

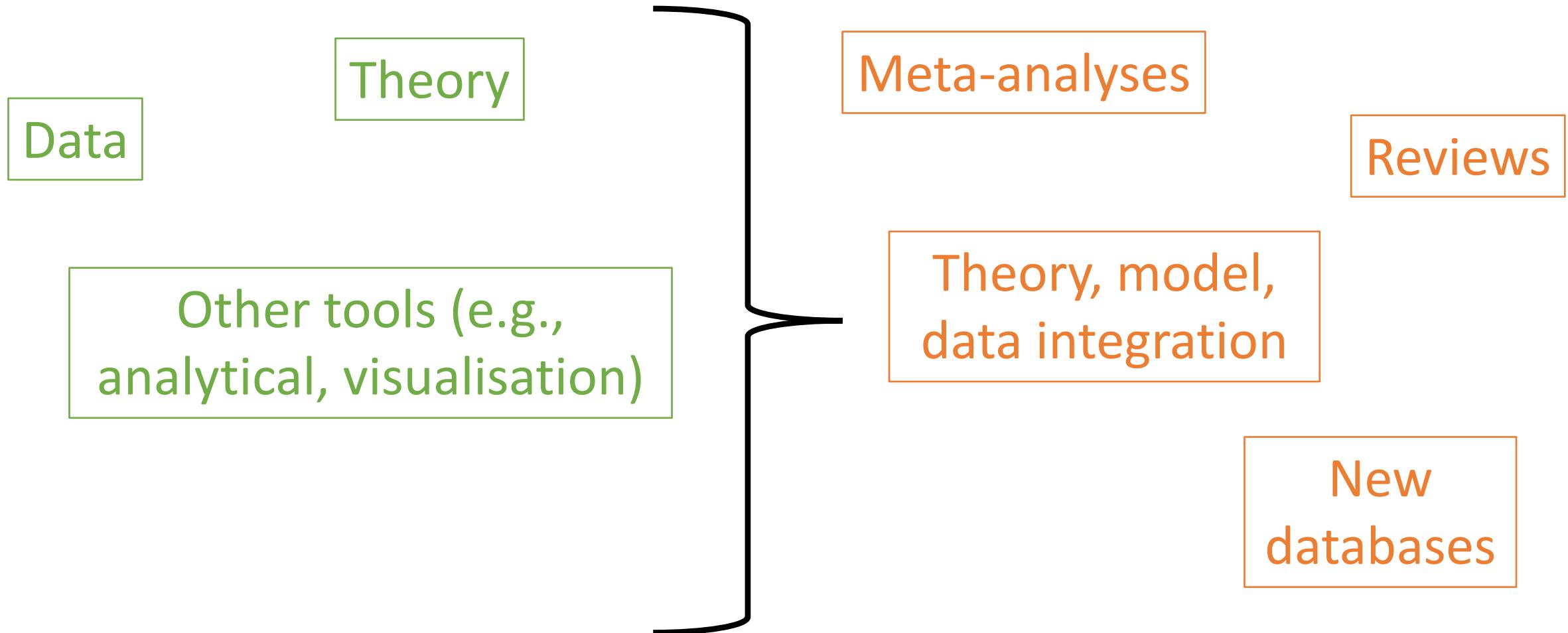


Evidence synthesis in ecology

Modelling species distribution and biodiversity patterns

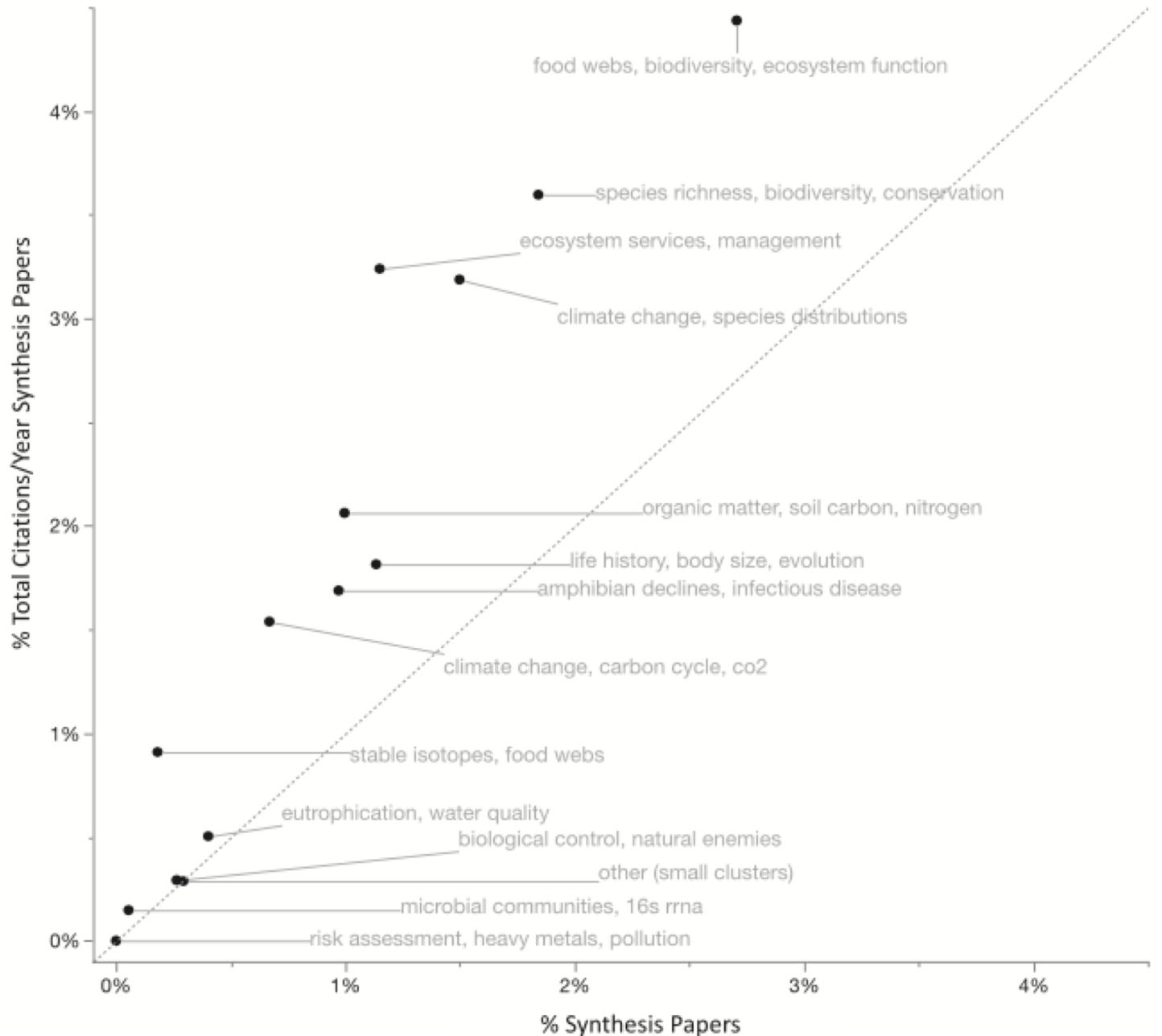
MLU 2021

