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**program to implement time series data for import library, load data,
Preprocessing and visualising**

```
#Importing libraries
import pandas as pd
# Load the stock data
file_path = r'AAPL_short_volume.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
close_prices_AAPL = data['Close']
# Reverse the order of the data
close_prices_AAPL_reverse = close_prices_AAPL.iloc[::-1]

# Reset index to maintain the correct time series order in the plot
close_prices_AAPL_reverse.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
# 1. Handling Missing Values:
# Check for missing values in each column
print(data.isnull().sum())

# Drop rows with missing values (if not too many)
data.dropna(inplace=True)

# Fill missing values in 'Close' with the mean - Moved before outlier handling
data['Close'].fillna(data['Close'].mean(), inplace=True) # Fill NaNs in 'Close'
column

# 2. Handling Outliers:
# (a) Visualization: Create box plots or scatter plots to visually identify outliers.

# (b) Using IQR (Interquartile Range):
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```

# Calculate IQR for relevant numerical columns, e.g., 'Close'
Q1 = data['Close'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = data['Close'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR

# Filter data to remove outliers
data = data[(data['Close'] >= lower_bound) & (data['Close'] <= upper_bound)]

# Data preprocessing
import numpy as np

data = close_prices_AAPL_reverse.values.reshape(-1, 1) # Reshape the data
data_normalized = data / np.max(data) # Normalize the data
# Split the data into training and testing sets
train_size = int(len(data_normalized) * 0.8)
train_data = data_normalized[:train_size]
test_data = data_normalized[train_size:]

# Plot the line chart
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.plot(close_prices_AAPL_reverse)
plt.xlabel('Time')
plt.ylabel('Close Prices')
plt.title('AAPL Stock Close Prices')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```