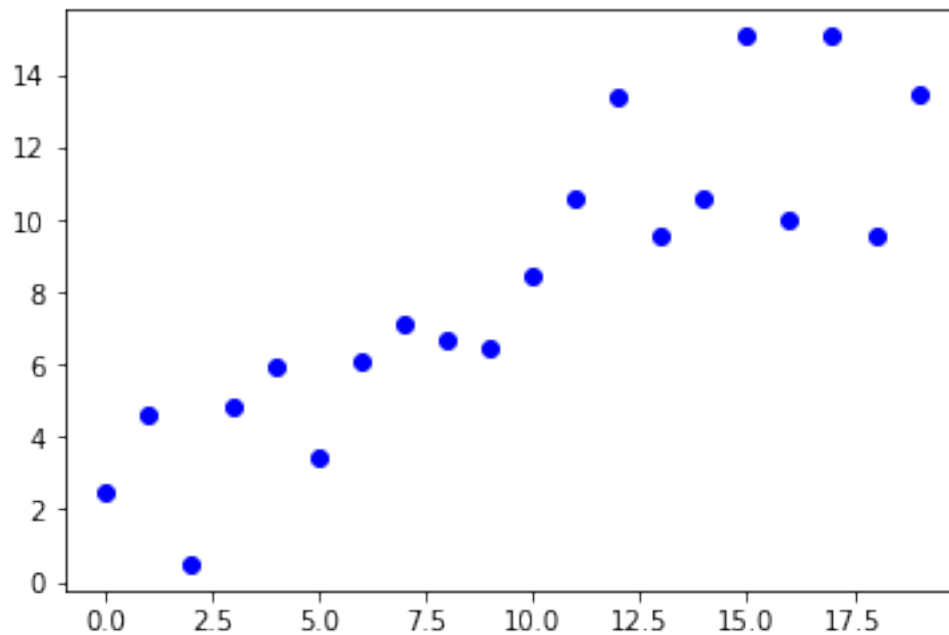
```

```

results = sm.OLS(y, x).fit()
print (results.summary())

slope= results.params[0]
plt.plot(x, y, 'bo')
plt.hold(True)
# Plot a line
y = slope * x
plt.plot(x, y, 'r-')
plt.show()

```



OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          y      R-squared:          0.937
Model:                  OLS    Adj. R-squared:       0.933
Method:                 Least Squares  F-statistic:       281.6
Date:                   Thu, 04 Jan 2018  Prob (F-statistic): 7.52e-13
Time:                   08:16:20  Log-Likelihood:    -45.027
No. Observations:      20      AIC:              92.05
Df Residuals:          19      BIC:              93.05
Df Model:              1
Covariance Type:       nonrobust
=====

```

```

=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.975]
-----

```

x1	0.7964	0.047	16.782	0.000	0.697	0.896
=====						
Omnibus:		1.599	Durbin-Watson:			1.899
Prob(Omnibus):		0.450	Jarque-Bera (JB):			1.038
Skew:		-0.551	Prob(JB):			0.595
Kurtosis:		2.826	Cond. No.			1.00
=====						

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

C:\Users\deshec\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:18: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: Future behavior will be consistent with the long-time default: plot commands add elements without first clearing the Axes and/or Figure.

C:\Users\deshec\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib__init__.py:805: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: mplDeprecation)

C:\Users\deshec\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\matplotlib\rcsetup.py:155: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: mplDeprecation)