Synthesis in ecology and environmental science



Why synthesis?

- Generality and interdisciplinarity
- ✓ High relative impact
- ✓ Bridge disciplines



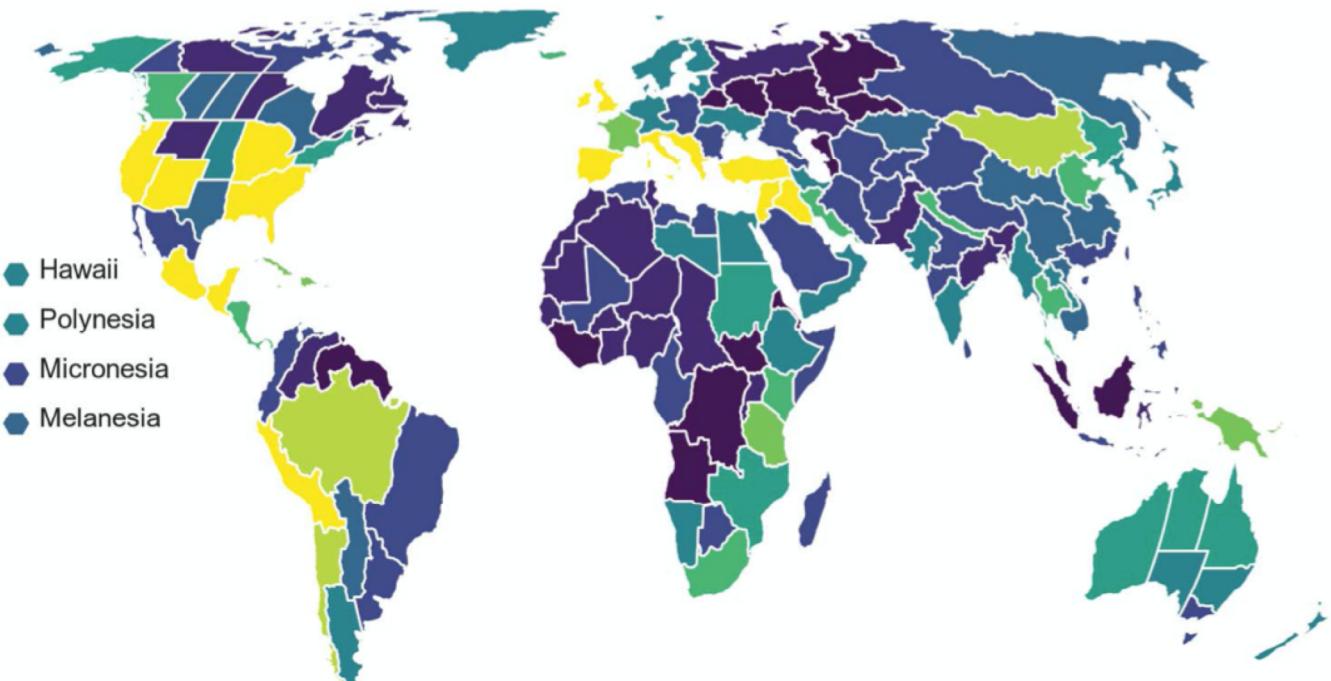
Why synthesis?

