## **Machine Learning(ML): Assignment 11 (Naive Bayes)**

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#### Importing the libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets
from collections import Counter
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

#### Importing the dataset

```
In [2]: iris = datasets.load_iris()
Species = iris.target
data = pd.DataFrame(np.c_[iris.data, Species.reshape((Species.shape[0],1))], columns = iris.
feature_names + ['Species'])
data.head()
```

#### Out[2]:

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	Species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0.0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0.0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0.0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0.0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0.0

```
In [3]: X = data.drop(['Species'], axis = 1)
Y = data['Species']
```

#### **Splitting to Train and Test set**

```
In [4]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=10)
print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape, Y_train.shape, Y_test.shape)

(120, 4) (30, 4) (120,) (30,)
```

#### **Naive-Bayes Function**

```
In [5]: class NB():
            def __init__(self, X_train, Y_train):
                self.train = pd.DataFrame(np.hstack([X_train, np.array(Y_train).reshape(-1,1)]), col
        umns = iris.feature_names + ['Species'])
                self.X_train = X_train
                self.Y_train = Y_train
                self.s = \{\}
            def fit(self):
                self.result = Counter(self.Y_train) #makes a dictionary of all possible targets
                for target in self.result.keys():
                    for col in self.X_train.columns:
                                                                      #calls the add_to_dict functio
        n for every column except the first column
                        self.s[target,col,"mean"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].mean
        ()[col]
                        self.s[target,col,"std"] = self.train[self.train['Species'] == target].std()
        [col]
                for i in self.result: #changes the values from count of to probability
                    self.result[i] = round(self.result[i]/len(self.X_train.index),8)
            def predict(self, X_test):
                count = 0
                prediction = []
                for i in X_test.index:
                                                             #enters into a row-wise loop
                    prob_index = {}
                    for target in self.result:
                                                              #enters into a loop for every value o
        f target
                        prob = self.result[target]
                        for col in self.X_train:
                                                     #enters into a loop where it multiplies the con
        ditional proability for each column value for that particular column
                            a = 1/(((2*np.pi)**0.5)*self.s[target,col,"std"])
                            b = -((X_test[col][i] - self.s[target,col,"mean"])**2)
                            c = 2*(self.s[target,col, "std"]**2)
                            prob = prob * a * np.exp(b/c)
                        prob_index[target] = prob
                                                            #adds value of P(condition/target) to a
         list
                    probability = 0
                    for target in prob_index:
                                                          #this loop looks for the outcome for highe
        st probability for particular row
                        if prob_index[target] > probability:
                            pred = target
                            probability = prob_index[target]
                    prediction.append(pred)
                                                        #will add the prediction to a list
                return prediction
```

### **Training and Predicting**

```
In [6]: naive = NB(X_train, Y_train)
naive.fit()
```

# In [7]: Y\_pred = naive.predict(X\_test)

## Sklearn

```
In [8]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
gnb = GaussianNB()

In [9]: gnb.fit(X_train, Y_train)
Out[9]: GaussianNB(priors=None, var_smoothing=1e-09)

In [10]: Y_pred_sk = gnb.predict(X_test)
```

## Comparison

```
In [11]: print(f'Accuracy using self-made function : {accuracy_score(Y_test, Y_pred)}')
    print(f'Accuracy using sklearn : {accuracy_score(Y_test, Y_pred_sk)}')
    Accuracy using self-made function : 1.0
    Accuracy using sklearn : 1.0
In []:
```