- Generality and interdisciplinarity
- ‘Burden of knowledge’

(Jones 2009 Rev Econ Stud)

Archaeological assessment reveals Earth's early transformation through land use

ArchaeoGLOBE Project*†



Contributors

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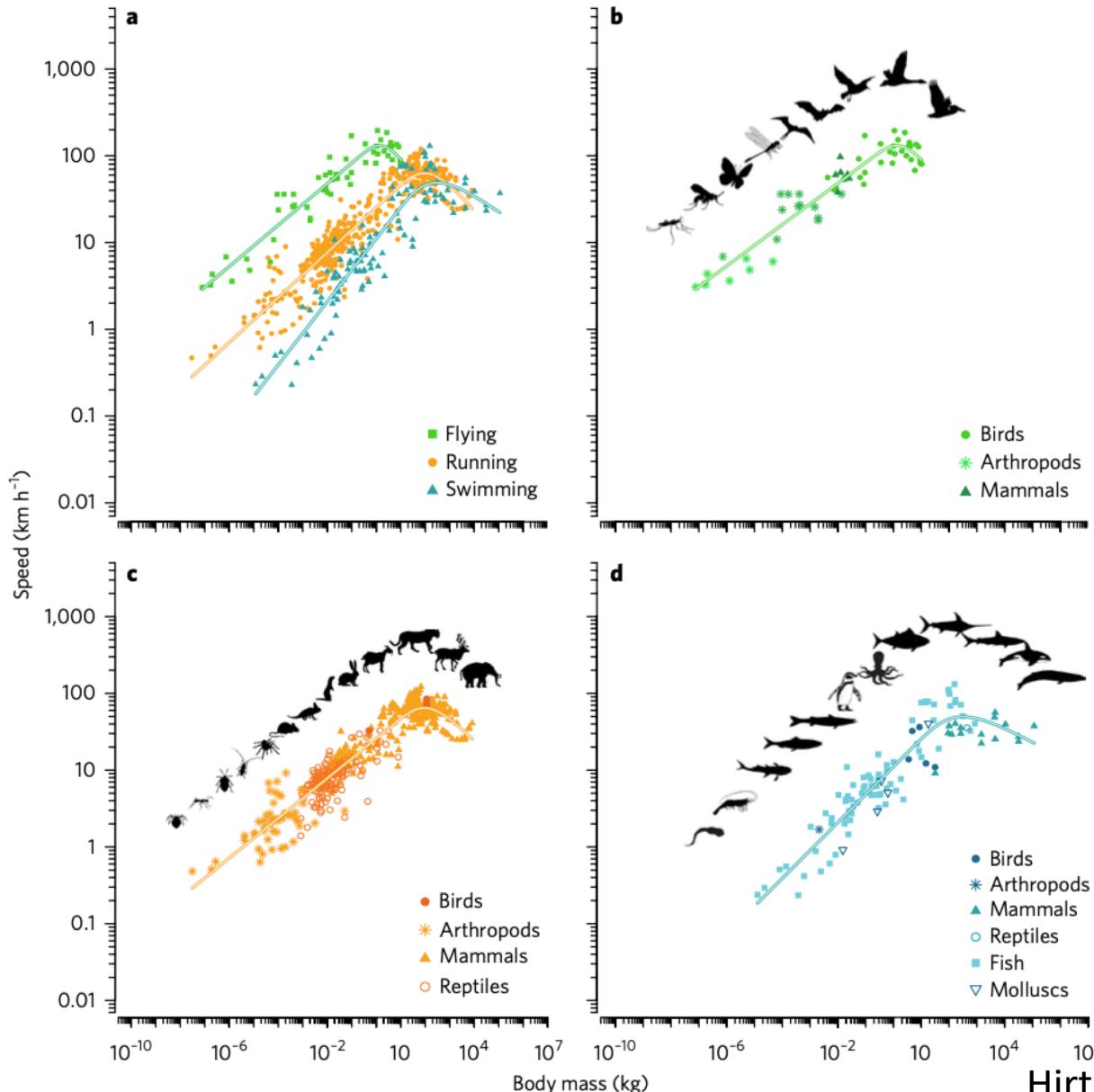
Synthesis I

A general scaling law reveals why the largest animals are not the fastest

Data

Theory

Other tools (e.g.,
analytical, visualisation)



Synthesis II

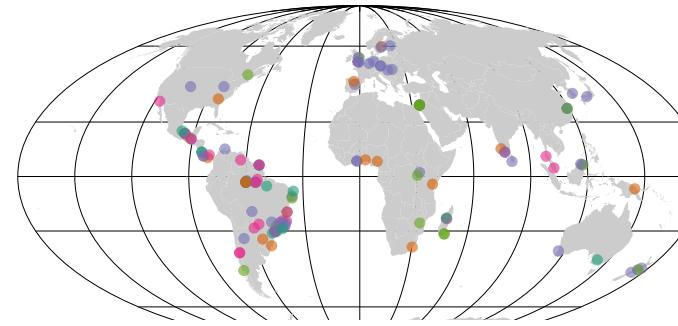
Ecosystem decay exacerbates biodiversity loss with habitat loss

Data

Theory

Other tools (e.g.,
analytical, visualisation)

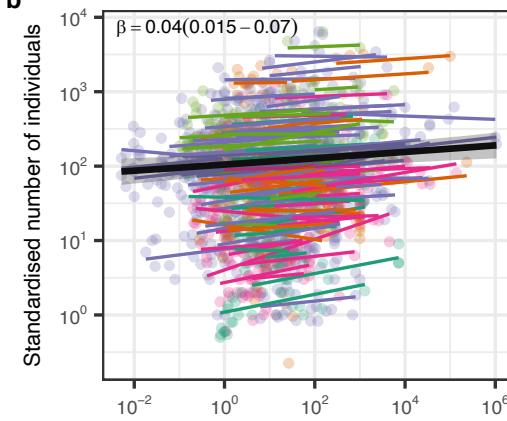
a



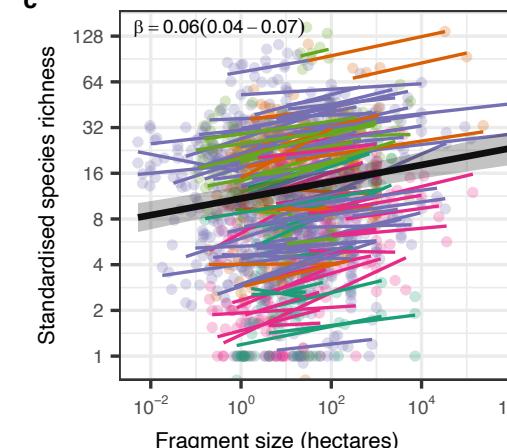
Taxon group

- Amphibians & reptiles
- Birds
- Plants
- Invertebrates
- Mammals

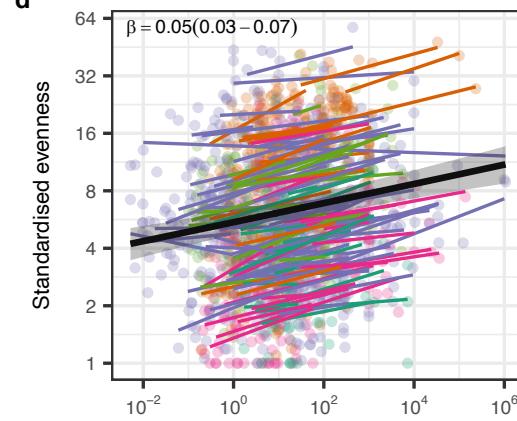
b



c



d



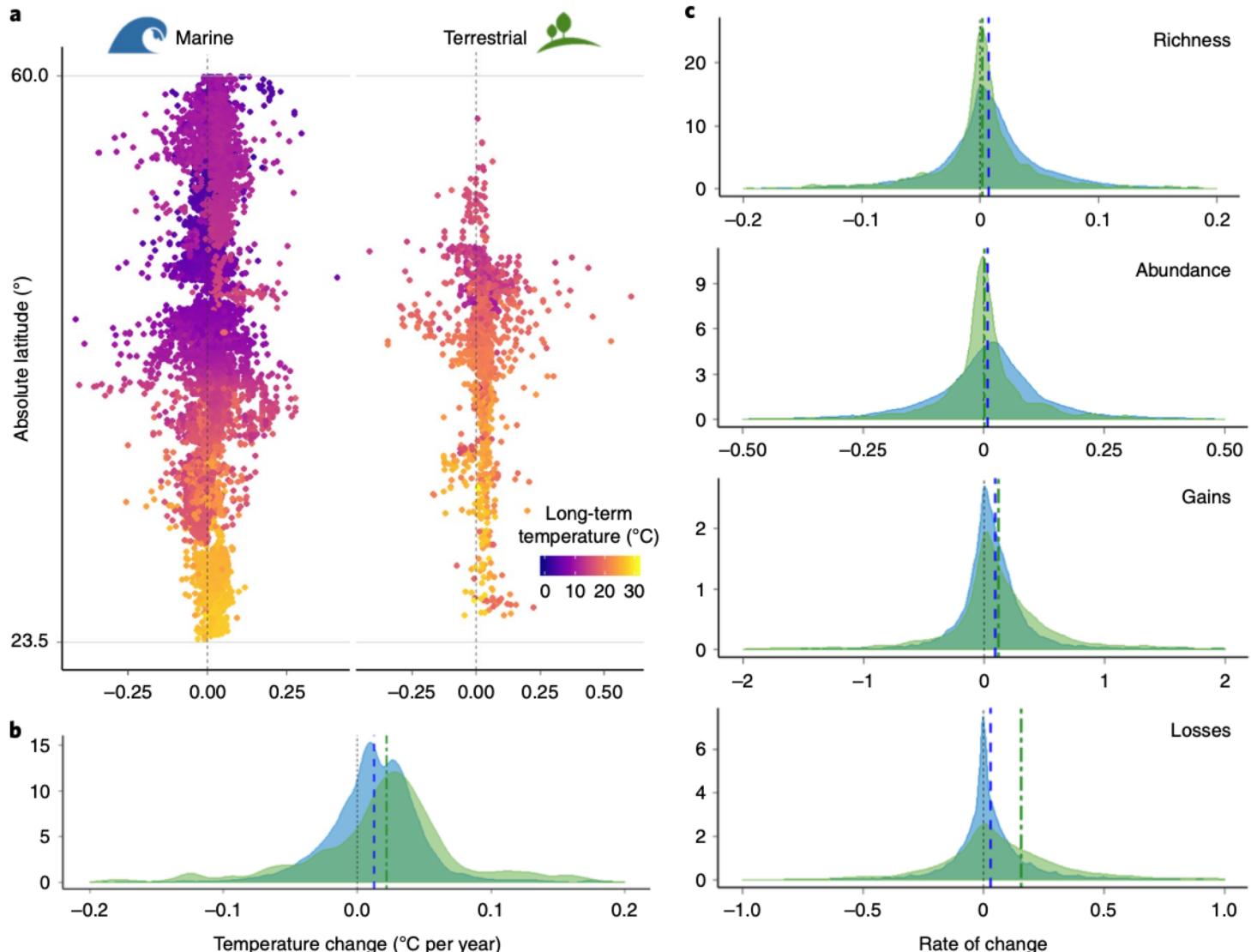
Chase et al. 2020 *Nature*

Synthesis III

Temperature-related biodiversity change across temperate marine and terrestrial systems

Data

Other tools (e.g.,
analytical, visualisation)

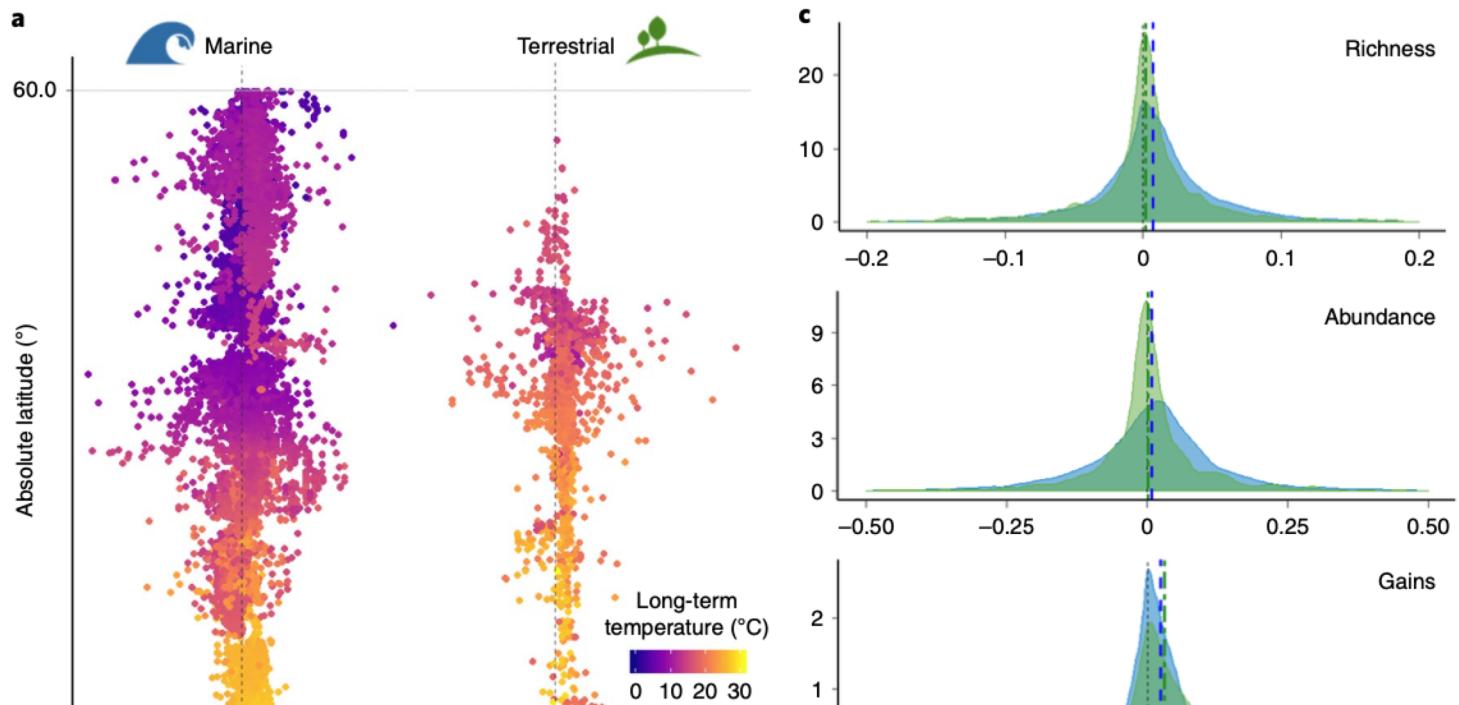


Synthesis III

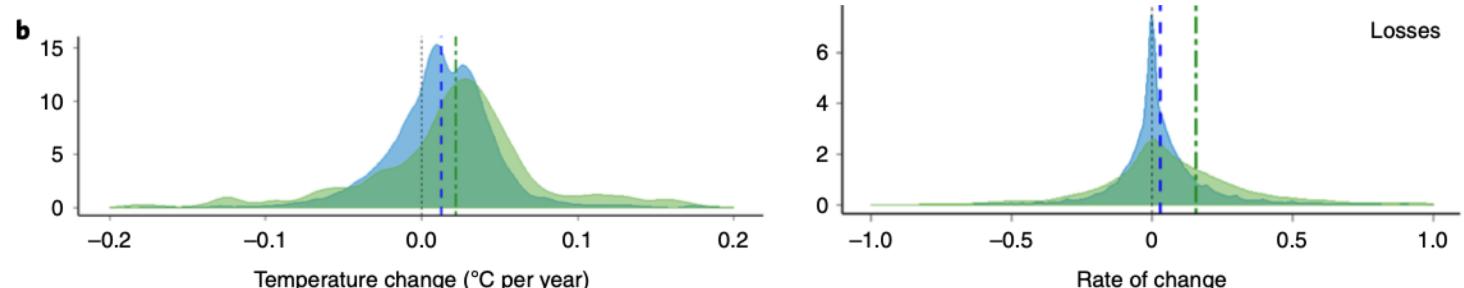
Temperature-related biodiversity change across temperate marine and terrestrial systems

Data

Meta-analysis



Rate of change $\sim f(\text{Temperature change}, \text{Long-term temperature})$

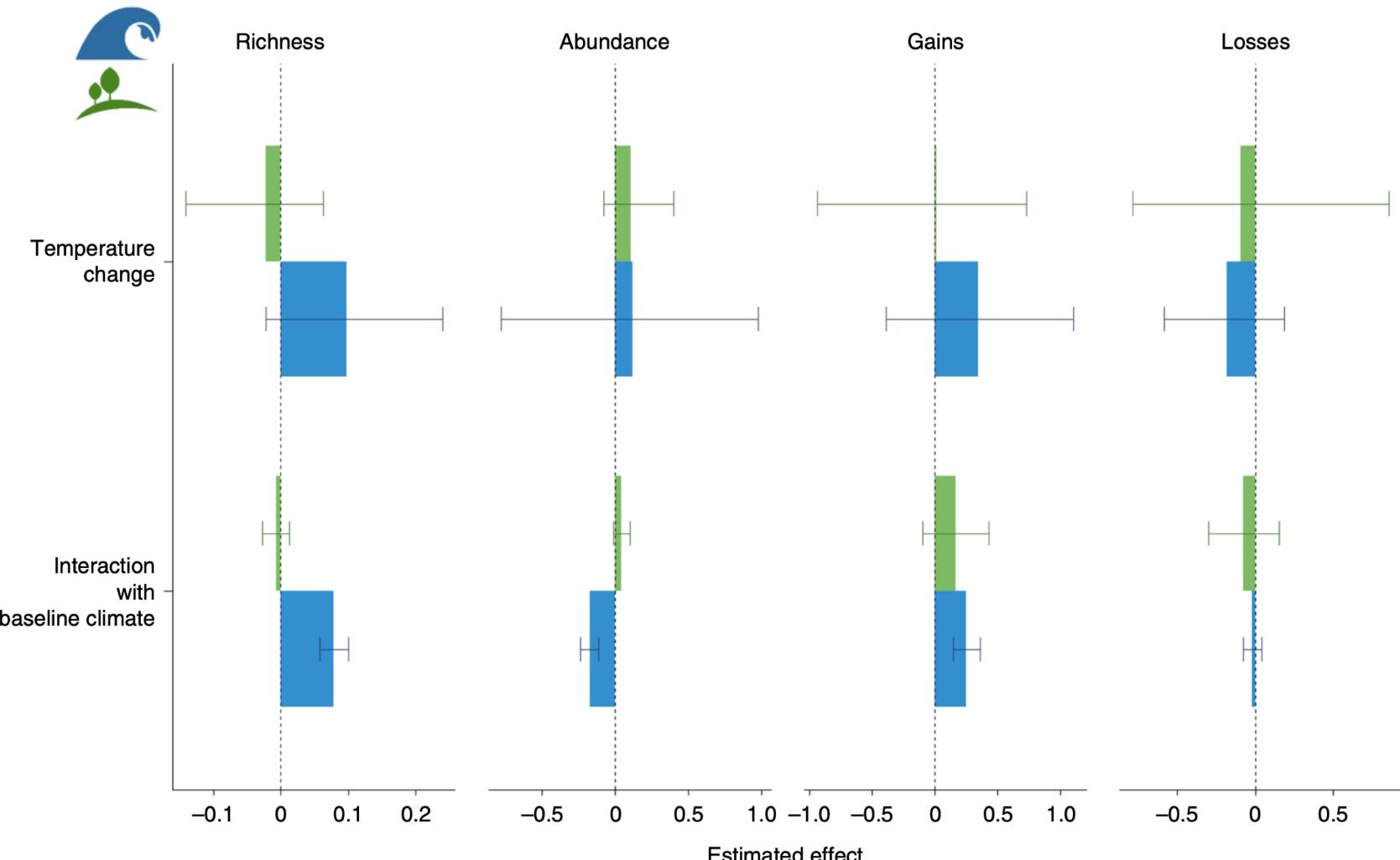


Synthesis III

Data Meta-analysis

Temperature-related biodiversity change across temperate marine and terrestrial systems

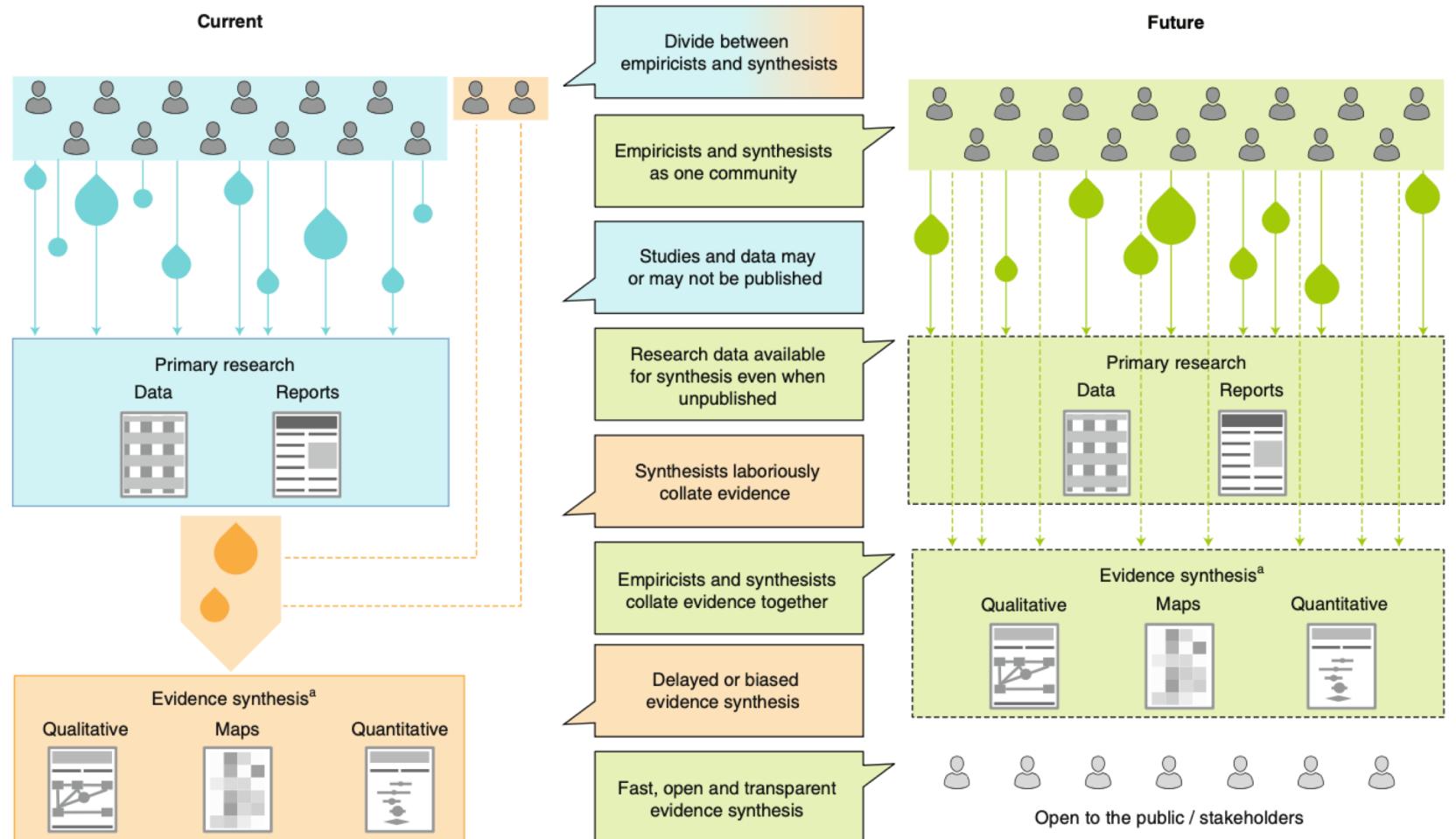
Rate of change in:



Outlook

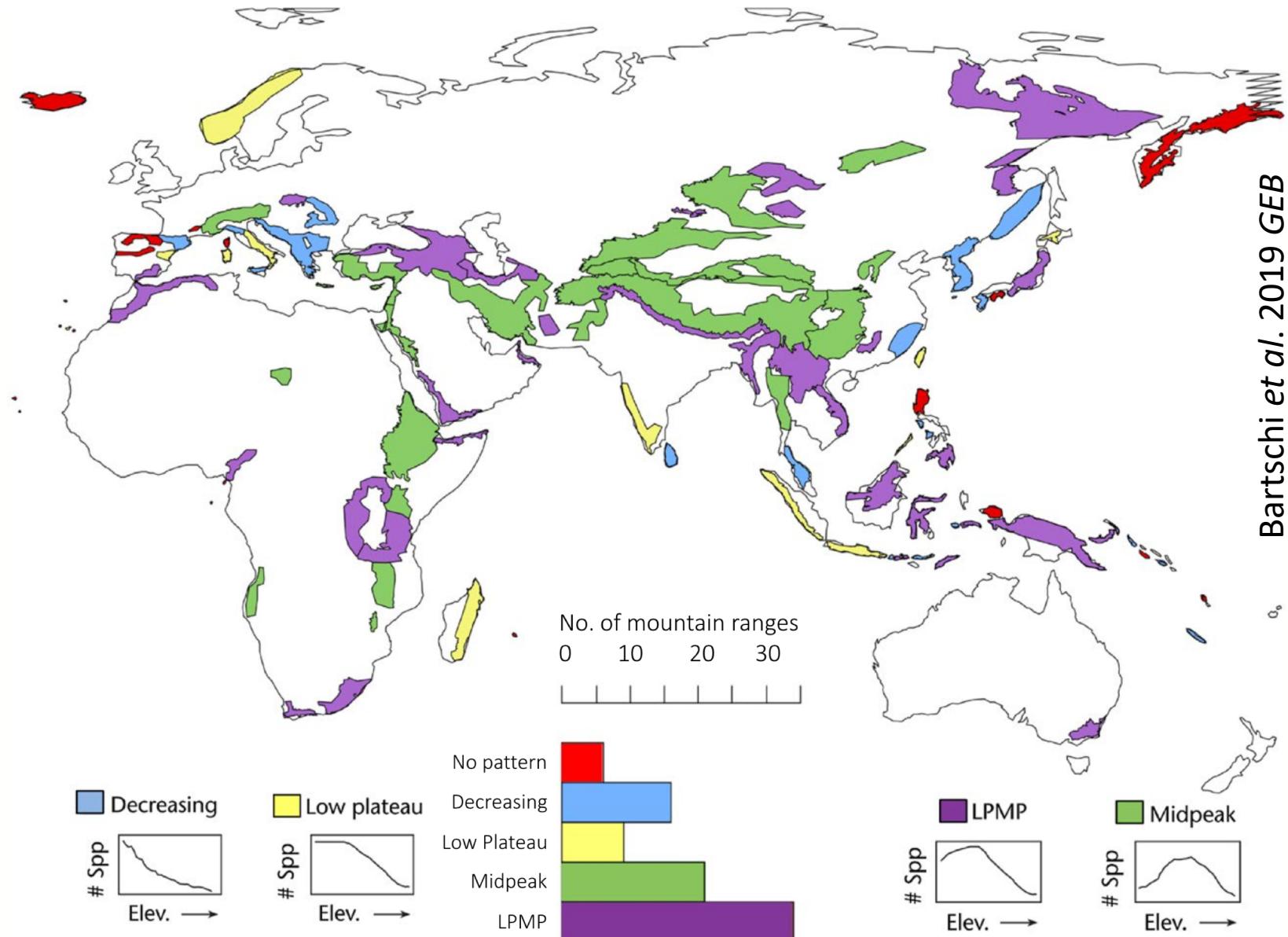
- ‘Open synthesis community’

(Nakagawa et al. 2020 *NEE*)



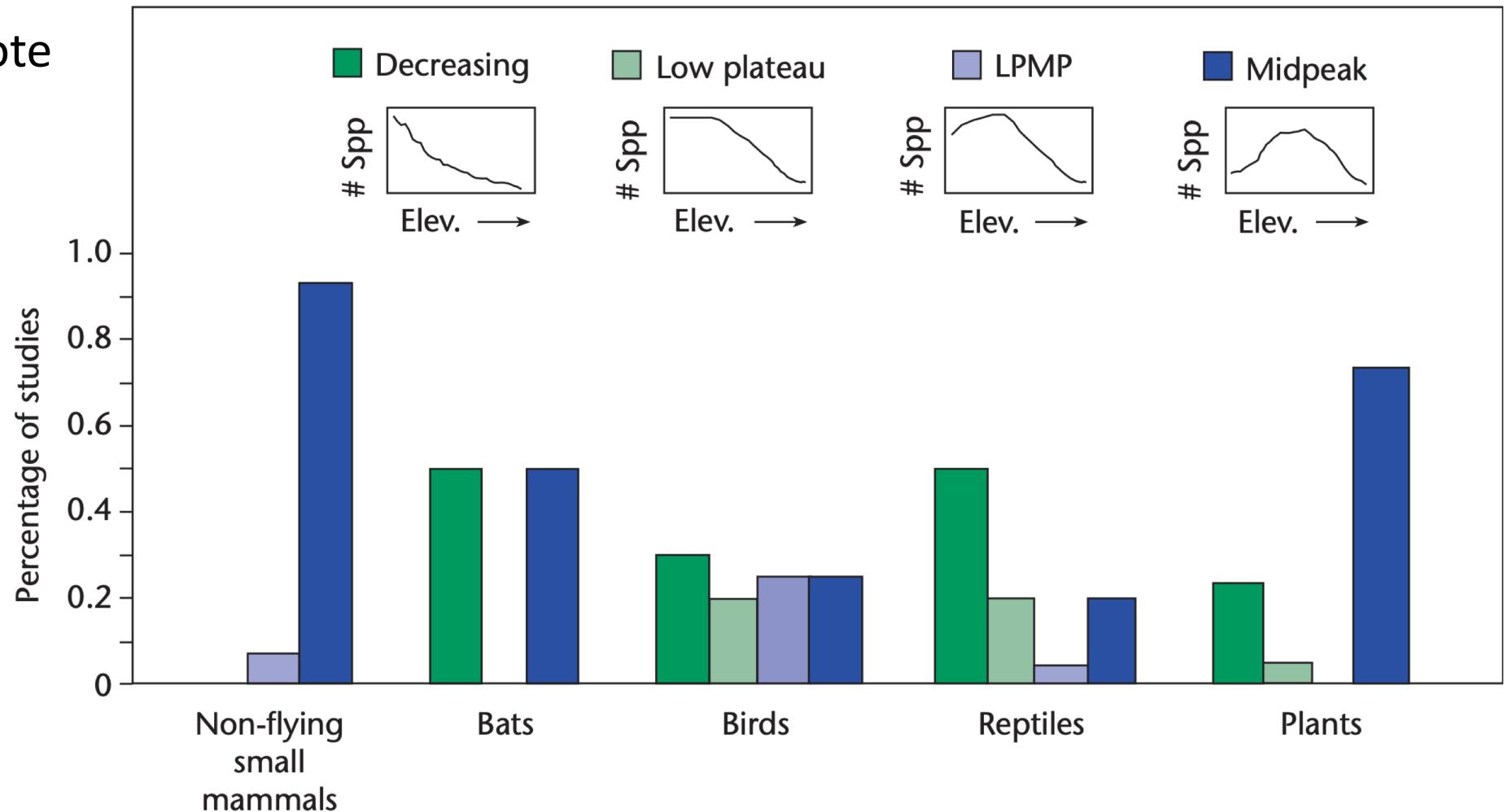
Synthesis of elevational diversity gradients

- Often rely on ‘vote counting’
- E.g., Sphingid moth species richness gradients



Synthesis of elevational diversity gradients

- Often rely on ‘vote counting’



Synthesis of elevational diversity gradients

- Vote counting focused on richness...do other components (N , S_{PIE} , S_n) show the same functional forms?

Synthesis of elevational diversity gradients

- Vote counting so far focused on richness...do other components (N , S_{PIE} , S_n) show the same functional forms?
- Can we do better than vote counting?

Want to ‘regularise’ or ‘shrink’ higher order terms.

- e.g., pull β_2 and β_3 towards zero if the data do not support their inclusion.

Some options:

- Hierarchical or multilevel models.
- Lasso (*Least Absolute Shrinkage and Selection Operator*) regression?

